

Medicare 2017 Part C & D Star Rating Technical Notes

Document Change Log

| Previous Version | Description of Change | Revision Date |
|---------------------|--|------------------|
| - | Final 2017 Part C & D Star Ratings Technical Notes, fall release | 09/26/2016 |

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Introduction

CMS created the Part C & D Star Ratings to provide quality and performance information to Medicare beneficiaries to assist them in choosing their health and drug services during the annual fall open enrollment period. We refer to them as the '2017 Medicare Part C & D Star Ratings' because they are posted prior to the 2017 open enrollment period.

This document describes the methodology for creating the Part C & D Star Ratings displayed on the Medicare Plan Finder (MPF) at http://www.medicare.gov/ and posted on the CMS website at http://go.cms.gov/partcanddstarratings. A Glossary of Terms used in this document can be found in Attachment Q.

The Star Ratings data are also displayed in the Health Plan Management System (HPMS). In the HPMS the data can be found by selecting: "Quality and Performance," then "Performance Metrics," then "Star Ratings and Display Measures," then "Star Ratings," and "2017" for the report period. See Attachment R: Health Plan Management System Module Reference for descriptions of the HPMS pages.

The Star Ratings Program is consistent with CMS' Quality Strategy of optimizing health outcomes by improving quality and transforming the health care system. The CMS Quality Strategy goals reflect the six priorities set out in the National Quality Strategy. These priorities include: safety, person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes, care coordination, clinical care, population/community health, and efficiency and cost reduction. The Star Ratings include measures applying to the following five broad categories:

- 1. Outcomes: Outcome measures reflect improvements in a beneficiary's health and are central to assessing quality of care.
- Intermediate outcomes: Intermediate outcome measures reflect actions taken which can assist in improving a beneficiary's health status. Controlling Blood Pressure is an example of an intermediate outcome measure where the related outcome of interest would be better health status for beneficiaries with hypertension.
- 3. Patient experience: Patient experience measures reflect beneficiaries' perspectives of the care they received.
- 4. Access: Access measures reflect processes and issues that could create barriers to receiving needed care. Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals is an example of an access measure.
- 5. Process: Process measures capture the health care services provided to beneficiaries which can assist in maintaining, monitoring, or improving their health status.

Differences between the 2016 Star Ratings and 2017 Star Ratings

There have been several changes between the 2016 Star Ratings and the 2017 Star Ratings. This section provides a synopsis of the notable differences; the reader should examine the entire document for full details about the 2017 Star Ratings. A table with the complete history of measures used in the Star Ratings can be found in Attachment J.

1. Changes

- a. Technical Notes: CMS has reviewed and enhanced the opening sections of this document in an effort to better define terms and assist readers in understanding the Star Ratings. These revisions do not reflect changes to the methodologies used in creating the Star Ratings. All methodology changes are noted below.
- b. Removed section "Adjustments for Contracts Under Sanction" due to suspension of reduction policy.
- c. Part C & D measures: C30 Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals, C31 Reviewing Appeals Decisions, and D03 Appeals Upheld: changed re-opening deadline from April 1, 2016 to May 1, 2016.
- d. Part D measure: D03 Appeals Upheld: removed exclusion for hospice stay.
- e. Part C & D measures: C28 & D06 Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems: changed to weight of 1.5 as an access measure now that the revised measure is in its second year.

- f. Part C & D measures: C29 Health Plan Quality Improvement and D07 Drug Plan Quality Improvement: Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) "hold harmless" rule implemented for contracts with very low reliability measure scores when enrollees with less than 6 months continuous enrollment were excluded from the 2015 survey results.
- g. Part C measure: C29 Health Plan Quality Improvement: removed measure C19 Plan All-Cause Readmission from the calculation due to changes made by NCQA in the risk-adjustment tables.
- h. Part C measure: C29 Health Plan Quality Improvement: added the following Part C measures to the measure calculation.
 - i. C01 Breast Cancer Screening
 - ii. C26 Complaints about the Health Plan
 - iii. C30 Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals
 - iv. C32 Call Center Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability
- i. Part D measure: D07 Drug Plan Quality Improvement: added the following Part D measures to the measure calculation.
 - i. D01 Call Center Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability
 - ii. D03 Appeals Upheld
 - iii. D04 Complaints about the Drug Plan
 - iv. D15 MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR
- j. For contracts whose non-employer service area only covers Puerto Rico, the weights for the adherence measures (D12, D13 & D14) were set to zero (0) in the summary and overall rating calculations and remain three (3) for the improvement measure calculations.
- k. The summary and overall rating calculation formulas were updated to include the CAI adjustment methodology.

Additions

- a. Part C Appeals detail data are posted in HPMS. See Attachment R for details.
- b. Part C & D CAHPS measures: additional measure detail data for all CAHPS measures are posted in HPMS. See <u>Attachment R</u> for details.
- c. Part D measure: Medication Therapy Management Program Completion Rate for Comprehensive Medication Reviews detail data are posted in HPMS. See <u>Attachment R</u> for details.
- d. CAI Value detail data are posted in HPMS. See Attachment R for details.
- 3. Transitioned measures (Moved to the display measures posted on the CMS website: http://go.cms.gov/partcanddstarratings)
 - a. None
- 4. Retired measures
 - a. None

Health/Drug Organization Types Included in the Star Ratings

All health and drug plan quality and performance measure data described in this document are reported at the contract/sponsor level. Table 1 lists the contract year 2017 organization types and whether they are included in the Part C and/or Part D Star Ratings.

Table 1: Contract Year 2017 Organization Types Reported in the 2017 Star Ratings

| Organization Type | Technical Notes Abbreviation | Medicare Advantage (MA) | Can Offer SNPs | Part C Ratings | Part D Ratings |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1876 Cost | 1876 Cost | No | No | Yes | Yes (if drugs offered) |
| Chronic Care | Chronic Care | No | No | No | No |
| Demonstration (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) † | MMP | No | No | No | No |
| Employer/Union Only Direct Contract Local Coordinated Care Plan (CCP) | E-CCP | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| Employer/Union Only Direct Contract Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) | E-PDP | No | No | No | Yes |
| Employer/Union Only Direct Contract Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) | E-PFFS | Yes | No | Yes | Yes (if drugs offered) |
| HCPP 1833 Cost | HCPP | No | No | No | No |
| Local Coordinated Care Plan (CCP) | Local CCP | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Medical Savings Account (MSA) | MSA | Yes | No | Yes | No |
| National PACE | PACE | No | No | No | No |
| Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) | PDP | No | No | No | Yes |
| Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) | PFFS | Yes | No | Yes | Yes (if drugs offered) |
| Regional Coordinated Care Plan (CCP) | Regional CCP | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Religious Fraternal Benefit Private Fee-for-Service (RFB PFFS) | R-PFFS | Yes | No | Yes | Yes (if drugs offered) |
| Religious Fraternal Benefit Local Coordinated Care Plan (RFB CCP) | R-CCP | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

[†] Note: The measure scores (with the exception of CAHPS) are displayed in HPMS only during the first plan preview. CAHPS data will be displayed in HPMS only during the second plan preview. Data from these organizations are never used in processing the Star Ratings.

The Star Ratings Framework

The Star Ratings are based on health and drug plan quality and performance measures. Each measure is reported in two ways:

Score: A score is either a numeric value or an assigned 'missing data' message.

Star: The measure numeric value is converted to a Star Rating.

The measure star ratings are combined into three groups and each group is assigned 1-5 stars. The three groups are:

<u>Domain</u>: Domains group together measures of similar services. Star Ratings for domains are calculated

using the non-weighted average Star Ratings of the included measures.

Summary: Part C measures are grouped to calculate a Part C Rating; Part D measures are grouped to

calculate a Part D Rating. Summary ratings are calculated from the weighted average Star

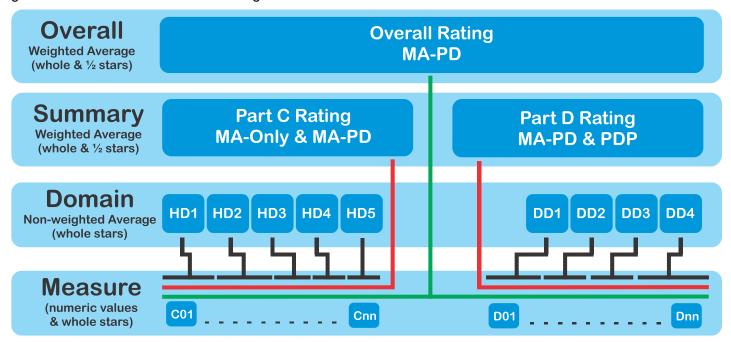
Ratings of the included measures.

Overall: For MA-PDs, all unique Part C and Part D measures are grouped to create an overall rating. The

overall rating is calculated from the weighted average Star Ratings of the included measures.

Figure 1 shows the four levels of Star Ratings that are calculated and reported publicly.

Figure 1: The Four Levels of Star Ratings



The whole star scale used at the measure and domain levels is shown in Table 2.

Table 2: 5-Star Scale

| Numeric | Graphic | Description |
|---------|---------|---------------|
| 5 | **** | Excellent |
| 4 | *** | Above Average |
| 3 | *** | Average |
| 2 | ** | Below Average |
| 1 | * | Poor |

To allow for more variation across contracts, CMS assigns half stars in the summary and overall ratings.

As different organization types offer different benefits, CMS classifies contracts into three contract types. The highest level Star Rating differs among the contract types because the set of required measures differs by contract type. Table 3 clarifies how CMS classifies contracts for purposes of the Star Ratings and indicates the highest rating available for each contract type. Table 4 presents the relation among the three contract types and the organization types.

Table 3: Highest Rating by Contract Type

| Contract Type | Offers Part C or 1876 Cost | Offers Part D | Highest Rating |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| MA-Only | Yes | No | Part C rating |
| MA-PD | Yes | Yes | Overall rating |
| PDP | No | Yes | Part D rating |

Table 4: Relation of 2017 Organization Types to Contract Types in the 2017 Star Ratings

| Organization Type | | | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS (no drugs) | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS (offers drugs) |
|----------------------|---------|-------|---|---------|-----|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Rated As | MA-Only | MA-PD | MA-PD | MA-Only | PDP | MA-Only | MA-PD |

Sources of the Star Ratings Measure Data

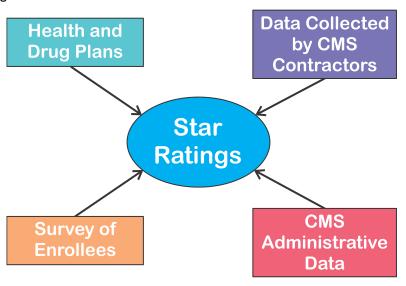
The 2017 Star Ratings include a maximum of 9 domains comprised of a maximum of 47 measures.

- 1. MA-Only contracts are measured on 5 domains with a maximum of 32 measures.
- 2. PDPs are measured on 4 domains with a maximum of 15 measures.
- 3. MA-PD contracts are measured on all 9 domains with a maximum of 47 measures, 44 of which are unique measures. Three of the measures are shown in both Part C and Part D so that the results for a MA-PD contract can be compared to an MA-Only contract or a PDP contract. Only one instance of those three measures is used in calculating the overall rating. The three duplicated measures are Complaints about the Health/Drug Plan (CTM), Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (MCLP), and Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems (BAPP).

For a health and/or drug plan to be included in the Part C & D Star Ratings, they must have an active contract with CMS to provide health and/or drug services to Medicare beneficiaries. All of the data used to rate the plan are collected through normal contractual requirements or directly from CMS systems. Information about Medicare Advantage contracting can be found at: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Prescription-Drug-coverage/PrescriptionDrugCovContra/index.html.

The data used in the Star Ratings come from four categories of data sources which are shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2: The Four Categories of Data Sources



Improvement Measures

Unlike the other Star Rating measures which are derived from data sources external to the Star Ratings, the Part C and Part D improvement measures are derived through comparisons of a contract's current and prior year measure scores. For a measure to be included in the improvement calculation, the measure must have numeric value scores in both the current and prior year and not have had a significant specification change during those years. The Part C improvement measure includes only Part C measure scores and the Part D improvement measure includes only Part D measure scores. The measures and formulas for the improvement measure calculations are found in Attachment I.

The numeric results of these calculations are not publicly posted; only the measure ratings are reported publicly. Further, to receive a Star Rating in the improvement measures, a contract must have measure scores for both years in at least half of the required measures used to calculate the Part C improvement or Part D improvement measures. Table 5 presents the minimum number of measure scores required to receive a rating for the improvement measures.

Table 5: Minimum Number of Measure Scores Required for an Improvement Measure Rating by Contract Type

| Part | 1876 Cost | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | MSA | E-PDP & PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|------|-----------|--|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|
| С | 11 of 22 | 12 of 23 | 14 of 27 | 12 of 23 | N/A | 12 of 23 |
| D | 6 of 11* | 6 of 12 | 6 of 12 | N/A | 6 of 12 | 6 of 12* |

^{*} Note: Does not apply to MA-Only, 1876 Cost, and PFFS contracts which do not offer drug benefits.

For a detailed description of all Part C and Part D measures, see the section entitled "Framework and Definitions for the Domain and Measure Details."

Contract Enrollment Data

The enrollment data used in the Part C and Part D "Complaints about the Health/Drug Plan" and Part D "Appeals Auto—Forward" measures are pulled from the HPMS. These enrollment files represent the number of enrolled beneficiaries the contract was paid for in a specific month. For these measures, twelve months of enrollment files are pulled (January 2015 through December 2015) and the average enrollment across those months is used in the calculations.

Enrollment data are also used when combining the plan-level data into contract-level data in the three Part C "Care for Older Adults" Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) measures. When there is a reported rate, the eligible population in the plan benefit package (PBP) submitted with the HEDIS data is used. If the audit designation for the PBP level HEDIS data is set to "Not Reported" (NR) or "Biased Rate" (BR) by the auditor (see following section), there is no value in the eligible population field. In these instances, twelve months of PBP-level enrollment files are pulled (January 2015 through December 2015), and the average enrollment in the plan across those months is used in calculating the combined rate.

Handling of Biased, Erroneous, and/or Not Reportable (NR) Data

The data used for CMS' Star Ratings must be accurate and reliable. CMS has identified issues with some contracts' data and has taken steps to protect the integrity of the data. For any measure scores CMS identifies to be based on inaccurate or biased data, CMS' policy is to reduce a contract's measure rating to 1 star and set the measure score to "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Inaccurate or biased data result from the mishandling of data, inappropriate processing, or implementation of incorrect practices. Examples include, but are not limited to: a contract's failure to adhere to HEDIS, Health Outcomes Survey (HOS), or CAHPS reporting requirements; a contract's failure to adhere to Medicare Plan Finder data requirements; a contract's errors in processing coverage determinations, organizational determinations, and appeals; a contract's failure to adhere to CMS-approved point-of-sale edits; compliance actions taken against the contract due to errors in operational areas that impact the data reported or processed for specific measures; or a contract's failure to pass validation of the data reported for specific measures. Note there is no minimum number of cases required for a contract's data to be subject to data integrity reviews.

For HEDIS data, CMS uses the audit designation information assigned by the HEDIS auditor. An audit designation of 'NR' (Not reported) is assigned when the contract chooses not to report the measure. An audit designation of 'BR' (Biased rate) is assigned when the individual measure score is materially biased (e.g., the auditor informs the contract the data cannot be reported to the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) or to CMS). When either a 'BR' or 'NR' designation is assigned to a HEDIS measure audit designation, the contract receives 1 star for the measure and the measure score is set to "CMS identified issues with this plan's data." In addition, CMS reduces contracts' HEDIS measure ratings to 1 star if the patient-level data files are not successfully submitted and validated by the submission deadline. Also, if the HEDIS summary-level data value varies significantly from the value in the patient-level data, the measure is reduced to a rating of 1 star. If an approved CAHPS or HOS vendor does not submit a contract's CAHPS or HOS data by the data submission deadline, the contract automatically receives a rating of 1 star for the CAHPS or HOS measures and the measure scores are set to "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Methodology for Assigning Stars to the Part C and Part D Measures

CMS assigns stars for each numeric measure score by applying one of three methods: clustering, relative distribution and significance testing, or fixed cut points. Each method is described below. <u>Attachment K</u> explains the clustering and relative distribution and significance testing (CAHPS) methods in greater detail.

The *Trends in Part C & D Star Rating Measure Cut Points* document is posted on the website at http://go.cms.gov/partcanddstarratings and is updated after each rating cycle is released.

A. Clustering

This method is applied to the majority of the Star Ratings measures, ranging from operational and process-based measures, to HEDIS and other clinical care measures. Using this method, the Star Rating for each measure is determined by applying a clustering algorithm to all the measure's numeric value scores from all contracts. Conceptually, the clustering algorithm identifies the "gaps" among the scores and creates four cut points resulting in the creation of five levels (one for each Star Rating). The scores in the same Star Rating level are as similar as possible; the scores in different Star Rating levels are as different as possible. Star Rating levels 1 through 5 are assigned with 1 being the worst and 5 being the best.

Technically, the variance in measure scores is separated into within-cluster and between-cluster sum of squares components. The clusters reflect the groupings of numeric value scores that minimize the variance of scores within the clusters. The Star Ratings levels are assigned to the clusters that minimize the within-cluster sum of squares. The cut points for star assignments are derived from the range of measure scores per cluster, and the star levels associated with each cluster are determined by ordering the means of the clusters.

B. Relative Distribution and Significance Testing (CAHPS)

This method is applied to determine valid star cut points for CAHPS measures. In order to account for the reliability of scores produced from the CAHPS survey, the method combines evaluating the relative percentile distribution with significance testing. For example, to obtain 5 stars, a contract's CAHPS measure score needs to be ranked at least at the 80th percentile and be statistically significantly higher than the national average CAHPS measure score, as well as either have not low reliability or have a measure score more than one standard error above the 80th percentile. To obtain 1 star, a contract's CAHPS measure score needs to be ranked below the 15th percentile and be statistically significantly lower than the national average CAHPS measure score, as well as either have not low reliability or have a measure score more than one standard error below the 15th percentile.

C. Fixed Cut Points

The Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems measure is unlike other measures in the Star Ratings. Each contract begins with a starting score of 100, which equates to five stars. Set value deductions are then subtracted from the starting score depending on the contracts' inclusion in specific measure criteria. This methodology causes the final contract scores to be either zero or a multiple of 20 (20, 40, 60, 80 or 100).

Since there is no variability in the final scores among contracts, the two other methods for assigning stars cannot be used. So the Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems measure has fixed star cut points. Those cut points are shown in Table 6.

Table 6: Fixed Cut Points

| 1 Star | 2 Star | 3 Star | 4 Star | 5 Star |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| ≤ 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |

Methodology for Calculating Stars at the Domain Level

A domain rating is the average, unweighted mean, of the domain's measure stars. To receive a domain rating, a contract must meet or exceed the minimum number of rated measures required for the domain. The minimum number of rated measures required for a domain is determined based on whether the total number of measures in the domain for a contract type is odd or even:

- If the total number of measures that comprise the domain for a contract type is odd, divide the number of
 measures in the domain by two and round the quotient to the next whole number.
 - Example: If the total number of measures required in a domain for a contract type is 3, the value 3 is divided by 2. The quotient, in this case 1.5, is then rounded to the next whole number. To receive a domain rating, the contract must have a Star Rating for at least 2 of the 3 required measures.
- If the total number of measures that comprise the domain for a contract type is even, divide the number of measures in the domain by two and add one to the quotient.
 - Example: If the total number of measures required in a domain for a contract type is 6, the value 6 is divided by 2. In this example, 1 is then added to the quotient of 3. To receive a domain rating, the contract must have a Star Rating for at least 4 of the 6 required measures.

Table 7 details the minimum number of rated measures required for a domain rating by contract type.

Table 7: Minimum Number of Rated Measures Required for a Domain Rating by Contract Type

| Part | Domain Name (Identifier) | 1876 Cost † | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | MSA | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|------|--|----------------|---|--|--------|--------|-----------------------------|
| С | Staying Healthy: Screenings, Tests and Vaccines (HD1) | 4 of 7 | 4 of 7 | 4 of 7 | 4 of 7 | N/A | 4 of 7 |
| С | Managing Chronic (Long Term) Conditions (HD2) | 4 of 7 | 5 of 8 | 7 of 12 | 5 of 8 | N/A | 5 of 8 |
| С | Member Experience with Health Plan (HD3) | 4 of 6 | 4 of 6 | 4 of 6 | 4 of 6 | N/A | 4 of 6 |
| С | Member Complaints and Changes in the Health Plan's Performance (HD4) | 3 of 4 | 3 of 4 | 3 of 4 | 3 of 4 | N/A | 3 of 4 |
| С | Health Plan Customer Service (HD5) | 2 of 2 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | N/A | 2 of 3 |
| D | Drug Plan Customer Service (DD1) | 2 of 2* | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3 | N/A | 2 of 3 | 2 of 3* |
| D | Member Complaints and Changes in the Drug Plan's Performance (DD2) | 3 of 4* | 3 of 4 | 3 of 4 | N/A | 3 of 4 | 3 of 4* |
| D | Member Experience with the Drug Plan (DD3) | 2 of 2* | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2 | N/A | 2 of 2 | 2 of 2* |
| D | Drug Safety and Accuracy of Drug Pricing (DD4) | 4 of 6* | 4 of 6 | 4 of 6 | N/A | 4 of 6 | 4 of 6* |

^{*} Note: Does not apply to MA-Only, 1876 Cost, and PFFS contracts which do not offer drug benefits.

Summary and Overall Ratings: Weighting of Measures

The summary and overall ratings are calculated as weighted averages of the measure stars. For the 2017 Star Ratings, CMS assigns the highest weight to the improvement measures, followed by the outcomes and intermediate outcomes measures, then by patient experience/complaints and access measures, and finally the process measures. The weights assigned to each measure are shown in Attachment G.

In calculating the summary and overall ratings, a measure given a weight of 3 counts three times as much as a measure given a weight of 1. Any measure without a rating is not included in the calculation. The first step in the calculation is to multiply each measure's weight by the measure's rating and summing these results. The second step is to divide this sum by the sum of the weights of the contract's rated measures. For the summary and overall ratings, half stars are assigned to allow for more variation across contracts.

[†] Note: 1876 Cost contracts which do not submit data for the MPF measure must have a rating in 3 out of 5 Drug Pricing and Patient Safety (DD4) measures to receive a rating in that domain.

Methodology for Calculating Part C and Part D Summary Ratings

The Part C and Part D summary ratings are calculated by taking a weighted average of the measure stars for Parts C and D, respectively. To receive a Part C and/or Part D summary rating, a contract must meet the minimum number of rated measures. The Parts C and D improvement measures are not included in the count of the minimum number of rated measures. The minimum number of rated measures required is determined as follows:

- If the total number of measures required for the organization type is odd, divide the number by two and round it to a whole number.
 - Example: if there are 13 required Part D measures for the organization, 13 / 2 = 6.5, when rounded the result is 7. The contract needs at least 7 measures with ratings out of the 13 total measures to receive a Part D summary rating.
- If the total number of measures required for the organization type is even, divide the number of measures by two.
 - Example: if there are 30 required Part C measures for the organization, 30 / 2 = 15. The contract needs at least 15 measures with ratings out of the 30 total measures to receive a Part C summary rating.

Table 8 shows the minimum number of rated measures required by each contract type to receive a summary rating.

Table 8: Minimum Number of Rated Measures Required for Part C and Part D Ratings by Contract Type

| Rating | 1876 Cost † | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | MSA | E-PDP & PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|----------------|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Part C summary | 13 of 25 | 14 of 27 | 16 of 31 | 14 of 27 | N/A | 14 of 27 |
| Part D summary | 7 of 13* | 7 of 14 | 7 of 14 | N/A | 7 of 14 | 7 of 14* |

^{*} Note: Does not apply to MA-Only, 1876 Cost, and PFFS contracts which do not offer drug benefits.

Methodology for Calculating the Overall MA-PD Rating

For MA-PDs to receive an overall rating, the contract must have stars assigned to both the Part C and Part D summary ratings. If an MA-PD contract has only one of the two required summary ratings, the overall rating will show as "Not enough data available."

The overall rating for a MA-PD contract is calculated using a weighted average of the Part C and Part D measure stars. The weights assigned to each measure are shown in Attachment G.

There are a total of 47 measures (32 in Part C, 15 in Part D) in the 2017 Star Ratings. The following three measures are contained in both the Part C and D measure lists:

- Complaints about the Health/Drug Plan (CTM)
- Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (MCLP)
- Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems (BAPP)

These measures share the same data source, so CMS includes only one instance of each of these three measures in the calculation of the overall rating. In addition, the Part C and D improvement measures are not included in the count for the minimum number of measures. Therefore, a total of 42 distinct measures are used in the calculation of the overall rating.

The minimum number of rated measures required for an overall MA-PD rating is determined using the same methodology as for the Part C and D summary ratings. Table 9 provides the minimum number of rated measures required for an overall Star Rating by contract type.

[†] Note: 1876 Cost contracts which do not submit data for the MPF measure must have ratings in 6 out of 12 measures to receive a Part D rating.

Table 9: Minimum Number of Rated Measures Required for an Overall Rating by Contract Type

| Rating | 1876 Cost † | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | MSA | E-PDP & PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|----------------|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------|--------------------------|
| Overall Rating | 18 of 35* | 19 of 38 | 21 of 42 | N/A | N/A | 19 of 38* |

^{*} Note: Does not apply to MA-Only, 1876 Cost, and PFFS contracts which do not offer drug benefits.

Completing the Summary and Overall Rating Calculations

There are two adjustments made to the results of the summary and overall calculations described above. First, to reward consistently high performance, CMS utilizes both the mean and the variance of the measure stars to differentiate contracts for the summary and overall ratings. If a contract has both high and stable relative performance, a reward factor is added to the contract's ratings. Details about the reward factor can be found in the section entitled "Applying the Reward Factor." Second, for the 2017 Star Ratings, the summary and overall ratings include a Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI) factor, which is added to or subtracted from a contract's summary and overall ratings. Details about the CAI can be found in the section entitled "Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI)."

The summary and overall rating calculations are run twice, once including the improvement measures and once without including the improvement measures. Based on a comparison of the results of these two calculations a decision is made as to whether the improvement measures are to be included in calculating a contract's final summary and overall ratings. Details about the application of the improvement measures can be found in the section entitled "Applying the Improvement Measure(s)."

