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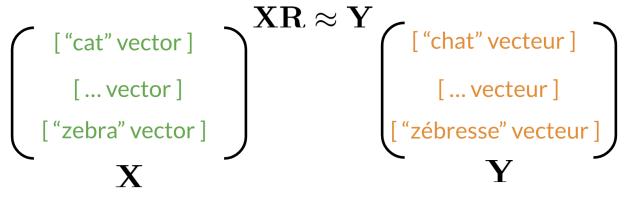
## Lecture: Machine Translation

- Video: Week Introduction
  46 sec
- Video: Overview
  1 min
- Video: Transforming word vectors
  7 min
- Reading: Transforming word vectors

  10 min
- Lab: Rotation matrices in R2
- Video: K-nearest neighbors
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- Video: Hash tables and hash functions
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- Video: Multiple Planes 3 min
- Reading: Multiple Planes
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- Lab: Hash tables

  1h
- Video: Approximate nearest neighbors



## subsets of the full vocabulary

Note that X corresponds to the matrix of english word vectors and Y corresponds to the matrix of french word vectors. R is the mapping matrix.

## Steps required to learn R:

- Initialize R
- For loop

$$Loss = \|XR - Y\|_F$$

$$g = \frac{d}{dR} Loss$$

$$R = R - \alpha * g$$

Here is an example to show you how the frobenius norm works.

$$\| \mathbf{X} \mathbf{R} - \mathbf{Y} \|_{\mathbf{Z}}$$
 $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & \end{pmatrix}$ 
 $\| \mathbf{A}_F \| = \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 + 2^2}$ 
 $\| \mathbf{A}_F \| = 4 \frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} |a^{ij}|^2}$ 
 $\| \mathbf{A} \|_F \equiv \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{m} \sum_{j=1}^{n} |a^{ij}|^2}$ 

In summary you are making use of the following:

- $\bullet XR \approx Y$
- ullet minimize  $\|\mathbf{X}\mathbf{R} \mathbf{Y}\|_F^2$

