

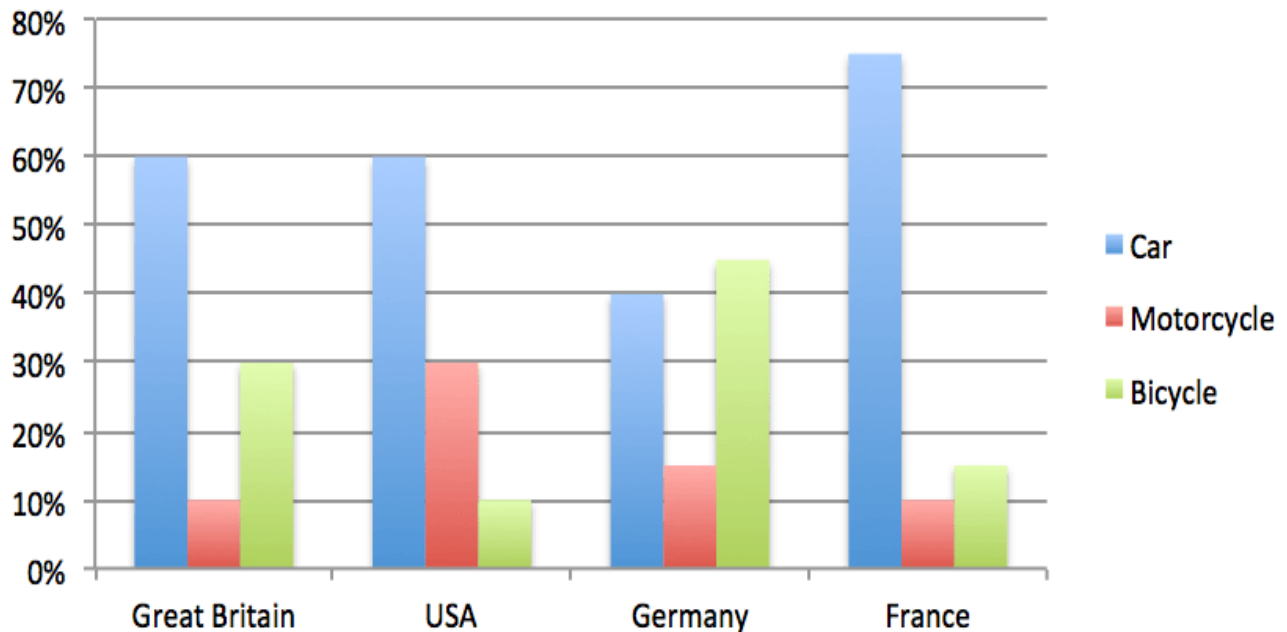
## Bar Graph (H.W.)

### 1) Analyze the graph (H.W.)

Firstly, you need to get an overview of the graph/chart/diagram you will describe. Look for general trends, changes and key features to get an idea of how you will structure the information.

**Example:**

### Transport preferences among young people from different countries



We can note some trends:

- Car was the most popular type of transport in all countries, except for Germany.
- In Great Britain and USA, there are big differences between percentages of people who choose some kind of transport.
- In Germany, percentages of people who choose car and bicycle are roughly the same.
- In France, percentages of people who choose motorcycle and bicycle are nearly equal.
- Motorcycle was the least popular type of transport in all countries, except for the USA.
- Overall, car is the most chosen transport, bicycle is on the second place and motorcycle is the least chosen transport.

