

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ x, & 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_{-\pi}^0 0 dx + \int_0^{\pi} x dx \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cos(nx) dx$$

Integración por partes

$$\int x \cos(nx) dx = \frac{x \sin(nx)}{n} + \frac{\cos(nx)}{n^2} \Big|_0^x$$

$$= \frac{\pi \sin(n\pi)}{n} + \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n^2} - \frac{0}{n^2} = \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2((-1)^n - 1)}{\pi n^2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx$$

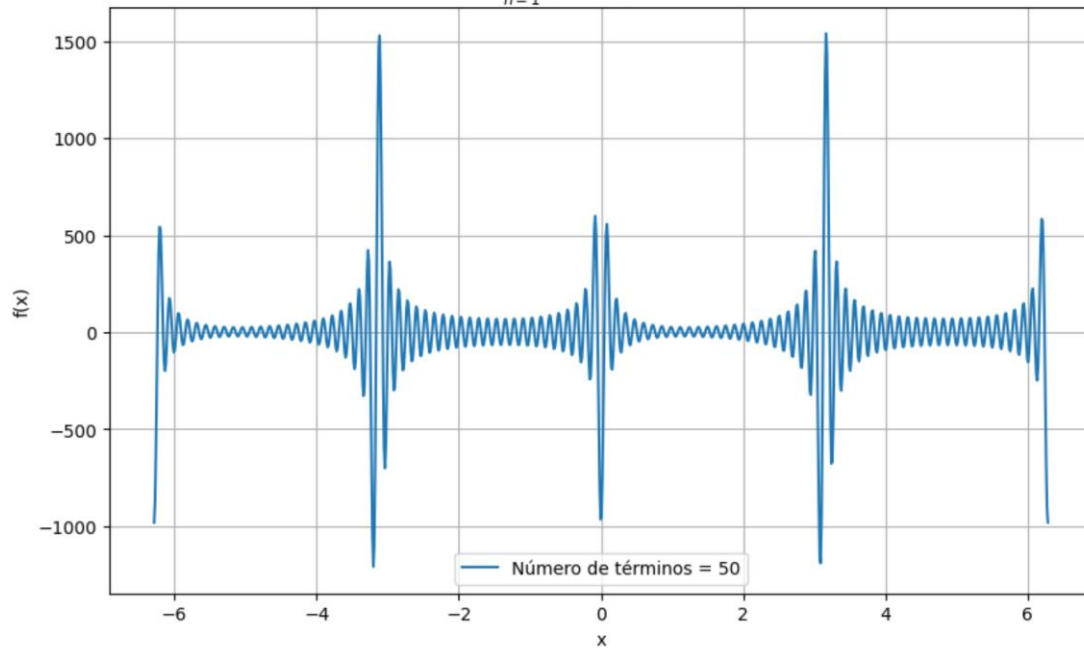
$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin(nx) dx$$

$$\int x \sin(nx) dx = -\frac{x \cos(nx)}{n} + \frac{\sin(nx)}{n^2} \Big|_0^{\pi} =$$

$$= -\frac{\pi \cos(n\pi)}{n} + 0 = -\frac{\pi(-1)^n}{n} = b_n = \frac{2(-1)^n}{n}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2((-1)^n - 1)}{\pi n^2} \cos(nx) + \frac{2(-1)^n}{n} \sin(nx) \right)$$

Gráfica de $f(x) = \frac{4}{\pi} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\pi n}{2} \cdot \frac{((-1)^n - 1)}{2} \cos(nx) + \frac{n^2 (-1)^n}{n} \sin(nx) \right)$



$$f(x) \begin{cases} x & -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq x < \frac{3\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} (\pi - x) dx \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + \pi x \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} - \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{\pi^2}{4} + \frac{\pi^2}{4} \right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \cos(nx) dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} (\pi - x) \cos(nx) dx \right)$$