Lastly, rounding rules are applied to convert the results of the final summary and overall ratings calculations into the publicly reported Star Ratings. Details about the rounding rules are presented in the section "Rounding Rules for Summary and Overall Ratings."

Applying the Improvement Measure(s)

The Part C Improvement Measure - Health Plan Quality Improvement (C29) and the Part D Improvement Measure - Drug Plan Quality Improvement (D07) were introduced earlier in this document in the section entitled "Improvement Measures." The measures and formulas for the improvement measures can be found in Attachment I. This section discusses whether and how to apply the improvement measures in calculating a contract's final summary and overall ratings.

Since high performing contracts have less room for improvement and consequently may have lower ratings on these measure(s), CMS has developed the following rules to not penalize contracts receiving 4 or more stars for their highest rating.

MA-PD Contracts

- 1. There are separate Part C and Part D improvement measures (C29 & D07) for MA-PD contracts.
 - a. C29 is used in calculating the Part C summary rating of an MA-PD contract.
 - b. D07 is used in calculating the Part D summary rating for an MA-PD contract.
 - c. Both improvement measures will be used when calculating the overall rating in step 3.
- 2. Calculate the overall rating for MA-PD contracts without including either improvement measure.
- Calculate the overall rating for MA-PD contracts with both improvement measures included.
- 4. If an MA-PD contract in step 2 has 2 or fewer stars, use the overall rating calculated in step 2.
- 5. If an MA-PD contract in step 2 has 4 or more stars, compare the two overall ratings calculated in steps 2 & 3. If the rating in step 3 is less than the value in step 2, use the overall rating from step 2; otherwise use the result from step 3.
- 6. For all other MA-PD contracts, use the overall rating from step 3.

[†] Note: 1876 Cost contracts which do not submit data for the MPF measure must have ratings in 17 out of 34 measures to receive an overall rating.

MA-Only Contracts

- 1. Only the Part C improvement measure (C29) is used for MA-Only contracts.
- 2. Calculate the Part C summary rating for MA-Only contracts without including the improvement measure.
- 3. Calculate the Part C summary rating for MA-Only contracts with the Part C improvement measure.
- 4. If an MA-Only contract in step 2 has 2 or fewer stars, use the Part C summary rating calculated in step 2.
- 5. If an MA-Only contract in step 2 has 4 or more stars, compare the two Part C summary ratings. If the rating in step 3 is less than the value in step 2, use the Part C summary rating from step 2; otherwise use the result from step 3.
- 6. For all other MA-Only contracts, use the Part C summary rating from step 3.

PDP Contracts

- 1. Only the Part D improvement measure (D07) is used for PDP contracts.
- 2. Calculate the Part D summary rating for PDP contracts without including the improvement measure.
- 3. Calculate the Part D summary rating for PDP contracts with the Part D improvement measure.
- 4. If a PDP contract in step 2 has 2 or fewer stars, use the Part D summary rating calculated in step 2.
- 5. If a PDP contract in step 2 has 4 or more stars, compare the two Part D summary ratings. If the rating in step 3 is less than the value in step 2, use the Part D summary rating from step 2; otherwise use the result from step 3.
- 6. For all other PDP contracts, use the Part D summary rating from step 3.

Applying the Reward Factor

The following represents the steps taken to calculate and include the reward factor in the Star Ratings summary and overall ratings. These calculations are performed both with and without the improvement measures included.

- Calculate the mean and the variance of all of the individual quality and performance measure stars at the contract level.
 - The mean is the summary or overall rating before the reward factor is applied, which is calculated as described in the section entitled "Weighting of Measures."
 - Using weights in the variance calculation accounts for the relative importance of measures in the reward factor calculation. To incorporate the weights shown in <u>Attachment G</u> into the variance calculation of the available individual performance measures for a given contract, the steps are as follows:
 - Subtract the summary or overall star from each performance measure's star; square the results;
 and multiply each squared result by the corresponding individual performance measure weight.
 - Sum these results; call this 'SUMWX.'
 - Set n equal to the number of individual performance measures available for the given contract.
 - Set W equal to the sum of the weights assigned to the n individual performance measures available for the given contract.
 - The weighted variance for the given contract is calculated as: n * SUMWX / (W * (n-1)). For the complete formula, please see <u>Attachment H</u>: Calculation of Weighted Star Rating and Variance Estimates.
- Categorize the variance into three categories:
 - low (0 to < 30th percentile),
 - medium (≥ 30th to < 70th percentile) and
 - high (≥ 70th percentile)

- Develop the reward factor as follows:
 - o r-Factor = 0.4 (for contract w/ low variance & high mean (mean ≥ 85th percentile))
 - o r-Factor = 0.3 (for contract w/ medium variance & high mean (mean ≥ 85th percentile))
 - o r-Factor = 0.2 (for contract w/ low variance & relatively high mean (mean ≥ 65th & < 85th percentile))
 - o r-Factor = 0.1 (for contract w/ medium variance & relatively high mean (mean ≥ 65th & < 85th percentile))
 - r-Factor = 0.0 (for all other contracts)

Tables 10 and 11 show the final threshold values used in reward factor calculations for the 2017 Star Ratings:

Table 10: Performance Summary Thresholds

| Improvement | Percentile | Part C Rating | Part D Rating (MA-PD) | Part D Rating (PDP) | Overall Rating |
|-------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| with | 65th | 3.672 | 3.983 | 3.871 | 3.741 |
| with | 85th | 3.949 | 4.271 | 4.226 | 3.993 |
| without | 65th | 3.721 | 4.061 | 3.902 | 3.810 |
| without | 85th | 4.023 | 4.308 | 4.366 | 4.040 |

Table 11: Variance Thresholds

| Improvement | Percentile | Part C Rating | Part D Rating (MA-PD) | Part D Rating (PDP) | Overall Rating |
|-------------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| with | 30th | 1.178 | .877 | .825 | 1.143 |
| with | 70th | 1.527 | 1.395 | 1.415 | 1.456 |
| without | 30th | 1.180 | .947 | .857 | 1.164 |
| without | 70th | 1.534 | 1.521 | 1.445 | 1.495 |

Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI)

CMS has implemented an interim analytical adjustment called the Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI) while measure stewards undertake a comprehensive review of their measures in the Star Ratings program and the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (ASPE) continues its work under the IMPACT Act. The CAI is a factor that is added to or subtracted from a contract's Overall and/or Summary Star Ratings to adjust for the average within-contract disparity in performance associated with a contract's percentages of beneficiaries with Low Income Subsidy/Dual Eligible (LIS/DE) and disability status. These adjustments are performed both with and without the improvement measures included. The value of the CAI varies by a contract's percentages of beneficiaries with Low Income Subsidy/Dual Eligible (LIS/DE) and disability status.

The CAI was developed using data collected for the 2016 Star Ratings. To calculate the CAI, case-mix adjustment is applied to a subset of Star Rating measure scores using a beneficiary-level fixed-effects logistic regression model with contract intercepts and beneficiary-level indicators of LIS/DE and disability status. This type of adjustment is similar to the approach currently used to adjust CAHPS patient experience measures. However, unlike CAHPS case mix adjustment, the only adjusters are LIS/DE and disability status. Adjusted measure scores are then converted to measure stars using the 2016 rating year measure cutoffs and used to calculate Adjusted Overall and Summary Star Ratings. Unadjusted Overall and Summary Star Ratings are also determined per contract.

The measures used in the 2017 CAI adjustment calculations are:

- C01 Breast Cancer Screening
- C02 Colorectal Cancer Screening
- C12 Osteoporosis Management in Women who had a Fracture
- C15 Diabetes Care Blood Sugar Controlled
- C17 Rheumatoid Arthritis Management
- C18 Reducing the Risk of Falling
- D13 Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists)

To determine the value of the CAI, contracts are first divided into an initial set of categories based on the combination of a contract's LIS/DE and disability percentages. For the adjustment for the overall and summary ratings for MA-Only and MA-PD contracts, the initial groups are formed by the deciles of LIS/DE and quintiles of disability, thus resulting in 50 initial categories. For PDPs, the initial groups are formed using quartiles for both LIS/DE and disability. The mean differences between the Adjusted Overall or Summary Star Rating and the corresponding Unadjusted Star Rating for contracts in each initial category are determined and examined.

The initial categories are collapsed to form final adjustment groups using criteria developed for the method and detailed later within this document. The CAI values are the mean differences between the Adjusted Overall or Summary Star Rating and the corresponding Unadjusted Star Rating for contracts within each final adjustment group. Separate CAI values are computed for the overall and summary ratings, and the rating-specific CAI value would be the same for all contracts that fall within the same final adjustment category.

The categorization of contracts into final adjustment categories for the Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI) relies on both the use of a contract's percentages of LIS/DE and disabled beneficiaries. Puerto Rico has a unique health care market with a large percentage of low-income individuals in both Medicare and Medicaid and a complex legal history that affects the health care system in many ways. Puerto Rican beneficiaries are not eligible for LIS. Since the percentage of LIS/DE is a critical element in the categorization of contracts to identify the contract's CAI, an additional adjustment is done for contracts that solely serve the population of beneficiaries in Puerto Rico to address the lack of LIS. The additional analysis for the adjustment results in a modified percentage of LIS/DE beneficiaries that is subsequently used to categorize the contract in its final adjustment category for the CAI. Details regarding the methodology for the Puerto Rico model are provided in Attachment O.

Tables 12 and 13 provide the range of the percentages that correspond to the LIS/DE deciles and disability quintiles. For example, if a contract's percentage of LIS/DE beneficiaries is 13.60%, the contract's LIS/DE decile would be 3. The upper limit for each initial category is only included for the highest categories (L10 and D5), and equals 100% for both of these categories.

Table 12: Categorization of Contract's Members into LIS/DE Deciles for the Overall Rating

| LIS/DE Decile | % LIS/DE |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| L1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 8.944746 |
| L2 | ≥ 8.944746 to < 12.686261 |
| L3 | ≥ 12.686261 to < 15.774505 |
| L4 | ≥ 15.774505 to < 19.045750 |
| L5 | ≥ 19.045750% to < 23.977663 |
| L6 | ≥ 23.977663% to < 30.370370 |
| L7 | ≥ 30.370370% to < 46.358032 |
| L8 | ≥ 46.358032% to < 73.915938 |
| L9 | ≥ 73.915938% to < 99.017038 |
| L10 | \geq 99.017038 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 13: Categorization of Contract's Members into Disability Quintiles for the Overall Rating

| Disability Quintile | % Disabled |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| D1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 9.001572 |
| D2 | ≥ 9.001572 to < 13.108420 |
| D3 | ≥ 13.108420 to < 18.863955 |
| D4 | ≥ 18.863955 to < 26.517821 |
| D5 | \geq 26.517821 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 14 provides the description of each of the final adjustment categories and the associated value of the CAI per category for the overall rating.

Table 14: Final Adjustment Categories and CAI Values for the Overall Rating

| Final Adjustment Category | LIS/DE Decile | Disability Quintile | CAI Value |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|
| A | L1 | D1 | -0.015566 |
| В | L2 - L9 | D1 | -0.006181 |
| С | L1 - L6 | D2 | -0.006181 |
| D | L1 - L5 | D3 - D5 | 0.002408 |
| E | L6 | D3 | 0.002408 |
| F | L7 - L8 | D2 - D3 | 0.013514 |
| G | L10 | D1 - D4 | 0.024680 |
| Н | L9 | D2 - D4 | 0.024680 |
| I | L6 - L8 | D4 | 0.024680 |
| J | L6 - L8 | D5 | 0.028531 |
| K | L9 | D5 | 0.054610 |
| Ĺ | L10 | D5 | 0.081245 |

Tables 15 and 16 provide the range of the percentages that correspond to the LIS/DE deciles and disability quintiles for the initial categories for the determination of the CAI values for the Part C summary.

Table 15: Categorization of Contract's Members into LIS/DE Deciles for the Part C Summary

| LIS/DE Decile | % Members |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| L1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 8.725155 |
| L2 | ≥ 8.725155 to < 12.386587 |
| L3 | ≥ 12.386587 to < 15.568341 |
| L4 | ≥ 15.568341 to < 18.810251 |
| L5 | ≥ 18.810251 to < 23.569555 |
| L6 | ≥ 23.569555 to < 29.846377 |
| L7 | ≥ 29.846377 to < 45.437707 |
| L8 | ≥ 45.437707 to < 71.926204 |
| L9 | ≥ 71.926204 to < 99.017038 |
| L10 | \geq 99.017038 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 16: Categorization of Contract's Members into Disability Quintiles for the Part C Summary

| Disability Quintile | % Members |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| D1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 8.818834 |
| D2 | ≥ 8.818834 to < 12.692907 |
| D3 | ≥ 12.692907 to < 18.696867 |
| D4 | ≥ 18.696867 to < 26.305195 |
| D5 | \geq 26.305195 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 17 provides the description of each of the final adjustment categories for the Part C summary and the associated value of the CAI for each final adjustment category.

Table 17: Final Adjustment Categories and CAI Values for the Part C Summary

| Final Adjustment Category | LIS/DE Decile | Disability Quintile | CAI Value |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|
| A | L1 | D1 | -0.017914 |
| В | L2 - L8 | D1 | -0.002435 |
| С | L1 - L6 | D2 | -0.002435 |
| D | L1 - L5 | D3 - D5 | 0.005340 |
| E | L6 | D3 | 0.005340 |
| F | L7 - L8 | D2 - D3 | 0.010543 |
| G | L9 - L10 | D1 - D3 | 0.014127 |
| Н | L6 - L10 | D4 | 0.014127 |
| | L6 - L8 | D5 | 0.020904 |
| J | L9 | D5 | 0.032875 |
| K | L10 | D5 | 0.046083 |

Tables 18 and 19 provide the range of the percentages that correspond to the LIS/DE deciles and the disability quintiles for the initial categories for the determination of the CAI values for the Part D summary rating for MAPDs.

Table 18: Categorization of Contract's Members into Deciles of LIS/DE for the MA-PD Part D Summary

| LIS/DE Decile | % Members |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| L1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 8.944746 |
| L2 | ≥ 8.944746 to < 13.010960 |
| L3 | ≥ 13.010960 to < 16.119134 |
| L4 | ≥ 16.119134 to < 20.435510 |
| L5 | ≥ 20.435510 to < 26.259021 |
| L6 | ≥ 26.259021 to < 32.629870 |
| L7 | ≥ 32.629870 to < 47.878246 |
| L8 | ≥ 47.878246 to < 78.889659 |
| L9 | ≥ 78.889659 to < 99.603174 |
| L10 | \geq 99.603174 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 19: Categorization of Contract's Members into Disability Quintiles for the MA-PD Part D Summary

| Disability Quintile | % Members |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| D1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 9.398743 |
| D2 | ≥ 9.398743 to < 13.580124 |
| D3 | ≥ 13.580124 to < 19.952482 |
| D4 | ≥ 19.952482 to < 29.718507 |
| D5 | \geq 29.718507 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 20 provides the description of each of the final adjustment categories for the MA-PD Part D summary and the associated values of the CAI for each final adjustment category.

Table 20: Final Adjustment Categories and CAI Values for the MA-PD Part D Summary

| CAI Category | LIS/DE Deciles | Disability Quintiles | CAI Value | |
|--------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| Α | L1 - L5 | D1 - D2 | -0.007435 | |
| В | L1 - L5 | D3 - D5 | -0.002020 | |
| С | L6 – L10 | D1 - D3 | 0.000944 | |
| D | L6 – L10 | D4 | 0.027383 | |
| Е | L6 - L8 | D5 | 0.052087 | |
| F | L9 | D5 | 0.088059 | |
| G | L10 | D5 | 0.091937 | |

Tables 21 and 22 provide the range of the percentages that correspond to the LIS/DE and disability quartiles for the initial categories for the determination of the CAI values for the PDP Part D summary. Quartiles are used for both dimensions due to the limited number of PDPs as compared to MA-PD contracts.

Table 21: Categorization of Contract's Members into Quartiles of LIS/DE for the PDP Part D Summary

| LIS/DE Quartile | % Members |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| L1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 3.794176 |
| L2 | ≥ 3.794716 to < 11.412672 |
| L3 | ≥ 11.412672 to < 49.435564 |
| L4 | \geq 49.435564 to \leq 100.000000 |

Table 22: Categorization of Contract's Members into Quartiles of Disability for the PDP Part D Summary

| LIS/DE Quartile | % Members |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| D1 | ≥ 0.000000 to < 5.371658 |
| D2 | ≥ 5.371658 to < 9.980323 |
| D3 | ≥ 9.980323 to < 28.325123 |
| D4 | ≥ 28.325123 to ≤ 100.000000 |

Table 23 provides the description of each of the final adjustment categories for the PDP Part D summary and the associated value of the CAI per final adjustment category. Please note that the CAI values for the PDP Part D summary are different from the CAI values for the MA-PD Part D summary. Categories were chosen to enforce monotonicity and to yield a minimum of 10 contracts per final adjustment category. There are three final adjustment categories for the PDP Part D summary.

Table 23: Final Adjustment Categories and CAI Values for the PDP Part D Summary

| Final Adjustment Category | LIS/DE Quartiles | Disability Quartiles | CAI Value |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| А | L1 - L2 | D1 – D4 | -0.108739 |
| В | L3 - L4 | D1 - D2 | -0.108739 |
| С | L3 | D3 - D4 | -0.022527 |
| D | L4 | D3 | -0.022527 |
| E | L4 | D4 | 0.127092 |

Calculation Precision

CMS and its contractors have always used software called SAS (an integrated system of software products provided by SAS Institute Inc.) to perform the calculations used in the Star Ratings. For all measures, except the improvement measures, the precision used in scoring the measure is indicated next to the label "Data Display" within the detailed description of each measure. The improvement measures are discussed below. The domain ratings are the unweighted average of the star measures and are rounded to the nearest integer.

The improvement measures, summary and overall ratings are calculated with at least six digits of precision after the decimal whenever the data allow it. With the exception of the Plan All-Cause Readmission measure,

the HEDIS measure scores have two digits of precision after the decimal. All other measures have at least six digits of precision when used in the improvement calculation.

In the second HPMS plan preview, we display six digits after the decimal in the summary and overall calculation results. In previous years, we displayed fewer digits after the decimal, but there were instances where these artificially rounded values made it appear that the results had achieved a boundary when they actually had not. There may still be instances where displaying six digits will appear to be at a boundary. If this situation occurs, contact the ratings mailbox which can provide a contract-specific calculation spreadsheet which emulates the actual SAS calculations.

It is not possible to replicate CMS' calculations exactly due to factors including, but not limited to: using published measure data from sources other than CMS' Star Rating program which use different rounding rules; and CMS excluding some contracts' ratings from publicly-posted data (e.g., terminated contracts).

Rounding Rules for Measure Scores

Measure scores are rounded to the precision indicated next to the label "Data Display" within the detailed description of each measure. Measure scores are rounded using standard round to nearest rules prior to cut point analysis. Measure scores that end in 0.49 (0.049, 0.0049) or less are rounded down and measure scores that end in 0.50 (0.050, 0.0050) or more are rounded up. For example, a measure listed with a Data Display of "Percentage with no decimal point" that has a value of 83.49 rounds down to 83, while a value of 83.50 rounds up to 84.

Rounding Rules for Summary and Overall Ratings

The results of the summary and overall calculations are rounded to the nearest half star (i.e., 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0) using consistent rounding rules. Table 24 summarizes the rounding rules for converting the Part C and D summary and overall ratings into the publicly reported Star Ratings.

Table 24: Rounding Rules for Summary and Overall Ratings

| Raw Summary / Overall Score | Final Summary / Overall Rating |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ≥ 0.000 and < 0.250 | 0 |
| ≥ 0.250 and < 0.750 | 0.5 |
| ≥ 0.750 and < 1.250 | 1.0 |
| ≥ 1.250 and < 1.750 | 1.5 |
| ≥ 1.750 and < 2.250 | 2.0 |
| ≥ 2.250 and < 2.750 | 2.5 |
| ≥ 2.750 and < 3.250 | 3.0 |
| ≥ 3.250 and < 3.750 | 3.5 |
| ≥ 3.750 and < 4.250 | 4.0 |
| ≥ 4.250 and < 4.750 | 4.5 |
| ≥ 4.750 | 5.0 |

For example, a summary or overall rating of 3.749 rounds down to a rating of 3.5, and a rating of 3.751 rounds up to rating of 4.

Methodology for Calculating the High Performing Icon

A contract may receive a high performing icon as a result of its performance on the Parts C and D measures. The high performing icon is assigned to an MA-Only contract for achieving a 5-star Part C summary rating, a PDP contract for a 5-star Part D summary rating, and an MA-PD contract for a 5-star overall rating. Figure 3 shows the high performing icon used in the MPF:



Methodology for Calculating the Low Performing Icon

A contract can receive a low performing icon as a result of its performance on the Part C and/or Part D summary ratings. The low performing icon is calculated by evaluating the Part C and Part D summary ratings for the current year and the past two years (i.e., the 2015, 2016, and 2017 Star Ratings). If the contract had any combination of Part C and/or Part D summary rating of 2.5 or lower in all three years of data, it is marked with a low performing icon (LPI). A contract must have a rating in either Part C and/or Part D for all three years to be considered for this icon.

Figure 4 shows the low performing contract icon used in the MPF:

Figure 4: The Low Performing Icon



Table 25 shows example contracts which would receive an LPI.

Table 25: Example LPI Contracts

| Contract/Rating | Rated As | 2015 C | 2016 C | 2017 C | 2015 D | 2016 D | 2017 D | LPI Awarded | LPI Reason |
|-----------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|--------------|
| HAAAA | MA-PD | 2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | Yes | Part C |
| HBBBB | MA-PD | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.5 | 2 | 2.5 | Yes | Part D |
| HCCCC | MA-PD | 2.5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | Yes | Part C or D |
| HDDDD | MA-PD | 3 | 2.5 | 3 | 2.5 | 3 | 2.5 | Yes | Part C or D |
| HEEEE | MA-PD | 2.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | Yes | Part C and D |
| HFFFF | MA-Only | 2.5 | 2 | 2.5 | - | - | - | Yes | Part C |
| SAAAA | PDP | - | - | - | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2 | Yes | Part D |

Mergers, Novations, and Consolidations

This section covers how the Star Ratings are affected by mergers, novation and consolidations. To ensure a common understanding, we begin by defining each of the terms.

- Merger: when two (or more) companies join together to become a single business. Each of these separate businesses had one or more contracts with CMS for offering health and/or drug services to Medicare beneficiaries. After the merger, all of those individual contracts with CMS are still intact, only the ownership changes in each of the contracts to the name of the new single business. Mergers can occur at any time during a contract year.
- 2. Novation: when one company acquires another company. Each of these separate businesses had one or more contracts with CMS for offering health and/or drug services to beneficiaries. After the novation, all of those individual contracts with CMS are still intact. The owner's names of the contracts acquired are changed to the new owner's name. Novations can occur at any time during the contract year.
- 3. Consolidation: when an organization/sponsor that has at least two contracts with CMS for offering health and/or drug services to beneficiaries combines multiple contracts into a single contract with CMS. Consolidations occur only at the change of the contract year. The one or more contracts that will no longer exist at contract year's end; these are known as the consumed contracts. The contract that will still exist is known as the surviving contract and all of the beneficiaries still enrolled in the consumed contract(s) are moved to the surviving contract.

None of these types of change the ratings earned by an individual contract in any way.

For a merger or novation, the only change is the company listed as owning the contract; there is no change in contract structure, so the Star Ratings earned by the contract remains with them until the next rating cycle. This includes any High Performer or Low Performing icons earned by any of the contracts.

Consolidations become effective the first day of the calendar year. The Star Ratings are released the previous October so they are available when open enrollment begins. Each of the consumed contracts and the surviving contract will earn its own individual Star Ratings. The Star Ratings for the consumed contracts will be shared with the owning organization in the HPMS previews but will not be released publicly and are not included in determining Quality Bonus Payment (QBP) ratings. The ratings for the consumed contracts will only be used in the Past Performance Analysis performed by CMS. The surviving contract's ratings are posted publicly, used in determining QBP ratings, and included in the Past Performance Analysis.

Reliability Requirement for Low-enrollment Contracts

HEDIS measures for contracts whose enrollment as of July 2014 was at least 500 but less than 1,000 will be included in the Star Ratings in 2017 when the contract-specific measure score reliability is equal to or greater than 0.7. The reliability calculations are implemented using SAS PROC MIXED as documented on pages 31-32 of the report "The Reliability of Provider Profiling – A Tutorial," available at http://www.ncga.org/HEDISQualityMeasurement/Research.aspx.

Special Needs Plan (SNP) Data

CMS has included four SNP-specific measures in the 2017 Star Ratings. The Part C 'Special Needs Plan Care Management' measure is based on data reported by contracts through the Medicare Part C Reporting Requirements. The three Part C 'Care for Older Adults' measures are based on HEDIS data. The data for all of these measures are reported at the plan benefit package (PBP) level, while the Star Ratings are reported at the contract level.

The methodology used to combine the PBP data to the contract level is different between the two data sources. The Part C Reporting Requirements data are summed into a contract-level rate after excluding PBPs that do not map to any PBP offered by the contract in the calendar year for which the Reporting Requirements data underwent data validation. The HEDIS data are summed into a contract-level rate as long as the contract will be offering a SNP PBP in the Star Ratings year.

The two methodologies used to combine the PBP data within a contract for these measures are described further in Attachment E.

Star Ratings and Marketing

Plan sponsors must ensure the Star Ratings document and all marketing of Star Ratings information is compliant with CMS' Medicare Marketing Guidelines. Failure to follow CMS' guidance may result in compliance actions against the contract. The Medicare Marketing Guidelines were issued as Chapters 2 and 3 of the Prescription Drug Benefit Manual and the Medicare Managed Care Manual, respectively. Please direct questions about marketing Star Ratings information to your Account Manager.

Contact Information

The contact below can assist you with various aspects of the Star Ratings.

Part C & D Star Ratings: Part C & D Star Ratings@cms.hhs.gov

If you have questions or require information about the specific subject areas associated with the Star Ratings please write to those contacts directly and cc the Part C & D Star Ratings mailbox.

