

# Basic Text Processing

- Standardization
- Case-folding
- Lemmatization
- Stemming
- Sentence Segmentation

# Word Normalization Sentence Segmentation and other issues

### Word Normalization

#### Putting words/tokens in a standard format

- U.S.A. or USA
- uhhuh or uh-huh
- Fed or fed
- am, is, be, are

## Case folding

#### Applications like IR: reduce all letters to lower case

- Since users tend to use lower case
- Possible exception: upper case in mid-sentence?
  - e.g., General Motors
  - Fed vs. fed
  - SAIL vs. sail

#### For sentiment analysis, MT, Information extraction

Case is helpful (*US* versus *us* is important)

#### Lemmatization

Represent all words as their lemma, their shared root = dictionary headword form:

- am, are, is  $\rightarrow$  be
- car, cars, car's, cars'  $\rightarrow$  car
- He is reading detective stories
  - → He be read detective story

## Lemmatization is done by Morphological Parsing

#### Morphemes:

- The small meaningful units that make up words
- Stems: The core meaning-bearing units
- Affixes: Parts that adhere to stems, often with grammatical functions

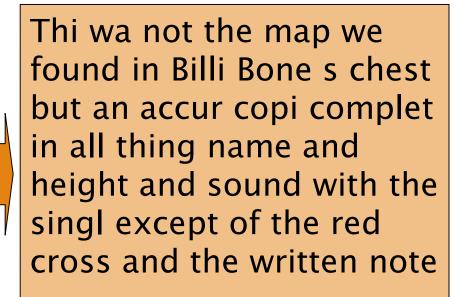
#### Morphological Parsers:

• Parse *cats* into two morphemes *cat* and *s* 

## Stemming

Reduce terms to stems, chopping off affixes crudely

This was not the map we found in Billy Bones's chest, but an accurate copy, complete in all things-names and heights and soundings-with the single exception of the red crosses and the written notes.



#### Porter Stemmer

#### Based on a series of rewrite rules run in series

A cascade, in which output of each pass fed to next pass

#### Some sample rules:

```
ATIONAL \rightarrow ATE (e.g., relational \rightarrow relate)

ING \rightarrow \epsilon if stem contains vowel (e.g., motoring \rightarrow motor)

SSES \rightarrow SS (e.g., grasses \rightarrow grass)
```



### Normalization

## Case conversion Standardization

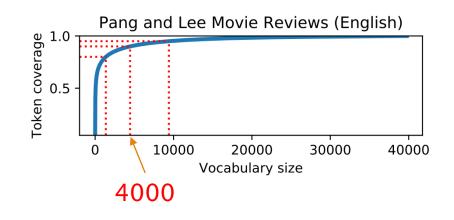
- Date, currency
- Orthographic
- Spelling variation

#### Stemming

Affix elimination

#### Lemmatization

Geese → Goose





## Sentence Segmentation

- !, ? mostly unambiguous but **period** "." is very ambiguous
  - Sentence boundary
  - Abbreviations like Inc. or Dr.
  - Numbers like .02% or 4.3