

-> There are so many types of annotations

1) class level annotations: The annotations which are used on the top of class are called as class level annotation.

Note: Every annotation is made with @ symbol

Examples

```
@Test1
public class Test
{
}
```

2) method level annotations

The annotations which are used on the top of method are called as method level annotation

```
public class Test
{
    @Test
    public void m1()
    {

    }
}
```

3) variable level annotations

The annotations which are used on the top of variable are called as variable level annotation

```
public class Test
{
    @Demo
    private int a;

    public void m1()
    {

    }
}
```

Annotation used in TestNG

Terminology related to TestNG

- 1) Suite : Whole application or Project
- 2) Test : Module in the Project
- 3) Class : Every page or functionality of any Module
- 4) Method : Test cases inside a Class

Suite has Test, Test have classes and Classes can have Test cases.

Project has module , modules has functionality and every functionality has some test cases.

1) @Test

-> This is a method level annotation

-> Purpose: This annotation is used to mark any method as Test method

-> The method which is annotated with @Test is considered as Test case.

-> If your class has multiple methods which are annotated with @Test then those methods will be executed in Alphabetical order.

Example : Suppose I want to write test for Login functionality

```
@Test
public void loginTest()
{
    // login functionality logic
}
```

2) @BeforeTest

-> This is method level annotation

-> The method which is annotated with @BeforeTest get executed before all @Test annotated method

-> If there are multiple methods with @BeforeTest annotation then those methods get executed in Alphabetical order

-> When we should go for @BeforeTest annotation?

Ans: Before executing every test case some times we need to perform some clean up activity in that case, we write that clean activity inside @BeforeTest annotated method

Before executing every test case some we need to set some common data, in that case we will add that code inside @BeforeTest annotated method

Example : Object Creation logic, File opening logic,
DB Connection logic ,Browser Opening logic

-> The method annotated with @BeforeTest is executed only one time in life cycle

3) @AfterTest

-> It is a method level annotation

-> The method which is annotated with @AfterTest get executed after executing all test cases.

-> If there are multiple methods with @AfterTest annotation then those methods get executed in Alphabetical order

-> @AfterTest annotated method get executed only ones

-> When we should go for @AfterTest annotation?

Ans: After executing all test cases, if we want to perform some clean up activity then that clean up activities code we need to write inside @AfterTest annotated method

Example :
Browser closing logic
db connection logic
File closing logic

4) @BeforeMethod

-> This is method level annotation

-> The method annotated with @BeforeMethod get executed before every test case execution but get executed after the @BeforeTest annotated method.

-> When we should go for @BeforeMethod annotation?

Ans: If we want to perform some common prerequisite for every test case then we will write that code inside @BeforeMethod annotated method so that we no need to write same code again and again

5) @AfterMethod

-> It is method level annotation

-> The method which is annotated with @AfterMethod get executed after every test case execution

-> When we should go for @AfterMethod annotation?

Ans: after executing every test case if we want to perform some common operation then we should go for @AfterMethod annotation

6) @BeforeClass

-> This is method level annotation

-> The method which is annotated with @BeforeClass get executed before execution of @BeforeTest annotated method in the current class.

-> This method get executed only one time

-> If there are multiple methods with @BeforeClass annotation then all methods get executed in Alphabetical order

-> When we should go for @BeforeClass annotation?

Ans : Before executing every Test case of current class if we want to perform some common operation then that code we need to write inside @BeforeClass annotated method.

7) @AfterClass

-> It is method level annotation

-> The method which is annotated with @AfterClass get executed after executing all methods which are annotated with @AfterMethod

8) @BeforeSuite

- > It is method level annotation
 - > The method which is annotated with @BeforeSuite get executed before all tests in this suite.
 - > This annotation has priority 1
 - > The method which is annotated with @BeforeSuite get executed only ones.
 - > If there are multiple methods with @BeforeSuite annotation then those methods get executed in Alphabetical order
 - > When we should go for @BeforeSuite annotation?
Ans: Some common data which is required in every module that common data setting logic we can write inside @BeforeSuite annotated method
- Example : Suppose Employee.xml file is required in every module that file loading logic we will write inside @BeforeSuite annotated methods

@AfterSuite

- > It is method level annotation
- > The method which is annotated with @AfterSuite get executed after all tests get executed in this suite.
- > It has lowest priority among the TestNg annotation
- > The method which is annotated with @AfterSuite get executed only ones.
- > If there are multiple methods with @AfterSuite annotation then those methods get executed in Alphabetical order
- > When we should go for @AfterSuite annotation?
Ans: After executing all test cases of all modules then if we want to release all common resource then we will go with @AfterSuite annotation

@BeforeGroups

- > It is method level annotation
- > @BeforeGroups annotated methods will be run only one time
- > @BeforeGroups annotated methods run before all the test methods belongs to specified group

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@AfterGroups

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Priority of TestNg Annotation

- 1) @BeforeSuite -> Project level common data
- 2) @BeforeTest -> Module Level common data
- 3) @BeforeClass -> Class level common data
- 4) @BeforeMethod -> method level common data
- 5) @Test -> Actual functionality of Test
- 6) @AfterMethod
- 7) @AfterClass
- 8) @AfterTest
- 9) @AfterSuite