- CAHPS (MA & Part D): <u>MP-CAHPS@cms.hhs.gov</u>
- Call Center Monitoring: <u>CallCenterMonitoring@cms.hhs.gov</u>
- Data Integrity: PARTCDQA@cms.hhs.gov
- Disenrollment Reasons Survey: <u>DisenrollSurvey@cms.hhs.gov</u>
- HEDIS: HEDISquestions@cms.hhs.gov
- HOS: HOS@cms.hhs.gov
- Part C Plan Reporting: <u>Partcplanreporting@cms.hhs.gov</u>
- Part D Plan Reporting: Partd-planreporting@cms.hhs.gov
- Part C & D Plan Reporting Data Validation: PartCandD_Data_Validation@cms.hhs.gov
- Marketing: <u>marketing@cms.hhs.gov</u>
- Demonstration (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) Ratings: mmcocapsmodel@cms.hhs.gov
- QBP Ratings and Appeals questions: QBPAppeals@cms.hhs.gov
- QBP Payment or Risk Analysis questions: <u>riskadjustment@cms.hhs.gov</u>

Framework and Definitions for the Domain and Measure Details Section

This page contains the formatting framework and definition of each sub-section that is used to describe the domain and measure details on the following pages.

Domain: The name of the domain to which the measures following this heading belong

| Manager The manager | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Title | re ID and common name of the ratings measure Description |
| Label for Stars: | The label that appears with the stars for this measure on Medicare.gov. |
| Label for Data: | The label that appears with the numeric data for this measure on Medicare.gov. |
| Description: | The English language description shown for the measure on the Medicare.gov. The text in this sub-section has been cognitively tested with beneficiaries to aid in their understanding the purpose of the measure. |
| HEDIS Label: | Optional – contains the full NCQA HEDIS measure name. |
| Measure Reference: | Optional – this sub-section contains the location of the detailed measure specification in the NCQA documentation for all HEDIS and HEDIS/HOS measures. |
| Metric: | Defines how the measure is calculated. |
| Primary Data Source: | The primary source of the data used in the measure. |
| Data Source Description: | Optional – contains information about additional data sources needed for calculating the measure. |
| Data Source Category: | The category of this data source. |
| Exclusions: | Optional – lists any exclusions applied to the data used for the measure. |
| General Notes: | Optional – contains additional information about the measure and the data used. |
| Data Time Frame: | The time frame of data used from the data source. In some HEDIS measures this date range may appear to conflict with the specific data time frame defined in the NCQA Technical Specifications. In those cases, the data used by CMS is unchanged from what was submitted to NCQA. CMS uses the data time frame of the overall HEDIS submission which is the HEDIS measurement year. |
| General Trend: | Indicates whether high values are better or low values are better for the measure. |
| Statistical Method: | The methodology used for assigning stars in this measure; see the section entitled "Methodology for Assigning Part C and Part D Measure Star Ratings" for an explanation of each of the possible entries in this sub-section. |
| Improvement Measure: | Indicates whether this measure is included in the improvement measure. |
| CAI Usage: | Indicates if the measure is used in the Categorical Adjustment Index calculation. |
| Case Mix Adjusted: | Indicates if the data are case mix adjusted prior to being used for the Star Ratings. |
| Weighting Category: | The weighting category of this measure. |
| Weighting Value: | The numeric weight for this measure in the summary and overall rating calculations. |
| CMS Framework Area: | Contains the area where this measure fits into the CMS Quality Framework. |
| NQF #: | The National Quality Framework (NQF) number for the measure or "None" if there is no equivalent measure with NQF endorsement. |
| Data Display: | The format used to the display the numeric data on Medicare.gov |
| Reporting Requirements: | Table indicating which organization types are required to report the measure. "Yes" for organizations required to report; "No" for organizations not required to report. |
| Cut Points: | Table containing the cut points used in the measure. For CAHPS measures, the table contains the Base Group Cut Points which are used prior to the final star assignment rules being applied. |

Part C Domain and Measure Details

See Attachment C for the national averages of individual Part C measures.

Domain: 1 - Staying Healthy: Screenings, Tests and Vaccines

| Measure: C01 - Breas | t Cancer Screening Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| | Breast Cancer Screening |
| | Breast Cancer Screening |
| | Percent of female plan members aged 52-74 who had a mammogram during the past 2 years. |
| HEDIS Label: | Breast Cancer Screening (BCS) |
| Measure Reference: | NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 77 |
| Metric: | The percentage of women MA enrollees 50 to 74 years of age (denominator) who had a mammogram to screen for breast cancer (numerator). |
| Primary Data Source: | HEDIS |
| Data Source Category: | Health and Drug Plans |
| Exclusions: | (optional) Bilateral mastectomy any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year. Any of the following meet criteria for bilateral mastectomy: Bilateral mastectomy (Bilateral Mastectomy Value Set). Unilateral mastectomy (Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set) with a bilateral modifier (Bilateral Modifier Value Set). Two unilateral mastectomies (Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set) with service dates 14 days or more apart. For example, if the service date for the first unilateral mastectomy was February 1 of the measurement year, the service date for the second unilateral mastectomy must be on or after February 15. Both of the following (on the same or a different date of service): Unilateral mastectomy (Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set) with a right-side modifier (Right Modifier Value Set) (same date of service). Unilateral mastectomy (Unilateral Mastectomy Value Set) with a left-side modifier (Left Modifier Value Set) (same date of service). Absence of the left breast (Absence of Left Breast Value Set) and absence of the right breast (Absence of Right Breast Value Set) on the same or different date of service. History of bilateral mastectomy (History of Bilateral Mastectomy Value Set). Left unilateral mastectomy (Unilateral Mastectomy Left Value Set) and right unilateral mastectomy (Unilateral Mastectomy Right Value Set) on the same or different date of service. |
| | Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded. |

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Included

Title Description

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0031

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | 6 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | • | | | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|----|---------------------------|--------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Co | st & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Ye | s Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 43% | ≥ 43% to < 63% | ≥ 63% to < 69% | ≥ 69% to < 76% | ≥ 76% |

Measure: C02 - Colorectal Cancer Screening

Title Description

Label for Stars: Colorectal Cancer Screening Label for Data: Colorectal Cancer Screening

Description: Percent of plan members aged 50-75 who had appropriate screening for colon cancer.

HEDIS Label: Colorectal Cancer Screening (COL)

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 83

Metric: The percentage of MA enrollees aged 50 to 75 (denominator) who had appropriate

screenings for colorectal cancer (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional) Refer to Administrative Specification for exclusion criteria. Exclusionary

evidence in the medical record must include a note indicating colorectal cancer or total

colectomy any time during the member's history through December 31 of the

measurement year.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report

are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

3 3 3 3 3

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0034

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

| Title | | Description | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|---|----------|-------|---------|----------|--------|-------|--------------|--|
| Reporting Requirements: | 1876 | 6 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | | | CCP & | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS | |
| | Cost | & Regional CCP | w/o SNP | C | CP with | SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS | |
| | Yes | Yes | | | Yes | | Yes | No | Yes | |
| Cut Points: | 1 Star | r 2 Stars | 3 Sta | rs | 4 9 | Stars | 5 Star | 'S | | |
| | < 55% | $\frac{7}{6} \ge 55\% \text{ to } < 62\%$ | ≥ 62% to | < 71% | ≥ 71% | to < 81% | ≥ 81% | 6 | | |

Measure: C03 - Annual Flu Vaccine

Title Description

Label for Stars: Annual Flu Vaccine Label for Data: Annual Flu Vaccine

Description: Percent of plan members who got a vaccine (flu shot) prior to flu season.

Metric: The percentage of sampled Medicare enrollees (denominator) who received an

influenza vaccination during the measurement year (numerator).

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Question (question number varies depending on survey type):

• Have you had a flu shot since July 1, 2015?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: This measure is not case-mix adjusted.

CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in early August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 – 08/2016 General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0040

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Data Display. Numeric with no decimal point

Base Group Cut Points:

| Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| < 65 | ≥ 65 to < 68 | ≥ 68 to < 74 | ≥ 74 to < 78 | ≥ 78 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Measure: C04 - Improving or Maintaining Physical Health

Label for Stars: Improving or Maintaining Physical Health

Label for Data: Improving or Maintaining Physical Health

Description: Percent of all plan members whose physical health was the same or better than expected after two years.

Metric: The percentage of sampled Medicare enrollees 65 years of age or older (denominator) whose physical health status was the same or better than expected (numerator).

Description

Primary Data Source: HOS

Data Source Description: 2013-2015 Cohort 16 Performance Measurement Results (2013 Baseline data

collection, 2015 Follow-up data collection)

2-year PCS change - Questions: 1, 2a-b, 3a-b & 5

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

Exclusions: Contracts with less than 30 responses are suppressed.

Data Time Frame: 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|--|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 64% | ≥ 64% to < 67% | ≥ 67% to < 72% | ≥ 72% to < 84% | ≥ 84% |

Measure: C05 - Improving or Maintaining Mental Health

| Title | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| Label for Stars: | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health |
| Label for Data: | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health |
| • | Percent of all plan members whose mental health was the same or better than expected after two years. |
| | The percentage of sampled Medicare enrollees 65 years of age or older (denominator) whose mental health status was the same or better than expected (numerator). |
| Primary Data Source: | HOS |
| Data Source Description: | 2013-2015 Cohort 16 Performance Measurement Results (2013 Baseline data |

collection, 2015 Follow-up data collection)

2-year MCS change – Questions: 4a-b, 6a-c & 7

Title Description

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

Exclusions: Contracts with less than 30 responses are suppressed.

Data Time Frame: 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| : | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|---|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| | Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 79% | ≥ 79% to < 83% | ≥ 83% to < 85% | ≥ 85% to < 87% | ≥ 87% |

Measure: C06 - Monitoring Physical Activity

Title Description

Label for Stars: Monitoring Physical Activity Label for Data: Monitoring Physical Activity

Description: Percent of senior plan members who discussed exercise with their doctor and were

advised to start, increase, or maintain their physical activity during the year.

HEDIS Label: Physical Activity in Older Adults (PAO)

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2014 Specifications for The Medicare Health Outcomes Survey Volume

6, page 32

Metric: The percentage of sampled Medicare members 65 years of age or older (denominator)

who had a doctor's visit in the past 12 months and who received advice to start,

increase or maintain their level exercise or physical activity (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS / HOS

Data Source Description: Cohort 16 Follow-up Data collection (2015) and Cohort 18 Baseline data collection

(2015).

HOS Survey Question 46: In the past 12 months, did you talk with a doctor or other health provider about your level of exercise of physical activity? For example, a doctor or other health provider may ask if you exercise regularly or take part in physical exercise.

HOS Survey Question 47: In the past 12 months, did a doctor or other health care provider advise you to start, increase or maintain your level of exercise or physical activity? For example, in order to improve your health, your doctor or other health provider may advise you to start taking the stairs, increase walking from 10 to 20 minutes every day or to maintain your current exercise program.

Title Description

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

Exclusions: Members who responded "I had no visits in the past 12 months" to Question 46 are excluded from results calculations for Question 47. Contracts must achieve a denominator of at least 100 to obtain a reportable result. If the denominator is less than

100, the measure result will be "Not enough data available."

Data Time Frame: 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: 0029

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements: | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional E-PDP E-PFFS, PFFS Cost & Regional CCP w/o SNP **CCP with SNP** MSAL& PDP & R-PFFS

Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes

Cut Points: 1 Star

2 Stars 3 Stars 4 Stars 5 Stars < 45% ≥ 45% to < 49% ≥ 49% to < 54% ≥ 54% to < 57% ≥ 57%

Measure: C07 - Adult BMI Assessment

Title Description

Label for Stars: Checking to See if Members Are at a Healthy Weight Label for Data: Checking to See if Members Are at a Healthy Weight

Description: Percent of plan members with an outpatient visit who had their "Body Mass Index" (BMI) calculated from their height and weight and recorded in their medical records.

HEDIS Label: Adult BMI Assessment (ABA)

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 56

Metric: The percentage of MA enrollees 18-74 years of age (denominator) who had an outpatient visit and whose body mass index (BMI) was documented during the

measurement year or the year prior the measurement year (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional) Members who have a diagnosis of pregnancy (Pregnancy Value Set) during

the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Title Description

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0421

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 45% | ≥ 45% to < 63% | ≥ 63% to < 87% | ≥ 87% to < 96% | ≥ 96% |

Domain: 2 - Managing Chronic (Long Term) Conditions

Measure: C08 - Special Needs Plan (SNP) Care Management

Title Description

Label for Stars: Members Whose Plan Did an Assessment of Their Health Needs and Risks

Label for Data: Members Whose Plan Did an Assessment of Their Health Needs and Risks

Description: Percent of members whose plan did an assessment of their health needs and risks in the past year. The results of this review are used to help the member get the care they need. (Medicare collects this information only from Medicare Special Needs Plans. Medicare does not collect this information from other types of plans. These plans are a type of Medicare Advantage Plan designed for certain types of people with Medicare. Some Special Needs Plans are for people with certain chronic diseases and conditions, some are for people who have both Medicare and Medicaid, and some are for people who live in an institution such as a nursing home.)

Metric: This measure is defined as the percent of eligible Special Needs Plan (SNP) enrollees who received a health risk assessment (HRA) during the measurement year. The denominator for this measure is the sum of the number of new enrollees (Element 13.1) and the number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA (Element 13.2). The numerator for this measure is the sum of the number of initial HRAs performed on new enrollees (Element 13.3) and the number of annual reassessments performed (Element 13.4). The equation for calculating the SNP Care Management Assessment Rate is:

[Number of initial HRAs performed on new enrollees (Element 13.3)

+ Number of annual reassessments performed (Element 13.4)]

/ [Number of new enrollees (Element 13.1)

+ Number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA (Element 13.2)]

Primary Data Source: Part C Plan Reporting

Data Source Description: Data were reported by contracts to CMS per the Part C Reporting Requirements. Validation of these data was performed during the 2016 Data Validation cycle.

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts and PBPs with an effective termination date on or before the deadline to submit data validation results to CMS (June 30, 2016) are excluded and listed as "No data available."

> SNP Care Management Assessment Rates are not provided for contracts that did not score at least 95% on data validation for the SNP Care Management reporting section or were not compliant with data validation standards/sub-standards for any the following SNP Care Management data elements:

- Number of new enrollees (Element 13.1)
- Number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA (Element 13.2)
- Number of initial HRAs performed on new enrollees (Element 13.3)
- Number of annual reassessments performed (Element 13.4)

Contracts can view their data validation results in HPMS (https://hpms.cms.gov/). From the home page, select Monitoring | Plan Reporting Data Validation. If you cannot see the Plan Reporting Data Validation module, contact CMSHPMS Access@cms.hhs.gov.

Contracts excluded from the SNP Care Management Assessment Rates due to data validation issues are shown as "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Additionally, contracts must have 30 or more enrollees in the denominator [Number of new enrollees (Element 13.1) + Number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA

(Element 13.2) ≥ 30] in order to have a calculated rate. Contracts with fewer than 30

eligible enrollees are listed as "No data available."

General Notes: More information about the data used to calculate this measure can be found in

Attachment E.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with 1 decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|---|---|---|-----|----|----|--------------------------|
| Ν | Ю | No | Yes | No | No | No |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|
| < 33.5% | ≥ 33.5% to < 54.1% | ≥ 54.1% to < 74.2% | ≥ 74.2% to < 92.9% | ≥ 92.9% |

Measure: C09 - Care for Older Adults - Medication Review

Title Description

Label for Stars: Yearly Review of All Medications and Supplements Being Taken Label for Data: Yearly Review of All Medications and Supplements Being Taken

Description: Percent of plan members whose doctor or clinical pharmacist has reviewed a list of everything they take (prescription and non-prescription drugs, vitamins, herbal

remedies, other supplements) at least once a year.

(This information about a yearly review of medications is collected for Medicare Special Needs Plans only. These plans are a type of Medicare Advantage Plan designed for certain types of people with Medicare. Some Special Needs Plans are for people with certain chronic diseases and conditions, some are for people who have both Medicare and Medicaid, and some are for people who live in an institution such as a nursing home.)

HEDIS Label: Care for Older Adults (COA) - Medication Review

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 89

Metric: The percentage of Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plan enrollees 66 years and older (denominator) who received at least one medication review (Medication Review Value Set) conducted by a prescribing practitioner or clinical pharmacist during the measurement year and the presence of a medication list in the medical record

(Medication List Value Set) (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: SNP benefit packages whose enrollment was less than 30 as of February 2015 SNP

Comprehensive Report were excluded from this measure.

General Notes: The formula used to calculate this measure can be found in Attachment E.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering
Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0553

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| No | No | Yes | No | No | No |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 30% | ≥ 30% to < 57% | ≥ 57% to < 75% | ≥ 75% to < 87% | ≥ 87% |

Measure: C10 - Care for Older Adults - Functional Status Assessment

Title Description

Label for Stars: Yearly Assessment of How Well Plan Members Are Able to Do Activities of Daily Living

Label for Data: Yearly Assessment of How Well Plan Members Are Able to Do Activities of Daily Living

Description: Percent of plan members whose doctor has done a functional status assessment to see how well they are able to do "activities of daily living" (such as dressing, eating, and

bathing).

(This information about the yearly assessment is collected for Medicare Special Needs Plans only. These plans are a type of Medicare Advantage Plan designed for certain types of people with Medicare. Some Special Needs Plans are for people with certain chronic diseases and conditions, some are for people who have both Medicare and Medicaid, and some are for people who live in an institution such as a nursing home.)

HEDIS Label: Care for Older Adults (COA) – Functional Status Assessment

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 89

Metric: The percentage of Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plan enrollees 66 years and

older (denominator) who received at least one functional status assessment (Functional

Status Assessment Value Set) during the measurement year (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: SNP benefit packages whose enrollment was less than 30 as of February 2015 SNP

Comprehensive Report were excluded from this measure.

General Notes: The formula used to calculate this measure can be found in Attachment E.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|---|------|--|---------------|-------|------|--------------------------|
| ı | COSI | & Regional CCF W/O SNP | CCP WILII SNP | IVISA | ארטר | a K-PFF3 |
| ſ | No | No | Yes | No | No | No |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 36% | ≥ 36% to < 56% | ≥ 56% to < 74% | ≥ 74% to < 86% | ≥ 86% |

Measure: C11 - Care for Older Adults - Pain Assessment

Title Description

Label for Stars: Yearly Pain Screening or Pain Management Plan Label for Data: Yearly Pain Screening or Pain Management Plan

Description: Percent of plan members who had a pain screening or pain management plan at least once during the year. (This information about pain screening or pain management is

collected for Medicare Special Needs Plans only.

These plans are a type of Medicare Advantage Plan designed for certain types of people with Medicare. Some Special Needs Plans are for people with certain chronic diseases and conditions, some are for people who have both Medicare and Medicaid,

and some are for people who live in an institution such as a nursing home.)

HEDIS Label: Care for Older Adults (COA) - Pain Screening

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 89

Metric: The percentage of Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plan enrollees 66 years and older (denominator) who received at least one pain assessment (Pain Assessment

Value Set) plan during the measurement year (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: SNP benefit packages whose enrollment was less than 30 as of February 2015 SNP

Comprehensive Report were excluded from this measure.

General Notes: The formula used to calculate this measure can be found in Attachment E.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: None

| Title | | | | | Descri | iption | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------------------|--------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Data Display: | Perc | rcentage with no decimal point | | | | | | |
| Reporting Requirements: | 1876 Cost | Local CCP, E-CC & Regional CCP | P, R-CCP w/o SNP | Local C | CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | MSA | E-PDP & PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
| | No | No | | | Yes | No | No | No |
| Cut Points: | 1 Sta | 2 Stars | 3 Sta | rs | 4 Stars | 5 Star | 'S | |
| | < 37% | $\ge 37\% \text{ to } < 59\%$ | ≥ 59% to | < 75% | ≥ 75% to < 88% | ≥ 88% | 6 | |

| Measure: C12 | - Osteonorosis | Management in | Women who | had a Fracture |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| IVICASUIC. CIZ | - | Manadellielit III | AACHICH MIL | illau a i lacture |

Title Description Label for Stars: Osteoporosis Management Label for Data: Osteoporosis Management Description: Percent of female plan members who broke a bone and got screening or treatment for osteoporosis within 6 months. HEDIS Label: Osteoporosis Management in Women Who Had a Fracture (OMW) Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 155 Metric: The percentage of woman MA enrollees 67 - 85 who suffered a fracture (denominator) and who had either a bone mineral density (BMD) test or prescription for a drug to treat osteoporosis in the six months after the fracture (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report

are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0053

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----------------|-----|---------|--------------------------|
| CUS | A Regional CCF W/O SINF | CCF WILLII SINF | | C F D F | α IN-FIT 3 |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 21% | ≥ 21% to < 34% | ≥ 34% to < 51% | ≥ 51% to < 70% | ≥ 70% |

Measure: C13 - Diabetes Care - Eye Exam

Description Label for Stars: Eye Exam to Check for Damage from Diabetes Label for Data: Eye Exam to Check for Damage from Diabetes Description: Percent of plan members with diabetes who had an eye exam to check for damage from diabetes during the year. HEDIS Label: Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC) - Eye Exam (Retinal) Performed Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 132 Metric: The percentage of diabetic MA enrollees 18-75 with diabetes (type 1 and type 2)

(denominator) who had an eye exam (retinal) performed during the measurement year

(numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional) Members who do not have a diagnosis of diabetes (Diabetes Value Set), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year and who had a diagnosis of gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes (Diabetes Exclusions Value Set), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

> Organizations that apply optional exclusions must exclude members from the denominator for all indicators. The denominator for all rates must be the same, with the exception of the HbA1c Control (<7.0%) for a Selected Population denominator.

> If the member was included in the measure based on claim or encounter data, as described in the event/ diagnosis criteria, the optional exclusions do not apply because the member had a diagnosis of diabetes.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1.000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0055

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 46% | ≥ 46% to < 61% | ≥ 61% to < 73% | ≥ 73% to < 81% | ≥ 81% |

Measure: C14 - Diabetes Care - Kidney Disease Monitoring

Title Description

Label for Stars: Kidney Function Testing for Members with Diabetes Label for Data: Kidney Function Testing for Members with Diabetes

Description: Percent of plan members with diabetes who had a kidney function test during the year.

HEDIS Label: Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC) - Medical Attention for Nephropathy

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 132

Metric: The percentage of diabetic MA enrollees 18-75 with diabetes (type 1 and type 2)

(denominator) who had medical attention for nephropathy during the measurement year

(numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional) Members who do not have a diagnosis of diabetes (Diabetes Value Set), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year and who had a diagnosis of gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes (Diabetes Exclusions Value Set), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to

the measurement year.

Organizations that apply optional exclusions must exclude members from the denominator for all indicators. The denominator for all rates must be the same, with the exception of the HbA1c Control (<7.0%) for a Selected Population denominator.

If the member was included in the measure based on claim or encounter data, as described in the event/ diagnosis criteria, the optional exclusions do not apply because the member had a diagnosis of diabetes.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0062

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|--|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 92% | ≥ 92% to < 94% | ≥ 94% to < 96% | ≥ 96% to < 98% | ≥ 98% |

Measure: C15 - Diabetes Care - Blood Sugar Controlled

Title

Description

Label for Stars: Plan Members with Diabetes whose Blood Sugar is Under Control

Label for Data: Plan Members with Diabetes whose Blood Sugar is Under Control

Description: Percent of plan members with diabetes who had an A1C lab test during the year that showed their average blood sugar is under control.

HEDIS Label: Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC) – HbA1c poor control (>9.0%)

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 132

Metric: The percentage of diabetic MA enrollees 18-75 (denominator) whose most recent HbA1c level is greater than 9%, or who were not tested during the measurement year (numerator). (This measure for public reporting is reverse scored so higher scores are better.) To calculate this measure, subtract the submitted rate from 100.

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional) Members who do not have a diagnosis of diabetes (Diabetes Value Set), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year and who had a diagnosis of gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes (Diabetes Exclusions Value Set), in any setting, during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

Organizations that apply optional exclusions must exclude members from the denominator for all indicators. The denominator for all rates must be the same, with the exception of the HbA1c Control (<7.0%) for a Selected Population denominator.

If the member was included in the measure based on claim or encounter data, as described in the event/ diagnosis criteria, the optional exclusions do not apply because the member had a diagnosis of diabetes.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering
Improvement Measure: Included
CAI Usage: Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Intermediate Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0059

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|--|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points

| : | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|---|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| | < 49% | ≥ 49% to < 62% | ≥ 62% to < 76% | ≥ 76% to < 84% | ≥ 84% |

Measure: C16 - Controlling Blood Pressure

Title Description

Label for Stars: Controlling Blood Pressure

Label for Data: Controlling Blood Pressure

Description: Percent of plan members with high blood pressure who got treatment and were able to

maintain a healthy pressure.

HEDIS Label: Controlling High Blood Pressure (CBP)

Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 116

Metric: The percentage of MA members 18–85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension (HTN) (denominator) and whose BP was adequately controlled (<140/90) for members 18-59 years of age and 60-85 years of age with diagnosis of diabetes or (150/90) for members 60-85 without a diagnosis of diabetes during the measurement

year (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional)

• Exclude from the eligible population all members with evidence of end-stage renal disease (ESRD) (ESRD Value Set; ESRD Obsolete Value Set) or kidney transplant (Kidney Transplant Value Set) on or prior to December 31 of the measurement year. Documentation in the medical record must include a dated note indicating evidence of ESRD, kidney transplant or dialysis.

- Exclude from the eligible population all members with a diagnosis of pregnancy (Pregnancy Value Set) during the measurement year.
- Exclude from the eligible population all members who had a nonacute inpatient admission during the measurement year. To identify nonacute inpatient admissions:
 - 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (Inpatient Stay Value Set).
 - 2. Confirm the stay was for nonacute care based on the presence of a nonacute code (Nonacute Inpatient Stay Value Set) on the claim.
 - 3. Identify the discharge date for the stay.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Intermediate Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF#: 0018

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|--|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

| Title | | Description | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|--|--|
| Cut Points: | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars | | |
| | < 38% | ≥ 38% to < 56% | ≥ 56% to < 64% | ≥ 64% to < 75% | ≥ 75% | | |

Measure: C17 - Rheumatoid Arthritis Management

Description Label for Stars: Rheumatoid Arthritis Management Label for Data: Rheumatoid Arthritis Management Description: Percent of plan members with rheumatoid arthritis who got one or more prescription(s) for an anti-rheumatic drug. HEDIS Label: Disease-Modifying Anti-Rheumatic Drug Therapy for Rheumatoid Arthritis (ART) Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 152 Metric: The percentage of MA members who were diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis during the measurement year (denominator), and who were dispensed at least one ambulatory prescription for a disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) (numerator).

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: (optional)

 A diagnosis of HIV (HIV Value Set) any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year.

