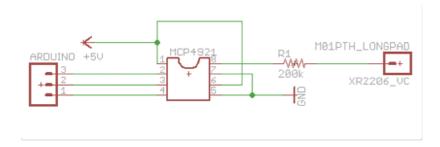
sinneb

tech*, (applied) research and musical instruments

Menu

MCP4921 12bit DAC voltage controller

The MCP4921 controls the sweep voltage for the XR2206. The sweep voltage and the variable resistor together are controlling the output frequency. Precise musical output frequency should be feasible this way. I will be using this table to check if the frequencies are correct.



The MCP4921 connects to Arduino pins 10,11 and 13.

```
MCP pin 2 > Arduino 10
MCP pin 3 > Arduino 13
MCP pin 4 > Arduino 11
```

Derived from mrBooks instructions!

```
#define DATAOUT
                     11
                         //MOSI
#define SPICLOCK
                         //sck
                     13
#define SLAVESELECT 10
                         //ss
#define ledPin
int interval;
int incomingByte = 0;
void setup() {
                      OUTPUT);
pinMode(DATAOUT,
pinMode(SPICLOCK
                      OUTPUT);
pinMode(SLAVESELECT, OUTPUT);
pinMode(ledPin,
                      OUTPUT);
sendIntValueSPI(1000);
digitalWrite(ledPin,HIGH);
// start serial interface
Serial.begin(9600);
void sendIntValueSPI(int value) {
// initiate data transfer with 4921
digitalWrite(SLAVESELECT,LOW);
// send 4 bit header
sendSPIHeader();
// send data
for(int i=11;i>=0;i--){
digitalWrite(DATAOUT,((value&(1<<i)))>>i);
sendSPIClock();
}
```



```
// finish data transfer
digitalWrite(SLAVESELECT,HIGH);
void sendSPIHeader() {
// bit 15
// 0 write to DAC *
// 1 ignore command
digitalWrite(DATAOUT,LOW);
sendSPIClock();
// bit 14 Vref input buffer control
// 0 unbuffered
// 1 buffered
digitalWrite(DATAOUT,LOW);
sendSPIClock();
// bit 13 Output Gain selection
// 0 2x
// 1 1x *
digitalWrite(DATAOUT,HIGH);
sendSPIClock();
// bit 12 Output shutdown control bit
// 0 Shutdown the device
// 1 Active mode operation *
digitalWrite(DATAOUT,HIGH);
sendSPIClock();
void sendSPIClock() {
digitalWrite(SPICLOCK,HIGH);
digitalWrite(SPICLOCK,LOW);
void loop() {
if(Serial.available() > 0)
interval = GetStringNumber();
Serial.print("New voltage: ");
Serial.println(interval,DEC);
sendIntValueSPI(interval);
}
int GetStringNumber()
int value = 0;
while(1)
/*Read a byte as it comes into the serial buffer*/
char byteBuffer = Serial.read();
if(byteBuffer > -1) //Is the data a valid character?
if(byteBuffer >= '0' && byteBuffer <= '9') //Is the character a digit?
/*Yes, shift left 1 place (in decimal), and add integer value of character (ASCII value - 48)*/
value = (value * 10) + (byteBuffer - '0');</pre>
else
/*No, stop*/
break;
return value;
```

This entry was posted in arduino, newsynth on 5 June 2010.

← LCD prototype

MCP42100 Potmeter with SPI →

One thought on "MCP4921 12bit DAC voltage controller"



willy wittesaele 7 April 2012 at 17:28

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there is a problem with this line in your code!
if(Serial.available() > 0)
and : int incomingByte = 0; is not used in your code
Comments are closed.
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