**Part1**

**Question1**

Based on the question1, we should use the linear function and log softmax function to design the neural network. After running the source code, we can finally get the accuracy, which is 6966/10000. After doing the calculation, the accuracy is around 70%. Here is the picture of the result.

Furthermore, we can also get the confusion matrix as showing below. Here is the result of confusion matrix.

[[766. 5. 8. 13. 30. 64. 3. 62. 30. 19.]

[ 7. 671. 107. 18. 27. 23. 58. 13. 27. 49.]

[ 5. 58. 691. 27. 28. 21. 47. 37. 46. 40.]

[ 4. 33. 61. 759. 14. 58. 15. 19. 25. 12.]

[ 58. 50. 82. 22. 626. 19. 32. 37. 20. 54.]

[ 8. 28. 128. 17. 20. 722. 26. 8. 33. 10.]

[ 4. 24. 147. 11. 24. 24. 722. 21. 10. 13.]

[ 17. 29. 29. 11. 83. 16. 52. 624. 91. 48.]

[ 9. 35. 95. 41. 8. 31. 46. 7. 707. 21.]

[ 8. 50. 87. 2. 53. 31. 17. 33. 41. 678.]]

**Question2**

Based on the question2, we should using linear function, tanh function and log softmax function to design a neural network with 2 layers. In this case, we can use a function called nn.sequential to wrap these function up. This can make this process more easier. After running the source code, we can easily find the accuracy is 85%, which is 8457/10000. Here is the picture of the result.

Furthermore, we can also get the confusion matrix as showing below. Here is the result of confusion matrix.

[[847. 7. 3. 6. 31. 34. 4. 39. 24. 5.]

[ 4. 824. 27. 2. 17. 15. 59. 7. 17. 28.]

[ 7. 16. 826. 50. 12. 19. 27. 12. 14. 17.]

[ 5. 12. 25. 919. 2. 18. 7. 2. 4. 6.]

[ 35. 34. 21. 4. 818. 10. 27. 18. 19. 14.]

[ 9. 24. 76. 8. 10. 832. 18. 1. 16. 6.]

[ 3. 16. 42. 9. 13. 7. 891. 8. 1. 10.]

[ 22. 13. 17. 3. 16. 9. 30. 841. 22. 27.]

[ 12. 31. 29. 60. 4. 9. 30. 3. 816. 6.]

[ 4. 21. 44. 3. 32. 5. 19. 20. 9. 843.]]

**Question3**

In question3, we should design a 2-layers neural network by using the convolution function provided by nn. Based on the question2, we can also using the Sequential function to wrap up 2 convolution models. Here is the final accuracy of question3, which is 9306/10000, is 93%. Here is the picture of the result.

Also, here is the result of the confusion matrix.

[[957. 2. 3. 0. 18. 8. 0. 8. 2. 2.]

[ 2. 914. 4. 0. 16. 3. 40. 7. 5. 9.]

[ 11. 5. 849. 50. 9. 16. 35. 11. 5. 9.]

[ 1. 0. 14. 967. 3. 9. 0. 3. 1. 2.]

[ 28. 2. 3. 13. 901. 5. 16. 9. 17. 6.]

[ 3. 10. 31. 6. 3. 928. 13. 4. 0. 2.]

[ 3. 4. 11. 6. 5. 2. 960. 3. 4. 2.]

[ 10. 4. 5. 0. 10. 3. 7. 930. 9. 22.]

[ 7. 10. 4. 2. 5. 6. 8. 4. 954. 0.]

[ 5. 8. 6. 4. 14. 3. 1. 4. 9. 946.]]

**Question4**

a. From the previous question, we can get 3 different model, which have their own accuracy and confusion matrix. From the first question, we only use the linear function and softmax method. The accuracy is lower, which is around 70%.

In the second question, we still use the linear function. The difference is we increase the layer of the neural network, which is using 2-layer linear function instead of using only one. Furthermore, we add an activation function which is Tanh in this model. The result is better than the first one, which accuracy is 85%(larger than the first question about 15%). This means we can adding more layer and using activation function to improve the accuracy of the training model.

In question3 , we use the convolutional neural network, which is different from the linear function. Furthermore, using the ReLU activation function can help us avoid the appearance of gradient vanishing problem. This activation function can also avoid the overfitting problem. The result of third question can easily approve that using the convolutional neural network will give a good performance in the image identification than using the linear function. The accuracy is 93% which is larger than the 2-layer linear function about 8%.

b. From the question1, we can get the information that the rows of the confusion matrix is the target character. Also, the columns indicate the one chosen by the network. The diagonal of the matrix is the number of correct training sample of each character.

From the confusion matrix given by question1, we can easily get the number of correct training sample is 624 and 626, which represent the “na” and “ya”. This means the correct number of prediction will effect the accuracy. Furthermore, the character “ki” which correct sample number is 671, performs a little bit worse but not the worst. Therefore, based on the confusion matrix in question1, character “na” and “ya” are most likely to be mistaken by other characters.

Using the same method, we can also find that character “na” and “re” in the question2(2-layer linear neural network) confusion matrix are most likely to be mistaken.

Also, from the question3 confusion matrix, we can also get that the character “na” are most likely to be mistake.

c. In the first part questions, I do several changes. In the question2, I changed the number of hidden nodes.

I set the number as 100, and get the following result as showing blew.

I set the number as 10000, and get the following result as showing blew.

The accuracy is 84%, but when I use 1000 hidden nodes the accuracy is 85%. This means the hidden node number can effect the accuracy. Furthermore, this can indicate that the more hidden node we use, we may not get the higher accuracy.

The most interesting point is in the question3. When I setting the parameter in the max pool function, I set the parameter as 2,2. After training, the accuracy is always lower than 93%. Then changing the parameters to 3,2. The accuracy is 93%. This is because when using the CNN to deal with the image. The size 2x2 would not enough to get the information of the picture. When changing this parameter to 3,2 which size is 3x2, then doing the convolutional calculation, we can easily find that there is an overlap area. This can help us to improve the efficient of getting details from image by using CNN. So changing the size of max pool can solve the problem of lower accuracy. Here is the result of MaxPool2d(2,2).