 A diagnosis of pregnancy (Pregnancy Value Set) any time during the measurement year.

Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0054

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements: | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional E-PDP E-PFFS, PFFS Cost & Regional CCP w/o SNP CCP with SNP & R-PFFS MSA & PDP Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes

> Cut Points: 1 Star 2 Stars 3 Stars 4 Stars 5 Stars < 54% ≥ 54% to < 72% ≥ 72% to < 76% ≥ 76% to < 82% ≥ 82%

Measure: C18 - Reducing the Risk of Falling

Description Label for Stars: Reducing the Risk of Falling Label for Data: Reducing the Risk of Falling Description: Percent of plan members with a problem falling, walking, or balancing, who discussed it with their doctor and got treatment for it during the year. HEDIS Label: Fall Risk Management (FRM) Measure Reference: NCQA HEDIS 2014 Specifications for The Medicare Health Outcomes Survey Volume 6, page 34 Metric: The percentage of Medicare members 65 years of age or older who had a fall or had problems with balance or walking in the past 12 months (denominator), who were seen by a practitioner in the past 12 months and who received fall risk intervention from their current practitioner (numerator). Primary Data Source: HEDIS / HOS Data Source Description: Cohort 16 Follow-up Data collection (2015) and Cohort 18 Baseline data collection (2015).HOS Survey Question 48: A fall is when your body goes to the ground without being pushed. In the past 12 months, did your doctor or other health provider talk with you about falling or problems with balance or walking?

HOS Survey Question 49: Did you fall in the past 12 months?

HOS Survey Question 50: In the past 12 months have you had a problem with balance or walking?

HOS Survey Question 51: Has your doctor or other health provider done anything to help prevent falls or treat problems with balance or walking? Some things they might do include:

- Suggest that you use a cane or walker
- Check your blood pressure lying or standing
- Suggest that you do an exercise or physical therapy program
- Suggest a vision or hearing testing

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

Exclusions: Contracts must achieve a denominator of at least 100 to obtain a reportable result. If the denominator is less than 100, the measure result will be "Not enough data available."

Data Time Frame: 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0035

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

| Title | | Description | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----------|-------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Reporting Requirements: | | Local CCP, E-CC & Regional CCP | | | | | E-PDP & PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
| | Yes | Yes | | | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| Cut Points: | 1 Sta | r 2 Stars | 3 Sta | rs | 4 Stars | 5 Star | 'S | |
| | < 53% | % ≥ 53% to < 57% | ≥ 57% to | < 63% | ≥ 63% to < 73% | ≥ 73% | 6 | |

| Measure: C19 - Plan All-Cause Readmissions | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Title | Description | | | | | | | |
| Label for Stars: | Readmission to a Hospital within 30 Days of Being Discharged (more stars are better because it means fewer members are being readmitted) | | | | | | | |
| Label for Data: | Readmission to a Hospital within 30 Days of Being Discharged (lower percentages are better because it means fewer members are being readmitted) | | | | | | | |
| Description: | Percent of senior plan members discharged from a hospital stay who were readmitted to a hospital within 30 days, either for the same condition as their recent hospital stay or for a different reason. (Patients may have been readmitted back to the same hospital or to a different one. Rates of readmission take into account how sick patients were when they went into the hospital the first time. This "risk-adjustment" helps make the comparisons between plans fair and meaningful.) | | | | | | | |
| HEDIS Label: | Plan All-Cause Readmissions (PCR) | | | | | | | |
| Measure Reference: | NCQA HEDIS 2016 Technical Specifications Volume 2, page 326 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Metric: The percentage of acute inpatient stays during the measurement year that were followed by an unplanned acute readmission for any diagnosis within 30 days, for members 65 years of age and older using the following formula to control for differences in the case mix of patients across different contracts.

For contract A, their case-mix adjusted readmission rate relative to the national average is the observed readmission rate for contract A divided by the expected readmission rate for contract A. This ratio is then multiplied by the national average observed rate. To calculate the observed rate and expected rate for contract A for members 65 years and older, the following formulas were used:

- 1. The observed readmission rate for contract A equals the sum of the count of 30-day readmissions across the three age bands (65-74, 75-84 and 85+) divided by the sum of the count of index stays across the three age bands (65-74, 75-84 and 85+).
- 2. The expected readmission rate for contract A equals the sum of the average adjusted probabilities across the three age bands (65-74, 75-84 and 85+), weighted by the percentage of index stays in each age band.

See <u>Attachment F</u>: Calculating Measure C19: Plan All-Cause Readmissions for the complete formula, example calculation and National Average Observation value used to complete this measure.

Primary Data Source: HEDIS

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts whose enrollment was at least 500 but less than 1,000 as of the July 2015 enrollment report and having measure score reliability less than 0.7 are excluded.

Contracts whose enrollment was less than 500 as of the July 2015 enrollment report are excluded from this measure.

| Title | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| | As listed in the HEDIS Technical Specifications. CMS has excluded contracts whose denominator was 10 or less. |
| General Notes: | In past Star Ratings, 1876 Cost contracts voluntarily reported data in this measure even though they were not required to do so. CMS has rated these 1876 Cost contracts based on their submitted data. We did not use the cost contracts data when calculating the NatAvgObs or when determining the cut points for this measure. This measure is not used in the final Part C summary or overall ratings for 1876 Cost contracts. The data for 1876 Cost contracts will be handled the same way in this measure for the 2017 Star Ratings. |
| Data Time Frame: | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| General Trend: | Lower is better |
| Statistical Method: | Clustering |

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Improvement Measure: Not Included

Weighting Category: Outcome Measure

CAI Usage: Not Included

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Care coordination

NQF #: 1768

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS

No Yes Yes Yes No Yes

 Cut Points:
 1 Star
 2 Stars
 3 Stars
 4 Stars
 5 Stars

 > 15%
 > 12% to ≤ 15%
 > 10% to ≤ 12%
 > 8% to ≤ 10%
 ≤ 8%

Title

Label for Stars: Ease of Getting Needed Care and Seeing Specialists

Label for Data: Ease of Getting Needed Care and Seeing Specialists

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned on how easy it is for members to get needed care, including care from specialists.

Metric: This case-mix adjusted composite measure is used to assess how easy it was for a member to get needed care and see specialists. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The score shown is the percentage of the best possible score each contract earned.

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Questions (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

• In the last 6 months, how often was it easy to get appointments with specialists?

• In the last 6 months, how often was it easy to get the care, tests, or treatment you needed through your health plan?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in

August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring

methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 – 08/2016 General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: 0006

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|-----|-------------------------|--------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cos | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Base Group Cut Points:

| Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| < 79 | ≥ 79 to < 81 | ≥ 81 to < 84 | ≥ 84 to < 86 | ≥ 86 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Measure: C21 - Getting Appointments and Care Quickly

Title Description

Label for Stars: Getting Appointments and Care Quickly

Label for Data: Getting Appointments and Care Quickly

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned on how quickly members get appointments and care.

Metric: This case-mix adjusted composite measure is used to assess how quickly the member was able to get appointments and care. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Questions (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

possible score each contract earned.

• In the last 6 months, when you needed care right away, how often did you get care as soon as you thought you needed?

converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The score shown is the percentage of the best

• In the last 6 months, not counting the times when you needed care right away, how often did you get an appointment for your health care at a doctor's office or clinic as soon as you thought you needed?

• In the last 6 months, how often did you see the person you came to see within 15 minutes of your appointment time?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring

methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 – 08/2016 General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: 0006

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cos | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Base Group Cut Points:

| Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| < 72 | ≥ 72 to < 73 | ≥ 73 to < 77 | ≥ 77 to < 79 | ≥ 79 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

| | ~~~ | A | ~ |
|----------|--------|----------|----------|
| Measure: | (:22 - | Customer | Service |

| Measure: C22 - Custo Title | Description | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Health Plan Provides Information or Help When Members Need It | | | | | | | |
| | Health Plan Provides Information or Help When Members Need It | | | | | | | |
| | Percent of the best possible score the plan earned on how easy it is for members to get | | | | | | | |
| · | nformation and help from the plan when needed. | | | | | | | |
| Metric: | This case-mix adjusted composite measure is used to assess how easy it was for the member to get information and help when needed. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The score shown is the percentage of the best possible score each contract earned. | | | | | | | |
| Primary Data Source: | CAHPS | | | | | | | |
| Data Source Description: | CAHPS Survey Questions (question numbers vary depending on survey type): | | | | | | | |
| | In the last 6 months, how often did your health plan's customer service give you the information or help you needed? | | | | | | | |
| | In the last 6 months, how often did your health plan's customer service treat you with courtesy and respect? | | | | | | | |
| | • In the last 6 months, how often were the forms for your health plan easy to fill out? | | | | | | | |
| Data Source Category: | Survey of Enrollees | | | | | | | |
| General Notes: | CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned. | | | | | | | |
| Data Time Frame: | 02/2016 – 08/2016 | | | | | | | |
| General Trend: | Higher is better | | | | | | | |
| Statistical Method: | Relative Distribution and Significance Testing | | | | | | | |
| Improvement Measure: | Included | | | | | | | |
| CAI Usage: | Not Included | | | | | | | |
| Case-mix adjusted: | Yes | | | | | | | |
| Weighting Category: | : Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | | | | | | | |
| Weighting Value: | : 1.5 | | | | | | | |
| CMS Framework Area: | Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes | | | | | | | |
| NQF #: | 0006 | | | | | | | |
| • • | Numeric with no decimal point | | | | | | | |
| Reporting Requirements: | 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional Cost & Regional CCP w/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | | | | | | | |
| | Yes Yes Yes No Yes | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Base Group Cut Points: | Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | < 84 | ≥ 84 to < 86 | ≥ 86 to < 89 | ≥ 89 to < 90 | ≥ 90 |
| | These techi | | | • . | • |
| | see the Atta | achment K f | or the CAHF | PS Methodo | logy for fina |

Measure: C23 - Rating of Health Care Quality

Title Description

Label for Stars: Member's Rating of Health Care Quality Label for Data: Member's Rating of Health Care Quality

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned from members who rated the quality

of the health care they received.

Metric: This case-mix adjusted measure is used to assess members' view of the quality of care received from the health plan. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The score shown is the percentage of the best possible score each

contract earned.

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Question (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

• Using any number from 0 to 10, where 0 is the worst health care possible and 10 is the best health care possible, what number would you use to rate all your health care

in the last 6 months?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in

August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring

methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 - 08/2016

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: 0006

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

_ _ _ _ _ _

Reporting Requirements: | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS | Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Base Group Cut Points:

| Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| < 83 | ≥ 83 to < 85 | ≥ 85 to < 86 | ≥ 86 to < 88 | ≥ 88 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the Attachment K for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Measure: C24 - Rating of Health Plan

Title Description

Label for Stars: Member's Rating of Health Plan Label for Data: Member's Rating of Health Plan

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned from members who rated the health

plan.

Metric: This case-mix adjusted measure is used to assess members' overall view of their health plan. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The

score shown is the percentage of the best possible score each contract earned.

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Question (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

• Using any number from 0 to 10, where 0 is the worst health plan possible and 10 is the best health plan possible, what number would you use to rate your health plan?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in

August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 – 08/2016 General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: 0006

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Bala Bioplay. Harriono Will no acomiai point

Base Group Cut Points: B

| Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| < 81 | ≥ 81 to < 83 | ≥ 83 to < 85 | ≥ 85 to < 88 | ≥ 88 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Measure: C25 - Care Coordination

Title

Description

Label for Stars: Coordination of Members' Health Care Services

Label for Data: Coordination of Members' Health Care Services

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned on how well the plan coordinates members' care. (This includes whether doctors had the records and information they needed about members' care and how quickly members got their test results.)

Metric: This case-mix adjusted composite measure is used to assess Care Coordination. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale of 0 to 100. The score shown

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Questions (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

is the percentage of the best possible score each contract earned.

- In the last 6 months, when you visited your personal doctor for a scheduled appointment, how often did he or she have your medical records or other information about your care?
- In the last 6 months, when your personal doctor ordered a blood test, x-ray or other test for you, how often did someone from your personal doctor's office follow up to give you those results?
- In the last 6 months, when your personal doctor ordered a blood test, x-ray or other test for you, how often did you get those results as soon as you needed them?
- In the last 6 months, how often did you and your personal doctor talk about all the prescription medicines you were taking?
- In the last 6 months, did you get the help you needed from your personal doctor's office to manage your care among these different providers and services?
- In the last 6 months, how often did your personal doctor seem informed and up-todate about the care you got from specialists?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 – 08/2016 General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included
CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Care coordination

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Base Group Cut Points:

| Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| < 82 | ≥ 82 to < 84 | ≥ 84 to < 86 | ≥ 86 to < 87 | ≥ 87 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Domain: 4 - Member Complaints and Changes in the Health Plan's Performance

| snapshot of CTM data. Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for | Measure: C26 - Comp | slaints about the Health Plan | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Label for Stars: Complaints about the Health Plan (more stars are better because it means fewer complaints) Label for Data: Complaints about the Health Plan (number of complaints for every 1,000 members) (lower numbers are better because it means fewer complaints) Description: How many complaints Medicare received about the health plan. Metric Rate of complaints about the health plan per 1,000 members. For each contract, this rate is calculated as: [(Total number of all complaints logged into the Complaint Tracking Module (CTM)) / (Average Contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (Number of Days in Period = 365). **Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data. **Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. **A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned for the captoring period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month 'wash out' period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Calegory: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B. Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better | _ | | | | | | | |
| (lower numbers are better because it means fewer complaints) Description: How many complaints Medicare received about the health plan. Metric: Rate of complaints about the health plan per 1,000 members. For each contract, this rate is calculated as: [Total number of all complaints logged into the Complaint Tracking Module (CTM)) / (Average Contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (Number of Days in Period = 365). • Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data. • Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. • A contract's failure to follow CMS* CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS* adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS* CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please sea Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: No | Label for Stars: | Complaints about the Health Plan (more stars are better because it means fewer | | | | | | |
| Metric: Rate of complaints about the health plan per 1,000 members. For each contract, this rate is calculated as: [(Total number of all complaints logged into the Complaint Tracking Module (CTM)) / (Average Contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (Number of Days in Period = 365). **Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data. **Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. **A contract's failure to follow CMS** CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS* CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included CASE-mix adjusted: No Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NOF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 de | Label for Data: | · | | | | | | |
| rate is calculated as: [(Total number of all complaints logged into the Complaint Tracking Module (CTM)) / (Average Contract enrollment)]*1,000*30 / (Number of Days in Period = 365). • Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data. • Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. • A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NOF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, ECCP, ECCP, ECCP Local CCP & Regional Loc | Description: | How many complaints Medicare received about the health plan. | | | | | | |
| Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data. Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month 'wash out' period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included CAI Usage: None Data Display: None D | Metric: | rate is calculated as: [(Total number of all complaints logged into the Complaint Tracking Module (CTM) | | | | | | |
| snapshot of CTM data. Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate were based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included CAI Usage: Not Included CAI Usage: Not Included CAI Usage: Not Included CAI Usage: Pop Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NOF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, Local CCP Weith SNP MSA, & PDP E-PFFS, PFFS | | / (Average Contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (Number of Days in Period = 365). | | | | | | |
| enrollment for the time period measured for each contract. • A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not resul in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures. Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS R-PFFS | | • Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data. | | | | | | |
| Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: [876 Local CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP E-PFFS, PFFS] | | • A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not result | | | | | | |
| Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included Cal Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NOF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP E-PPFS, PFFS & R-PFFS | Primary Data Source: | • | | | | | | |
| complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per 1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis. Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | • | . , | | | | | | |
| Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP W/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | Bata course Boodiption. | complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per | | | | | | |
| Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List. Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP W/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | Data Source Category: | CMS Administrative Data | | | | | | |
| B00 enrollees during the measurement period. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP With SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS Cost & Regional CCP Wio SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | ~ , | Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see | | | | | | |
| General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP W/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | | 800 enrollees during the measurement period. | | | | | | |
| Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | Data Time Frame: | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 | | | | | | |
| Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional Report Regional Regional Regional Regional Regional Regional Regional Report Regional Regional Report Regional Regiona | General Trend: | Lower is better | | | | | | |
| CAI Usage: Not Included Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | Statistical Method: | Clustering | | | | | | |
| Case-mix adjusted: No Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | Improvement Measure: | Included | | | | | | |
| Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | CAI Usage: | Not Included | | | | | | |
| Weighting Value: 1.5 CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | Case-mix adjusted: | : No | | | | | | |
| CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP & Regional MSA & PDP & R-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS & R-PF | Weighting Category: | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | | | | | | |
| NQF #: None Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | Weighting Value: | 1.5 | | | | | | |
| Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP Cost & Regional CCP w/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP 8 R-PFFS | CMS Framework Area: | Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes | | | | | | |
| Reporting Requirements: 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Local CCP & Regional CCP with SNP | NQF #: | None | | | | | | |
| Cost & Regional CCP w/o SNP CCP with SNP MSA & PDP & R-PFFS | Data Display: | Numeric with 2 decimal points | | | | | | |
| Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes | Reporting Requirements: | | | | | | | |
| | | Yes Yes Yes No Yes | | | | | | |

| Title | Description | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|
| Cut Points: | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
| | > 1.44 | $> 0.90 \text{ to} \le 1.44$ | $> 0.54 \text{ to} \le 0.90$ | $> 0.27 \text{ to} \le 0.54$ | ≤ 0.27 |

| Measure: C27 - Memb | ers Choosing t | o Leave the Plan |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Title | | |

Label for Stars: Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (more stars are better because it means fewer members choose to leave the plan)

Label for Data: Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (lower percentages are better because it means fewer members choose to leave the plan)

Description: Percent of plan members who chose to leave the plan. (This does not include members who did not choose to leave the plan, such as members who moved out of the service area.)

Metric: The percent of members who chose to leave the plan come from disenrollment reason codes in Medicare's enrollment system. The percent is calculated as the number of members who chose to leave the plan between January 1, 2015—December 31, 2015 (numerator) divided by all members enrolled in the plan at any time during 2015 (denominator).

Description

Primary Data Source: MBDSS

Data Source Description: Medicare Beneficiary Database Suite of Systems (MBDSS)

Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data

Exclusions: Members who involuntarily left their plan due to circumstances beyond their control are removed from the final numerator, specifically:

- · Members who moved out of the service area
- Members affected by a contract service area reduction
- · Members affected by PBP termination
- Members affected by LIS reassignments
- Members who are enrolled in employer group plans
- Members in PBPs that were granted special enrollment exceptions
- Members who were passively enrolled into a Demonstration (MMP)
- SNPs disproportionate share members who do not meet the SNP criteria
- Contracts with less than 1,000 enrollees

General Notes: This measure includes members who disenrolled from the contract with the following disenrollment reason codes:

- 11 Voluntary Disenrollment through plan
- 13 Disenrollment because of enrollment in another Plan
- 14 Retroactive
- 99 Other (not supplied by beneficiary).

The Disenrollment Reasons Survey (DRS) data available in the HPMS plan preview, as part of Medicare Plan Finder and in the CMS downloadable Master Table, are not used in the calculation of this measure. The DRS data are presented in each of the systems for information purposes only.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

| Title | | | Descr | ription | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|
| Weighting Category: | Patients' Experier | nce and Comp | olaints Measu | ıre | | | |
| Weighting Value: | 1.5 | | | | | | |
| CMS Framework Area: | Person- and care | giver-centere | d experience | and o | outco | mes | |
| NQF #: | None | | | | | | |
| Data Display: | Percentage with n | o decimal po | int | | | | |
| Reporting Requirements: | 1876 Local CCP, E-CC Cost & Regional CCP | | | | E-PDP & PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS | |
| | Yes Yes | | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | |
| Cut Points: | 1 Star 2 Stars > 47% > 24% to ≤ 47% | 3 Stars > 17% to ≤ 24% | | Stars ≤ 9% | | | |

| | iciary Access and Performance Problems |
|------------------|--|
| Title | Description |
| Label for Stars: | Problems Medicare Found in the Plan's Performance (more stars are better because it means fewer serious problems) |
| Label for Data: | Problems Medicare Found in the Plan's Performance (on a scale from 0 to 100, higher numbers are better because it means fewer serious problems) |
| Description: | Each year, Medicare checks each plan to see if there are problems with the plan. For example, Medicare checks whether: Members are having problems getting services, and Plans are following all of Medicare's rules. Medicare gives the plan a lower score (on a 0 to 100 scale) if there are problems. The score combines how serious the problems are, how many there are, and how directly they affect members. A higher score is better because it means Medicare found less serious or fewer problems, or they affected fewer members directly. |
| Metric: | This measure is based on CMS' sanctions, civil monetary penalties (CMP) as well as Compliance Activity Module (CAM) data (this includes: notices of non-compliance, warning letters {with or without business plan}, and ad-hoc corrective action plans (CAP) and the CAP severity). Contracts' scores are based on a scale of 0-100 points. The starting score for each contract works as follows: Contracts with an effective date of 1/1/2015 or later are marked as "Plan too new to be measured." All contracts with an effective date prior to 1/1/2015 begin with a score 100. Contracts under sanction anytime during the data time frame are reduced to 0. The following deductions are taken from contracts whose score is above 0: For each CMP with beneficiary impact related to access: 40 points. Contracts that have a CAM score (CAM score calculation is discussed below) are reduced as follows: 0 - 2 CAM Score - 0 points 3 - 9 CAM Score - 20 points 10 - 19 CAM Score - 40 points 20 - 29 CAM Score - 80 points 20 - 29 CAM Score - 80 points 20 - 20 CAM Score - 80 points Calculation of the CAM Score combines the notices of non-compliance, warning letters |

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woBP = Number of Warning Letters without Business Plan

Where: NC = Number of Notices of Non-Compliance

CAM Score = (NC * 1) + (woBP * 3) + (wBP * 4) + (6 * CAP Severity)

as follows:

wBP = Number of Warning Letters with Business Plan CAP Severity = Sum of the severity of each individual ad-hoc CAP given to a contract during the measurement period. Each CAP is rated as one of the following:

3 – ad-hoc CAP with beneficiary access impact

2 – ad-hoc CAP with beneficiary non-access impact

1 – ad-hoc CAP no beneficiary impact

Primary Data Source: Compliance Activity Module (CAM)

Data Source Description: Ad hoc CAPs and compliance actions that occurred during the 12 month past

performance review period between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015. For compliance actions, the date the action was issued is used for pulling the data from HPMS. The "date the action was issued" is the date that the compliance letter was sent

to the contract, not the date when the issue occurred.

Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data

Exclusions: CAM entries with the following characteristics were removed prior to processing the

BAPP score:

Ad-hoc CAPs with a topic of "Star Ratings"

• Notices of Non-Compliance with a topic of "Financial Concerns--Solvency,

Reporting, Licensure, Other"

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better Statistical Method: Fixed Cut Points

Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ≤ 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |

Measure: C29 - Health Plan Quality Improvement

Description Label for Stars: Improvement (if any) in the Health Plan's Performance Label for Data: Improvement (if any) in the Health Plan's Performance Description: This shows how much the health plan's performance improved or declined from one year to the next year. If a plan receives 1 or 2 stars, it means, on average, the plan's scores declined (have gotten worse). If a plan receives 3 stars, it means, on average, the plan's scores stayed about the same. If a plan receives 4 or 5 stars, it means, on average, the plan's scores improved. Keep in mind that a plan that is already doing well in most areas may not show much improvement. It is also possible that a plan can start with low ratings, show a lot of improvement, and still not be performing very well. Metric: The numerator is the net improvement, which is a sum of the number of significantly improved measures minus the number of significantly declined measures. The denominator is the number of measures eligible for the improvement measure (i.e., the measures that were included in the 2016 and 2017 Star Ratings for this contract and had no specification changes).

Primary Data Source: Star Ratings

Data Source Description: 2016 and 2017 Star Ratings

Data Source Category: Star Ratings

Exclusions: Contracts must have data in at least half of the measures used to calculate

improvement to be rated in this measure.

General Notes: Attachment I contains the formulas used to calculate the improvement measure and

lists indicating which measures were used.

Data Time Frame: Not Applicable General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Improvement Measure

Weighting Value: 5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Not Applicable

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|----------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|
| < -0.300 | ≥ -0.300 to < 0.000 | ≥ 0.000 to < 0.178 | ≥ 0.178 to < 0.384 | ≥ 0.384 |

Title

Description

Label for Stars: Health Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals

Label for Data: Health Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals

Description: Percent of plan members who got a timely response when they made an appeal request to the health plan about a decision to refuse payment or coverage.

Metric: Percent of appeals timely processed by the plan (numerator) out of all the plan's appeals decided by the Independent Review Entity (IRE) (includes upheld, overturned and partially overturned appeals) (denominator). This is calculated as:

([Number of Timely Appeals] / ([Appeals Upheld] + [Appeals Overturned] + [Appeals Partially Overturned]) * 100.

If the denominator is ≤ 10, the result is —"Not enough data available."

Primary Data Source: Independent Review Entity (IRE)

Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the Independent Review Entity (IRE) contracted by CMS for

Part C appeals. The appeals used in this measure are based on the date in the calendar year the appeal was received by the IRE, not the date a decision was reached by the IRE. If a Reopening occurs and is decided prior to May 1, 2016, the Reopened decision is used in place of the Reconsideration decision. Reopenings decided on or after May 1, 2016 are not reflected in these data, the original decision result is used. The results of appeals that occur beyond Level 2 (i.e., Administrative Law Judge or

Medicare Appeals Council appeals) are not included in the data.

Data Source Category: Data Collected by CMS Contractors

Exclusions: Dismissed and Withdrawn appeals are excluded from this measure.

