DSA-Assignment-1

Deadline: 20th January 2025

- 1. Solve all the question and submit a handwritten document
- 2. Plagiarism will be penalised
- 3. Submit a pdf of the form <roll_no>_dsa1.pdf

1 Odd and Even Functions - 6M

- 1. Classify each of the following functions as **odd**, **even**, or **neither**
 - (a) $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$ [2M]
 - (b) f(x) = |x| 2, $-2 \le x < 2$, f(x+4) = f(x) [2M]
 - (c) [**2M**]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 1 & 0 \le x \le 2, \\ -1 - x & -2 < x < 0 \end{cases}, \quad f(x + 4) = f(x)$$

2 Fourier Series - 15M

- 1. [1M] What are the Dirichlet conditions for a signal? Provide a clear statement of these conditions.
- 2. Plot the following functions and find their Fourier series representations:
 - (a) [3M] Square Wave Function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le x < \pi, \\ -1 & \pi \le x < 2\pi \end{cases} \quad period = 2\pi$$

(b) [3M] Sawtooth Wave Function:

$$f(x) = x$$
, $-\pi \le x < \pi$, $period = 2\pi$

(c) [3M] Exponential Function:

$$f(x) = e^x$$
, $-\pi \le x < \pi$, $period = 2\pi$

(d) [3M] Piecewise Linear Function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\pi \le x < 0, \\ x & 0 \le x < \pi \end{cases} \quad period = 2\pi$$

- 3. Show that:
 - (a) [1M]

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \cdots$$

(b) [**1M**]

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8} = 1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \cdots$$

[Hint: Use the Fourier series representations from the previous question]

3 Fourier Transform - 24M

1. [3M] Find fourier transform of the following function x(t):

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 1 \le |t| \le 3, \\ -1 & |t| < 1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- 2. Find and sketch the magnitude and phase spectrum of Fourier transform of the following:
 - (a) [**3M**]

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} a & -T \le t \le T, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (b) [3M] $x(t) = \delta(t a)$, where a is real
- 3. (a) [4M] Determine the transform of the following signal:

$$x(t) = t \left(\frac{\sin(t)}{\pi t}\right)^2$$

(b) [3M] Use Parseval's Law and the result from the previous part to determine the value of

$$A = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t^2 \left(\frac{\sin(t)}{\pi t}\right)^4 dt$$

- 4. For the following signals:
 - (a) $x(t) = e^{-|a|t} \cdot u(t)$
 - (b) $x(t) = e^{(-1+2j)t} \cdot u(t)$

Compute the following for each signal:

- (a) [1M] $|X(\omega)|$
- (b) [1M] $\angle X(\omega)$
- (c) [1M] $\Re\{X(\omega)\}$
- (d) [1M] $\Im\{X(\omega)\}$

4 DTFT - 15M

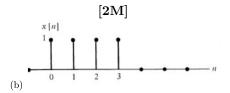
1. [2M] Consider a discrete-time signal x[n] of length N. The DTFT of the signal is given by $X(e^{j\omega})$. Show that the DTFT is periodic with period 2π .

2. For a DTFT, Prove the following properties:

- (a) [1M] Linearity
- (b) [1M] Symmetry
- (c) [1M] Duality
- (d) [1M] Time shifting
- (e) [1M] Time scaling
- (f) [1M] Frequency Shifting
- (g) [1M] Time Reversal
- (h) [1M] Convolution Property
- (i) [1M] Parseval's Relation

3. Compute the DTFT for the following signals:

$$(a)[\mathbf{2M}] \quad x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^n u[n+1]$$



5 DFT - 16M

1. Compute the 8-point DFT for the following:

- (a) [2M] x(n) = u(4-n)/4, where u(n) is the unit step function.
- (b) $[2M] x(n) = \sin(\pi n/4) + \cos(\pi n/4)$
- (c) $[2M] x[n] = \{1, -1 j, -1, -1 + j\}$
- (d) [2M] $x[n] = \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}$

2. Determine the Inverse Fourier transform of the following:

- (a) [2M] $X(e^{j\omega}) = \cos^3(\omega) + \cos^2(\omega)$
- (b) [2M] $X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{e^{-4j\omega} + e^{-3j\omega} e^{-j\omega} 1}{e^{-j\omega} + 1}$
- (c) [2M] $X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{3e^{-j\omega} 1}{3 e^{-j\omega}}$

3. [2M] Given $X[k] = k^2$, $0 \le k \le 7$ be the 8-point DFT of a sequence x[n], find the value of:

$$P = \sum_{n=0}^{7} x[2n+1]$$

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6 Sampling - 20M

- 1. [4M] What is aliasing? What can be done to reduce aliasing? Let $x(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi}cos(4000\pi t)cos(1000\pi t)$ be a continuous-time signal. Find the Nyquist rate and Nyquist interval for this signal.
- 2. [5M] A waveform, $x(t) = 10\cos(1000t + \pi/3) + 20\cos(2000t + \pi/6)$ is to be uniformly sampled for digital transmission. What is the maximum allowable time interval between sample values that will ensure perfect signal reproduction? If we want to reproduce 1 hour of this waveform, how many sample values need to be stored?
- 3. Consider two signals $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ with Fourier transforms satisfying:

$$X_1(\Omega) = 0, |\Omega| \ge 120$$

 $X_2(\Omega) = 0, |\Omega| \le 60, |\Omega| \ge 100$

Determine the minimum frequency f_s , at which we must sample the following signals to prevent aliasing.

- (a) **[3M]** $x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t)$
- (b) **[5M]** $x(t) = x_1(t)x_2(t)$
- (c) [3M] $x(t) = \cos(3.6\pi t + 9.23)$

7 Quantization - 40M

1. Consider the analog waveform x(t) and answer the following questions.

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} -2\sin(\pi x/4) & 0 \le x < 4\\ x - 4 & 4 \le x < 5\\ 1 & 5 < x < 7\\ 8 - x & 7 \le x \le 10 \end{cases}$$

It is sampled at 1000 Hz and quantized with a 2-bit quantizer with input range -2V to 2V.

- (a) [1M] Indicate the sample points.
- (b) [4M] State the quantization intervals and the corresponding digital words.
- (c) [4M] Sketch the digital word assigned to each sample point.
- (d) [4M] Indicate the stream of bits generated after the quantization is complete.
- (e) [2M] What is the resulting bit rate?
- (f) [2M] What is the quantization error?

Answer all of the above questions for a 3-bit quantizer as well.

2. [6M] Mention advantages/disadvantages of increasing quantization bits.

8 Convolution - 8M

- 1. Find the Convolution of the following functions:-
- (a) [4M]

$$f[n] = 2\delta[n+10] + 2\delta[n-10], \quad g[n] = 3\delta[n+5] + 2\delta[n-5]$$

$$f[n] = (-1)^n, \quad g[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n-1]$$