Integración por partes

$$\int x \cos(nx) dx = \frac{x \sin(nx)}{n} + \frac{\cos(nx)}{n^2}$$

$$\int (\pi - x) \cos(nx) dx = \pi \int \cos(nx) dx - \int x \cos(nx) dx$$

$$a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \sin(nx) dx + \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} (\pi - x) \sin(nx) dx \right)$$

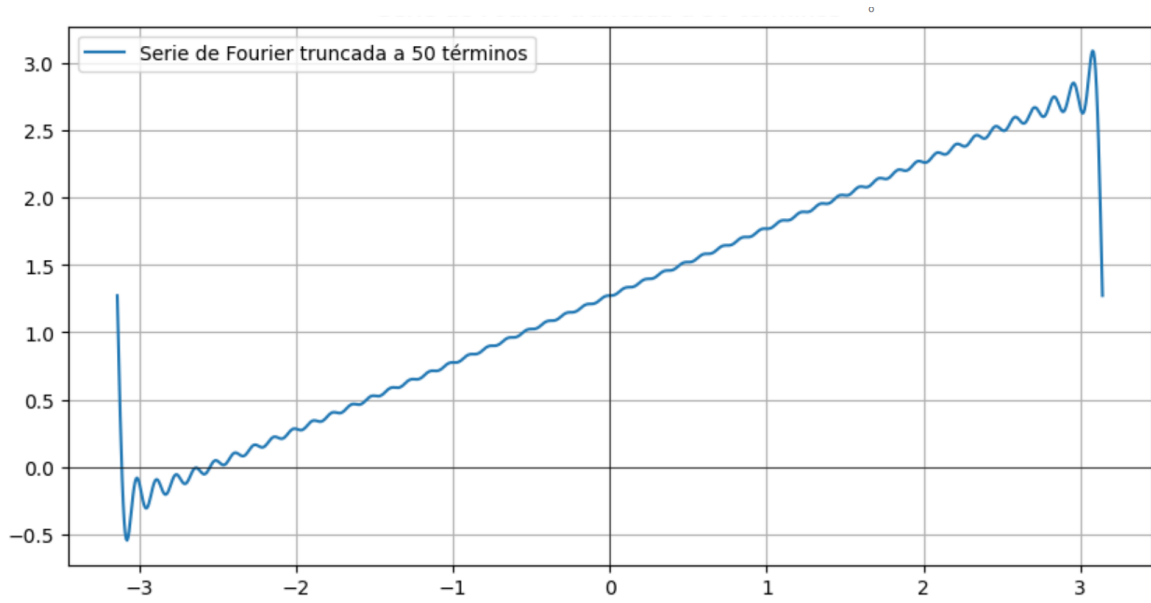
Integración por partes

$$\int x \sin(nx) dx = -\frac{x \cos(nx)}{n} + \frac{\sin(nx)}{n^2}$$

$$\int (\pi - x) \sin(nx) dx = \pi \int \sin(nx) dx - \int x \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin(nx)$$



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -1 & 2 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

Parte a)

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^4 f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} \left(\int_0^2 1 dx + \int_2^4 -1 dx \right)$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4} (2 - 2) = 0$$

a_n

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^4 f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_0^2 \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx + \int_2^4 -\cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi n} \left[\sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) \Big|_0^2 - \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) \Big|_2^4 \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi n} [\sin(n\pi) - \sin(0)] = 0$$

