

Home

Cipro

Cipro ⊲

Generic name: ciprofloxacin (oral) [SIP-roe-FLOX-a-sin]

Drug class: Quinolones and fluoroquinolones

Medically reviewed by Sanjai Sinha, MD. Last updated on Jul 21, 2024.

Uses Warnings Before taking Dosage Side effects Interactions FAQ

What is Cipro?

Cipro is a fluoroquinolone (flor-o-KWIN-o-lone) antibiotic that fights bacteria in the body.

Cipro is used to treat different types of bacterial infections. Cipro is also used to treat people who have been exposed to anthrax or certain types of plague.

Fluoroquinolone antibiotics can cause serious or disabling side effects that may not be reversible.

Cipro should be used only for infections that cannot be treated with a safer antibiotic.

Warnings

Cipro can cause serious side effects, including tendon problems, nerve damage, serious mood or behavior changes, or low blood sugar.

Stop using this medicine and call your doctor at once if you have: headache, hunger, irritability, numbness, tingling, burning pain, confusion, agitation, paranoia, problems with memory or concentration, thoughts of suicide, or sudden pain or movement problems in any of your joints.

In rare cases, ciprofloxacin may cause damage to your aorta, which could lead to dangerous bleeding or death. Get emergency medical help if you have severe and constant pain in your chest, stomach, or back.

You may not be able to use Cipro if you have a muscle disorder. Tell your doctor if you have a history of myasthenia gravis.

Before taking this medicine

You should not use Cipro if you are allergic to ciprofloxacin, or if:

- you also take tizanidine; or
- you are allergic to other fluoroquinolones (levofloxacin, moxifloxacin, norfloxacin, ofloxacin).

Ciprofloxacin may cause swelling or tearing of a tendon (the fiber that connects bones to muscles in the body), especially in the Achilles' tendon of the heel. This can happen during treatment or several months after you stop taking Cipro. Tendon problems may be more likely in children and older adults, or people who use steroid medicine or have had an organ transplant.

To make sure Cipro is safe for you, tell your doctor if you have ever had:

- arthritis or problems with your tendons, bones or joints (especially in children);
- · diabetes, low blood sugar;
- · nerve problems;
- an aneurysm or blood circulation problems;
- heart problems, or a heart attack;
- muscle weakness, myasthenia gravis;
- liver or kidney disease;
- a seizure, head injury, or brain tumor;
- trouble swallowing pills;
- long QT syndrome (in you or a family member); or
- low levels of potassium in your blood (hypokalemia).

Do not give Cipro to a child without medical advice.

It is not known whether this medicine will harm an unborn baby. Tell your doctor if you are pregnant.

You should not breastfeed while taking ciprofloxacin and for 2 days after your last dose. Ask your doctor about breastfeeding if you take ciprofloxacin for anthrax exposure.

1 Cipro pregnancy and breastfeeding warnings (more detail)

How should I take Cipro?

Take Cipro exactly as prescribed by your doctor. Follow all directions on your prescription label and read all medication guides or instruction sheets.

Take Cipro at the same time each day, with or without food.

Shake the **Cipro oral suspension** (liquid) for 15 seconds before you measure a dose. Use the dosing syringe provided, or use a medicine dose-measuring device (not a kitchen spoon). **Do not give Cipro oral suspension through a feeding tube.**

Drink plenty of liquids while you are taking this medicine .

Use this medicine for the full prescribed length of time, even if your symptoms quickly improve. Skipping doses can increase your risk of infection that is resistant to medication. Ciprofloxacin will not treat a viral infection such as the flu or a common cold.

Do not share Cipro with another person.

Store at room temperature away from moisture and heat. Do not allow the liquid medicine to freeze. Throw away any unused liquid after 14 days.

Detailed Cipro dosage information

What happens if I miss a dose?

If you take regular tablets or oral suspension: Take the medicine as soon as you can, but skip the missed dose if your next dose is due in less than 6 hours.

Do not take two doses at one time.

What happens if I overdose?

Seek emergency medical attention or call the Poison Help line at 1-800-222-1222.

