### Q 1.1

List items available in both "red" and "blue".

$$\pi_{item}(\sigma_{color=red}(Types)) \cap \pi_{item}(\sigma_{color=blue}(Types))$$

#### Q 1.2

List the name of the employees making at least as much as "Jane". If there are several employees named "Jane", which Jane's salary is used in this comparison in your answer?

$$\pi_{name}(\sigma_{salary \geq \pi_{salary}(\sigma_{name=Jane}(Employee))}(Employee))$$

If there are several employees named "Jane", the highest Jane's salary is used in this comparison.

### Q 1.3

Find the largest salary paid to any employees.

$$n=\pi_{name,salary}(Employee)$$

$$C=P(C(1
ightarrow n1,2
ightarrow s1,3
ightarrow n2,4
ightarrow s2),n*n)$$

#### **Solution:**

$$\pi_{name}(Employee) - \pi_{n1}(\sigma_{s1 < s2}(C))$$

### Q 1.4

What departments sell every item with a red color.

$$\pi_{dept,item}(Sales)/\pi_{item}(\sigma_{color=red}(Types))$$

### Q 1.5

What departments sell only items with a red color, in other words, what departments do not sell any item with a non-red color.

$$\pi_{dept}(Sales \bowtie Types) - \pi_{dept}(Sales \bowtie \sigma_{color 
eq red}(Types))$$

# Q 2.1

List items available in both "red" and "blue".

```
SELECT t.item
FROM Types t
WHERE t.color = 'blue'
INTERSECT
SELECT t.item
FROM Types t
WHERE t.color = 'red'
```

### Q 2.2

List the name of the employees making at least as much as "Jane". If there are several employees named "Jane", which Jane's salary is used in this comparison in your answer?

```
SELECT E1.name
FROM Employee E1, Employee E2
WHERE E1.salary >= E2.salary AND E2.name = 'Jane'
```

### Q 2.3

Find the largest salary paid to any employees.

```
1 | SELECT MAX(salary)
2 | FROM Employee;
```

# Q 2.4

What departments sell every item with a red color.

```
SELECT DISTINCT s.dept
2
   FROM sales s
    WHERE NOT EXISTS (
3
 4
        SELECT t.item
5
        FROM types t
        WHERE t.color = 'red'
 6
        EXCEPT
 7
        SELECT sl.item
 8
9
        FROM sales s1
10
        WHERE s1.dept = s.dept
11
```

# Q 2.5

What departments sell only items with a red color, in other words, what departments do not sell any item with a non-red color

```
SELECT DISTINCT s.dept
    FROM sales s
   EXCEPT
4
   SELECT DISTINCT s.dept
   FROM sales s
5
   WHERE s.item IN (
 6
7
     SELECT t.item
     FROM types t
8
9
     WHERE t.color != 'red'
10
```

### Q3

# Q 3.1

Express query 1 in SQL without using INTERSECT

```
SELECT t.item
FROM Types t
WHERE t.color = 'blue' AND t.item IN (
SELECT t1.item
FROM Types t1
WHERE t1.color = 'red'
)
```

# Q 3.2

Express query 2 in SQL using nested query

```
SELECT E1.name
FROM Employee E1
WHERE E1.salary >=(
SELECT MAX(E2.salary)
From Employee E2
WHERE E2.name = "Jane"
)
```

# Q 3.3

Express query 3 without using EXCEPT

```
SELECT e.salary
FROM Employee e
WHERE e.salary = (
SELECT MAX(e2.salary)
FROM Employee e2;
)
```

# Q 3.4

Express query 5 without using EXCEPT

```
SELECT DISTINCT s.dept
2
   FROM sales s
3
   WHERE s.dept NOT IN (
4
    SELECT sl.dept
5
    FROM sales s1
    WHERE sl.item IN (
6
7
       SELECT t.item
8
       FROM types t
9
        WHERE t.color != 'red'
10
11
```