

### Q. What is difference between Authentication and Authorization?

Ans: authentication is the process of verifying who are you?

whereas authorization is the process of verifying what rights do you have?

- 1) API headers are nothing but meta-data associated with every request and response
- 2) Every header is in the form of key-value pair
- 3) These headers give extra information about
  - 1) Request and Response body
  - 2) Request Authorization
  - 3) Response Caching
  - 4) Response Cookies

### Examples of API Headers

Here are some of the most common API Headers you will encounter when testing any API.

#### 1) Authorization:

Contains the authentication credentials for HTTP authentication.

#### 2) Accept-Charset

This header is set with the request and tells the server which character sets (e.g., UTF-8, ISO-8859-1, Windows-1251, etc.) are acceptable by the client.

### 3) Content-Type:

Tells the client what media type (e.g., application/json, application/javascript, etc.) a response is sent in. This is an important header field that helps the client know how to process the response body correctly.

### Cache-Control:

The cache policy defined by the server for this response, a cached response can be stored by the client and re-used till the time defined by the Cache-Control header.

### Q. Query Param and Path Param

`https://reqres.in/api/101` --> Path Param

`https://reqres.in/api?name=Ravi&roll=101` --> Query Param

Insted of sending data in the request body some times we send data in URI itself by using path param and query param

### Difference between GET and POST

GET	POST
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) With the help of we can perform retrive operation</li><li>2) with the help of GET we can limited amount of data</li><li>3) GET is not secure because data is exposed in url bar</li><li>4) Get request can be bookmarked</li><li>5) Get request is idempotent, idempotent means if we send same request multiple times then we are getting same result</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) With the help of POST we can perform insert or update operation</li><li>2) With the help of POST we can send large amount of data</li><li>3) POST more secure than GET</li><li>4) POST request cannot be bookmarked</li><li>5) POST request is non-idempotent, non-idempotent means if we send same request multiple times then we are getting different result</li></ul>

Q. Difference between POST and PUT

Q. Difference between PUT and PATCH

Please find above two differences