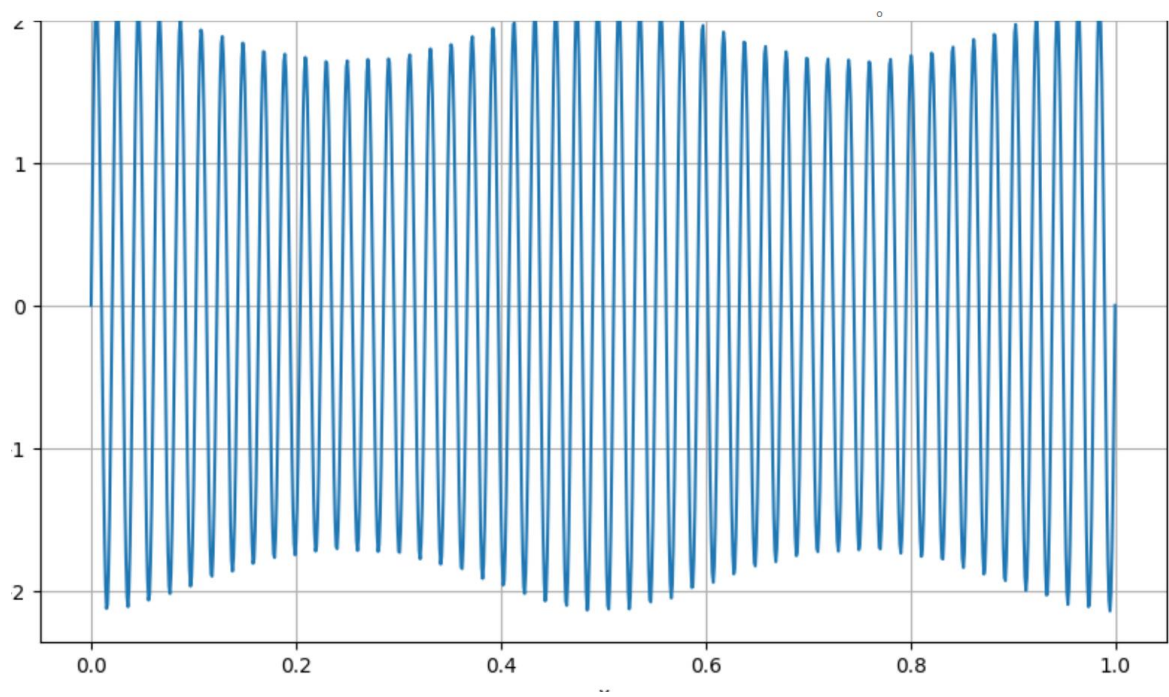
b_n

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^4 f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_0^2 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx + \int_2^4 -\sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{-2}{\pi n} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-2}{\pi n} (1 - (-1)^n) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$$



Parte b)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x, & -2 \leq x < 0 \\ x, & 0 \leq x < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left(\int_{-2}^0 -x dx + \int_0^2 x dx \right) =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left(\left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_{-2}^0 + \left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_0^2 \right) = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_{-2}^0 -x \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx + \int_0^2 x \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \right)$$

