Next >

< Previous

∷ Hide menu

Introduction to Neural Networks and TensorFlow

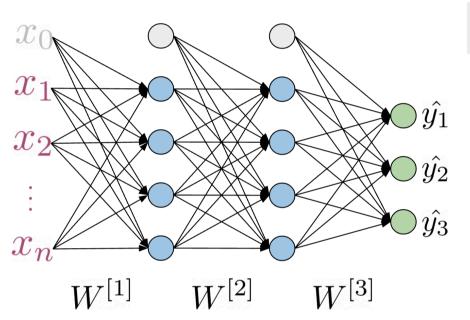
Practice Assignment: Classification Using Deep Neural Networks

N-grams vs. Sequence Models

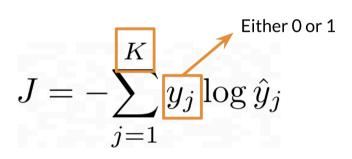
- Video: Lesson Introduction
 49 sec
- Video: Traditional Language models
 3 min
- Reading: Traditional Language models 5 min
- Video: Recurrent Neural Networks
- Reading: Recurrent Neural Networks 4 min
- Video: Applications of RNNs 3 min
- Reading: Application of RNNs 3 min
- Video: Math in Simple RNNs 3 min
- Reading: Math in Simple RNNs 6 min
- Lab: Hidden State Activation 20 min
- Video: Cost Function for RNNs 2 min

Cost Function for RNNs

The cost function used in an RNN is the cross entropy loss. If you were to visualize it



K - classes or possibilities



Looking at a single example (x, y)

you are basically summing over the all the classes and then multiplying y_j times $\log \hat{y}_j$. If you were to compute the loss over several time steps, use the following formula:

$$J = -rac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{j=1}^{K} y_{j}^{< t>} \log \hat{y}_{j}^{< t>}$$

Note that we are simply summing over all the time steps and dividing by *T*, to get the average cost in each time step. Hence, we are just taking an average through time.

Mark as completed

(건