General Notes: This measure includes all Standard Coverage, Standard Claim, and Expedited appeals

received by the IRE, regardless of the appellant. This includes appeals requested by a beneficiary, appeals requested by a party on behalf of a beneficiary, and appeals

requested by non-contract providers.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 77% | ≥ 77% to < 86% | ≥ 86% to < 93% | ≥ 93% to < 96% | ≥ 96% |

Measure: C31 - Reviewing Appeals Decisions

Description Label for Stars: Fairness of the Health Plan's Appeal Decisions, Based on an Independent Reviewer Label for Data: Fairness of the Health Plan's Appeal Decisions, Based on an Independent Reviewer Description: This rating shows how often an independent reviewer thought the health plan's decision to deny an appeal was fair. This includes appeals made by plan members and out-ofnetwork providers. (This rating is not based on how often the plan denies appeals, but rather how fair the plan is when they do deny an appeal.) Metric: Percent of appeals where a plan's decision was "upheld" by the Independent Review Entity (IRE) (numerator) out of all the plan's appeals (upheld, overturned, and partially overturned appeals only) that the IRE reviewed (denominator). This is calculated as: ([Appeals Upheld] / ([Appeals Upheld] + [Appeals Overturned] + [Appeals Partially Overturned]))* 100. If the minimum number of appeals (upheld + overturned + partially overturned) is ≤ 10 , the result is "Not enough data available." Primary Data Source: Independent Review Entity (IRE) Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the Independent Review Entity (IRE) contracted by CMS for Part C appeals. The appeals used in this measure are based on the date in the calendar year the appeal was received by the IRE, not the date a decision was reached by the IRE. If a Reopening occurs and is decided prior to May 1, 2016, the Reopened decision is used in place of the Reconsideration decision. Reopenings decided on or after May 1, 2016 are not reflected in these data, the original decision result is used. The results of appeals that occur beyond Level 2 (i.e., Administrative Law Judge or Medicare Appeals Council appeals) are not included in the data. Data Source Category: Data Collected by CMS Contractors Exclusions: Dismissed and Withdrawn appeals are excluded from this measure. General Notes: This measure includes all Standard Coverage, Standard Claim, and Expedited appeals received by the IRE, regardless of the appellant. This includes appeals requested by a beneficiary, appeals requested by a party on behalf of a beneficiary, and appeals requested by non-contract providers. Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| : | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|---|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| | < 71% | ≥ 71% to < 77% | ≥ 77% to < 88% | ≥ 88% to < 93% | ≥ 93% |

Measure: C32 - Call Center - Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability

Label for Stars: Availability of TTY Services and Foreign Language Interpretation When Prospective

Members Call the Health Plan

Label for Data: Availability of TTY Services and Foreign Language Interpretation When Prospective Members Call the Health Plan

Description: Percent of time that TTY services and foreign language interpretation were available when needed by prospective members who called the health plan's prospective enrollee customer service phone number.

Metric: The calculation of this measure is the number of successful contacts with the interpreter and TTY divided by the number of attempted contacts. Successful contact with an interpreter is defined as establishing contact with an interpreter and beginning the first of three survey questions. Interpreters must be able to communicate responses to the call surveyor in the call center's non-primary language about the plan sponsor's Medicare benefits. (The primary language is Spanish in Puerto Rico and English elsewhere.) Successful contact with a TTY service is defined as establishing contact with and confirming that the TTY operator can answer questions about the plan's Medicare Part C benefit.

Description

Primary Data Source: Call Center

Data Source Description: Call center monitoring data collected by CMS. The Customer Service Contact for

Prospective Members phone number associated with each contract was monitored.

Data Source Category: Data Collected by CMS Contractors

Exclusions: Data were not collected from MA-PDs and PDPs under sanction or from organizations

that did not have a phone number accessible to survey callers.

General Notes: Specific questions about Call Center Monitoring and requests for detail data should be

directed to the <u>CallCenterMonitoring@cms.hhs.gov</u>

Data Time Frame: 02/18/2016 - 06/03/2016

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|----|---|-----|-----|----|--------------------------|
| No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |

Cut Points:

| 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| < 57% | ≥ 57% to < 82% | ≥ 82% to < 87% | ≥ 87% to < 97% | ≥ 97% |

Part D Domain and Measure Details

See Attachment C for the national averages of individual Part D measures.

Domain: 1 - Drug Plan Customer Service

| · D01 - Call C | Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability |
|------------------|--|
| Title | Description |
| Label for Stars: | Availability of TTY Services and Foreign Language Interpretation When Prospective Members Call the Drug Plan |
| Label for Data: | Availability of TTY Services and Foreign Language Interpretation When Prospective Members Call the Drug Plan |
| Description: | Percent of time that TTY services and foreign language interpretation were available when needed by prospective members who called the drug plan's prospective enrollee customer service phone number. |
| Metric: | The calculation of this measure is the number of successful contacts with the interpreter and TTY divided by the number of attempted contacts. Successful contact with an interpreter is defined as establishing contact with an interpreter and beginning the first of three survey questions. Interpreters must be able to communicate responses to the call surveyor in the call center's non-primary language about the plan sponsor's Medicare benefits. (The primary language is Spanish in Puerto Rico and English elsewhere.) Successful contact with a TTY service is defined as establishing contact with and confirming that the TTY operator can answer questions about the plan's |

Primary Data Source: Call Center

Data Source Description: Call center monitoring data collected by CMS. The Customer Service Contact for

Prospective Members phone number associated with each contract was monitored.

Data Source Category: Data Collected by CMS Contractors

Medicare Part D benefit.

Exclusions: Data were not collected from MA-PDs and PDPs under sanction or from organizations

that did not have a phone number accessible to survey callers.

General Notes: Specific questions about Call Center Monitoring and requests for detail data should be

directed to the CallCenterMonitoring@cms.hhs.gov

Data Time Frame: 02/18/2016 - 06/03/2016

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|------|--|---------------|-------|------|--------------------------|
| COST | & Regional CCF W/O SNP | CCP WILII SNP | IVISA | ארטר | a K-PFF3 |
| No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 66% | ≥ 66% to < 75% | ≥ 75% to < 88% | ≥ 88% to < 95% | ≥ 95% |
| PDP | < 82% | ≥ 82% to < 89% | ≥ 89% to < 95% | ≥ 95% to < 98% | ≥ 98% |

Measure: D02 - Appeals Auto-Forward

Description Title Label for Stars: Drug Plan Fails to Make Timely Decisions about Appeals (more stars are better because it means fewer delays) Label for Data: Drug Plan Fails to Make Timely Decisions about Appeals (for every 10,000 members) Description: Percent of plan members who failed to get a timely response when they made an appeal request to the drug plan about a decision to refuse payment or coverage. If you would like more information about Medicare appeals, click on http://www.medicare.gov/claims-and-appeals/index.html Metric: This measure is defined as the rate of cases auto-forwarded to the Independent Review Entity (IRE) because the plan exceeded decision timeframes for coverage determinations or redeterminations. This is calculated as: [(Total number of cases auto-forwarded to the IRE) / (Average Medicare Part D enrollment)] * 10,000. There is no minimum number of cases required to receive a rating.

Primary Data Source: Independent Review Entity (IRE)

Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the Independent Review Entity (IRE) contracted by CMS.

Data Source Category: Data Collected by CMS Contractors

Exclusions: Rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period. Cases the IRE remands back to the plan are not

included in these data.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Lower is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with 1 decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Type | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| MA-PD | > 23.9 | > 12.1 to ≤ 23.9 | > 8.9 to ≤ 12.1 | $> 2.7 \text{ to } \le 8.9$ | ≤ 2.7 |
| PDP | NA | NA | > 8.6 | $> 4.3 \text{ to} \le 8.6$ | ≤ 4.3 |

Measure: D03 - Appeals Upheld

Title Description

Label for Stars: Fairness of Drug Plan's Appeal Decisions, Based on an Independent Reviewer Label for Data: Fairness of Drug Plan's Appeal Decisions, Based on an Independent Reviewer

Description: How often an Independent Reviewer thought the drug plan's decision to deny an appeal was fair. This includes appeals made by plan members and out-of-network providers. (This rating is not based on how often the plan denies appeals, but rather *how fair* the plan is when they do deny an appeal.)

Metric: This measure is defined as the percent of IRE confirmations of upholding the plans' decisions. This is calculated as:

[(Number of cases upheld) / (Total number of cases reviewed)] * 100.

Total number of cases reviewed is defined all cases received by the IRE during the timeframe and receiving a decision before May 1, 2016. The denominator is equal to the number of cases upheld, fully reversed, and partially reversed. Dismissed, remanded, and withdrawn cases are not included in the denominator. Auto-forwarded cases are included, as these are considered to be adverse decisions per Subpart M rules. If a Reopening occurs and is decided prior to May 1, 2016, the Reopened decision is used in place of the Reconsideration decision. Reopenings decided on or after May 1, 2016 are not reflected in these data, the original decision result is used. The results of appeals that occur beyond Level 2 (i.e., Administrative Law Judge or Medicare Appeals Council appeals) are not included in the data. Contracts with no IRE cases reviewed will not receive a score in this measure.

Primary Data Source: Independent Review Entity (IRE)

Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the Independent Review Entity (IRE) contracted by CMS for

Part D reconsiderations. The appeals used in this measure are based on the date they

were received by the IRE, not the date a decision was reached by the IRE.

Data Source Category: Data Collected by CMS Contractors

Exclusions: Contracts with fewer than 10 cases reviewed by the IRE.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering
Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF#: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| I | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|---|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| l | Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Ī | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 47% | ≥ 47% to < 66% | ≥ 66% to < 78% | ≥ 78% to < 88% | ≥ 88% |
| PDP | < 60% | ≥ 60% to < 66% | ≥ 66% to < 77% | ≥ 77% to < 91% | ≥ 91% |

Domain: 2 - Member Complaints and Changes in the Drug Plan's Performance

| Measure: D04 - Complaints about the Drug Plan | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Title | Description | | | | | | |
| Label for Stars: | Complaints about the Drug Plan (more stars are better because it means fewer complaints) | | | | | | |

Label for Data: Complaints about the Drug Plan (number of complaints for every 1,000 members) (lower numbers are better because it means fewer complaints)

Description: How many complaints Medicare received about the drug plan.

Metric: Rate of complaints about the health plan per 1,000 members. For each contract, this rate is calculated as:

[(Total number of all complaints logged into the Complaint Tracking Module (CTM)) / (Average Contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (Number of Days in Period = 365).

- Complaints data are pulled after the end of the measurement timeframe to serve as a snapshot of CTM data.
- Enrollment numbers used to calculate the complaint rate are based on the average enrollment for the time period measured for each contract.
- A contract's failure to follow CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures will not result in CMS' adjustment of the data used for these measures.

Primary Data Source: Complaints Tracking Module (CTM)

Data Source Description: Data were obtained from the CTM based on the contract entry date (the date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts; also known as the contract assignment/reassignment date) for the reporting period specified. The status of any specific complaint at the time the data are pulled stands for use in the reports. Any changes to the complaints data subsequent to the data pull cannot be excluded retroactively. CMS allows for an approximate 6-month "wash out" period to account for any adjustments per CMS' CTM Standard Operating Procedures. Complaint rates per

1,000 enrollees are adjusted to a 30-day basis.

Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data

Exclusions: Some complaints that cannot be clearly attributed to the plan are excluded, please see Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List.

Complaint rates are not calculated for contracts with average enrollment of less than 800 enrollees during the measurement period.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Lower is better Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with 2 decimal points

Reporting Requirements: 1876 | ocal CCP, F-CCP, R-CCP | o

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

| Γitle | | | | | Description | |
|-------------|-------|--------|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|
| Cut Points: | Type | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
| | MA-PD | > 1.44 | > 0.90 to ≤ 1.44 | $> 0.54 \text{ to} \le 0.90$ | $> 0.27 \text{ to} \le 0.54$ | ≤ 0.27 |
| | PDP | > 0.51 | > 0.23 to ≤ 0.51 | $> 0.14 \text{ to } \le 0.23$ | $> 0.05 \text{ to} \le 0.14$ | ≤ 0.05 |

| | Measure: D05 - | Members | Choosing to | Leave | the Plan |
|--|----------------|---------|-------------|-------|----------|
|--|----------------|---------|-------------|-------|----------|

| re | :: Dus - Memb | ers Choosing to Leave the Plan |
|----|------------------|--|
| | Title | Description |
| | Label for Stars: | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (more stars are better because it means fewer members are choosing to leave the plan) |
| | | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (lower percentages are better because it means fewer members choose to leave the plan) |
| | Description: | Percent of plan members who chose to leave the plan. (This does not include members who did not choose to leave the plan, such as members who moved out of the service area.) |
| | Metric: | The percent of members who chose to leave the plan come from disenrollment reason codes in Medicare's enrollment system. The percent is calculated as the number of members who chose to leave the plan between January 1, 2015—December 31, 2015 (numerator) divided by all members enrolled in the plan at any time during 2015 (denominator). |

Primary Data Source: MBDSS

Data Source Description: Medicare Beneficiary Database Suite of Systems (MBDSS)

Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data

Exclusions: Members who involuntarily left their plan due to circumstances beyond their control are removed from the final numerator, specifically:

- · Members who moved out of the service area
- Members affected by a contract service area reduction
- Members affected by PBP termination
- Members affected by LIS reassignments
- Members who are enrolled in employer group plans
- Members in PBPs that were granted special enrollment exceptions
- Members who were passively enrolled into a Demonstration (MMP)
- SNPs disproportionate share members who do not meet the SNP criteria
- Contracts with less than 1,000 enrollees

General Notes: This measure includes members who disenrolled from the contract with the following disenrollment reason codes:

- 11 Voluntary Disenrollment through plan
- 13 Disenrollment because of enrollment in another Plan
- 14 Retroactive
- 99 Other (not supplied by beneficiary).

The Disenrollment Reasons Survey (DRS) data available in the HPMS plan preview, as part of Medicare Plan Finder and in the CMS downloadable Master Table, are not used in the calculation of this measure. The DRS data are presented in each of the systems for information purposes only.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Lower is better
Statistical Method: Clustering
Improvement Measure: Included
CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | • | | | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|-----|-------------------------|--------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cos | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Type | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------|
| MA-PD | > 47% | > 24% to ≤ 47% | > 17% to ≤ 24% | > 9% to ≤ 17% | ≤9% |
| PDP | > 25% | > 15% to ≤ 25% | > 12% to ≤ 15% | > 7% to ≤ 12% | ≤ 7% |

Measure: D06 - Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems

Title Description

Label for Stars: Problems Medicare Found in the Plan's Performance (more stars are better because it means fewer serious problems)

Label for Data: Problems Medicare Found in the Plan's Performance (on a scale from 0 to 100, higher numbers are better because it means fewer serious problems)

Description: Each year, Medicare checks each plan to see if there are problems with the plan. For example, Medicare checks whether:

Members are having problems getting services, and

Plans are following all of Medicare's rules.

Medicare gives the plan a lower score (on a 0 to 100 scale) if there are problems. The score combines how serious the problems are, how many there are, and how directly they affect members. A higher score is better because it means Medicare found less serious or fewer problems, or they affected fewer members directly.

Metric: This measure is based on CMS' sanctions, civil monetary penalties (CMP) as well as Compliance Activity Module (CAM) data (this includes: notices of non-compliance, warning letters {with or without business plan}, and ad-hoc corrective action plans (CAP) and the CAP severity).

- Contracts' scores are based on a scale of 0-100 points.
- The starting score for each contract works as follows:
 - Contracts with an effective date of 1/1/2015 or later are marked as "Plan too new to be measured."
 - All contracts with an effective date prior to 1/1/2015 begin with a score 100.
- Contracts under sanction anytime during the data time frame are reduced to 0.
- The following deductions are taken from contracts whose score is above 0:
 - o For each CMP with beneficiary impact related to access: 40 points.
 - Contracts that have a CAM score (CAM score calculation is discussed below) are reduced as follows:
 - $\blacksquare 0 2$ CAM Score 0 points
 - 3 9 CAM Score 20 points
 - 10 19 CAM Score 40 points
 - 20 29 CAM Score 60 points
 - ≥ 30 CAM Score 80 points

Calculation of the CAM Score combines the notices of non-compliance, warning letters (with or without business plan) and ad-hoc CAPs and their severity. The formula used is as follows:

CAM Score = (NC * 1) + (woBP * 3) + (wBP * 4) + (6 * CAP Severity)

Where: NC = Number of Notices of Non-Compliance

woBP = Number of Warning Letters without Business Plan wBP = Number of Warning Letters with Business Plan

CAP Severity = Sum of the severity of each individual ad-hoc CAP given to a contract during the measurement period. Each CAP is rated as one of the following:

3 – ad-hoc CAP with beneficiary access impact

2 – ad-hoc CAP with beneficiary non-access impact

1 – ad-hoc CAP no beneficiary impact

Primary Data Source: Compliance Activity Module (CAM)

Data Source Description: Ad hoc CAPs and compliance actions that occurred during the 12 month past

performance review period between January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015. For compliance actions, the date the action was issued is used for pulling the data from HPMS. The "date the action was issued" is the date that the compliance letter was sent

to the contract, not the date when the issue occurred.

Data Source Category: CMS Administrative Data

Exclusions: CAM entries with the following characteristics were removed prior to processing the

BAPP score:

Ad-hoc CAPs with a topic of "Star Ratings"

Notices of Non-Compliance with a topic of "Financial Concerns--Solvency,

Reporting, Licensure, Other"

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better Statistical Method: Fixed Cut Points

Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Measures Capturing Access

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP Cost & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|---|-----|-----|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Type | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| MA-PD | ≤ 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |
| PDP | ≤ 20 | 40 | 60 | 80 | 100 |

Measure: D07 - Drug Plan Quality Improvement

Description

Label for Stars: Improvement (if any) in the Drug Plan's Performance Label for Data: Improvement (If any) in the Drug Plan's Performance

Description: This shows how much the drug plan's performance has improved or declined from one year to the next year.

> If a plan receives 1 or 2 stars, it means, on average, the plan's scores declined (have gotten worse).

If a plan receives 3 stars, it means, on average, the plan's scores stayed about the same.

If a plan receives 4 or 5 stars, it means, on average, the plan's scores improved. Keep in mind that a plan that is already doing well in most areas may not show much improvement. It is also possible that a plan can start with low ratings, show a lot of improvement, and still not be performing very well.

Metric: The numerator is the net improvement, which is a sum of the number of significantly improved measures minus the number of significantly declined measures. The denominator is the number of measures eligible for the improvement measure (i.e.,

the measures that were included in the 2015 and 2016 Star Ratings for this contract

and had no specification changes).

Primary Data Source: Star Ratings

Data Source Description: 2016 and 2017 Star Ratings

Data Source Category: Star Ratings

Exclusions: Contracts must have data in at least half of the measures used to calculate

improvement to be rated in this measure.

General Notes: Attachment I contains the formulas used to calculate the improvement measure and

lists indicating which measures were used.

Data Time Frame: Not Applicable General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Improvement Measure

Weighting Value: 5

CMS Framework Area: Population / community health

NQF #: None

Data Display: Not Applicable

Reporting Requirements:

| | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|---|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| (| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|----------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < -0.241 | ≥ -0.241 to < 0.000 | ≥ 0.000 to < 0.415 | ≥ 0.415 to < 0.659 | ≥ 0.659 |
| PDP | < -0.149 | ≥ -0.149 to < 0.000 | ≥ 0.000 to < 0.415 | ≥ 0.415 to < 0.657 | ≥ 0.657 |

Domain: 3 - Member Experience with the Drug Plan

Title Description

Label for Stars: Members' Rating of Drug Plan Label for Data: Members' Rating of Drug Plan

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned from members who rated the

prescription drug plan.

Metric: This case-mix adjusted measure is used to assess members' overall view of their prescription drug plan. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The score shown is the percentage of the best possible score each

contract earned.

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Questions (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

 Using any number from 0 to 10, where 0 is the worst prescription drug plan possible and 10 is the best prescription drug plan possible, what number would you use to rate your prescription drug plan?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in

August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring

methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 - 08/2016

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| I | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|---|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| I | Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| ĺ | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Base Group Cut Points:

| Type | Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|-------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| MA-PD | < 80 | ≥ 80 to < 82 | ≥ 82 to < 84 | ≥ 84 to < 86 | ≥ 86 |
| PDP | < 79 | ≥ 79 to < 80 | ≥ 80 to < 83 | ≥ 83 to < 86 | ≥ 86 |

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Measure: D09 - Getting Needed Prescription Drugs

Title

Label for Stars: Ease of Getting Prescriptions Filled When Using the Plan

Label for Data: Ease of Getting Prescriptions Filled When Using the Plan

Description: Percent of the best possible score the plan earned on how easy it is for members to get the prescription drugs they need using the plan.

Metric: This case-mix adjusted measure is used to assess member satisfaction related to the ease with which a beneficiary gets the medicines their doctor prescribed. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) score uses the mean of the distribution of responses converted to a scale from 0 to 100. The score shown is the percentage of the best possible score each contract earned.

Primary Data Source: CAHPS

Data Source Description: CAHPS Survey Questions (question numbers vary depending on survey type):

- In the last 6 months, how often was it easy to use your prescription drug plan to get the medicines your doctor prescribed?
- In the last 6 months, how often was it easy to use your prescription drug plan to fill a prescription at your local pharmacy?
- In the last 6 months, how often was it easy to use your prescription drug plan to fill a prescription by mail?

Data Source Category: Survey of Enrollees

General Notes: CAHPS Survey results were sent to each contract's Medicare Compliance Officer in

August 2015. These reports provide further explanation of the CAHPS scoring methodology and provide detailed information on why a specific rating was assigned.

Data Time Frame: 02/2016 – 08/2016 General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Relative Distribution and Significance Testing

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: Yes

Weighting Category: Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure

Weighting Value: 1.5

CMS Framework Area: Person- and caregiver-centered experience and outcomes

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | _ | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|--|-----|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Base Group Cut Points:

| Туре | Base Group 1 | Base Group 2 | Base Group 3 | Base Group 4 | Base Group 5 |
|-------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| MA-PD | < 88 | ≥ 88 to < 89 | ≥ 89 to < 91 | ≥ 91 to < 92 | ≥ 92 |
| PDP | < 87 | ≥ 87 to < 89 | ≥ 89 to ≤ 91 | * | ≥ 91 |

^{*} Due to rounding, no contracts were assigned to base group 4 for this measure; all contracts meeting the cutoff for base group 4 also met the cutoff for base group 5. However after application of the further criteria of significance, some contracts in base group 5 may have been assigned 4 final stars.

These technical notes show the base group cut points for CAHPS measures; please see the <u>Attachment K</u> for the CAHPS Methodology for final star assignment rules.

Domain: 4 - Drug Safety and Accuracy of Drug Pricing

| Measure: D10 - MPF I | Price Accuracy |
|--------------------------|--|
| Title | Description |
| Label for Stars: | Plan Provides Accurate Drug Pricing Information for This Website |
| Label for Data: | Plan Provides Accurate Drug Pricing Information for This Website (higher scores are better because they mean more accurate prices) |
| Description: | A score comparing the prices members actually pay for their drugs to the drug prices the plan provided for this website (Medicare's Plan Finder website). (Higher scores are better because they mean the plan provided more accurate prices.) |
| Metric: | This measure evaluates the accuracy of drug prices posted on the MPF tool. A contract's score is based on the accuracy index. |
| | The accuracy price index compares point-of-sale PDE prices to plan-reported MPF prices and determines the magnitude of differences found. Using each PDE's date of service, the price displayed on MPF is compared to the PDE price. |
| | The accuracy index considers both ingredient cost and dispensing fee and measures the amount that the PDE price is higher than the MPF price. Therefore, prices that are overstated on MPF—that is, the reported price is higher than the actual price—will not count against a plan's accuracy score. |
| | The index is computed as: (Total amount that PDE is higher than PF + Total PDE cost) / (Total PDE cost). |
| | The best possible accuracy index is 1. An index of 1 indicates that a plan did not have PDE prices greater than MPF prices. |
| | A contract's score is computed using its accuracy index as: 100 – ((accuracy index - 1) x 100). |
| Primary Data Source: | PDE data, MPF Pricing Files |
| Data Source Description: | Data used in this measure are obtained from a number of sources: PDE data and MPF Pricing Files are the primary data sources. The HPMS-approved formulary extracts, and data from First DataBank and Medi-span are also used. Post-reconciliation PDE adjustments are not reflected in this measure. |
| Data Source Category: | Data Collected by CMS Contractors |
| Exclusions: | A contract with less than 30 PDE claims over the measurement period. PDEs must also meet the following criteria: |
| | Pharmacy number on PDE must appear in MPF pharmacy cost file as either a retail-only pharmacy or a retail and limited access-only pharmacy (PDE with pharmacy numbers reported as non-retail pharmacy types or both retail and mail order/HI/LTC are excluded) Drug must appear in formulary file and in MPF pricing file |
| | PDE must be a 30 day supply Date of service must occur at a time that data are not suppressed for the plan on MPF PDE must not be a compound claim PDE must not be a non-covered drug |
| General Notes: | Please see <u>Attachment M</u> : Methodology for Price Accuracy Measure for more information about this measure. |

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Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 09/30/2015

Title Description

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Not Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Efficiency and cost reduction

NQF #: None

Data Display: Numeric with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Type | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 94 | ≥ 94 to < 96 | ≥ 96 to < 98 | ≥ 98 to < 99 | ≥ 99 |
| PDP | NΑ | NA | NA | ≥ 98 to < 99 | ≥ 99 |

Measure: D11 - High Risk Medication

Title

Description

Label for Stars: Plan Members 65 and Older Who Received Prescriptions for Certain Drugs with a High Risk of Side Effects, When There May Be Safer Drug Choices

Label for Data: Plan Members 65 and Older Who Received Prescriptions for Certain Drugs with a High

Risk of Side Effects, When There May Be Safer Drug Choices

Description: Percent of plan members who got prescriptions for certain drugs with a high risk of serious side effects, when there may be safer drug choices.

Metric: This measure is defined as the percentage of Medicare Part D beneficiaries 65 years and older who received two or more prescription fills for the same HRM drug with a high risk of serious side effects in the elderly. This percentage is calculated as the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 65 years and older who received two or more prescription fills for the same HRM during the period measured (numerator) divided by the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 65 years and older during the period measured (denominator).

Beneficiaries enrolled in hospice at any point during the measurement year are excluded.

This measure, also named the High Risk Medication measure (HRM), was first developed by the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA), through its Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS), and then adapted and endorsed by the Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA). This measure is also endorsed by the National Quality Forum (NQF).

See the medication list for this measure. The HRM rate is calculated using the NDC list and obsolete NDC date methodology maintained by the PQA. The complete National Drug Code (NDC) list will be posted along with these technical notes. NDCs with obsolete dates will be included in the measure calculation if the obsolete dates as reported by PQA are within the period of measurement (measurement year) or within six months prior to the beginning of the measurement year. The same HRM is defined

Title Description

> at the active ingredient level. The active ingredient is identified using the active ingredient flags in the PQA's NDC list.

The HRM measure rate includes additional PQA specifications for identifying HRM medications based on the calculation of cumulative days supply (nitrofurantoin and nonbenzodiazepine hypnotics) and average daily dose (reserpine, digoxin, and doxepin). Refer to the High Risk Medication Measures Report User Guide posted on the Patient Safety Analysis website for more information.

