



## Specification document of STLM20DD9F

Component manufacturer	STMicroelectronics
Model number	STLM20DD9F
Datasheets	<a href="#">Ultra-low current 2.4 V precision analog temperature sensor (st.com)</a>
Specification Ver	01.00.00      Oct 20,2022      New release
Documentation provided	Rui Long Lab Inc. <a href="https://rui-long-lab.com/">https://rui-long-lab.com/</a>

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## 1. Component datasheet

Temperature accuracy	$\pm 1.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ maximum temperature accuracy at $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ typical)
Temperature range	$-40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
Range of power supply voltage ( Vdd )	2.4 to 5.5[V]
Output voltage ( Vout )	Linear $-11.67\text{ [mV/}^{\circ}\text{C]}$ ( $-40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Calculation	$V_{\text{out}} = 1.8583\text{V} + (-0.01167\text{ V/}^{\circ}\text{C} \times T_{\text{a}})$ $T_{\text{a}} = (V_{\text{out}} - 1.8583\text{V}) / (-0.01167\text{ V/}^{\circ}\text{C})$
Vdd vs Vout	Non-link

Applications	IoT etc <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Smartphones</li> <li>• Multimedia PDA devices</li> <li>• GPS devices</li> <li>• Portable medical instruments</li> <li>• Voltage-controlled crystal oscillator temperature monitors</li> <li>• RF power transistor monitor</li> </ul>
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## 2. Component Software IF specification

The software interface specifications based on the STLM20DD9F component specifications are as follows.

The voltage value-to-physical value conversion equation is a linear conversion equation as shown in the equation below.

ADC value to voltage value conversion formula

$$v_i = ( a_i \times i_{ADC\_vdd} ) / 2^{i_{ADC\_bit}} \quad [V]$$

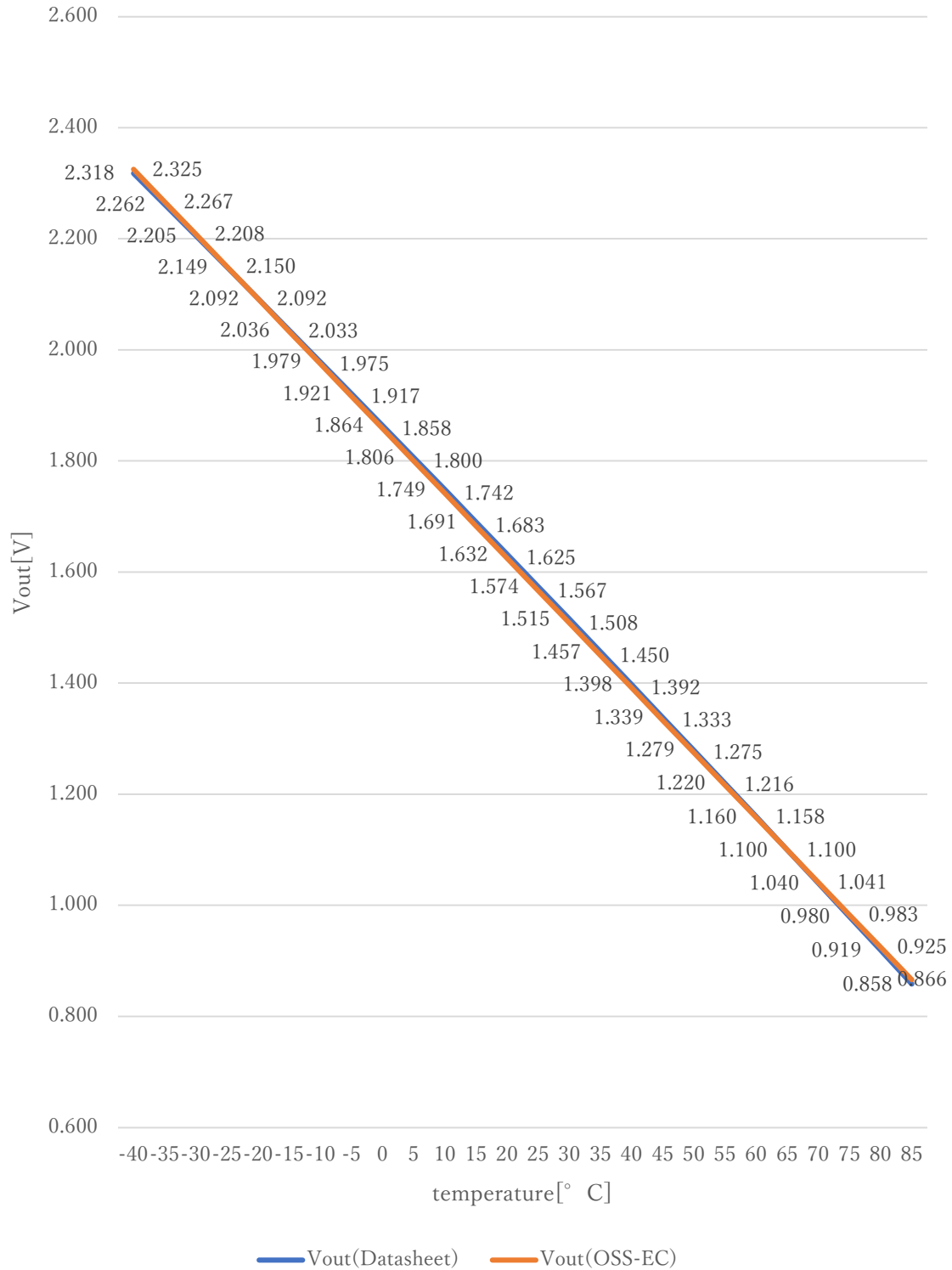
Voltage value to physical value conversion formula

