



## COMPUTER VISION AND IMAGE PROCESSING

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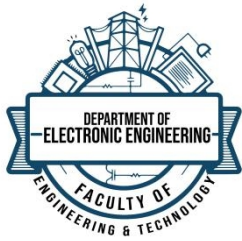
**Class: (BS) Electronics Part-iv**

**Submitted to: Sir Dr. Sandar Ali Khuwaja**

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### IMAGE BLURRING IN IMAGE PROCESSING WITH JAVA

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#### Abstract:

Image Blurring is done by passing Normal picture as input and obtaining the Blur one at full resolution as output. The technique of blur image has more impact on different fields such as medical imaging, forensic science and astronomy. To enhance an image by using Java programming Language it takes less time complexity. In order to overcome those Image Blurring we proposed CNN algorithm to get better performance by using java Programming language.

#### INTRODUCTION:

Now-a-days the conversion of Normal image to Blur image is one of the Easy way because, everyone uses smart phone and click pictures everywhere. Sometimes the pictures captured as Bad image or it contain useful information or some time we want to hide something on picture, So image blurring help us to resolve these problems.

In signal processing, changing the Normal picture to a Blur picture typically reduces the problem of useful information of the picture unchanged. In actual cases, the plane rotation of the camera or moving object is Normal. The picture is degraded by a couple of Normal image it is referred to as asymmetric blur picture. The picture is degraded by a couple of Normal image it is referred to as asymmetric blur picture. The excellent method is used to enhance an image, which means that it can completely change into a Blur picture at different resolutions in a pyramid step by step. This is especially true of both optimization based strategies and more recently neural network based methods.

#### IMPLEMENTATION OF DATA:

Most of the researches has done on image blurring along with that some of them created a realistic datasets by clicking consecutive frames from videos which are taken by handheld camera for getting accurate results. We use Gopro dataset which consists of 3214 Normal image pairs. The dataset will be splitted into training and testing data. Training data contains 2103 Normal images at high resolution and testing data contains 1111 Normal images. And they change into Blurry image.

#### STEPS:

##### 1. Start

First load the input Normal images .

```
File Selecting = new File(Select_image);  
  
BufferedImage inputimage = ImageIO.read(Selecting);  
  
BufferedImage outputimage = new BufferedImage(  
    inputimage.getWidth(), inputimage.getHeight(),  
    BufferedImage.TYPE_INT_RGB);  
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please Wait....");
```

##### STEP 2:

Then it Change Normal Image to Blurry image Through (INNER NESTED LOOPS)

```
int i = 0;  
    int maximum =  
400, radius = 10;  
    int a1 = 0,  
    r1 = 0,  
    g1 = 0,  
    b1 = 0;  
    color = new  
Color[maximum];  
  
    int x = 1, y = 1,  
x1, y1, ex = 5, d = 0;  
  
    for (x = radius; x  
< inputimage.getHeight()  
- radius; x++) {  
        for (y =  
radius; y <  
inputimage.getWidth() -
```

### STEP 3:

After Changing image from Normal to Blurry It Save On same Driver From I selected :

```
ImageIO.write(  outputimage,"jpg";

                new File("E:/Bullerd_Image2.jpg"));

JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,"Blurred Succss
ThankYou...!");
```

**Here is Code of My program:**

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import javax.swing.*;

public class Image_Buller extends JFrame{

public static void main(String[] args)
    throws IOException, InterruptedException
{
String Select_image= JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter File");
Color color[];

File Selecting = new File(Select_image);

BufferedImage inputimage = ImageIO.read(Selecting);
BufferedImage outputimage = new BufferedImage(
    inputimage.getWidth(), inputimage.getHeight(),
    BufferedImage.TYPE_INT_RGB);
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please Wait.....");

int i = 0;
int maximum = 400, radius = 10;
int a1 = 0,
r1 = 0,
g1 = 0,
b1 = 0;
color = new Color[maximum];

int x = 1, y = 1, x1, y1, ex = 5, d = 0;
```

---

```

for (x = radius; x < inputimage.getHeight() - radius; x++) {
    for (y = radius; y < inputimage.getWidth() - radius; y++) {
        for (x1 = x - radius; x1 < x + radius; x1++) {
            for (y1 = y - radius; y1 < y + radius; y1++) {
                color[i++] = new Color(
                    inputimage.getRGB(y1, x1));
            }
        }
        i = 0;
        for (d = 0; d < maximum; d++) {
            a1 = a1 + color[d].getAlpha();
        }

        a1 = a1 / (maximum);
        for (d = 0; d < maximum; d++) {
            r1 = r1 + color[d].getRed();
        }

        r1 = r1 / (maximum);
        for (d = 0; d < maximum; d++) {
            g1 = g1 + color[d].getGreen();
        }