**2) Write an answer with the following structure:**

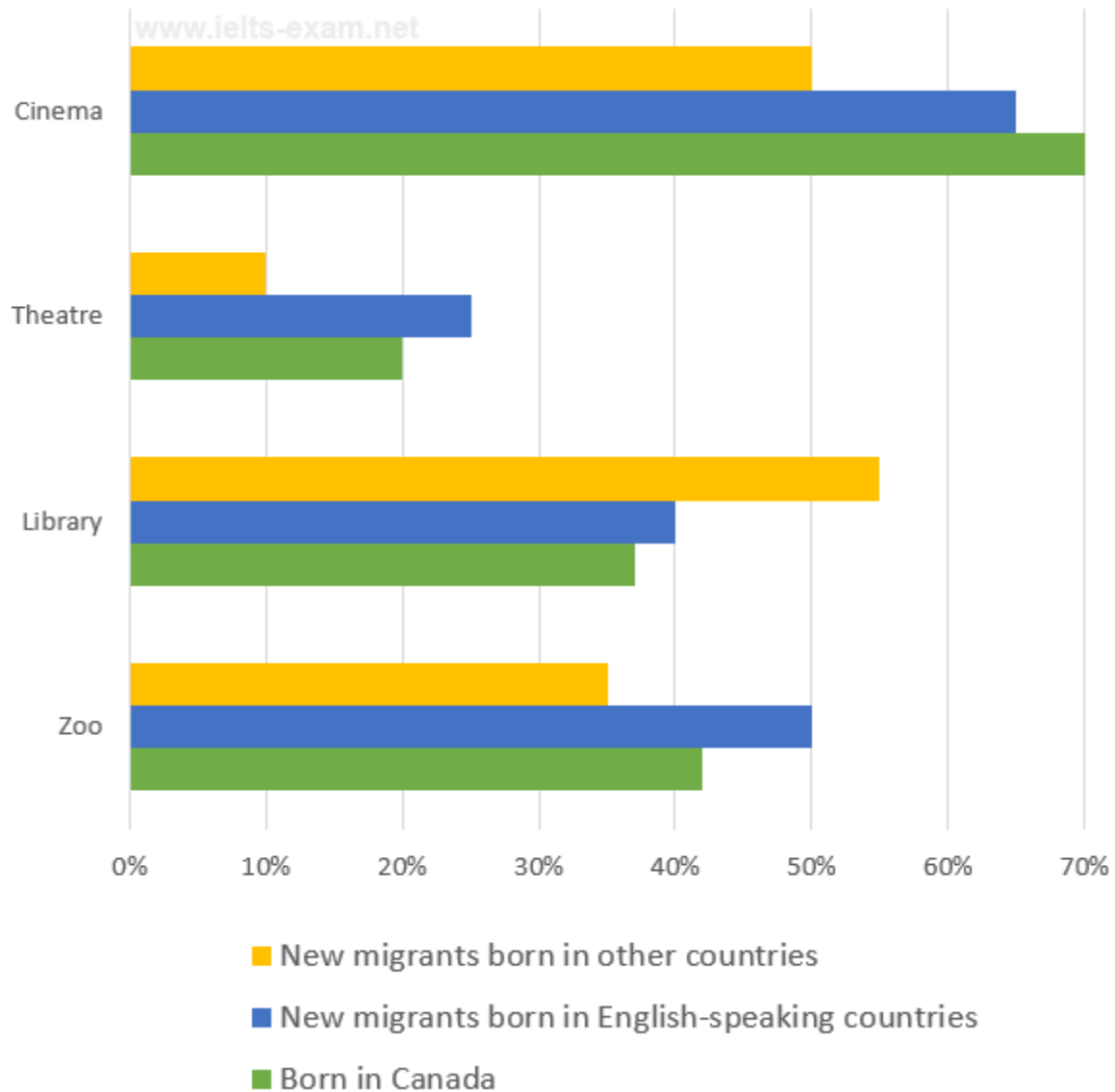
Once you've thought out all patterns on the graph, you can start writing your answer.

<b>Introduction</b>		Introduce the graph (ideally 1 sentence).
<b>Body</b>	General overview	In this paragraph you should describe main trends.
	Specific features	Group the given data by some feature. Then describe each feature.  Use paragraphing! Usually, there should be 2-3 paragraphs in the body part.