What to avoid

Do not take Cipro with dairy products such as milk or yogurt, or with calcium-fortified juice. You may eat or drink these products with your meals, but do not use them alone when taking Cipro.

Antibiotic medicines can cause diarrhea, which may be a sign of a new infection. If you have diarrhea that is watery or bloody, call your doctor before using anti-diarrhea medicine.

Ciprofloxacin could make you sunburn more easily. Avoid sunlight or tanning beds. Wear protective clothing and use sunscreen (SPF 30 or higher) when you are outdoors. Tell your doctor if you have severe burning, redness, itching, rash, or swelling after being in the sun.

Avoid driving or hazardous activity until you know how this medicine will affect you. Your reactions could be impaired.

Ciprofloxacin side effects

Get emergency medical help if you have signs of an allergic reaction to Cipro (hives, difficult breathing, swelling in your face or throat) or a severe skin reaction (fever, sore throat, burning in your eyes, skin pain, red or purple skin rash that spreads and causes blistering and peeling).

Ciprofloxacin can cause serious side effects, including tendon problems, damage to your nerves (which may be permanent), serious mood or behavior changes (after just one dose), or low blood sugar (which can lead to coma).

Stop taking this medicine and call your doctor at once if you have:

- low blood sugar headache, hunger, irritability, dizziness, nausea, fast heart rate, or feeling shaky;
- nerve damage symptoms numbness, tingling, burning pain in your hands, arms, legs, or feet:
- serious mood or behavior changes nervousness, confusion, agitation, paranoia, hallucinations, memory problems, trouble concentrating, thoughts of suicide; or
- signs of tendon rupture sudden pain, swelling, bruising, tenderness, stiffness, movement problems, or a snapping or popping sound in any of your joints (rest the joint until you receive medical care or instructions).

In rare cases, ciprofloxacin may cause damage to your aorta, the main blood artery of the body. This could lead to dangerous bleeding or death. Get emergency medical help if you have severe and constant pain in your chest, stomach, or back.

Also, stop using Cipro and call your doctor at once if you have:

- severe stomach pain, diarrhea that is watery or bloody;
- fast or pounding heartbeats, fluttering in your chest, shortness of breath, and sudden dizziness (like you might pass out);
- any skin rash, no matter how mild;
- muscle weakness, breathing problems;
- little or no urination;
- jaundice (yellowing of the skin or eyes); or
- increased pressure inside the skull severe headaches, ringing in your ears, dizziness, nausea, vision problems, pain behind your eyes.

Common Cipro side effects may include:

- nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, stomach pain;
- · headache; or
- abnormal liver function tests.

This is not a complete list of side effects and others may occur. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

Cipro side effects (more detail)

Related/similar drugs

Augmentin

Augmentin is a prescription antibiotic combining amoxicillin and clavulanate to treat bacterial ...

Reviews & ratings

5.4 / 10

447 Reviews

View more

FEATURED

Omvoh

Omvoh is used to treat moderate to severe ulcerative colitis or Crohn's disease in adults. This ...

Paviaue & ratinge

View more

Nitrofurantoin

Nitrofurantoin is an antibiotic used to treat urinary tract infections. Learn about side effects ...

Reviews & ratings

4.5 / 10

1,878 Reviews

View more

Amoxicillin/clavulanate

Amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium is a combination antibiotic used to treat bacterial ...

Reviews & ratings

5.3 / 10

910 Reviews

View more

Keflex

Keflex (cephalexin) is used to treat infections caused by bacteria, including respiratory ...

Reviews & ratings

7.3 / 10

91 Reviews

View more

Loperamide

Loperamide is an anti-diarrheal medication used to treat diarrhea and reduce stool output in ...

Reviews & ratings

8.4 / 10

91 Reviews

Clindamycin

Clindamycin (Cleocin) is used to treat serious infections caused by bacteria. Includes clindamycin ...

Reviews & ratings

5.7 / 10

806 Reviews

View more

What other drugs will affect Cipro?

Some medicines can make Cipro much less effective when taken at the same time. If you take any of the following medicines, take your dose 2 hours before or 6 hours after you take the other medicine.

