math

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index

math on bookdown started on 2024/01/28

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Part I ordered by discipline

[math]

Chapter 1

test cross-link

```
1
link to partition
partition [#partition] (2) @ref(#partition)
equivalence class [#equivalence class] (@ref(equivalence class)) @ref(#equivalence class)
[equivalence-class] [#equivalence-class] (2) @ref(#equivalence-class)
[equivalence-class.html] [equivalence-class.html#equivalence-class]
                                                                            (@ref(equivalence-class.html))
@ref(equivalence-class.html#equivalence-class)
equivalence relation [#equivalence relation] (@ref(equivalence relation)) @ref(#equivalence relation)
[equivalence-relation] [#equivalence-relation] (2) @ref(#equivalence-relation)
[equivalence-relation.html]
                                [equivalence-relation.html#equivalence-relation]
                                                                                         (@ref(equivalence-
relation.html)) @ref(equivalence-relation.html#equivalence-relation)
noun<sup>1</sup>
https://stackoverflow.com/questions/48965247/use-csl-file-for-pdf-output-in-bookdown/49145699#
49145699
citation 1<sup>1</sup> citation 2<sup>1</sup>
citation 3<sup>2</sup> citation 4<sup>2</sup>
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¹This is a footnote.

mathematics

equivalence relation 2 equivalence class $_2$ partition 2

Part II ordered by date

Chapter 2

ordered by date

partition

$$\{A_i | i \in I\} \text{ is a partition of a set } A$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \forall i \in I \ (A_i \neq \emptyset) \\ A = \bigcup_{i \in I} A_i \\ \forall i, j \in I \ (i \neq j \Rightarrow A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset) \end{cases}$$

https://proofwiki.org/wiki/Definition:Set_Partition

equivalence class

C is an equivalence class of a on A

$$\Leftrightarrow [a]_{\sim} = C = \begin{cases} x \\ \begin{cases} a \in A \\ x \in A \\ x \sim a \\ \\ \sim \text{ is an equivalence relation over } A \times A = A^2 \end{cases} \end{cases} \subseteq A \neq \emptyset$$

$$\Leftrightarrow [a] = [a]_{\sim} = \begin{cases} x \\ x \in A \\ x \in A \\ x \sim a \\ \\ \sim \text{ is an equivalence relation on } A \end{cases} \subseteq A \neq \emptyset$$

$$\Rightarrow [a]_{\sim} = \{x | x \sim a\} \subseteq A \neq \emptyset$$

equivalence relation

等價關係 equivalence relation

R is an equivalence relation over $A \times B$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} R = \sim = \{\langle x,y \rangle | x \sim y\} \subseteq A \times B & \text{(e) equivalence $\mathfrak{P}[]} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ R = \{\langle x,y \rangle | xRy\} \subseteq A \times B & (R) \text{ relation} \\ \forall \langle x,y \rangle \in R (xRx) & (r) \text{ reflexive} \\ \forall \langle x,y \rangle \in R (xRy \Rightarrow yRx) & (s) \text{ symmetric } \Leftrightarrow \\ \forall \langle x,y \rangle, \langle y,z \rangle \in R \left(\begin{cases} xRy \\ yRz \end{cases} \Rightarrow xRz \right) & \text{(t) transitive} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} R = \{\langle x,y \rangle | xRy\} \subseteq A \times B & \text{IM} \\ \forall \langle x,y \rangle \in R (\langle x,x \rangle \in R) & \text{ID} \\ \forall \langle x,y \rangle \in R (\langle y,x \rangle \in R) & \text{IM} \\ \forall \langle x,y \rangle, \langle y,z \rangle \in R (\langle x,z \rangle \in R) & \text{IM} \end{cases}$$

- 1. Bookdown books on the web: Downloading and converting to pdf R Markdown. *Posit Community* (2019).
- 2. ccjou. 二次型與正定矩陣. (2009).