Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: ROHITH KUMAR S

Email: 240701436@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701436 Phone: 7603815548

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FE

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
   int* arr;
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
   Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = 0;
   queue->rear = -1;
   queue->size = 0;
```

```
return queue;
}
int main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("%d", queue->size);
    return 0;
}
Answer
0
Status: Correct
```

2. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Queue

Status: Correct

Marks : 1/1

Marks: 1/1

5. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as Answer **Enqueue and Dequeue** Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 6. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure? Answer All of the mentioned options Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 7. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time Answer **ABCD** Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 8. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain? **Answer** The address of the first element Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 9. What is the functionality of the following piece of code? public void function(Object item) Node temp=new Node(item,trail); (if(isEmpty())

```
head.setNext(temp);
        temp.setNext(trail);
      else
         Node cur=head.getNext();
        while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
         {
           cur=cur.getNext();
        cur.setNext(temp);
      size++;
    Answer
    Insert at the rear end of the dequeue
    Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
    10. What will be the output of the following code?
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    typedef struct {
      int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear:
      int size:
    } Queue;
    Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
      queue->front = -1;
      queue->rear = -1;
                                                                          240707436
return queue;
      queue->size = 0;
```

```
int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
    return (queue->size == 0);
}
int main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
    return 0;
}
Answer
Is the queue empty? 1
Status: Correct
Marks: 1/1
```

11. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What will be the output of the following code?

#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
 int arr[MAX_SIZE];
 int front;

```
240701436
      int rear;
    oint size;
Queue;
    void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
      if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
        return;
      }
      queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
      queue->size++;
    int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
    of (queue->size == 0) {
        return -1;
      int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
      queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      aueue->size--:
      return data:
    }
    int main() {
      Queue queue;
      queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
    queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      enqueue(&queue, 4);
      enqueue(&queue, 5);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      return 0;
                                                240701436
Answer
```

240707436

240701436

Marks : 1/1 Status : Correct

19. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(10); DeleteRear(); InsertRear(15); display();

Answer

10 30 40 15

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

None of these

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1