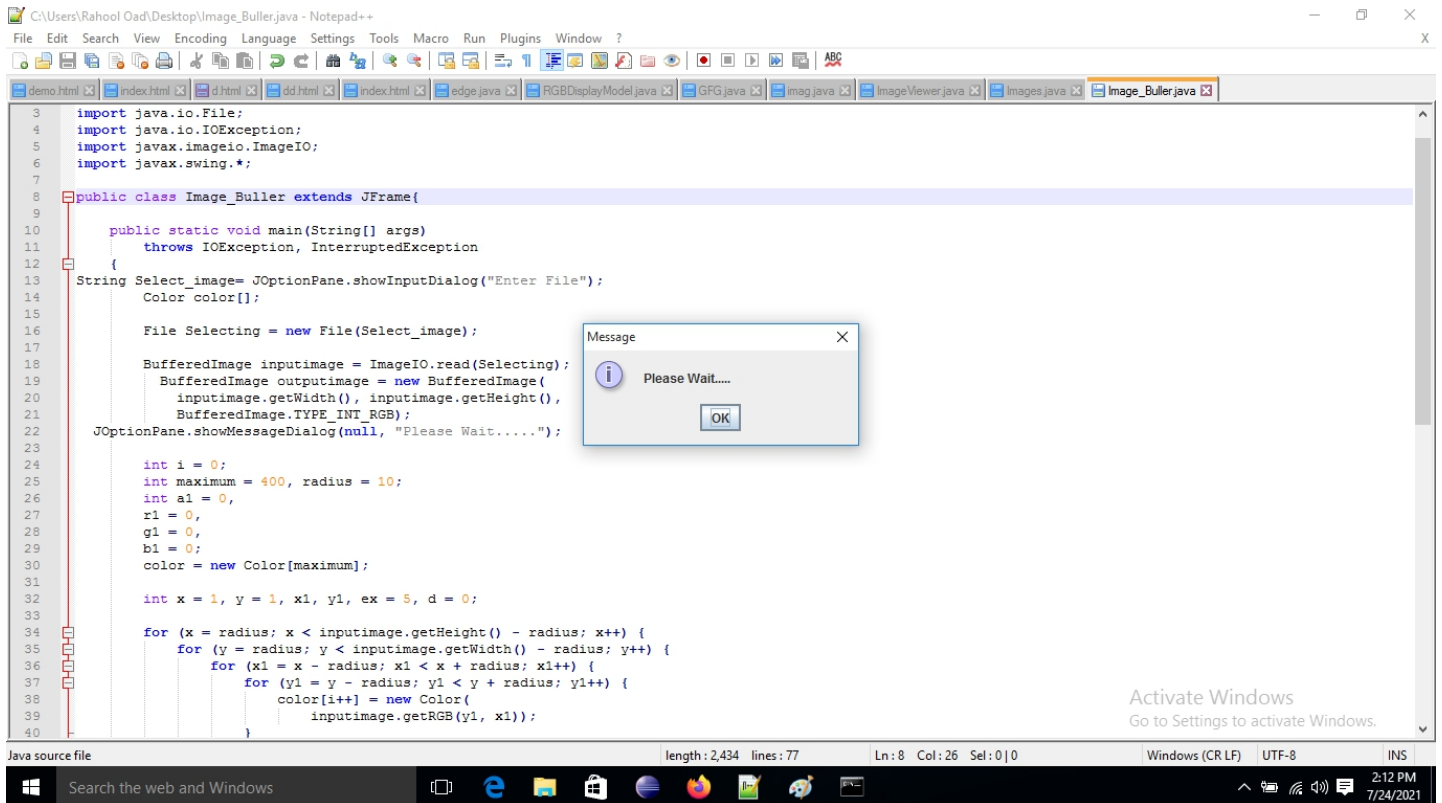
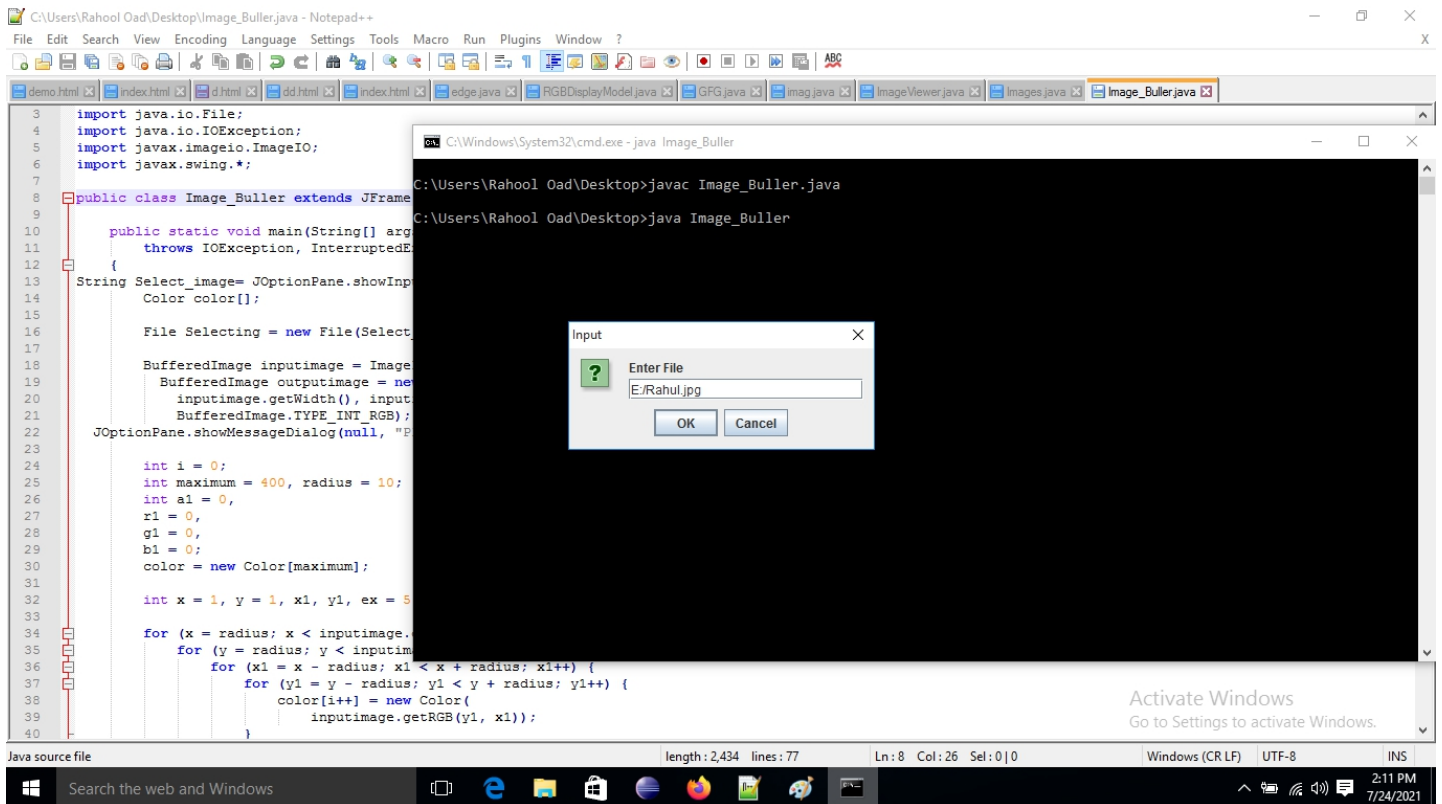
        g1 = g1 / (maximum);
        for (d = 0; d < maximum; d++) {
            b1 = b1 + color[d].getBlue();
        }

