# Training Day- 8

#### **SWAPPING IS VARIABLE**

```
##Using 3rd Variable
# a=5
# b=7
# temp=a
            #3rd Varaible is temp, temp=5, b=7, a=5
# a=b
          #a=7, temp=5
# b=temp
# print(a,b)
##New Program
\# a,b=5,7
# a,b=b,a
# print(a,b)
PASS: pass is an instruction in python, which does nothing
There are places in python, where we must write some block of
code, like inside a heading, there for the time being we can write
pass
##New Program
# pass
# pass
# pass
# pass
# pass
##New Program
# x=6
# if(x==5):
   print("CETPA")
# #New Program
```

```
\# x = 6
# if(x==5):
   print("CETPA")
# else:
    pass
PROGRAM/APPLICATION/SOFTWARE/COMPUTER: To take the date from the
user, process the data and generate the outputs.
# print()
# print()
Take two inputs from the user and check their data types.
##New Program
# x=input("Enter A Number:")
# print(type(x))
# x=input("Enter A String:")
# print(type(x))
# Example: Find the bigger of 2 numbers without using logical operators
# """
# #New Program
# no1=int(input("Enter First No:"))
                                     #no1=5
# no2=int(input("Enter Second No:"))
                                       \#no1=7
# if(no1>no2):
   print(no1, "is bigger")
# else:
   print(no2,"is bigger")
,,,,,,
Example: Find the biggest of 3 numbers without using logical operators
```

or using nested conditions

```
,,,,,,
##New Program
# no1=int(input("Enter First No:"))
                                       \#no1=5
# no2=int(input("Enter Second No:"))
                                         #no1=7
                                        #no1=9
# no3=int(input("Enter Third No:"))
# if(no1>no2):
                   #no2 is not the biggest no
#
    if (no1 > no3):
#
      print(no1, "is the biggest no")
#
    else:
#
      print(no3, "is the biggest no")
               #no1 is not the biggest no
#
    if (no2 > no3):
#
      print(no2, "is the biggest no")
    else:
#
      print(no3, "is the biggest no")
#
,,,,,,
Find the biggest of 3 numbers using logical operators or without
using nested conditions.
# #New Program
# no1=int(input("Enter First No:"))
                                       \#no1=7
# no2=int(input("Enter Second No:"))
                                         \#no2=5
# no3=int(input("Enter Third No:"))
                                        #no3=9
# if(no1>no2 and no1>no3):
    print(no1,"is the biggest no")
# elif(no2>no3):
                            #no1 is not the biggest no
    print(no2,"is the biggest no")
```

Example: Find the bigger of 2 numbers and also check whether they are equal or not

# else:

,,,,,,

print(no3, "is the biggest no")

```
# #New Program
# no1=int(input("Enter First No:")) #no1=5
# no2=int(input("Enter Second No:")) #no1=7
# if(no1>no2):
# print(no1, "is bigger")
# elif(no2>no1):
# print(no2,"is bigger")
# else:
# print("Both the numbers are equal")
```

### **Makes The Program Scalable.**

To make the project scalable, we divide the project into multiple modules and layers.

Layers are further divided into classes. Classes are made up of functions and variables.

#### **ERP: Enterprise Resource Planning**

The functions which are outside class are called functions only,

how to call them: function name(arguments)

The functions which are inside class are called methods or functions, how to call method or a

function made inside class: obj name.method name()

## **How To Create Object Of Any Class In Python:**

```
Standard syntax:
obj_name=class_name()
or
obj_name=class_name(arguments)
```

Above syntax will create a default valued object of the class

s=str() #variable or object of string class

#### Default value of string class is emtpy string

n=int() #variable or object of int class

Default value of int class is 0

```
.....New Program.....
# s=str() #
# print(s)
# print(type(s)
.....New Program.....
# f=float() #
# print(f)
# print(type(f))
##New Program
               #Object of string class
# s="Cetpa"
# r=s.upper()
# print(r)
##New Program
# s="cetpa infotech**"
# r=s.title()
# print(r)
Split Methods splits a string and generate a list based on
criteria given
Default criteria is space
##New Program
# s="cet*pa info*tech"
# r=s.split("*")
# print(r)
##New Program
# name="Vikas Kumar Kalra"
# name=name.split()
# print(name)
```