Integración por partes

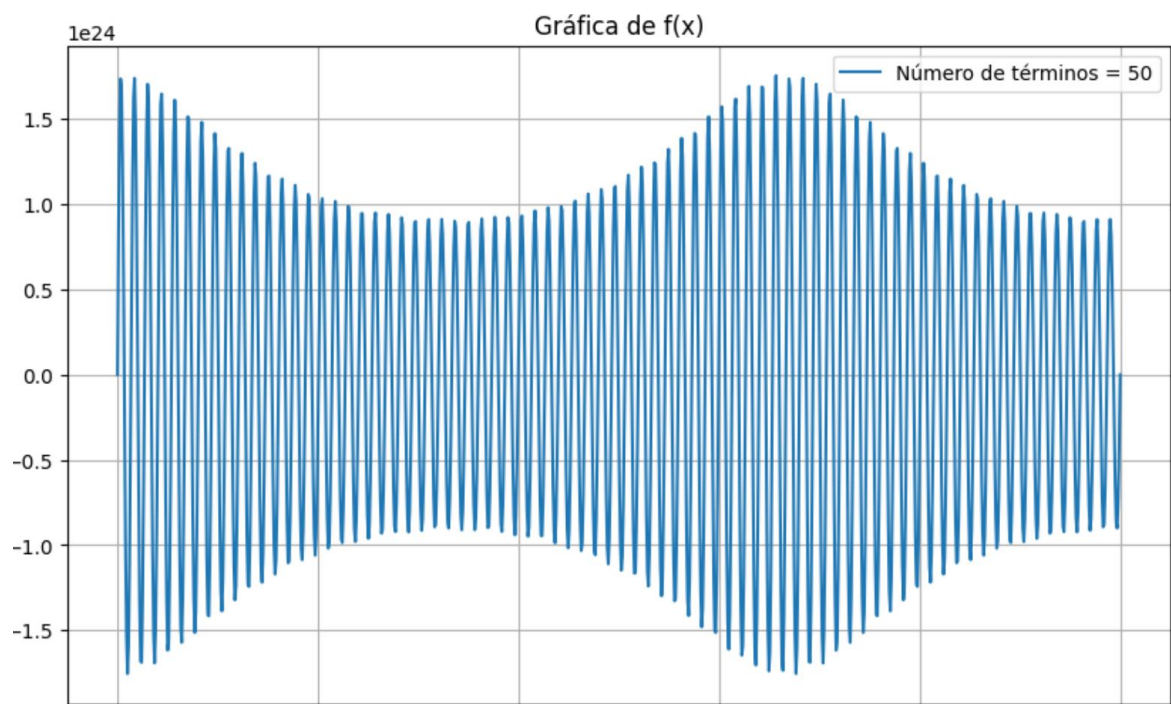
$$a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_{-2}^0 -x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx + \int_0^2 x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{-2}{\pi n} (1 - (-1)^n)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-2}{\pi n} (1 - (-1)^n) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right)$$



Parte C

$$f(x) = x \text{ para } 0 \leq x \leq 6$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^6 x \, dx = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^6 = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 18 = 3$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^6 x \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{3}\right) dx$$

Integración por partes

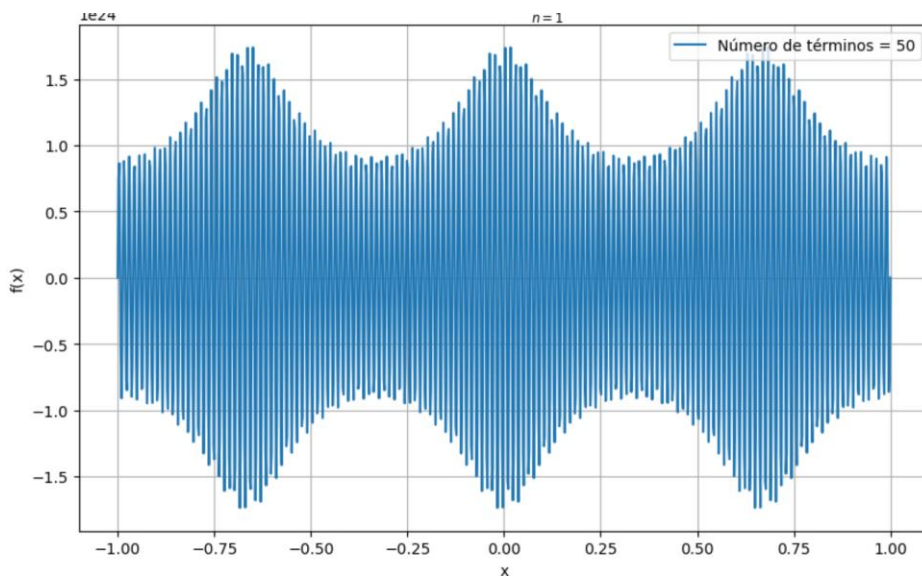
$$a_n = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^6 x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{3}\right) dx$$

Integración por partes

$$b_n = \frac{6}{\pi n}$$

$$f(x) = 3 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{6}{\pi n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{3}\right)$$



Desarrollo de seno $f(x) = \cos(x)$ en una serie de Fourier en $0 < x < \pi$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin(nx)$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(x) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{1 - n^2}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{1 - n^2} \sin(nx)$$