- the ulcer medicine sucralfate, or antacids that contain calcium, magnesium, or aluminum (such as Maalox, Milk of Magnesia, Mylanta, Pepcid Complete, Rolaids, Tums, and others);
- didanosine (Videx) powder or chewable tablets;
- vitamin or mineral supplements that contain calcium, iron, magnesium, or zinc.

Tell your doctor about all your other medicines, especially:

- clozapine, cyclosporine, methotrexate, phenytoin, probenecid, ropinirole, sildenafil, or theophylline;
- a blood thinner (warfarin, Coumadin, Jantoven);
- heart medication or a diuretic or "water pill";
- · oral diabetes medicine;
- products that contain caffeine;
- medicine to treat depression or mental illness;
- steroid medicine (such as prednisone); o
- NSAIDs (nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs) aspirin, ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin), naproxen (Aleve), celecoxib, diclofenac, indomethacin, meloxicam, and others;

This list is not complete. Other drugs may interact with ciprofloxacin, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal products. Not all possible drug interactions are listed here.

Cipro drug interactions (more detail)

Does Cipro interact with my other drugs?

Enter medications to view a detailed interaction report using our Drug Interaction Checker.

Cipro	
+	
Enter a drug name	Add

Popular FAQ

How long does Cipro take to work?

What types of infections does Cipro treat?

More FAQ

- How long does ciprofloxacin stay in your system when finished?
- Can I use Cipro to treat a bacterial vaginitis infection?
- Ciprofloxacin can you crush Cipro 500 tablets and mix with food?
- What is the best antibiotic to treat a sinus infection?
- What medications can affect your taste or smell?

View more FAQ...

References

1. Cipro Product Label

More about Cipro (ciprofloxacin)

- · Check interactions
- Compare alternatives
- Pricing & coupons
- Reviews (319)
- Drug images
- · Side effects
- Dosage information
- Patient tips
- During pregnancy
- · Generic availability
- Support group
- Drug class: quinolones and fluoroquinolones

- Breastfeeding
- En español

Patient resources

Other brands

Proquin XR

Professional resources

- Cipro prescribing information
- Cipro Tablets (FDA)
- Ciprofloxacin (AHFS Monograph)

Other formulations

- · Cipro HC otic
- Cipro I.V. injection
- Cipro XR

Related treatment guides

- Bacterial Infection
- Bacteremia
- Anthrax
- Anthrax Prophylaxis

Further information

Remember, keep this and all other medicines out of the reach of children, never share your medicines with others, and use Cipro only for the indication prescribed.

Always consult your healthcare provider to ensure the information displayed on this page applies to your personal circumstances.

Medical Disclaimer

Copyright 1996-2025 Cerner Multum, Inc. Version: 23.01.

Antibiotics 101

List of Common Antibiotics & Types

Antibiotics and Alcohol

Probiotics and Antibiotics

Antibiotics for Strep Throat

Antibiotics for a Tooth Infection

Antibiotics for UTI's

DRUG STATUS

Availability

Rx Prescription only

Pregnancy & Lactation

ഏ Risk data available

CSA Schedule*

N/A Not a controlled drug

Approval History

10+ years FDA approved 1987

User Reviews & Ratings

5.3 / 10

319 Reviews

Images

Cipro 500 mg (CIPRO 500)



Drugs.com Mobile App

Access drug & treatment information, identify pills, check interactions and set up personal medication records.





About

About Drugs.com
Advertising policy
Attribution & citations

Terms & privacy

Terms of use

Editorial policy

Privacy policy

Support

Help center Sitemap

Contact us











<u>Subscribe to our newsletter</u> for the latest medication news, new drug approvals and FDA alerts.

Drugs.com provides accurate and independent information on more than 24,000 prescription drugs, over-the-counter medicines and natural products. This material is provided for educational purposes only and is not intended for medical advice, diagnosis or treatment. Data sources include Micromedex (updated 7 Apr 2025), Cerner Multum™ (updated 13 Apr 2025), ASHP (updated 10 Apr 2025) and others.







Copyright © 2000-2025 Drugs.com. All rights reserved.