

# every Linux networking tool I know

**ping**

"are these computers even connected?"

**curl**

make any HTTP request you want

**httpie**

like curl but easier ("http get")

**wget**

download files

**tc**

on a linux router:  
slow down your brother's internet  
(and much more)

**dig/nslookup**

what's the IP for that domain?  
(DNS query)

**whois**

is this domain registered?

**ssh**

secure shell ♥

**scp**

copy files over a SSH connection

**rsync**

copy only changed files (works over SSH)

**ngrep**

grep for your network

**tcpdump**

"show me all packets on port 80!"

**Wireshark**

look at those packets in a GUI

**tshark**

command line super powerful packet analysis

**tcpflow**

capture & assemble TCP streams

**ifconfig**

"what's my IP address?"

**route**

view & change the route table

**ip**

replaces ifconfig, route, and more!

**arp**

see your ARP table

**mitmproxy**

spy on SSL connections your programs are making

**nmap**

in ur network scanning ur ports

**zenmap**

GUI for nmap

**POF**

identify OS of hosts connecting to you

**openvpn**

a VPN

**Wireguard**

a newer VPN

**nc**

netcat! make TCP connections manually

**socat**

proxy a TCP socket to a unix domain socket + LOTS MORE

**telnet**

like ssh but insecure.

**ftp/sftp**

copy files. sftp does it over SSH.

**netstat/ss/lsof/fuser**

"what ports are servers using?"

**iptables**

set up firewalls and NAT!

**nftables**

new version of iptables

**hping3**

construct any TCP packet you want

**traceroute/mtr**

what servers are on the way to that server?

**tcptraceroute**

use tcp packets instead of icmp to traceroute

**ethtool**

manage physical Ethernet connections + network cards

**iw/iwconfig**

manage wireless network settings (see speed/frequency)

**sysctl**

configure Linux kernel's network stack

**openssl**

do literally anything with SSL certificates

**stunnel**

make a SSL proxy for an insecure server

**iptraf/nethogs/iftop/ntop**

see what's using bandwidth

**ab/nload/iperf**

benchmarking tools

**python -m SimpleHTTPServer**

serve files from a directory

**ipcalc**

easily see what 13.21.2.3/25 means

**nsenter**

enter a container process's network namespace