

## Types of Indexes

### 1) Simple Index:

when we create index on single column then it is simple index.

#### Example:

```
Create Index idx_salary ON Employee(salary);
```

### 2) Composite Index:

When we create index on multiple columns then is composite Index.

#### Example :

```
Create Index idx_empno_empname ON Employee(emp_no,first_name);
```

### 3) Unique Index:

When we apply primary key or Unique key constraint on column then internally unique index get created.

But if we want to create unique index manually then we can create as below

#### Syntax:

```
Create Unique Index index_name ON Table_name(column_name);
```

#### Example

```
Create Unique Index idx_mobile ON Employee(mobile_no);
```

#### 4) Reverse Index:

If we want search data frequently for highest value then reverse index will help you.

Example:

Create Index idx\_date ON Employee(hire\_date) Reverse;

#### 5) Function Based Index:

In the index definition if you are using function then it is called function based index.

Example:

Create Index idx\_sal ON Employee(sal,salary\*.10) , Upper(First\_name);

#### 6) Bitmap Index:

Bits means 0 or 1

If column has two values then we Bitmap index.

Syntax

Create Bitmap index index\_name ON Table\_name(column\_name);

Example :

Create Bitmap Index idx\_gender ON Employee(Gender);

### ## Alter Command

- 1) It is DDL command
- 2) Under Alter command there are 6 options
  - i) Add option
  - ii) Drop Option
  - iii) Modify Option
  - iv) Rename Option
  - v) Enable or Disable option
  - vi) set Option

### 1) Alter command- Add Option

- i) with the help of add option we can add new column
- ii) with the help of add option we can add Primary key, Unique Key, foreign key , check constraint but we cannot add not null and default constraint by using add option

#### i) How to add column in the table?

Syntax:

```
Alter table table_name ADD(column1_name data_type constraint,  
                           column2_name data_type constraint);
```

Example 1

```
Alter table Employee ADD(mobile_no number) => without constraint
```

Example 2

```
Alter table Employee ADD(mobile_no number not null) => with constraint
```

#### ii) How to add Primary key constraint on column?

```
Create table Customer(cust_id number,cust_name varchar(250));
```

Syntax

```
Alter table Table_name ADD Constraint constraint_name Primary Key(column_name);
```

OR

```
Alter table Table_name ADD Primary Key(column_name)
```

Example

```
Alter table Customer ADD Constraint pk_cust_id Primary Key(cust_id);
```

OR

```
Alter table Customer ADD Primary Key(cust_id);
```

### iii) How to apply Foreign key constraint on Column?

Syntax:

```
Alter table table_name ADD Constraint constraint_name Foreign key(column_name)
references table_name(column_name); => with Constraint key word
```

OR

```
Alter table table_name ADD Foreign key(column_name)
references table_name(column_name); => Without constraint keyword
```

Create table Orders(order\_id Primary key, cust\_id number)

Example:

```
Alter table Orders ADD Constraint fk Foreign key(cust_id) references
Customer(cust_id);
```

### iv) How to Apply Unique key constraint?

Syntax:

```
Alter table table_name ADD constraint constraint_name Unique(column_name);
```

OR

```
Alter table table_name ADD Unique(column_name);
```

Example

```
Alter table Customer Add Constraint unique_cust_name Unique(cust_name);
```

### v)How to Apply Check Constraint on column?

Syntax

```
Alter table table_name ADD Constraint constraint_name Check(column_name condition);
```

OR

```
Alter table table_name ADD Check(column_name condition);
```

Example

```
Alter table Orders ADD Constraint ck_order_id check(Order_id >100);
```