$$y = ( v_i - i_{STLM20DD9F\_xoff} ) / i_{STLM20DD9F\_gain} + i_{STLM20DD9F\_yoff} \quad [^{\circ}C]$$

$$i_{STLM20DD9F\_min} \leq y \leq i_{STLM20DD9F\_max}$$

$a_i$	A/D conversion value	
$v_i$	Sensor output voltage value [V]	
$i_{ADC\_vdd}$	Sensor supply voltage value [V]	
$i_{ADC\_bit}$	A/D conversion bit length	
$y$	Temperature value [ $^{\circ}C$ ]	
#define $i_{STLM20DD9F\_xoff}$	<u>1.8583F</u>	// X offset [V]
#define $i_{STLM20DD9F\_yoff}$	<u>0.0F</u>	// Y offset [ $^{\circ}C$ ]
#define $i_{STLM20DD9F\_gain}$	<u>-0.01167F</u>	// Gain [V/ $^{\circ}C$ ]
#define $i_{STLM20DD9F\_max}$	<u>85.0F</u>	// Temperature Max [ $^{\circ}C$ ]
#define $i_{STLM20DD9F\_min}$	<u>-40.0F</u>	// Temperature Min [ $^{\circ}C$ ]

## Datasheet : OSS-EC



$$V_{out}(\text{Datasheet}) = (-3.88 \times 10^{-6} \times T_a^2) + (-1.15 \text{ V}/^\circ \text{C} \times T_a) + 1.8639 \text{V}$$

### 3. File Structure and Definitions

#### STLM20DD9F.h

```
#include "user_define.h"

// Components number
#define iSTLM20DD9F      123U           // STMicroelectronics STLM20DD9F

// STLM20DD9F System Parts definitions
#define iSTLM20DD9F_xoff  1.8583F    // X offset [V]
#define iSTLM20DD9F_yoff  0.0F       // Y offset [°C]
#define iSTLM20DD9F_gain  -0.01167F // Gain [V/°C]
#define iSTLM20DD9F_max    85.0F     // Temperature Max [°C]
#define iSTLM20DD9F_min    -40.0F    // Temperature Min [°C]

extern const tbl_adc_t tbl_STLM20DD9F;
```

## STLM20DD9F.cpp

```
#include "STLM20DD9F.h"

#if iSTLM20DD9F_ma == iSMA // Simple moving average filter
static float32 STLM20DD9F_sma_buf[iSTLM20DD9F_SMA_num];
static const sma_f32_t STLM20DD9F_Phy_SMA =
{
    iInitial , // Initial state
    iSTLM20DD9F_SMA_num , // Simple moving average number & buf size
    0U , // buffer position
    0.0F , // sum
    &STLM20DD9F_sma_buf[0] // buffer
};

#elif iSTLM20DD9F_ma == iEMA // Exponential moving average filter
static const ema_f32_t STLM20DD9F_Phy_EMA =
{
    iInitial , // Initial state
    0.0F , // Xn-1
    iSTLM20DD9F_EMA_K // Exponential smoothing factor
};

#elif iSTLM20DD9F_ma == iWMA // Weighted moving average filter
static float32 STLM20DD9F_wma_buf[iSTLM20DD9F_WMA_num];
static const wma_f32_t STLM20DD9F_Phy_WMA =
{
    iInitial , // Initial state
    iSTLM20DD9F_WMA_num , // Weighted moving average number & buf size
    0U , // buffer position
    iSTLM20DD9F_WMA_num * (iSTLM20DD9F_WMA_num + 1)/2 , // kn sum
    &STLM20DD9F_wma_buf[0] // Xn buffer
};

#else // Non-moving average filter
#endif

#define iDummy_adr 0xffffffff // Dummy address
```

```
const tbl_adc_t tbl_STLM20DD9F =
{
    iSTLM20DD9F          ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_pin      ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_xoff     ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_yoff     ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_gain     ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_max      ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_min      ,
    iSTLM20DD9F_ma       ,

    #if iSTLM20DD9F_ma == iSMA // Simple moving average filter
        &STLM20DD9F_Phy_SMA ,
        (ema_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (wma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr
    #elif iSTLM20DD9F_ma == iEMA // Exponential moving average filter
        (sma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        &STLM20DD9F_Phy_EMA ,
        (wma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr
    #elif iSTLM20DD9F_ma == iWMA // Weighted moving average filter
        (sma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (ema_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        &STLM20DD9F_Phy_WMA
    #else // Non-moving average filter
        (sma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (ema_f32_t*) iDummy_adr ,
        (wma_f32_t*) iDummy_adr
    #endif

};
```