EXERCISE 5-CONTINUOUS RANDOM VARIABLE

- 1. Probability density function of a continuous random variable is $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x, 0 \le x \le 2\\ 0, elsewhere \end{cases}$
 - i. Proof that X is a continuous random variable
 - ii. Find $P(X \le 1)$
 - iii. Find distribution function, F(x)
- 2. Distribution function of a continuous random variable Y is given by $F(y) = \begin{cases} 0, y < 0 \\ y^2, 0 \le y \le 1 \\ 1, y > 1 \end{cases}$

Find

i.
$$P(\frac{1}{4} \le Y \le \frac{1}{2})$$

ii.
$$P(Y > \frac{1}{2})$$

iii.
$$P(\frac{1}{2} < Y < 1)$$

- iv. Probability density function, f(y)
- 3. A continuous random variable X that has the distribution function

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, x < -1\\ \frac{1+x}{8}, -1 \le x \le 0\\ \frac{1+3x}{8}, 0 \le x \le 2\\ \frac{5+x}{8}, 2 \le x \le 3\\ 1, x > 3 \end{cases}$$

- i. Probability density function of X
- ii. $P(1 \le X \le 3)$
- iii. P(3 < 2X < 5)