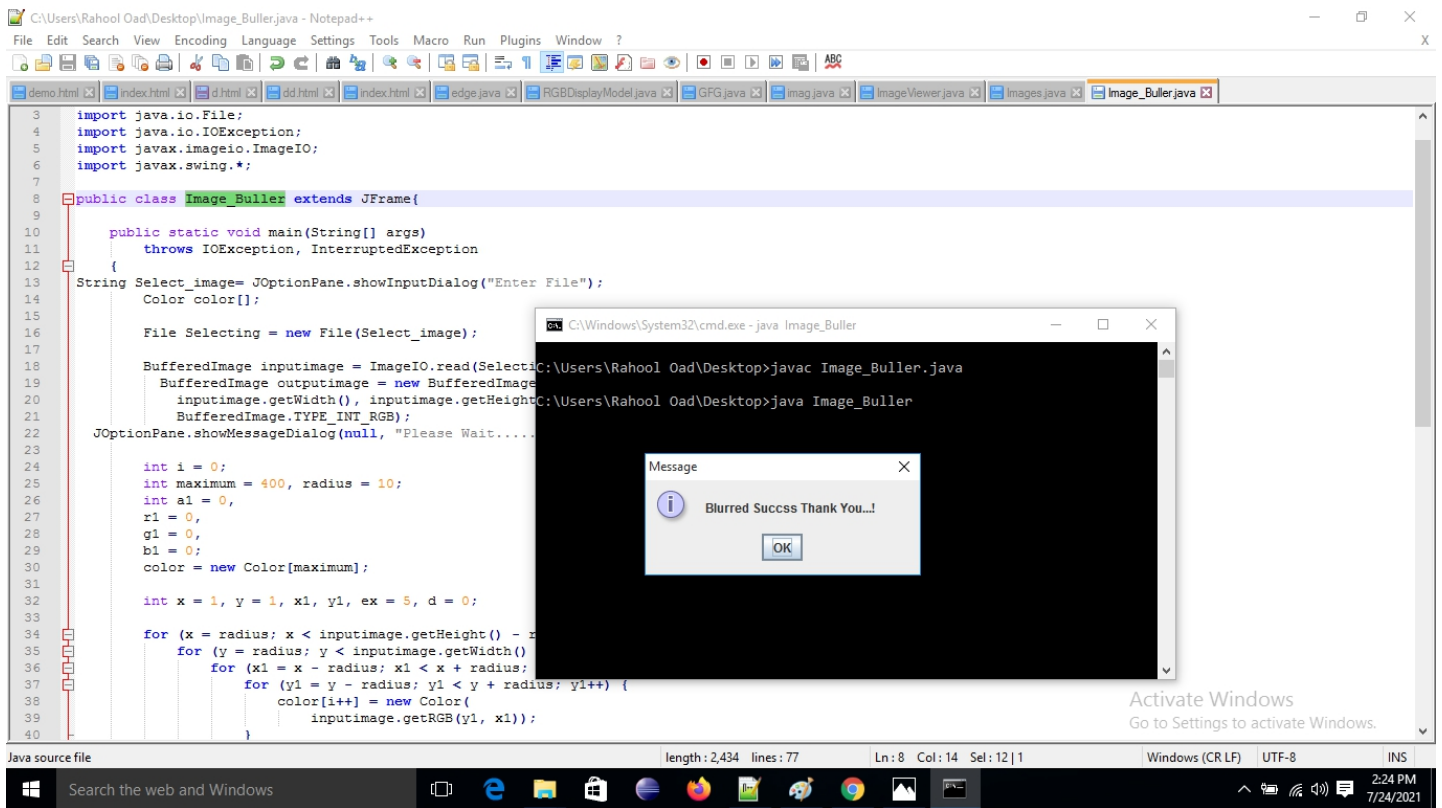
        b1 = b1 / (maximum);
        int sum1 = (a1 << 24) + (r1 << 16)
            + (g1 << 8) + b1;
        outputimage.setRGB(y, x, (int)(sum1));
    }
}

