# **DIWALI SALES SQL QUERIES**

#### 1.Overall Sales Analysis

a. Total Sales Revenue

b. Total Orders Placed

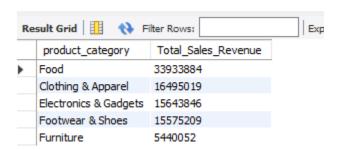
Query: Select count(orders) AS Total\_Orders\_Placed from diwali\_sales\_data;



#### 2.Product Analysis

a. Product Categories which Contributed the Most to Sales Revenue

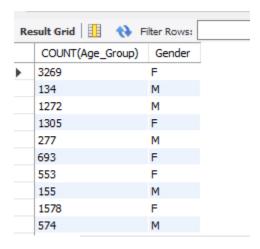
Query: Select product\_category, sum(amount) AS Total\_Sales\_Revenue from diwali\_sales\_data GROUP BY Product\_Category ORDER BY Total\_Sales\_Revenue DESC LIMIT 5;



### 3.Customer Analysis

a. Distribution of customers across different age groups and genders

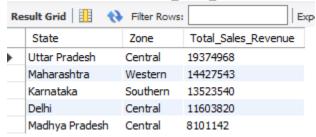
Query: Select COUNT(Age\_Group), Gender from diwali\_sales\_data group by Gender, Age\_Group;



### 4. Geographical Analysis

### a. Top-selling States or Zone

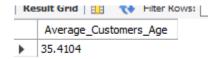
Query: SELECT State, Zone, SUM(Amount) AS Total\_Sales\_Revenue from diwali\_sales\_data GROUP BY State, Zone ORDER BY Total\_Sales\_Revenue DESC LIMIT 5;



### 5.Demographic Analysis

a. Average age of customers

Query: SELECT AVG(Age) AS Average\_Customers\_Age from Diwali\_sales-data;



## 6.Order-Frequency Analysis

a. Average Number of Orders per Customer

Query: SELECT USER\_ID, AVG(Orders) AS Average\_Orders\_per\_Customer from diwali\_sales\_data GROUP BY User\_ID;



### 7. Revenue by Age-Group Analysis

a. Sales Revenue Variation Across Different Age Groups

Query: SELECT Age\_Group, SUM(Amount) AS Total\_Sales\_Revenue from diwali\_sales\_data group by Age\_Group ORDER BY Age\_Group;

