Lab: JS Fundamentals

Lab problems for the "Back-End Technologies Basics" Course @ SoftUni. You can check your solutions in Judge.

1. Even and Odd Subtraction

Write a program that calculates the **difference** between the sum of the **even** and the sum of the **odd** numbers in an array.

Examples

Input	Output	Comments
[1,2,3,4,5,6]	3	2+4+6=12,1+3+5=9,12-9=3
[3,5,7,9]	-24	
[2,4,6,8,10]	30	

2. Substring

Write a function that receives a string and two numbers. The numbers will be a starting index and count of elements to substring. Print the result.

Input / Output

Input	Output
'ASentence', 1, 8	Sentence
'SkipWord', 4, 7	Word

3. Censored Words

Write a function that receives a text as a first parameter and a single word as a second. Find all occurrences of that word in the text and replace them with the corresponding count of '*'.

Input / Output

Input	Output
'A small sentence with some words', 'small'	A **** sentence with some words
'Find the hidden word', 'hidden'	Find the ***** word

4. Count String Occurrences

Write a function that receives a text and a single word that you need to search. Print the number of all occurrences of this word in the text.

Input / Output

Input	Output
'This is a word and it also is a sentence', 'is'	2















'softuni is great place for learning new	
programming languages',	1
'softuni'	

5. Format Grade

Write a function that receives a grade between 2.00 and 6.00 and prints a formatted line with grade and description.

- < 3.00 "Fail"
- >= 3.00 and < 3.50 "Poor"
- >= 3.50 and < 4.50 "**Good**"
- >= 4.50 and < 5.50 "Very good"
- >= 5.50 "Excellent"

Examples

Input	Output	
3.33	Poor (3.33)	
4.50	Very good (4.50)	
2.99	Fail (2)	

6. Math Power

Write a function that calculates and print the value of a number raised to a given power:

Examples

Input	Output
2,8	256
3,4	81

Hints

Create a function that will have two parameters - the number and the power.

Print the result to the console.

7. Repeat String

Write a function that receives a string and a repeat count n. The function should return a new string (the old one repeated n times).

Examples

Input	Output
"abc" , 3	abcabcabc
"String", 2	StringString















Hints

Use a loop or another method to repeat the input string. Use the **return** operator to produce the result.

8. Orders

Write a function that calculates the **total price** of an order and prints it on the console. The function should receive one of the following products: coffee, coke, water, snacks; and a quantity of the product. The prices for a single piece of each product are:

- coffee 1.50
- water 1.00
- coke 1.40
- snacks 2.00

Print the result formatted to the second decimal place.

Example

Input	Output
"water", 5	5.00
"coffee", 2	3.00

Hints

Create a function and pass the two variables to it. Print the result in the function.

Hints

Use a **switch** statement for the different operators.

9. Person Info

Write a function that receives 3 parameters, sets them to an object, and returns that object.

The input comes as **3 separate strings** in the following order: **firstName**, **lastName**, **age**.

Examples

Input	Object Properties
"Peter", "Pan", "20"	<pre>firstName: Peter lastName: Pan age: 20</pre>
"George", "Smith", "18"	<pre>firstName: George lastName: Smith age: 18</pre>













10. City

Write a function that receives a **single parameter** – an **object**, containing **five properties**:

```
{ name, area, population, country, postcode }
```

Loop through all the keys and print them with their values in format: "{key} -> {value}" See the examples below.

Examples

	Input	Output
{		
	name: "Sofia",	name -> Sofia
	area: 492,	area -> 492
	population: 1238438,	population -> 1238438
	country: "Bulgaria",	country -> Bulgaria
	postCode: "1000"	postCode -> 1000
}		
{		
	name: "Plovdiv",	name -> Plovdiv
	area: 389,	area -> 389
	population: 1162358,	population -> 1162358
	country: "Bulgaria",	country -> Bulgaria
	postCode: "4000"	postCode -> 4000
}		

11. **Phone Book**

Write a function that stores information about a person's name and phone number. The input is an array of strings with space-separated name and number. Replace duplicate names. Print the result as shown.

Example

Input	Output
['Tim 0834212554',	Tim -> 0876566344
'Peter 0877547887',	Peter -> 0877547887
'Bill 0896543112',	Bill -> 0896543112
'Tim 0876566344']	
['George 0552554',	George -> 0453112
'Peter 087587',	Peter -> 087587
'George 0453112',	Bill -> 0845344
'Bill 0845344']	









