```
In [13]: import numpy as np
          def initialize(states, observations, start_prob, trans_prob, emit_prob):
              num_states = len(states)
              num_observations = len(observations)
              # Initialize the Viterbi table with zeros
              viterbi_table = np.zeros((num_states, num_observations))
              # Initialize the path pointer table with zeros
             path_pointer = np.zeros((num_states, num_observations), dtype=int)
              # Initialize the first column of the Viterbi table
              for s, state in enumerate(states):
                  # Use state as a key to access the dictionaries
                  viterbi_table[s, 0] = start_prob[state] * emit_prob[state][observations[0]]
              return viterbi_table, path_pointer
          def forward(viterbi_table, path_pointer, states, observations, trans_prob, emit_prob):
              num_states = len(states)
              num_observations = len(observations)
              for t in range(1, num_observations):
                  for s, state in enumerate(states):
                      # Compute the max probability for the current state and observation
                      (max_prob, max_state_index) = max(
                          (viterbi_table[prev_state_index, t-1] * trans_prob[states[prev_state_i
                          for prev_state_index in range(num_states))
                      viterbi_table[s, t] = max_prob
                      path_pointer[s, t] = max_state_index
          def backtrack(viterbi_table, path_pointer, states, observations):
              num_states = len(states)
              num_observations = len(observations)
              # Initialize the path with the maximum probable last state
              path = np.zeros(num_observations, dtype=int)
              path[num_observations-1] = np.argmax(viterbi_table[:, num_observations-1])
              # Backtrack through the path pointer table
              for t in range(num_observations-2, -1, -1):
                  path[t] = path_pointer[path[t+1], t+1]
              return [states[state] for state in path]
          states = ['Noun', 'Verb']
          observations = ['They', 'can', 'fish']
          start_probability = {'Noun': 0.37, 'Verb': 0.14}
          transition_probability = {
             'Noun': {'Noun': 0.05, 'Verb': 0.37}, 'Verb': {'Noun': 0.37, 'Verb': 0.05},
          emission_probability = {
             'Noun' : {'They': 0.14, 'can': 0.05, 'fish': 0.05},
             'Verb' : {'They': 0.00004, 'can': 0.37, 'fish': 0.05},
          viterbi_table, path_pointer = initialize(states, observations, start_probability, trans
          forward(viterbi_table, path_pointer, states, observations, transition_probability, emi
          most_probable_path = backtrack(viterbi_table, path_pointer, states, observations)
In [14]: most_probable_path
         ['Noun', 'Verb', 'Noun']
Out[14]:
In [18]: np.log(viterbi_table)
         array([[ -2.96036513, -8.95182968, -8.93885422],
Out[18]:
                 [-12.09274396, -4.94886968, -10.94033422]])
In [19]: np.round(np.log(viterbi_table))
         array([[-3., -9., -9.],
Out[19]:
                 [-12., -5., -11.]
```