Primary Data Source: Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data

Data Source Description: The data for this measure come from PDE data files submitted by drug plans to Medicare for January 1, 2015-December 31, 2015 by June 30, 2016. Only final action PDE claims are used to calculate this measure. PDE claims are limited to members 65 years and older, and for those Part D covered drugs identified to have high risk of serious side effects in patients 65 years of age and older. PDE adjustments made postreconciliation were not reflected in this measure.

Additional data sources include the Common Medicare Environment (CME) and the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB).

- CME is used for enrollment information.
- EDB is used for hospice enrollment.

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts with 30 or fewer enrolled member-years (in the denominator)

General Notes: Part D drugs do not include drugs or classes of drugs, or their medical uses, which may be excluded from coverage or otherwise restricted under section 1927(d)(2) of the Act, except for smoking cessation agents. As such, these drugs, which may be included in the medication or NDC lists, are excluded from CMS analyses. A subject beneficiary must be enrolled and age 65 or older in at least one month of the period measured. Also, the member-years of enrollment adjustment is made by CMS to account for partial enrollment within the benefit year. For instance, if a beneficiary is enrolled for six out of twelve months of the year, they will count as only 0.5 member-years in the rate calculation.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Lower is better

Statistical Method: Clustering

Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Intermediate Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Safety

NOF # 22

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 187 | 6 Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|-----|---------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cos | t & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| MA-PD | > 15% | > 9% to ≤ 15% | > 5% to ≤ 9% | > 3% to ≤ 5% | ≤ 3% |
| PDP | > 15% | > 11% to ≤ 15% | > 8% to ≤ 11% | $> 6\% \text{ to } \le 8\%$ | ≤6% |

Measure: D12 - Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications

Description

Label for Stars: Taking Diabetes Medication as Directed Label for Data: Taking Diabetes Medication as Directed

Description: Percent of plan members with a prescription for diabetes medication who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80% or more of the time they are supposed to be taking the medication. One of the most important ways people with diabetes can manage their health is by taking their medication as directed. The plan, the doctor, and the member can work together to find ways to do this. ("Diabetes medication" means a biguanide drug, a sulfonylurea drug, a thiazolidinedione drug, a DPP-IV inhibitor, an incretin mimetic drug, a meglitinide drug, or an SGLT2 inhibitor. Plan members who take insulin are not included.)

Metric: This measure is defined as the percent of Medicare Part D beneficiaries 18 years and older who adhere to their prescribed drug therapy across classes of diabetes medications: biquanides, sulfonylureas, thiazolidinediones, and DiPeptidyl Peptidase (DPP)-IV Inhibitors, incretin mimetics, meglitinides, and sodium glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT) inhibitors. This percentage is calculated as the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 18 years and older with a proportion of days covered (PDC) at 80 percent or higher across the classes of diabetes medications during the measurement period (numerator) divided by the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 18 years and older with at least two fills of medication(s) across any of the drug classes during the measurement period (denominator).

The PDC is the percent of days in the measurement period "covered" by prescription claims for the same medication or medications in its therapeutic category. Beneficiaries with one or more fills for insulin or with ESRD coverage dates anytime during the measurement period are excluded. Beneficiaries are only included in the measure calculation if the first fill of their medication occurs at least 91 days before the end of the enrollment period.

The Medication Adherence measure is adapted from the Medication Adherence-Proportion of Days Covered measure that was developed and endorsed by the Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA). The PDC Adherence measures are also endorsed by the National Quality Forum (NQF).

See the medication list for this measure. The Medication Adherence rate is calculated using the National Drug Code (NDC) list and obsolete NDC date methodology maintained by the PQA. The complete NDC list is posted along with these technical notes. NDCs with obsolete dates are included in the measure calculation if the obsolete dates as reported by PQA are within the period of measurement (measurement year) or within six months prior to the beginning of the measurement year.

Primary Data Source: Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data

Data Source Description: The data for this measure come from PDE data files submitted by drug plans to Medicare for January 1, 2015-December 31, 2015 by June 30, 2016. Only final action PDE claims are used to calculate this measure. PDE claims are limited to members who received at least two prescriptions on unique dates of service for diabetes medication(s). PDE adjustments made post-reconciliation are not reflected in this measure.

> Additional data sources include the Common Medicare Environment (CME), the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB), and the Common Working File (CWF).

- CME is used for enrollment information.
- EDB is used for hospice enrollment and ESRD status (using the ESRD indicator).
- CWF is used to identify inpatient stays for PDPs and MA-PDs, and skilled nursing facility stays for PDPs.

Description Title

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts with 30 or fewer enrolled member-years (in the denominator)

General Notes: Part D drugs do not include drugs or classes of drugs, or their medical uses, which may be excluded from coverage or otherwise restricted under section 1927(d)(2) of the Act, except for smoking cessation agents. As such, these drugs, which may be included in the medication or NDC lists, are excluded from CMS analyses. Also, the member-years of enrollment adjustment is made by CMS to account for partial enrollment within the benefit year. Enrollment is measured at the episode level, and inclusion in the measure is determined separately for each episode – i.e., to be included for a given episode, the beneficiary must meet the initial inclusion criteria for the measure during that episode.

> The measure is weighted based on the total number of member years for each episode in which the beneficiary meets the measure criteria. For instance, if a beneficiary is enrolled for a three-month episode, disenrolled for a six-month episode, reenrolled for a three-month episode, and meets the measure criteria during each enrollment episode. s/he will count as 0.5 member years in the rate calculation (3/12 + 3/12 = 6/12).

> The PDC calculation is adjusted for overlapping prescriptions for the same drug which is defined by the active ingredient at the generic name level using the Medi-Span generic ingredient name. The calculation also adjusts for Part D beneficiaries' stays in inpatient (IP) settings, hospice enrollments, and stays in skilled nursing facilities (SNFs). The SNF adjustment only applies to PDPs because SNF data are not currently available for MA-PDs. Please see Attachment L: Medication Adherence Measure Calculations for more information about these calculation adjustments.

> When available, beneficiary death date from the CME is the end date of a beneficiary's measurement period.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Intermediate Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0541

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| ĺ | 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|---|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| l | Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| ĺ | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 70% | ≥ 70% to < 76% | ≥ 76% to < 79% | ≥ 79% to < 83% | ≥ 83% |
| PDP | < 74% | ≥ 74% to < 78% | ≥ 78% to < 82% | ≥ 82% to < 86% | ≥ 86% |

Measure: D13 - Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists)

Label for Stars: Taking Blood Pressure Medication as Directed Label for Data: Taking Blood Pressure Medication as Directed

Description: Percent of plan members with a prescription for a blood pressure medication who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80% or more of the time they are supposed to be taking the medication. One of the most important ways people with high blood pressure can manage their health is by taking medication as directed. The plan, the doctor, and the member can work together to do this. ("Blood pressure medication" means an ACE (angiotensin converting enzyme) inhibitor, an ARB (angiotensin receptor blocker), or a direct renin inhibitor drug.

Metric: This measure is defined as the percent of Medicare Part D beneficiaries 18 years and older who adhere to their prescribed drug therapy for renin angiotensin system (RAS) antagonists: angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI), angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), or direct renin inhibitor medications. This percentage is calculated as the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 18 years and older with a proportion of days covered (PDC) at 80 percent or higher for RAS antagonist medications during the measurement period (numerator) divided by the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 18 years and older with at least two fills of either the same medication or medications in the drug class during the measurement period (denominator).

The PDC is the percent of days in the measurement period "covered" by prescription claims for the same medication or another in its therapeutic category. Beneficiaries with ESRD coverage dates or that received one or more prescriptions for sacubitril/valsartan anytime during the measurement period are excluded. Beneficiaries are only included in the measure calculation if the first fill of their medication occurs at least 91 days before the end of the enrollment period.

The Part D Medication Adherence measure is adapted from the Medication Adherence-Proportion of Days Covered measure that was developed and endorsed by the Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA). The PDC Adherence measures are also endorsed by the National Quality Forum (NQF).

See the medication list for this measure. The Part D Medication Adherence rate is calculated using the National Drug Code (NDC) list and obsolete NDC date methodology maintained by the PQA. The complete NDC list is posted along with these technical notes. NDCs with obsolete dates are included in the measure calculation if the obsolete dates as reported by PQA are within the period of measurement (measurement year) or within six months prior to the beginning of the measurement vear.

Primary Data Source: Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data

Data Source Description: The data for this measure come from PDE data files submitted by drug plans to Medicare for January 1, 2015-December 31, 2015 by June 30, 2016. Only final action PDE claims are used to calculate this measure. PDE claims are limited to members who received at least two prescriptions on unique dates of service for RAS antagonist medication(s). PDE adjustments made post-reconciliation are not reflected in this measure.

> Additional data sources include the Common Medicare Environment (CME), the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB), and the Common Working File (CWF).

- CME is used for enrollment information.
- EDB is used for hospice enrollment and ESRD status (using the ESRD indicator).
- CWF is used to identify inpatient stays for PDPs and MA-PDs, and skilled nursing facility stays for PDPs.

Title Description

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts with 30 or fewer enrolled member-years (in the denominator)

General Notes: Part D drugs do not include drugs or classes of drugs, or their medical uses, which may be excluded from coverage or otherwise restricted under section 1927(d)(2) of the Act, except for smoking cessation agents. As such, these drugs, which may be included in the medication or NDC lists, are excluded from CMS analyses. Also, the member-years of enrollment adjustment is made by CMS to account for partial enrollment within the benefit year. Enrollment is measured at the episode level, and inclusion in the measure is determined separately for each episode – i.e., to be included for a given episode, the beneficiary must meet the initial inclusion criteria for the measure during that episode.

> The measure is weighted based on the total number of member years for each episode in which the beneficiary meets the measure criteria. For instance, if a beneficiary is enrolled for a three-month episode, disenrolled for a six-month episode, reenrolled for a three-month episode, and meets the measure criteria during each enrollment episode, s/he will count as 0.5 member years in the rate calculation (3/12 + 3/12 = 6/12).

> The PDC calculation is adjusted for overlapping prescriptions for the same drug which is defined by active ingredient at the generic name level using the Medi-Span generic ingredient name. The calculation also adjusts for Part D beneficiaries' stays in inpatient (IP) settings, hospice enrollments, and stays in skilled nursing facilities (SNFs). The SNF adjustment only applies to PDPs because SNF data are not currently available for MA-PDs. Please see Attachment L: Medication Adherence Measure Calculations for more information about these calculation adjustments.

> When available, beneficiary death date from the CME is the end date of a beneficiary's measurement period.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included CAI Usage: Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Intermediate Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0541

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| 1876 | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP | Local CCP & Regional | | E-PDP | E-PFFS, PFFS |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| Cost | & Regional CCP w/o SNP | CCP with SNP | MSA | & PDP | & R-PFFS |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 71% | ≥ 71% to < 75% | ≥ 75% to < 79% | ≥ 79% to < 83% | ≥ 83% |
| PDP | < 77% | ≥ 77% to < 80% | ≥ 80% to < 83% | ≥ 83% to < 85% | ≥ 85% |

Measure: D14 - Medication Adherence for Cholesterol (Statins)

Description

Label for Stars: Taking Cholesterol Medication as Directed Label for Data: Taking Cholesterol Medication as Directed

Description: Percent of plan members with a prescription for a cholesterol medication (a statin drug) who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80% or more of the time they are supposed to be taking the medication. One of the most important ways people with high cholesterol can manage their health is by taking medication as directed. The plan, the doctor, and the member can work together to do this.

Metric: This measure is defined as the percent of Medicare Part D beneficiaries 18 years and older who adhere to their prescribed drug therapy for statin cholesterol medications. This percentage is calculated as the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 18 years and older with a proportion of days covered (PDC) at 80 percent or higher for statin cholesterol medication(s) during the measurement period (numerator) divided by the number of member-years of enrolled beneficiaries 18 years and older with at least two fills of either the same medication or medication in the drug class during the measurement period (denominator).

The PDC is the percent of days in the measurement period "covered" by prescription claims for the same medication or another in the therapeutic category. Beneficiaries are only included in the measure calculation if the first fill of their medication occurs at least 91 days before the end of the enrollment period.

The Medication Adherence measure is adapted from the Medication Adherence-Proportion of Days Covered measure that was developed and endorsed by the Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA). The PDC Adherence measures are also endorsed by the National Quality Forum (NQF).

See the medication list for this measure. The Medication Adherence rate is calculated using the National Drug Code (NDC) list and obsolete NDC date methodology maintained by the PQA. The complete NDC list is posted along with these technical notes. NDCs with obsolete dates are included in the measure calculation if the obsolete dates as reported by PQA are within the period of measurement (measurement year) or within six months prior to the beginning of the measurement year.

Primary Data Source: Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data

Data Source Description: The data for this measure come from PDE data files submitted by drug plans to Medicare for January 1, 2015-December 31, 2015 by June 30, 2016. Only final action PDE claims are used to calculate this measure. PDE claims are limited to members who received at least two prescriptions on unique dates of service for statin drug(s). PDE adjustments made post-reconciliation are not reflected in this measure. Additional data sources include the Common Medicare Environment (CME), the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB), and the Common Working File (CWF).

- CME is used for enrollment information.
- EDB is used for hospice enrollment.
- CWF is used to identify inpatient stays for PDPs and MA-PDs, and skilled nursing facility stays for PDPs.

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts with 30 or fewer enrolled member-years (in the denominator)

General Notes: Part D drugs do not include drugs or classes of drugs, or their medical uses, which may be excluded from coverage or otherwise restricted under section 1927(d)(2) of the Act, except for smoking cessation agents. As such, these drugs, which may be included in the medication or NDC lists, are excluded from CMS analyses. Also, the member-years

Title Description

of enrollment adjustment is made by CMS to account for partial enrollment within the benefit year. Enrollment is measured at the episode level, and inclusion in the measure is determined separately for each episode – i.e., to be included for a given episode, the beneficiary must meet the initial inclusion criteria for the measure during that episode.

The measure is weighted based on the total number of member years for each episode in which the beneficiary meets the measure criteria. For instance, if a beneficiary is enrolled for a three-month episode, disenrolled for a six-month episode, reenrolled for a three-month episode, and meets the measure criteria during each enrollment episode, s/he will count as 0.5 member years in the rate calculation (3/12 + 3/12 = 6/12).

The PDC calculation is adjusted for overlapping prescriptions for the same drug which is defined by active ingredient at the generic name level using the Medi-Span generic ingredient name. The calculation also adjusts for Part D beneficiaries' stays in inpatient (IP) settings, hospice enrollments, and stays in skilled nursing facilities (SNFs). The SNF adjustment only applies to PDPs because SNF data are not currently available for MA-PDs. Please see Attachment L: Medication Adherence Measure Calculations for more information about these calculation adjustments.

When available, beneficiary death date from the CME is the end date of a beneficiary's measurement period.

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Intermediate Outcome Measure

Weighting Value: 3

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: 0541

Data Display: Percentage with no decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 66% | ≥ 66% to < 73% | ≥ 73% to < 77% | ≥ 77% to < 82% | ≥ 82% |
| PDP | < 70% | ≥ 70% to < 74% | ≥ 74% to < 80% | ≥ 80% to < 84% | ≥ 84% |

| Measure: I | D15 - MTM | Program | Completion | Rate for | CMR |
|------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------|-----|
| | | | | | |

Title Description

Label for Stars: Members Who Had a Pharmacist (or Other Health Professional) Help them Understand and Manage Their Medications

Label for Data: Members Who Had a Pharmacist (or Other Health Professional) Help them Understand and Manage Their Medications

Description: Some plan members are in a program (called a *Medication Therapy Management* program) to help them manage their drugs. The measure shows how many members in the program had an assessment of their medications from the plan. The assessment includes a discussion between the member and a pharmacist (or other health care professional) about all of the member's medications. The member also receives a written summary of the discussion, including an action plan that recommends what the member can do to better understand and use his or her medications. *Note:* If you would like more information about your plan's Medication Therapy Management program, including whether you might be eligible for the program: Return to Star Ratings information page, scroll up to the top of the page, and then click on the "Manage Drugs" tab.

Metric: This measure is defined as the percent of Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program enrollees who received a Comprehensive Medication Review (CMR) during the reporting period.

Numerator = Number of beneficiaries from the denominator who received a CMR at any time during their period of MTM enrollment in the reporting period.

Denominator = Number of beneficiaries who were at least 18 years or older as of the beginning of the reporting period and who were enrolled in the MTM program for at least 60 days during the reporting period. Only those beneficiaries who meet the contracts' specified targeting criteria per CMS – Part D requirements pursuant to §423.153(d) of the regulations at any time in the reporting period are included in this measure. Beneficiaries who were in hospice at any point during the reporting period are excluded.

A beneficiary's MTM eligibility, receipt of CMRs, etc., is determined for each contract he/she was enrolled in during the measurement period. Similarly, a contract's CMR completion rate is calculated based on each of its eligible MTM enrolled beneficiaries. For example, a beneficiary must meet the inclusion criteria for the contract to be included in the contract's CMR rate. A beneficiary who is enrolled in two different contracts' MTM programs for 30 days each is therefore excluded from both contracts' CMR rates.

Beneficiaries may be enrolled in MTM based on the contracts' specified targeting criteria per CMS – Part D requirements and/or based on expanded, other plan-specific targeting criteria. Beneficiaries who were initially enrolled in MTM due to other plan-specific (expanded) criteria and then later met the contracts' specified targeting criteria per CMS – Part D requirements at any time in the reporting period are included in this measure. In these cases, a CMR received after the date of MTM enrollment but before the date the beneficiary met the specified targeting criteria per CMS – Part D requirements are included.

Primary Data Source: Part D Plan Reporting

Data Source Description: Additional data sources used to calculate the measure: Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB) File.

Data were reported by contracts to CMS per the Part D Reporting Requirements. Validation of these data was performed retrospectively during the 2016 Data Validation

Title Description

cycle.

Data Source Category: Health and Drug Plans

Exclusions: Contracts with an effective termination date on or before the deadline to submit data validation results to CMS (June 30, 2016) are excluded and listed as "No data available."

MTM CMR rates are not provided for contracts that did not score at least 95% on data validation for the Medication Therapy Management Program reporting section or were not compliant with data validation standards/sub-standards for any the following Medication Therapy Management Program data elements:

• HICN or RRB Number (Element B)

- Met the specified targeting criteria per CMS Part D requirements (Element G)
- Date of MTM program enrollment (Element I)
- Date met the specified targeting criteria per CMS Part D requirements (Element J)
- Date of MTM program opt-out, if applicable (Element K)
- Received annual CMR with written summary in CMS standardized format (Element O)
- Date(s) of CMR(s) with written summary in CMS standardized format (Element Q)

MTM CMR rates are also not provided for contracts that failed to submit their MTM file and pass system validation by the reporting deadline or who had a missing data validation score for MTM. Contracts excluded from the MTM CMR Rates due to data validation issues are shown as "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Contracts can view their data validation results in HPMS (https://hpms.cms.gov/). From the home page, select Monitoring | Plan Reporting Data Validation. If you cannot see the Plan Reporting Data Validation module, contact CMSHPMS_Access@cms.hhs.gov.

Additionally, contracts must have 31 or more enrollees in the denominator in order to have a calculated rate. Contracts with fewer than 31 eligible enrollees are listed as "No data available."

Data Time Frame: 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015

General Trend: Higher is better

Statistical Method: Clustering Improvement Measure: Included

CAI Usage: Not Included

Case-mix adjusted: No

Weighting Category: Process Measure

Weighting Value: 1

CMS Framework Area: Clinical care

NQF #: None

Data Display: Percentage with 1 decimal point

Reporting Requirements:

| | Local CCP, E-CCP, R-CCP & Regional CCP w/o SNP | | | | E-PFFS, PFFS & R-PFFS |
|-----|---|-----|----|-----|--------------------------|
| Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

Cut Points:

| Type | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 33.2% | ≥ 33.2% to < 47.8% | ≥ 47.8% to < 58.1% | ≥ 58.1% to < 76.8% | ≥ 76.8% |
| PDP | < 12.6% | ≥ 12.6% to < 20.3% | ≥ 20.3% to < 33.9% | ≥ 33.9% to < 51.6% | ≥ 51.6% |

Attachment A: CAHPS Case-Mix Adjustment

The CAHPS measures are case-mix adjusted to take into account the mix of enrollees. Case-mix variables include dual eligibility and education among other variables. The table below includes the case-mix variables and shows the case-mix coefficients for each of the CAHPS measures included in the Star Ratings. The coefficients indicate how much higher or lower people with a given characteristic tend to respond compared to others with the baseline value for that characteristic, on the 0-100 scale used in consumer reports.

For example, for the measure "Getting Needed Care," the coefficient for "age 80-84" is +0.01981, indicating that respondents in that age range tend to score their plans 0.01981 point higher than otherwise similar people in the 70-74 age range (the baseline or reference category). Similarly, dual eligibles tend to respond -0.04851 points lower on this item than otherwise similar non-duals. Contracts with higher proportions of beneficiaries who are in the 80-84 age range will be adjusted downwards on this measure to compensate for the positive response tendency of their respondents. Similarly, contracts with higher proportions of respondents who are dual eligibles will be adjusted upwards on this measure to compensate for their respondents' negative response tendency. The case-mix patterns are not always consistent across measures.

The composites consist of multiple items, each of which is adjusted separately before combining the adjusted scores into a composite score. In the tables we report the average of the coefficients for these several items, for each of the categories (rows) of the table, as a summary of the adjustment for the composite.

Table A-1: Part C CAHPS Measures

| Predictor | C03: Annual Flu Vaccine | C20: Getting Needed Care (Comp) | C21: Getting Appointments and Care Quickly (Comp) | C22: Customer Service (Comp) | C23: Rating of Health Care Quality | C24: Rating of Health Plan | C25: Care Coordination (Comp) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Age: 64 or under | N/A | -0.06578 | -0.02325 | -0.03938 | -0.17422 | -0.23044 | -0.02052 |
| Age: 65 - 69 | N/A | 0.02681 | -0.00735 | -0.01398 | -0.01875 | -0.04524 | -0.00771 |
| Age: 75 - 79 | N/A | -0.00077 | 0.01679 | -0.00516 | 0.06576 | 0.07395 | -0.01673 |
| Age: 80 - 84 | N/A | 0.01981 | 0.01068 | 0.01641 | 0.08601 | 0.12252 | -0.01073 |
| Age: 85 and older | N/A | 0.00795 | 0.01965 | 0.00800 | 0.10873 | 0.19082 | -0.04819 |
| Less than an 8th grade education | N/A | 0.06608 | -0.00950 | 0.02536 | 0.05944 | 0.17079 | 0.03275 |
| Some high school | N/A | 0.00388 | -0.01735 | -0.01691 | 0.04845 | 0.13634 | 0.01237 |
| Some college | N/A | -0.05811 | -0.00695 | -0.05239 | -0.07413 | -0.20580 | -0.01708 |
| College graduate | N/A | -0.07714 | -0.02070 | -0.04485 | -0.18943 | -0.24973 | -0.05268 |
| More than a bachelor's degree | N/A | -0.09723 | 0.00934 | -0.08799 | -0.20722 | -0.35177 | -0.01692 |
| General health rating: excellent | N/A | 0.06977 | 0.04362 | 0.06420 | 0.39167 | 0.34982 | 0.01861 |
| General health rating: very good | N/A | 0.05110 | 0.03878 | 0.03097 | 0.25460 | 0.22071 | 0.02660 |
| General health rating: fair | N/A | -0.05850 | -0.03825 | -0.01015 | -0.20037 | -0.09609 | -0.01362 |
| General health rating: poor | N/A | -0.10608 | -0.03876 | -0.06759 | -0.44555 | -0.26483 | -0.02675 |
| Mental health rating: excellent | N/A | 0.15143 | 0.12798 | 0.07152 | 0.51309 | 0.34293 | 0.13565 |
| Mental health rating: very good | N/A | 0.07691 | 0.06783 | 0.03355 | 0.23984 | 0.14657 | 0.07210 |
| Mental health rating: fair | N/A | -0.07843 | -0.03536 | -0.05105 | -0.16960 | -0.18627 | -0.05122 |
| Mental health rating: poor | N/A | -0.17530 | -0.11081 | -0.21117 | -0.54104 | -0.48376 | -0.10682 |
| Proxy helped | N/A | 0.00218 | -0.04383 | -0.03625 | -0.08993 | -0.06614 | 0.02356 |
| Proxy answered | N/A | -0.01587 | 0.03219 | -0.02592 | -0.00134 | -0.00815 | 0.02373 |
| Medicaid dual eligible | N/A | -0.04851 | -0.00408 | 0.00706 | -0.06071 | 0.21234 | -0.01415 |
| Low-income subsidy (LIS) | N/A | 0.02839 | -0.08787 | 0.04764 | -0.08275 | 0.05071 | 0.00955 |
| Chinese Language | N/A | 0.02772 | 0.05809 | -0.15994 | 0.22584 | -0.09093 | 0.00005 |
| Supplemental sample | -0.059749 | -0.06371 | 0.05024 | 0.03227 | -0.11010 | 0.18672 | 0.02077 |

Table A-2: Part D CAHPS Measures

| Predictor | MA-PD D08: Rating of Drug Plan | MA-PD D09: Getting Needed Prescription Drugs (Comp) | PDP D08: Rating of Drug Plan | PDP D09: Getting Needed Prescription Drugs (Comp) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| Age: 64 or under | -0.27569 | -0.06454 | 0.06211 | -0.02891 |
| Age: 65 - 69 | -0.19440 | -0.03037 | -0.08983 | -0.02822 |
| Age: 75 - 79 | 0.07233 | 0.00378 | 0.24711 | 0.02864 |
| Age: 80 - 84 | 0.21853 | 0.01595 | 0.47427 | 0.03152 |
| Age: 85 and older | 0.33341 | 0.01583 | 0.67113 | 0.10747 |
| Less than an 8th grade education | 0.08252 | -0.03436 | 0.00931 | -0.11294 |
| Some high school | 0.11874 | 0.00096 | 0.30042 | -0.02304 |
| Some college | -0.21490 | -0.01862 | -0.32058 | -0.07855 |
| College graduate | -0.24904 | -0.02611 | -0.37643 | -0.10954 |
| More than a bachelor's degree | -0.40747 | -0.03288 | -0.51899 | -0.12881 |
| General health rating: excellent | 0.35712 | -0.01633 | 0.23756 | 0.06252 |
| General health rating: very good | 0.20741 | 0.02448 | 0.18783 | 0.01657 |
| General health rating: fair | -0.14385 | -0.03628 | -0.25042 | -0.07071 |
| General health rating: poor | -0.32451 | -0.06472 | -0.63890 | -0.20834 |
| Mental health rating: excellent | 0.28843 | 0.09477 | 0.12897 | 0.08428 |
| Mental health rating: very good | 0.13911 | 0.05275 | 0.03531 | 0.05432 |
| Mental health rating: fair | -0.10406 | -0.02567 | -0.08717 | 0.03976 |
| Mental health rating: poor | -0.42811 | -0.08262 | -0.39533 | -0.00522 |
| Proxy helped | -0.00781 | 0.00945 | -0.29024 | -0.04416 |
| Proxy answered | -0.02595 | 0.05698 | -0.06049 | 0.07667 |
| Medicaid dual eligible | 0.59949 | 0.01851 | 0.89267 | 0.00984 |
| Low-income subsidy (LIS) | 0.45558 | 0.01937 | 0.47135 | 0.00984 |
| Chinese Language | -0.25143 | -0.02937 | N/A | N/A |
| Supplemental sample | 0.24165 | -0.05079 | 0.25967 | -0.05065 |

Attachment B: Complaints Tracking Module Exclusion List

Table B-1 contains the current exclusions applied to the CTM based on the revised categories and subcategories that have been applied since September 25, 2010.

