

sed

sed is most often used for replacing text in a file

\$ sed s/foo/bar/g file.txt

can be a regular expression

change a file in place with **-i**



in GNU sed it's -i
in BSD sed, -i SUFFIX confuses me every time.

some more sed incantations...

sed -n 12 p

print 12th line

-n suppresses output so only what you print with 'p' gets printed

sed 5d

delete 5th line

sed /foo/d

delete lines matching /foo/

sed -n 5,30 p

print lines 5-30

sed s/*foo*/bar*/

use # as a regex delimiter
can be any character



use this if your regex has a / in it!

sed G

double space a file
(good for long error lines)

sed '/foo/a bar'

append 'bar' after lines containing 'foo'

sed -n s/foo/bar/p

only print changed lines

sed 'i 17 panda'

insert "panda" on line 17