## Writing Task-1

### Bar Chart

The places visited by different people living in Canada



The chart below shows the places visited by different people living in Canada.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

## Model answer

The bar chart gives information about the kinds of leisure activity engaged in by three distinct groups: native Canadians, recently arrived immigrants from English-speaking countries and new migrants for whom English is not the first language in their country. Overall, it is perhaps unsurprising that Canadians prefer the cinema to the theatre, but the popularity of the library with new migrants may reflect the financial circumstances of these new citizens.

Firstly, the cinema is by far the most popular free-time activity listed in the chart for those with English as their first language — 70% of non-migrants and 65% of English-speaking migrants. Half the migrants from non-English-speaking countries also go to see a film but interestingly, 5% more of this group prefer the library to the cinema. Roughly 40% of the other two groups say they visit the library.

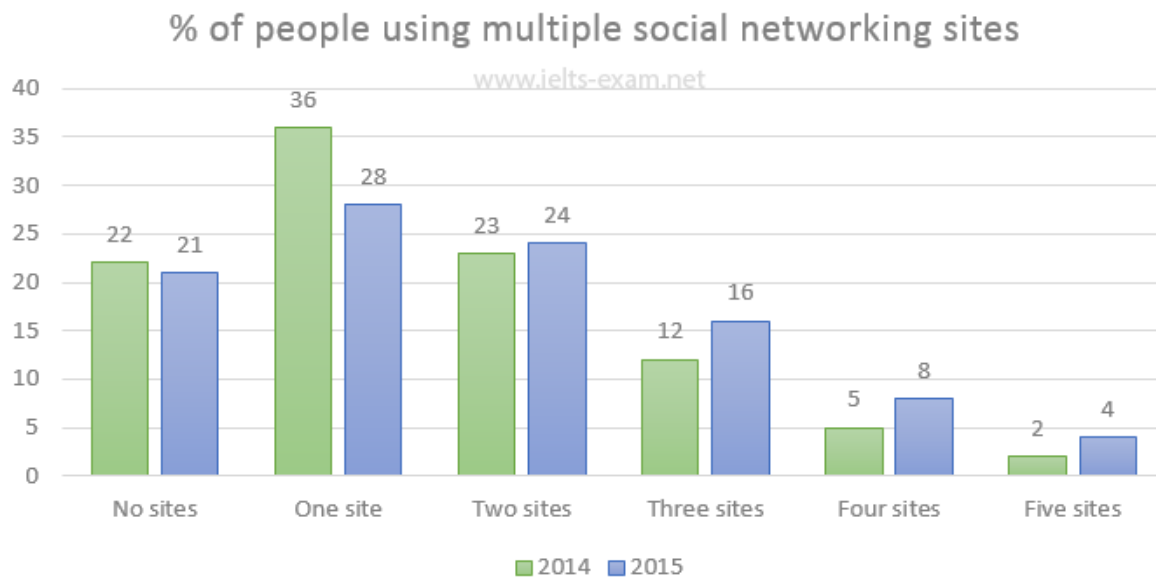
However, Zoos are visited most by half of the English-speaking migrants compared to just over 40% of those born in Canada and approximately 35% of the migrants born where English is not widely spoken. The theatre is least popular for all concerned, with only 10% of non-English-speaking migrants attending, while double the number of native Canadians goes to see a play. A quarter of those born in English-speaking countries are theatre-goers.

### Bar Chart-2

The chart below gives information about the number of social networking sites people used in Canada in 2014 and 2015.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



### Model answer

The bar chart shows the number of social networking sites visited by internet users in Canada in 2014 and in 2015. Overall, we can see from the data that, in general, there was a growing tendency to use more than one site.

Although just over one fifth of internet users did not use any social networking sites in either of the years, the proportion in this category decreased from 22 percent in 2014 to 21 percent in 2015. In both years the highest proportion of users in any group fell into the 'One site' category. However, this group declined sharply from 36 percent in 2014 to 28 percent in 2015.

In contrast, the numbers who reported using two sites, three sites, four sites and five sites all grew over the period analyzed. In both years the proportion of internet users fell as the number of social networking sites increased, with only 2 percent using five sites in 2014 compared to 4 percent in 2015.