

Exp. No. :

Date :

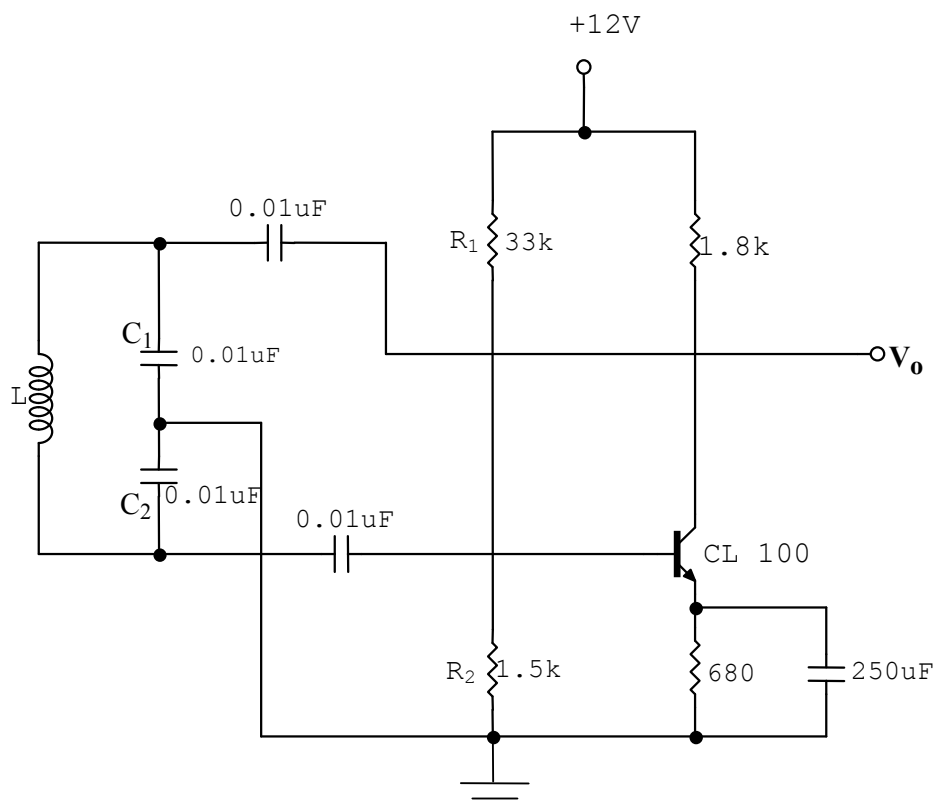
## COLPITTS OSCILLATOR

**AIM:** To obtain the frequency of the Colpitts oscillator.

**APPARATUS :**

| S.No. | Name of the Apparatus  | Range                 | Quantity  |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1.    | CL100                  | -                     | 1No.      |
| 2.    | Power Supply           | 0-30V                 | 1No.      |
| 3.    | Resistors ( $\Omega$ ) | 33K, 1.8K & 1.5K      | Each 1No. |
| 4.    | Capacitor              | 0.01 $\mu$ F,         | 4No.      |
|       |                        | 250 $\mu$ F           | 1No.      |
| 5.    | Inductor               | Decade Inductance Box | 1No.      |
| 6.    | CRO                    | -                     | 1No.      |

**CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:**

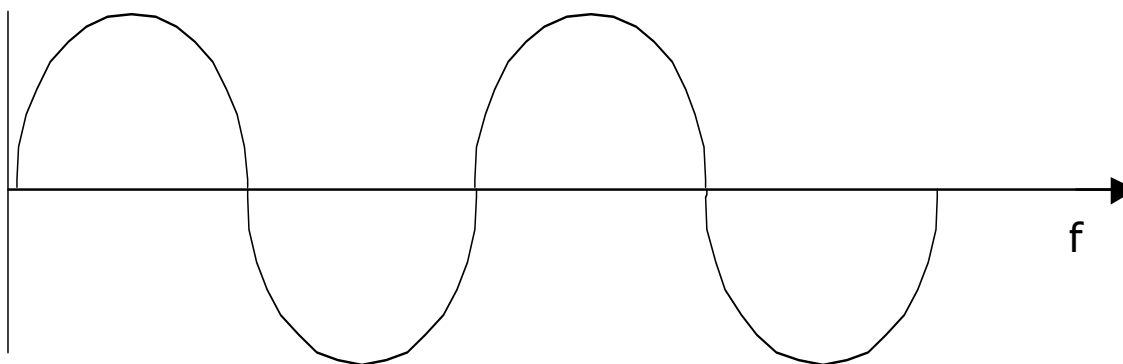


**PROCEDURE:**

1. Connect the circuit as shown in figure.

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2. Set  $V_{CC}=12V$ .3. For different values of capacitance ( $\mu F$  range) measure the frequency from CRO.**MODEL WAVE FORM:****CALCULATIONS:**

$$\text{Theoretical frequency } f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L C_{eq}}} =$$

$$\text{where } C_{eq} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2}} = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2} =$$

**Tabulation :**

| Inductance (L)<br>( $\mu H$ ) | Capacitance( $C_{eq}$ )<br>( $\mu F$ ) | Time Period (T)<br>(mS) | Practical<br>Frequency<br>(KHz)<br>$f = 1/T$ | Theoretical<br>Frequency(KHz)<br>$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{L C_{eq}}}$ |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|
|                               |  |                         |  |  |
|                               |  |                         |  |  |
|                               |  |                         |  |  |
|                               |  |                         |  |  |

**RESULTS:**