# General planning.

## Avenues to explore in data.

Biology by the numbers in *E. coli*:

- 1. General overview/outline of proteome. Are the numbers compatible with prior expectations?
- 2. Things I had written down to explore: growth rate versus volume, Protein density
- 3. 'Building E. coli': make use of known fluxes, reaction rates, protein numbers, growth rates do the numbers make sense? Also of interest to see how they vary with growth rate.
  - (a) replication: DNA polymerase; other proteins needed to find origin.
  - (b) transcription: RNA polymerase, sigma factors
  - (c) translation: ribosomal proteins, elongation factor, ...
  - (d) lipid synthesis
  - (e) nutrient uptake
  - (f) energy utilization and conversion

## Additional insight from the data:

- 1. Knowing the unknown: One example here is the high variability in copy number for a large fraction of genes that are devoid of any regulatory annotation.
- 2. Observation that ratio of transcription factor copy number to (expected) DNA context is essentially constant across growth conditions.

#### Quantitative predictions:

- 1. Essential proteome: What fraction; how does it vary with growth rate?
- 2. Biological process network analysis. Can we understand how certain subsets/classes of the data are robust to changes in growth rate given knowledge of their biological processes?
- 3. Can proteome mass fraction occupancy comport with known kinetic properties? Are "slow" biological processes more highly represented in the proteome compared to the "fast" processes?

## What other datasets might be valuable

There are additional data sets on protein copy number from Gene-Wei Li 2014, Taniguchi 2010. GC also had another proteomic dataset?. EcoCyc of course. What are other resources?

### Summary of what others have done already.

Papers:

1. 1.