ImageIO.write(
    outputimage, "jpg",
    new File("E:/Bullerd_Image2.jpg"));
JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,"Blurred Succss Thank You...!");

}
}

```



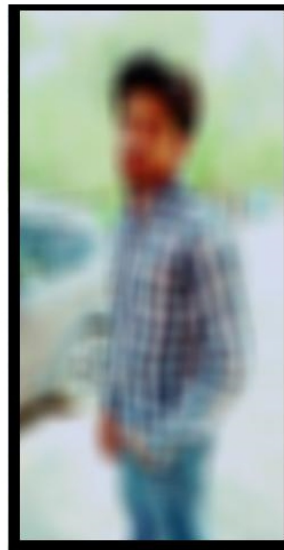


## RESULT ANALYSIS:

**BEFORE**



**AFTER**





**BEFORE**



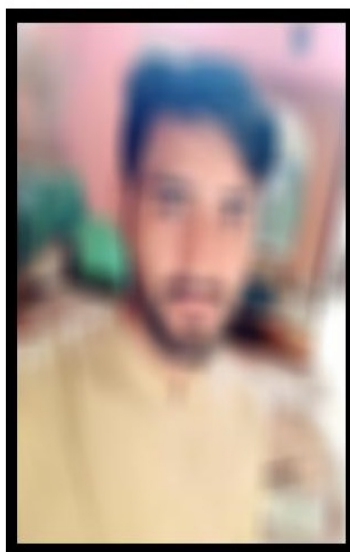
**AFTER**



**BEFORE**



**AFTER**







### TESTED RESULTS IN VARIOUS IMAGES:

Some of the testing is done on the images with our model. By passing different blur images as input and obtain sharp image as output.



### CONCLUSION:

We Can easily now convert normal image to blurr image to hide our important information of the image  
The results obtained from the beginning our model is looking realistic as compared to the existing works. Thus, the model constructed using convolutional neural networks is performing satisfactorily as well as it increases the efficiency of sharpening the blur image and reduced the training time of the model as compared to the developed models like lstm, gru, etc. The proposed model takes sequence of blurry images in different resolutions and down sampled at encoder then generates latent sharp image at each layer and provides the sharp image at full resolution by converting back into the original format at decoder. Thus, it reduces the time complexity and gives stable results.

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