Table B-1: Exclusions since September 25, 2010

| Category ID | Category Description | Subcategory ID | Subcategory Description | Effective Date |
|-------------|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| 11 | Enrollment/Disenrollment | 16 | Facilitated/Auto Enrollment issues | September |
| | | 18 | Enrollment Exceptions (EE) | 25, 2010 |
| 13 | Pricing/Co-Insurance | 06 | Beneficiary has lost LIS Status/Eligibility or was denied LIS | |
| | | 16 | Part D IRMAA | |
| 30 | Beneficiary Needs Assistance with Acquiring Medicaid Eligibility Information | 01 | Beneficiary Needs Assistance with Acquiring Medicaid Eligibility Information | |
| | | 90 | Other Beneficiary Needs Assistance with Acquiring Medicaid Eligibility Information Issue | |
| 38 | Contractor/Partner Performance | 90 | Other Contractor/Partner Performance | |
| 26 | Contractor/Partner Performance | 90 | Other Contractor/Partner Performance | December 16, |
| 44 | Equitable Relief/Good Cause Requests | 01 | Good Cause - Disenrollment for Failure to Pay Premiums | 2011 |
| | | 90 | Other Equitable Relief/Good Cause Request | |
| 45 | Equitable Relief/Good Cause Requests | 01 | Good Cause - Disenrollment for Failure to Pay Premiums | |
| | | 02 | Refund/Non-Receipt Part D IRMAA | |
| | | 03 | Good Cause Part D IRMAA | |
| | | 04 | Equitable Relief Part D IRMAA | |
| | | 90 | Other Equitable Relief/Good Cause Request | |
| 49 | Contractor/Partner Performance | 90 | Other Contractor/Partner Performance | |
| 50 | Contractor/Partner Performance | 90 | Other Contractor/Partner Performance | |
| 03 | Enrollment/ Disenrollment | 11 | Disenrollment Due to Loss of Entitlement | June 1, 2013 |
| 11 | Enrollment/ Disenrollment | 24 | Disenrollment Due to Loss of Entitlement | |

Note: Program Integrity complaints, which are in the CTM but not viewable by plans, are excluded as well.

Table B-2 contains the categories and subcategories that are excluded if they were entered into the CTM prior to current exclusion criteria.

Table B-2: Exclusions prior to September 25, 2010

| Category ID | Category Description | Subcategory ID | Subcategory Description |
|-------------|---|-------------------|--|
| 03 | Enrollment/Disenrollment | 06 | Enrollment Exceptions (EE) |
| | | 07 | Retroactive Disenrollment (RD) |
| | | 09 | Enrollment Reconciliation - Dissatisfied with Decision |
| | | 10 | Retroactive Enrollment (RE) |
| | | 12 | Missing Medicaid/ Medicare Eligibility in MBD |
| 05 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse | 01 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse |
| 10 | Customer Service | 12 | Plan Website |
| 11 | Enrollment/ Disenrollment | 16 | Facilitated/Auto Enrollment Issues |
| | | 17 | Missing Medicaid/ Medicare Eligibility in MBD |
| | | 18 | Enrollment Exceptions (EE) |
| 13 | Pricing/Co-Insurance | 06 | Beneficiary has lost LIS Status/Eligibility or was denied LIS |
| | | 08 | Overcharged Premium Fees |
| 14 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse | 01 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse |
| 24 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse | 01 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse |
| 32 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse | 01 | Program Integrity Issues/Potential Fraud, Waste and Abuse |
| 34 | Plan Administration | 02 | Plan Terminating Contract |
| 38 | Contractor/ Partner Performance | 01 | Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) |
| | | 02 | State Health Insurance Plans (SHIPs) |
| | | 03 | Social Security Administration (SSA) |
| | | 04 | 1-800-Medicare |
| | | 90 | Other Contractor/ Partner Performance |
| 41 | Pricing/Co-Insurance | 01 | Premium Reconciliation - Refund or Billing Issue |
| | | 03 | Beneficiary Double Billed (both premium withhold and direct pay) |
| | | 04 | Premium Withhold Amount not going to Plan |
| | | 05 | Part B Premium Reduction Issue |
| | | 90 | Other Premium Withhold Issue |

Note: Program Integrity Complaints, which are in the CTM but not viewable by plans, are excluded as well.

Attachment C: National Averages for Part C and D Measures

The tables below contain the average of the numeric and star values for each measure reported in the 2017 Star Ratings¹.

Table C-1: National Averages for Part C Measures

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Numeric Average | Star Average |
|------------|---|--|--------------|
| C01 | Breast Cancer Screening | 73% | 4.0 |
| C02 | Colorectal Cancer Screening | 68% | 3.2 |
| C03 | Annual Flu Vaccine | 72 | 3.3 |
| C04 | Improving or Maintaining Physical Health | 68% | 2.6 |
| C05 | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health | 85% | 3.6 |
| C06 | Monitoring Physical Activity | 50% | 2.9 |
| C07 | Adult BMI Assessment | 93% | 4.4 |
| C08 | Special Needs Plan (SNP) Care Management | 64.6% | 3.0 |
| C09 | Care for Older Adults – Medication Review | 85% | 4.4 |
| C10 | Care for Older Adults – Functional Status Assessment | 79% | 4.0 |
| C11 | Care for Older Adults – Pain Assessment | 88% | 4.5 |
| C12 | Osteoporosis Management in Women who had a Fracture | 39% | 2.7 |
| C13 | Diabetes Care – Eye Exam | 70% | 3.4 |
| C14 | Diabetes Care – Kidney Disease Monitoring | 96% | 3.6 |
| C15 | Diabetes Care – Blood Sugar Controlled | 75% | 3.7 |
| C16 | Controlling Blood Pressure | 69% | 4.0 |
| C17 | Rheumatoid Arthritis Management | 78% | 3.8 |
| C18 | Reducing the Risk of Falling | 57% | 2.4 |
| C19 | Plan All-Cause Readmissions | 11% | 3.3 |
| C20 | Getting Needed Care | 83 | 3.3 |
| C21 | Getting Appointments and Care Quickly | 76 | 3.3 |
| C22 | Customer Service | 88 | 3.3 |
| C23 | Rating of Health Care Quality | 86 | 3.4 |
| C24 | Rating of Health Plan | 84 | 3.2 |
| C25 | Care Coordination | 85 | 3.4 |
| C26 | Complaints about the Health Plan | 0.11 | 4.6 |
| C27 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | 11% | 4.3 |
| C28 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | 83 | 4.2 |
| C29 | Health Plan Quality Improvement | Medicare shows only a Star Rating for this topic | 3.1 |
| C30 | Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals | 94% | 3.8 |
| C31 | Reviewing Appeals Decisions | 89% | 3.7 |
| C32 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | 93% | 4.2 |

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¹ All contracts are weighted equally in these averages.

Table C-2: National Averages for Part D Measures

| Measure ID | Measure Name | MA-PD Numeric Average | MA-PD Star Average | PDP Numeric Average | PDP Star Average |
|---------------|---|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| D01 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | 92% | 4.3 | 92% | 3.6 |
| D02 | Appeals Auto–Forward | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 4.1 |
| D03 | Appeals Upheld | 81% | 2.9 | 82% | 3.3 |
| D04 | Complaints about the Drug Plan | 0.11 | 4.6 | 0.02 | 4.3 |
| D05 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | 11% | 4.3 | 8% | 4.4 |
| D06 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | 83 | 4.1 | 87 | 4.4 |
| D07 | Drug Plan Quality Improvement | Medicare shows only a Star Rating for this topic | 3.6 | Medicare shows only a Star Rating for this topic | 3.8 |
| D08 | Rating of Drug Plan | 84 | 3.3 | 83 | 3.4 |
| D09 | Getting Needed Prescription Drugs | 91 | 3.6 | 90 | 3.6 |
| D10 | MPF Price Accuracy | 99 | 4.7 | 99 | 4.8 |
| D11 | High Risk Medication | 6% | 3.7 | 8% | 3.6 |
| D12 | Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications | 79% | 3.5 | 81% | 3.3 |
| D13 | Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists) | 81% | 4.0 | 83% | 3.7 |
| D14 | Medication Adherence for Cholesterol (Statins) | 77% | 3.5 | 79% | 3.6 |
| D15 | MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR | 45.6% | 2.4 | 25.3% | 2.8 |

Attachment D: Part C and D Data Time Frames

Table D-1: Part C Measure Data Time Frames

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | Data Time Frame |
|------------|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| C01 | Breast Cancer Screening | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C02 | Colorectal Cancer Screening | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C03 | Annual Flu Vaccine | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C04 | Improving or Maintaining Physical Health | HOS | 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015 |
| C05 | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health | HOS | 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015 |
| C06 | Monitoring Physical Activity | HEDIS / HOS | 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015 |
| C07 | Adult BMI Assessment | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C08 | Special Needs Plan (SNP) Care Management | Part C Plan Reporting | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C09 | Care for Older Adults – Medication Review | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C10 | Care for Older Adults – Functional Status Assessment | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C11 | Care for Older Adults – Pain Assessment | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C12 | Osteoporosis Management in Women who had a Fracture | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C13 | Diabetes Care – Eye Exam | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C14 | Diabetes Care – Kidney Disease Monitoring | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C15 | Diabetes Care – Blood Sugar Controlled | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C16 | Controlling Blood Pressure | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C17 | Rheumatoid Arthritis Management | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C18 | Reducing the Risk of Falling | HEDIS / HOS | 04/18/2015 - 07/31/2015 |
| C19 | Plan All-Cause Readmissions | HEDIS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C20 | Getting Needed Care | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C21 | Getting Appointments and Care Quickly | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C22 | Customer Service | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C23 | Rating of Health Care Quality | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C24 | Rating of Health Plan | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C25 | Care Coordination | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| C26 | Complaints about the Health Plan | Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C27 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | MBDSS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C28 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Compliance Activity Module (CAM) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C29 | Health Plan Quality Improvement | Star Ratings | Not Applicable |
| C30 | Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals | Independent Review Entity (IRE) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C31 | Reviewing Appeals Decisions | Independent Review Entity (IRE) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| C32 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Call Center | 02/18/2016 - 06/03/2016 |

Table D-2: Part D Measure Data Time Frames

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | Data Time Frame |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| D01 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Call Center | 02/18/2016 - 06/03/2016 |
| D02 | Appeals Auto–Forward | Independent Review Entity (IRE) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D03 | Appeals Upheld | Independent Review Entity (IRE) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D04 | Complaints about the Drug Plan | Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D05 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | MBDSS | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D06 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Compliance Activity Module (CAM) | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D07 | Drug Plan Quality Improvement | Star Ratings | Not Applicable |
| D08 | Rating of Drug Plan | CAHPS | 02/2016 - 08/2016 |
| D09 | Getting Needed Prescription Drugs | CAHPS | 02/2016 – 08/2016 |
| D10 | MPF Price Accuracy | PDE data, MPF Pricing Files | 01/01/2015 - 09/30/2015 |
| D11 | High Risk Medication | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D12 | Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D13 | Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists) | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D14 | Medication Adherence for Cholesterol (Statins) | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |
| D15 | MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR | Part D Plan Reporting | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 |

Attachment E: SNP Measure Scoring Methodologies

1. Medicare Part C Reporting Requirements Measure (C08: SNP Care Management)

- Step 1: Start with all contracts that offer at least one SNP plan that was active at any point during contract year 2015.
- Step 2: Exclude any PBP that is not required to report data for the contract year 2015 Part C SNP Care Reporting Requirements, based on terminations on or before the end of the contract year. This exclusion is consistent with the statement from page 4 of the CY 2015 Medicare Part C Plan Reporting Requirements Technical Specifications Document: "If a plan terminates before or at the end of its contract year (CY), it is not required to report and/or have its data validated for that CY." This excludes:
 - PBPs that terminate in transition from CY 2015 to CY 2016 according to the plan crosswalk
 - Contracts that terminate on or before 12/31/2015 according to the Contract Info extract

We then also **exclude** those that are **not required to undergo data validation (DV)** for the contract year 2015 Part C SNP Care Reporting Requirements, based on terminations on or before the deadline for submission of DV results to CMS. This exclusion is consistent with the following statement from page 5 of the Medicare Part C and Part D Reporting Requirements Data Validation Procedure Manual:

"A sponsoring organization that terminates its contract(s) to offer Medicare Part C and/or Part D benefits, or that is subject to a CMS termination of its contract(s), is not required to undergo a DV review for the final contract year's reported data. Similarly, for reporting sections that are reported at the plan benefit package (PBP) level, PBPs that terminate are not required to undergo a DV review for the final year's reported data."

This excludes: Contracts and PBP with an effective termination data that occurs between 1/1/2016 and 6/30/2016 according to the Contract Info extract

Step 3: After removing contract/PBP data excluded above, suppress contract rates based on the following rules:

Section-level DV failure: Contracts that score less than 95% in DV for their CY 2015 SNP Care Reporting Requirements data are listed as "Data Issues Found."

Element-level DV failure: Contracts that score 95% or higher in DV for their CY 2015 SNP Care Reporting Requirements data but that failed at least one of the four data elements are listed as "Data Issues Found."

Small size: Contracts that have not yet been suppressed and have a SNP Care Assessment rate denominator [Number of New Enrollees (Element 13.1) + Number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA (Element 13.2)] of fewer than 30 are listed as "No Data Available."

Organizations can view their own plan reporting data validation results in HPMS (https://hpms.cms.gov/). From the home page, select Monitoring | Plan Reporting Data Validation.

Step 4: Calculate the rate for the remaining contract/PBPs using the formula:

[Number of initial HRAs performed on new enrollees (Element 13.3)

- + Number of annual reassessments performed (Element 13.4)]
- / [Number of new enrollees (Element 13.1)
- + Number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA (Element 13.2)]

2. NCQA HEDIS Measures - (C09 - C11: Care for Older Adults)

The example NCQA measure combining methodology specifications below is written for two Plan Benefit Package (PBP) submissions, which we distinguish as 1 and 2, but the methodology easily extends to any number of submissions.

Rates are produced for any contract offering a SNP in the ratings year which provided SNP HEDIS data in the measurement year.

Definitions

Let N_1 = The Total Number of Members Eligible for the HEDIS measure in the first PBP ("fixed" and auditable)

Let N_2 = The Total Number of Members Eligible for the HEDIS measure in the second PBP ("fixed" and auditable)

Let P_1 = The estimated rate (mean) for the HEDIS measure in the first PBP (auditable)

Let P_2 = The estimated rate (mean) for the same HEDIS measure in the second PBP (auditable)

Setup Calculations

Based on the above definitions, there are two additional calculations:

Let W_1 = The weight assigned to the first PBP results (estimated, auditable). This is estimated from the formula $W_1 = N_1 / (N_1 + N_2)$

Let W_2 = The weight assigned to the second PBP results (estimated, auditable). This is estimated from the formula $W_2 = N_2 / (N_1 + N_2)$

Pooled Analysis

The pooled result from the two rates (means) is calculated as: P_{pooled} = W₁ * P₁ + W₂ * P₂

NOTES:

Weights are based on the eligible member population. While it may be more accurate to remove all excluded members before weighting, NCQA and CMS have chosen not do this (to simplify the method) for two reasons: 1) the number of exclusions relative to the size of the population should be small, and 2) exclusion rates (as a percentage of the eligible population) should be similar for each PBP and negligibly affect the weights.

If one or more of the submissions has an audit designation of NA, those submissions are dropped and not included in the weighted rate (mean) calculations. If one or more of the submissions has an audit designation of BR or NR (which has been determined to be biased or is not reported by choice of the contract), the rate is set to zero as detailed in the section titled "Handling of Biased, Erroneous and/or Not Reportable (NR) Data" and the average enrollment for the year is used for the eligible population in the PBP.

| Numeric Example Using an Effectiveness of Care Rate | |
|---|---------|
| # of Total Members Eligible for the HEDIS measure in PBP 1, N_1 = | 1500 |
| # of Total Members Eligible for the HEDIS measure in PBP 2, N_2 = | 2500 |
| HEDIS Result for PBP 1, Enter as a Proportion between 0 and 1, P ₁ = | 0.75 |
| HEDIS Result for PBP 2, Enter as a Proportion between 0 and 1, P ₂ = | 0.5 |
| Setup Calculations - Initialize Some Intermediate Results | |
| The weight for PBP 1 product estimated by $W_1 = N_1 / (N_1 + N_2)$ | 0.375 |
| The weight for PBP 2 product estimated by $W_2 = N_2 / (N_1 + N_2)$ | 0.625 |
| Pooled Results | |
| $P_{pooled} = W_1 * P_1 + W_2 * P_2$ | 0.59375 |

Attachment F: Calculating Measure C19: Plan All-Cause Readmissions

All data come from the HEDIS 2016 M16_PCRb data file. The CMS MA HEDIS Public Use File (PUF) data can be found on this page: Medicare Advantage/Part D Contract and Enrollment Data

| Formula Value | PCRb Field | Field Description | PUF Field |
|---------------|------------|--|-------------|
| Α | is6574 | Count of Index Stays (Denominator) 65-74 | UOS524-0010 |
| D | r6574 | Count of 30-Day readmissions (numerator) 65-74 | UOS524-0020 |
| G | ap6574 | Average Adjusted Probability 65-74 | UOS524-0030 |
| В | is7584 | Count of Index Stays (Denominator) 75-84 | UOS524-0040 |
| E | r7584 | Count of 30-Day readmissions (numerator) 75-84 | UOS524-0050 |
| Н | ap7584 | Average Adjusted Probability 75-84 | UOS524-0060 |
| С | is85 | Count of Index Stays (Denominator) 85+ | UOS524-0070 |
| F | r85 | Count of 30-Day readmissions (numerator) 85+ | UOS524-0080 |
| | ap85 | Average Adjusted Probability 85+ | UOS524-0090 |

$$NatAvgObs = Average\left(\left(\frac{D_1 + E_1 + F_1}{A_1 + B_1 + C_1}\right) + \ldots + \left(\frac{D_n + E_n + F_n}{A_n + B_n + C_n}\right)\right) \ \, Where \ \, 1 \ \, through \ \, n \ \, are \ \, all \ \, contracts \ \, with \ \, numeric \ \, data.$$

Observed =
$$\frac{D+E+F}{A+B+C}$$

Expected =
$$\left(\left(\frac{A}{A+B+C}\right) \times G\right) + \left(\left(\frac{B}{A+B+C}\right) \times H\right) + \left(\left(\frac{C}{A+B+C}\right) \times I\right)$$

Final Rate =
$$\left(\left(\frac{\text{Observed}}{\text{Expected}}\right) \times \text{NatAvgObs}\right) \times 100$$

Example: Calculating the final rate for Contract 1

| Formula Value | PCR Field | Contract 1 | Contract 2 | Contract 3 | Contract 4 |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Α | is6574 | 2,217 | 1,196 | 4,157 | 221 |
| D | r6574 | 287 | 135 | 496 | 30 |
| G | ap6574 | 0.126216947 | 0.141087156 | 0.122390927 | 0.129711036 |
| В | is7584 | 1,229 | 2,483 | 3,201 | 180 |
| E | r7584 | 151 | 333 | 434 | 27 |
| Н | ap7584 | 0.143395345 | 0.141574415 | 0.168403941 | 0.165909069 |
| С | is85 | 1,346 | 1,082 | 1,271 | 132 |
| F | r85 | 203 | 220 | 196 | 22 |
| [| ap85 | 0.165292297 | 0.175702614 | 0.182608065 | 0.145632638 |

NatAvgObs = Average
$$\left(\left(\frac{287+151+203}{2217+1229+1346} \right) + \left(\frac{135+333+220}{1196+2438+1082} \right) + \left(\frac{496+434+196}{4157+3201+1271} \right) + \left(\frac{30+27+22}{221+180+132} \right) \right)$$

NatAvgObs = Average
$$((0.13376)+(0.14451)+(0.13049)+(0.14822))$$

NatAvgObs = 0.13924

Observed Contract
$$1 = \frac{287+151+203}{2217+1229+1346} = 0.13376$$

Expected Contract 1 =

$$\left(\left(\left(\frac{2217}{2217+1229+1346}\right)\times\ 0.126216947\right)+\left(\left(\frac{1229}{2217+1229+1346}\right)\times\ 0.143395345\right)+\left(\left(\frac{1346}{2217+1229+1346}\right)\times\ 0.165292297\right)\right)$$

Expected Contract 1 = (0.058 + 0.037 + 0.046) = 0.142

Final Rate Contract 1 =
$$\left(\left(\frac{0.13376}{0.142} \right) \times 0.13924 \right) \times 100 = 13.1160158$$

Final Rate reported in the Star Ratings for Contract 1 = 13%

The actual calculated NatAvgObs value used in the 2017 Star Ratings was 0.127865009484439

Attachment G: Weights Assigned to Individual Performance Measures

Table G-1: Part C Measure Weights

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Weighting Category | Part C Summary | MA-PD Overall |
|---------------|---|---|-------------------|------------------|
| C01 | Breast Cancer Screening | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C02 | Colorectal Cancer Screening | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C03 | Annual Flu Vaccine | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C04 | Improving or Maintaining Physical Health | Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| C05 | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health | Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| C06 | Monitoring Physical Activity | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C07 | Adult BMI Assessment | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C08 | Special Needs Plan (SNP) Care Management | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C09 | Care for Older Adults – Medication Review | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C10 | Care for Older Adults – Functional Status Assessment | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C11 | Care for Older Adults – Pain Assessment | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C12 | Osteoporosis Management in Women who had a Fracture | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C13 | Diabetes Care – Eye Exam | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C14 | Diabetes Care – Kidney Disease Monitoring | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C15 | Diabetes Care – Blood Sugar Controlled | Intermediate Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| C16 | Controlling Blood Pressure | Intermediate Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| C17 | Rheumatoid Arthritis Management | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C18 | Reducing the Risk of Falling | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| C19 | Plan All-Cause Readmissions | Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| C20 | Getting Needed Care | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C21 | Getting Appointments and Care Quickly | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C22 | Customer Service | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C23 | Rating of Health Care Quality | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C24 | Rating of Health Plan | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C25 | Care Coordination | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C26 | Complaints about the Health Plan | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C27 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C28 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C29 | Health Plan Quality Improvement | Improvement Measure | 5 | 5 |
| C30 | Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C31 | Reviewing Appeals Decisions | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| C32 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |

Table G-2: Part D Measure Weights

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Part D Summary | MA-PD Overall | |
|---------------|---|---|------------------|-----|
| D01 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D02 | Appeals Auto–Forward | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D03 | Appeals Upheld | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D04 | Complaints about the Drug Plan | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D05 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D06 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Measures Capturing Access | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D07 | Drug Plan Quality Improvement | Improvement Measure | 5 | 5 |
| D08 | Rating of Drug Plan | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D09 | Getting Needed Prescription Drugs | Patients' Experience and Complaints Measure | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| D10 | MPF Price Accuracy | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |
| D11 | High Risk Medication | Intermediate Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| D12 | Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications | Intermediate Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| D13 | Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists) | Intermediate Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| D14 | Medication Adherence for Cholesterol (Statins) | Intermediate Outcome Measure | 3 | 3 |
| D15 | MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR | Process Measure | 1 | 1 |

Attachment H: Calculation of Weighted Star Rating and Variance Estimates

The weighted summary (or overall) Star Rating for contract *j* is estimated as:

$$\bar{x}_{j} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n_{j}} w_{ij} x_{ij}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n_{j}} w_{ij}}$$

where n_j is the number of performance measures for which contract j is eligible; w_{ij} is the weight assigned to performance measure i for contract j; and x_{ij} is the measure star for performance measure i for contract j. The variance of the Star Ratings for each contract j, s_j^2 , must also be computed in order to estimate the reward factor (r-Factor):

$$s_j^2 = \frac{n_j}{(n_j - 1)(\sum_{i=1}^{n_j} w_{ij})} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{n_j} w_{ij} (x_{ij} - \overline{x}_j)^2 \right]$$

Thus, the $\bar{x_j}$'s are the new summary (or overall) Star Ratings for the contracts. The variance estimate, s_j^2 , simply replaces the non-weighted variance estimate that was previously used for the r-Factor calculation. For all contracts j, $w_{ij} = w_i$ (i.e., the performance measure weights are the same for all contracts when estimating a given Star Rating (Part C or Part D summary or MA-PD overall ratings).

Attachment I: Calculating the Improvement Measure and the Measures Used

Calculating the Improvement Measure

Contracts must have data for at least half of the attainment measures used to calculate the Part C or Part D improvement measure to be eligible to receive a rating in that improvement measure.

The improvement change score was determined for each measure for which a contract was eligible by calculating the difference in measure scores between Star Rating years 2016 and 2017:

For measures where a higher score is better:

Improvement Change Score = Score in 2017 - Score in 2016.

For measures where a lower score is better:

Improvement Change Score = Score in 2016 - Score in 2017

An eligible measure was defined as a measure for which a contract was scored in both the 2016 and 2017 Star Ratings and there were no significant specification changes.

