# Task 6

Proof of Concept (PoC) Report

Task 6: Log Analysis & Intrusion Detection

## 1. Executive Summary

This PoC demonstrates the importance of log analysis and intrusion detection in identifying and mitigating brute-force attacks and unauthorized access attempts. The task involves enabling system logging, simulating failed SSH login attempts, analyzing logs to detect brute-force attempts, and implementing mitigation measures using fail2ban and log monitoring tools.

## 2. Objectives

Setup: Enable system logging and simulate multiple failed SSH login attempts.

Exploit: Analyze logs to identify brute-force attempts and unauthorized access.

Mitigation: Implement fail2ban to block repeated failed attempts and set up log monitoring automation.

#### 3.Setup

# 3.1 Enable System Logging

System logging was enabled using journalctl and rsyslog to monitor authentication attempts.

Commands Used:

```
(kali@kali)-[~]

$ sudo systemctl enable rsyslog 66 sudo systemctl start rsyslog

(kali@kali)-[~]

$ sink kali@localhost
The authenticity of host 'localhost (::1)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:kjohvE3XVnnhyETAIOZIANMS-POITF62LYLF+YU/wMM.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'localhost' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
kali@localhost's password:
Linux kali 6.11.2-and64 is ISMN PREEMPT_DVNAMIC Kali 6.11.2-lkali1 (2024-10-15) x86_64

The programs included with the kali GMU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Kali GMU/Linux comes with ASSOUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
```

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#### 1. Exploitation

## 4.1 Analyze Logs for Failed Attempts

The logs were analyzed to identify failed SSH login attempts and potential bruteforce attacks.

Commands Used:

# 5. Mitigation

# 5.1 Implement fail2ban

fail2ban was configured to block IP addresses with repeated failed login attempts.

Commands Used:

```
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ sudo systemctl restart fail2ban

(kali® kali)-[~]
$ sudo fail2ban-client status sshd

Status for the jail: sshd

Filter

| - Currently failed: 0
| - Total failed: 0
| - Journal matches: _SYSTEMD_UNIT=ssh.service + _COMM=sshd

- Actions
| - Currently banned: 0
| - Total banned: 0
| - Total banned: 0
| - Sanned IP list:
```

sudo nano /etc/fail2ban/jail.local

sudo nano /etc/fail2ban/jail.local

Configuration:

```
[sshd]
enabled = true
maxretry = 3
```

#### 5.2 Restart fail2ban

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fail2ban was restarted to apply the new configuration.

Commands Used:

```
<mark>(kali⊕kali</mark>)-[~]
$ <u>sudo</u> systemctl restart fail2ban
```

sudo systemctl restart fail2bah

5.3 Set Up Log Monitoring Automation

logwatch was configured to send detailed log reports via email.

Commands Used:

sudo logwatch --detail high --mailto <a href="mailto:Praveenraj2k05@gmail.com">Praveenraj2k05@gmail.com</a> --range today

```
| Chall@Nati)-(-)
| Sanda systemicil restart fail2ban
| Chall@Natio-(-)
| Sanda systemicil status rsyslog
| Syslog.service - System Logging Service
| Syslog.service - System Logging Service
| Syslog.service - System Logging Service
| Active: active (running) since Tue 2025-03-25 0x103:17 EDT; Smin ago
| Invocation: Affair(Accalled)Debes12660574758
| TrisgeredBy: * syslog.socket
| Docs: man:rsyslog(socket)
| Docs: man:rsyslog(socket)
| Docs: man:rsyslog(soc)
| System Logging Service
| System Logging Service - System
```

#### 6. Conclusion

This PoC successfully demonstrated how log analysis can be used to detect brute-force attacks and unauthorized access attempts. By implementing fail2ban and setting up log monitoring automation, the system was secured against repeated failed login attempts.

- 7. Recommendations
- Regularly review logs for suspicious activity.
- Use tools like fail2ban to automatically block malicious IP addresses.
- Set up automated log monitoring and reporting using logwatch or similar tools.

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