For each measure, significant improvement or decline between Star Ratings years 2016 and 2017 was determined by a t-test at the 95% significance level:

If
$$\frac{\text{Improvement Change Score}}{\text{Standard Error of Improvement Change Score}} > 1.96$$
, then YES = significant improvement If $\frac{\text{Improvement Change Score}}{\text{Standard Error of Improvement Change Score}} < -1.96$, then YES = significant decline

Hold Harmless Provision for Individual Measures: If a contract demonstrated statistically significant decline (at the 0.05 significance level) on an attainment measure for which they received five stars during both the current contract year and the prior contract year, then this measure will be counted as showing no significant change. Measures that are held harmless as described here will be considered eligible for the improvement measure.

Net improvement is calculated for each class of measures (e.g., outcome, access, and process) by subtracting the number of significantly declined measures from the number of significantly improved measures.

Net Improvement = # of significantly improved measures - # of significantly declined measures

The improvement measure score is calculated for Parts C and D separately by taking a weighted sum of net improvement divided by the weighted sum of the number of eligible measures.

Measures are weighted as follows:

Outcome or intermediate outcome measure: Weight of 3

Access or patient experience measure: Weight of 1.5

Process measure: Weight of 1

When the weight of an individual measure changes over the two years of data used, the lower weight value is used in the improvement calculation.

```
Improvement\ Measure\ Score = \frac{Net\_Imp\_Process + 1.5*Net\_Imp\_PtExp + 3*Net\_Imp\_Outcome}{Elig\_Process + 1.5*Elig\_PtExp + 3*Elig\_Outcome}
```

Net_Imp_Process = Net improvement for process measures

Net_Imp_PtExp = Net improvement for patient experience and access measures

Net_Imp_Outcome = Net improvement for outcome and intermediate outcome measures

Elig Process = Number of eligible process measures

Elig_PtExp = Number of eligible patient experience and access measures

Eliq Outcome = Number of eligible outcome and intermediate outcome measures

The improvement measure score is converted into a Star Rating using the clustering method. Conceptually, the clustering algorithm identifies the "gaps" in the data and creates cut points that result in the creation of five categories (one for each Star Rating) such that scores of contracts in the same score category (Star Rating) are as similar as possible, and scores of contracts in different categories are as different as possible. Improvement scores of 0 (equivalent to no net change on the attainment measures included in the improvement measure calculation) will be centered at 3 stars when assigning the improvement measure Star Rating. Then, the remaining contracts are split into two groups and clustered: 1) improvement scores less than zero receive one or two stars on the improvement measure and 2) improvement scores greater than or equal to zero receive 3, 4, or 5 stars.

Contracts with 2 or fewer stars for their highest rating when calculated without improvement will not have their data calculated with the improvement measure included.

Hold Harmless Provision: Contracts with 4 or more stars for their highest rating that would have had their overall rating decreased with the addition of the improvement measures were held harmless. That is, the highest Star Rating would not be decreased from 4 or more stars when the improvement measures were added to the overall Star Rating calculation. In addition, the reward factor is recalculated without the improvement measures included.

General Standard Error Formula

Because a contract's score in one year is not independent of the score in the next year, the standard error is calculated using the standard estimation of the variance of the difference between two variables that are not necessarily independent. The standard error of the improvement change score is calculated using the formula

$$\sqrt{se(Y_{i2})^2 + se(Y_{i1})^2 - 2 * Cov(Y_{i2}, Y_{i1})}$$

Using measure C01 as an example, the change score standard error is:

 $se(Y_{i2})$ Represents the 2017 standard error for contract i on measure C01

 $se(Y_{i1})$ Represents the 2016 standard error for contract i on measure C01

 Y_{i2} Represents the 2017 rate for contract i on measure C01

 Y_{i1} Represents the 2016 rate for contract i on measure C01

cov Represents the covariance between Y_{i2} and Y_{i1} computed using the correlation across all contracts observed at both time points (2017 and 2016). In other words:

$$cov(Y_{i2}, Y_{i1}) = se(Y_{i2}) * se(Y_{i1}) * Corr(Y_{i2}, Y_{i1})$$

where the correlation $Corr(Y_{i2}, Y_{i1})$ is assumed to be the same for all contracts and is computed using data for all contracts. This assumption was needed because only one score is observed for each contract in each year; therefore, it is not possible to compute the contract specific correlation.

Standard Error Numerical Example.

For measure C04, contract A:

$$se(Y_{i2}) = 2.805$$

$$se(Y_{i1}) = 3.000$$

$$Corr(Y_{i2}, Y_{i1}) = 0.901$$

Standard error for measure C04 for contract A = sqrt $(2.805^2 + 3.000^2 - 2 * 0.901 * 2.805 * 3.000) = 1.305$

Standard Error Formulas (SEF) for Specific Measures

The following formulas are used for calculating the standard error for specific measures in the 2017 Star Ratings. These are modifications to the general standard error formula provide above to account for the specific type of data in the measure.

1. SEF for Measures: C01, C02, C06 - C08, C12 - C18, C27, C30 - C32, D01, D03, D05, D11 - D15

$$SE_y = \sqrt{\frac{Score_y*(100 - Score_y)}{Denominator_y}}$$

for y = 2016, 2017

Denominator, is as defined in the Measure Details section for each measure

2. SEF for Measures: C09 - C11

These measures are rolled up from the plan level to the contract level following the formula outlined in "<u>Attachment E</u>: NCQA HEDIS Measures." The standard error at the contract level is calculated as shown below. The specifications are written for two PBP submissions, which we distinguish as 1 and 2, but the methodology easily extends to any number of submissions.

The plan level standard error is calculated as:

$$SE_{yj} = \sqrt{\frac{Score_{yj} * (100 - Score_{yj})}{Denominator_{yj}}}$$

for y = 2016, 2017 and j = Plan 1, Plan 2

The contract level standard error is then calculated as:

Let Wy1 = The weight assigned to the first PBP results (estimated, auditable) for year y, where y = 2016, 2017. This result is estimated by the formula Wy1 = Ny1 / (Ny1 + Ny2)

Let Wy2 = The weight assigned to the second PBP results (estimated, auditable) for year y, where y = 2016, 2017. This result is estimated by the formula Wy2 = Ny2 / (Ny1 + Ny2)

$$SE_{yi} = \sqrt{(W_{y1})^2 * (SE_{y1})^2 + (W_{y2})^2 * (SE_{y2})^2}$$

for y = Contract Year 2016, Contract Year 2017 and i = Contract i

3. SEF for Measure: C19

$$SE_y = 100 * \text{NatAvgObs} * \sqrt{\frac{Observed Count of Readmissions_y}{(Expected Count of Readmissions_y)^2}}$$
for y = 2016, 2017

The calculation of NatAvgObs is explained in "<u>Attachment F</u>: Calculating Measure C19: Plan All-Cause Readmissions." The observed count of readmissions is calculated as D+E+F, where D, E, and F are formula values in <u>Attachment F</u>. The expected count of readmissions is calculated using the formula A*G + B*H + C*I, and A, B, C, G, H, and I are formula values in <u>Attachment F</u>.

4. SEF for Measures: C03, C20 - C25, and D08 - D09

The CAHPS measure standard errors for 2016 and 2017 were provided to CMS by the CAHPS contractor following the formulas documented in the <u>CAHPS Macro Manual</u>. The actual values used for each contract are included on the Measure Detail CAHPS page in the HPMS preview area.

5. SEF for Measure: D02

$$SE_y = \sqrt{\frac{Total\ Number\ of\ Cases\ Auto-Forwarded\ to\ IRE_y}{(Average\ Medicare\ Part\ D\ Enrollment_y)^2}}*10,000$$

6. SEF for Measures C26, D04

$$SE_y = \sqrt{\frac{Total\ Number\ of\ Complaints_y}{(Average\ Contract\ Enrollment_y)^2}} * \frac{1000*30}{365}$$

Star Ratings Measures Used in the Improvement Measures

Table I-1: Part C Measures Used in the Improvement Measure

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Measure Usage | Correlation |
|------------|---|---------------|-------------|
| C01 | Breast Cancer Screening | Included | 0.900112 |
| C02 | Colorectal Cancer Screening | Included | 0.837962 |
| C03 | Annual Flu Vaccine | Included | 0.883567 |
| C04 | Improving or Maintaining Physical Health | Not Included | - |
| C05 | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health | Not Included | - |
| C06 | Monitoring Physical Activity | Included | 0.814567 |
| C07 | Adult BMI Assessment | Included | 0.644403 |
| C08 | Special Needs Plan (SNP) Care Management | Included | 0.721032 |
| C09 | Care for Older Adults – Medication Review | Included | 0.715202 |
| C10 | Care for Older Adults – Functional Status Assessment | Included | 0.869038 |
| C11 | Care for Older Adults – Pain Assessment | Included | 0.685062 |
| C12 | Osteoporosis Management in Women who had a Fracture | Included | 0.824008 |
| C13 | Diabetes Care – Eye Exam | Included | 0.800195 |
| C14 | Diabetes Care – Kidney Disease Monitoring | Included | 0.596199 |
| C15 | Diabetes Care – Blood Sugar Controlled | Included | 0.788669 |
| C16 | Controlling Blood Pressure | Included | 0.795211 |
| C17 | Rheumatoid Arthritis Management | Included | 0.757025 |
| C18 | Reducing the Risk of Falling | Included | 0.830703 |
| C19 | Plan All-Cause Readmissions | Not Included | - |
| C20 | Getting Needed Care | Included | 0.738892 |
| C21 | Getting Appointments and Care Quickly | Included | 0.843024 |
| C22 | Customer Service | Included | 0.727243 |
| C23 | Rating of Health Care Quality | Included | 0.72869 |
| C24 | Rating of Health Plan | Included | 0.817765 |
| C25 | Care Coordination | Included | 0.745114 |
| C26 | Complaints about the Health Plan | Included | 0.623247 |
| C27 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | Included | 0.75265 |
| C28 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Not Included | - |
| C29 | Health Plan Quality Improvement | Not Included | - |
| C30 | Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals | Included | 0.28654 |
| C31 | Reviewing Appeals Decisions | Included | 0.615981 |
| C32 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Included | 0.509604 |

Table I-2: Part D Measures Used in the Improvement Measure

| Measure ID | Measure Name | Measure Usage | Correlation |
|------------|---|---------------|-------------|
| D01 | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Included | 0.529379 |
| D02 | Appeals Auto–Forward | Included | 0.149595 |
| D03 | Appeals Upheld | Included | 0.516293 |
| D04 | Complaints about the Drug Plan | Included | 0.634526 |
| D05 | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | Included | 0.72674 |
| D06 | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Not Included | - |
| D07 | Drug Plan Quality Improvement | Not Included | - |
| D08 | Rating of Drug Plan | Included | 0.803349 |
| D09 | Getting Needed Prescription Drugs | Included | 0.715224 |
| D10 | MPF Price Accuracy | Not Included | • |
| D11 | High Risk Medication | Included | 0.809015 |
| D12 | Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications | Included | 0.862311 |
| D13 | Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists) | Included | 0.868757 |
| D14 | Medication Adherence for Cholesterol (Statins) | Included | 0.920025 |
| D15 | MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR | Included | 0.719847 |

Attachment J: Star Ratings Measure History

The tables below cross-reference the measures code in each of the yearly Star Ratings releases. Measure codes that begin with DM are display measures which are posted on CMS.gov on this page: http://go.cms.gov/partcanddstarratings.

Table J-1: Part C Measure History

| Part | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | Notes |
|------|--|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|
| С | Access to Primary Care Doctor Visits | HEDIS | DMC10 | DMC11 | DMC10 | DMC12 | DMC12 | C11 | C13 | C12 | C13 | C09 | |
| С | Adult BMI Assessment | HEDIS | C07 | C07 | C08 | C10 | C10 | C12 | DMC05 | | | | |
| С | Annual Flu Vaccine | CAHPS | C03 | C03 | C04 | C06 | C06 | C06 | C07 | C06 | C07 | C07 | |
| С | Antidepressant Medication Management (6 months) | HEDIS | DMC02 | DMC03 | DMC03 | DMC03 | DMC03 | DMC03 | DMC03 | DMC04 | C28 | C23 | |
| С | Appropriate Monitoring of Patients Taking Long-term Medications | HEDIS | DMC04 | DMC05 | DMC05 | DMC05 | DMC05 | DMC05 | C06 | C05 | C06 | C06 | |
| С | Asthma Medication Ratio | HEDIS | DMC27 | | | | | | | | | | |
| С | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Administrative Data | C28 | C28 | DME08 | C31 | C31 | C32 | C33 | C30 | | | |
| С | Breast Cancer Screening | HEDIS | C01 | C01 | DMC22 | C01 | C01 | C01 | C01 | C01 | C01 | C01 | |
| С | Call Answer Timeliness | HEDIS | | DMC02 | DMC02 | DMC02 | DMC02 | DMC02 | DMC02 | DMC01 | C20 | C16 | |
| С | Call Center – Beneficiary Hold Time | Call Center | DMC08 | DMC09 | | DMC09 | DMC09 | DMC09 | C34 | C31 | | | |
| С | Call Center - Calls Disconnected When Customer Calls Health Plan | Call Center | DMC11 | DMC12 | | DMC15 | DMC15 | | | | | | |
| С | Call Center – CSR Understandability | Call Center | | | | | | | | DMC02 | | | |
| С | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Call Center | C32 | C32 | | C36 | C36 | C36 | C36 | C33 | | | |
| С | Call Center – Information Accuracy | Call Center | | | | DMC10 | DMC10 | DMC10 | C35 | C32 | | | |
| С | Cardiovascular Care – Cholesterol Screening | HEDIS | | | C02 | C03 | C03 | C03 | C03 | | C03 | C03 | Α |
| С | Care Coordination | CAHPS | C25 | C25 | C28 | C29 | C29 | | | | | | |
| С | Care for Older Adults – Functional Status Assessment | HEDIS | C10 | C10 | C11 | C12 | C12 | C14 | | | | | |
| С | Care for Older Adults – Medication Review | HEDIS | C09 | C09 | C10 | C11 | C11 | C13 | | | | | |
| С | Care for Older Adults – Pain Assessment | HEDIS | C11 | C11 | C12 | C13 | C13 | C15 | | | | | |
| С | Cholesterol Screening | HEDIS | | | | | | | | C03 | | | В |
| С | Colorectal Cancer Screening | HEDIS | C02 | C02 | C01 | C02 | C02 | C02 | C02 | C02 | C02 | C02 | |
| С | Complaints about the Health Plan | CTM | C26 | C26 | C29 | C30 | C30 | C31 | C30 | C26 | | | |
| С | Computer use by provider helpful | CAHPS | DMC20 | DMC21 | DMC20 | | | | | | | | |
| С | Computer use made talking to provider easier | CAHPS | DMC21 | DMC22 | DMC21 | | | | | | | | |
| С | Computer used during office visits | CAHPS | DMC19 | DMC20 | DMC19 | | | | | | | | |
| С | Continuous Beta Blocker Treatment | HEDIS | DMC03 | DMC04 | DMC04 | DMC04 | DMC04 | DMC04 | DMC04 | DMC05 | C32 | C27 | |
| С | Controlling Blood Pressure | HEDIS | C16 | C16 | C18 | C19 | C19 | C21 | C19 | C15 | C29 | C24 | |
| С | Customer Service | CAHPS | C22 | C22 | C25 | C26 | C26 | C28 | C27 | C23 | C22 | | |

| Part | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | Notes |
|------|--|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|
| С | Diabetes Care | HEDIS | | | | | | | | C14 | | | С |
| С | Diabetes Care – Blood Sugar Controlled | HEDIS | C15 | C15 | C16 | C17 | C17 | C19 | C17 | | C26 | C21 | D |
| С | Diabetes Care – Cholesterol Controlled | HEDIS | | | C17 | C18 | C18 | C20 | C18 | | C27 | C22 | D |
| С | Diabetes Care – Cholesterol Screening | HEDIS | | | C03 | C04 | C04 | C04 | C04 | | C04 | C04 | Α |
| С | Diabetes Care – Eye Exam | HEDIS | C13 | C13 | C14 | C15 | C15 | C17 | C15 | | C24 | C19 | D |
| С | Diabetes Care – Kidney Disease Monitoring | HEDIS | C14 | C14 | C15 | C16 | C16 | C18 | C16 | | C25 | C20 | D |
| С | Doctor Follow up for Depression | HEDIS | | | | | | | | | C15 | C11 | |
| С | Doctors who Communicate Well | CAHPS | DMC07 | DMC08 | DMC08 | DMC08 | DMC08 | DMC08 | C25 | C21 | C21 | C17 | |
| С | Engagement of Alcohol or other Drug Treatment | HEDIS | DMC15 | DMC16 | DMC15 | DMC19 | | | | | | | |
| С | Follow-up visit after Hospital Stay for Mental Illness (within 30 days of Discharge) | HEDIS | DMC01 | DMC03 | C14 | C10 | |
| С | Getting Appointments and Care Quickly | CAHPS | C21 | C21 | C24 | C25 | C25 | C27 | C26 | C22 | C17 | C13 | |
| С | Getting Needed Care | CAHPS | C20 | C20 | C23 | C24 | C24 | C26 | C24 | C20 | C16 | C12 | |
| С | Glaucoma Testing | HEDIS | | | | C05 | C05 | C05 | C05 | C04 | C05 | C05 | |
| С | Health Plan Quality Improvement | Star Ratings | C29 | C29 | C31 | C33 | C33 | l. | | | | | |
| С | Hospitalizations for Potentially Preventable Complications | HEDIS | DMC24 | | | | | | | | | | |
| С | Improving Bladder Control | HEDIS / HOS | DMC22 | DMC23 | C20 | C21 | C21 | C23 | C22 | C18 | C33 | | |
| С | Improving or Maintaining Mental Health | HOS | C05 | C05 | C06 | C08 | C08 | C09 | C10 | C09 | C10 | | |
| С | Improving or Maintaining Physical Health | HOS | C04 | C04 | C05 | C07 | C07 | C08 | C09 | C08 | C09 | | |
| С | Initiation of Alcohol or other Drug Treatment | HEDIS | DMC14 | DMC15 | DMC14 | DMC18 | | | | | | | |
| С | Medication Management for People With Asthma | HEDIS | DMC26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| С | Medication Reconciliations Post Discharge | HEDIS | DMC23 | | | | | | | | | | |
| С | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | MBDSS | C27 | C27 | C30 | C32 | C32 | C33 | DME01 | C29 | | | |
| С | Monitoring Physical Activity | HEDIS / HOS | C06 | C06 | C07 | C09 | C09 | C10 | C12 | C11 | C12 | | |
| С | Osteoporosis Management in Women who had a Fracture | HEDIS | C12 | C12 | C13 | C14 | C14 | C16 | C14 | C13 | C23 | C18 | |
| С | Osteoporosis Testing | HEDIS / HOS | DMC05 | DMC06 | DMC06 | DMC06 | DMC06 | DMC06 | C11 | C10 | C11 | | |
| С | Pharmacotherapy Management of COPD Exacerbation – Bronchodilator | HEDIS | DMC13 | DMC14 | DMC13 | DMC17 | | | | | | | |
| С | Pharmacotherapy Management of COPD Exacerbation – Systemic Corticosteroid | HEDIS | DMC12 | DMC13 | DMC12 | DMC16 | | | | | | | |
| С | Plan All-Cause Readmissions | HEDIS | C19 | C19 | C22 | C23 | C23 | C25 | | | | | |
| С | Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals | IRE / Maximus | C30 | C30 | C32 | C34 | C34 | C34 | C31 | C27 | C35 | C28 | |
| С | Pneumonia Vaccine | CAHPS | DMC09 | DMC10 | DMC09 | DMC11 | DMC11 | C07 | C08 | C07 | C08 | C08 | |
| С | Rating of Health Care Quality | CAHPS | C23 | C23 | C26 | C27 | C27 | C29 | C28 | C24 | C18 | C14 | |

| Part | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | Notes |
|------|--|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| С | Rating of Health Plan | CAHPS | C24 | C24 | C27 | C28 | C28 | C30 | C29 | C25 | C19 | C15 | |
| С | Reducing the Risk of Falling | HEDIS / HOS | C18 | C18 | C21 | C22 | C22 | C24 | C23 | C19 | C34 | | |
| С | Reminders for appointments | CAHPS | DMC16 | DMC17 | DMC16 | | | | | | | | |
| С | Reminders for immunizations | CAHPS | DMC17 | DMC18 | DMC17 | | | | | | | | |
| С | Reminders for screening tests | CAHPS | DMC18 | DMC19 | DMC18 | | | | | | | | |
| С | Reviewing Appeals Decisions | IRE / Maximus | C31 | C31 | C33 | C35 | C35 | C35 | C32 | C28 | C36 | C29 | |
| С | Rheumatoid Arthritis Management | HEDIS | C17 | C17 | C19 | C20 | C20 | C22 | C20 | C16 | C30 | C25 | |
| С | Special Needs Plan (SNP) Care Management | Part C Plan Reporting | C08 | C08 | C09 | DMC14 | DMC14 | | | | | | |
| С | Statin Therapy for Patients with Cardiovascular Disease | HEDIS | DMC25 | | | | | | · | | | | |
| С | Testing to Confirm Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | HEDIS | DMC06 | DMC07 | DMC07 | DMC07 | DMC07 | DMC07 | C21 | C17 | C31 | C26 | |

Notes:

- A: Part of composite measure Cholesterol Screening in 2010
- B: Composite Measure combined Cardiovascular Čare Cholesterol Screening and Diabetes Care Cholesterol Screening measures
- C: Composite Measure combined Diabetes Care Blood Sugar Controlled, Diabetes Care Cholesterol Controlled, Diabetes Care Eye Exam, and Diabetes Care Kidney Disease Monitoring measures

D: Part of composite measure Diabetes Care in 2010

Table J-2: Part D Measure History

| Part | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | Notes |
|------|---|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|
| D | 4Rx Timeliness | Acumen/OIS (4Rx) | | | | | | DMD03 | D07 | D07 | | D09 | |
| D | Adherence - Proportion of Days Covered | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | | | | | | | DMD07 | | | | |
| D | Appeals Auto–Forward | IRE / Maximus | D02 | D02 | D01 | D02 | D03 | D03 | D05 | D05 | D05 | D13 | |
| D | Appeals Upheld | IRE / Maximus | D03 | D03 | D02 | D03 | D04 | D04 | D06 | D06 | D06 | D14 | |
| D | Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems | Administrative Data | D06 | D06 | DME08 | D05 | D07 | D07 | D10 | D11 | | | |
| D | Call Center – Beneficiary Hold Time | Call Center | DMD04 | DMD04 | | DMD04 | DMD04 | DMD05 | D01 | D01 | D01 | D01 | |
| D | Call Center – Calls Disconnected - Pharmacist | Call Center | | | | | | | | DMD05 | D04 | D04 | |
| D | Call Center - Calls Disconnected When Customer Calls Drug Plan | Call Center | DMD03 | DMD03 | | DMD03 | DMD03 | DMD04 | DMD04 | DMD04 | D02 | D02 | |
| D | Call Center – CSR Understandability | Call Center | | | | | | | | DMD06 | | | |
| D | Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability | Call Center | D01 | D01 | | D01 | D02 | D02 | D04 | D04 | | | |
| D | Call Center – Information Accuracy | Call Center | | | | DMD05 | DMD05 | DMD06 | D03 | D03 | | | |
| D | Call Center – Pharmacy Hold Time | Call Center | DMD11 | DMD11 | | DMD15 | D01 | D01 | D02 | D02 | D03 | D03 | |
| D | Complaint Resolution | CTM | | | | | | | | DMD07 | | | |
| D | Complaints - Benefits | СТМ | | | | | | | | | D07 | D11 | |
| D | Complaints - Enrollment | CTM | | | | | | | D08 | D08 | D08 | D12 | |
| D | Complaints - Other | СТМ | | | | | | | D09 | D09 | D10 | | |
| D | Complaints - Pricing | СТМ | | | | | | | | | D09 | D17 | |
| D | Complaints about the Drug Plan | CTM | D04 | D04 | D03 | D04 | D06 | D06 | | | | D05 | |
| D | Diabetes Medication Dosing | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | DMD06 | DMD06 | DMD04 | DMD07 | DMD07 | DMD08 | DMD06 | DMD09 | | | |
| D | Diabetes Treatment | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | | | D10 | D12 | D15 | D14 | D17 | D19 | | | |
| D | Drug Plan Provides Current Information on Costs and Coverage for Medicare's Website | Acumen/OIS (LIS Match Rates) | DMD07 | DMD07 | DMD05 | DMD08 | DMD08 | DMD09 | D14 | D15 | D15 | D10 | |
| D | Drug Plan Quality Improvement | Star Ratings | D07 | D07 | D05 | D07 | D09 | | | | | | |
| D | Drug-Drug Interactions | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | DMD05 | DMD05 | DMD03 | DMD06 | DMD06 | DMD07 | DMD05 | DMD08 | | | |
| D | Getting Information From Drug Plan | CAHPS | DMD10 | DMD10 | DMD09 | DMD14 | D10 | D09 | D11 | D12 | D12 | D06 | |
| D | Getting Needed Prescription Drugs | CAHPS | D09 | D09 | D07 | D09 | D12 | D11 | D13 | D14 | D14 | D08 | |
| D | High Risk Medication | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | D11 | D11 | D09 | D11 | D14 | D13 | D16 | D18 | D19 | | |
| D | Medication Adherence for Cholesterol (Statins) | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | D14 | D14 | D13 | D15 | D18 | D17 | | | | | |
| D | Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | D12 | D12 | D11 | D13 | D16 | D15 | | | | | |
| D | Medication Adherence for Hypertension (RAS antagonists) | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | D13 | D13 | D12 | D14 | D17 | D16 | | | | | |
| D | Medication Therapy Management Program Completion Rate for Comprehensive Medication Reviews | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | D15 | D15 | DMD07 | DMD12 | DMD12 | | | | | | |

| Part | Measure Name | Primary Data Source | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | Notes |
|------|--|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|
| D | Member Retention | MBDSS | | | | | | | | | D11 | | |
| D | Members Choosing to Leave the Plan | MBDSS | D05 | D05 | D04 | D06 | D08 | D08 | DME01 | D10 | | | |
| D | MPF - Composite | PDE Data, MPF Pricing Files | | | | | | D12 | D15 | | | | В |
| D | MPF – Stability | PDE Data, MPF Pricing Files | DMD08 | DMD08 | DMD06 | DMD10 | DMD10 | | | D16 | D17 | D16 | Α |
| D | MPF – Updates | PDE Data, MPF Pricing Files | | | | DMD09 | DMD09 | DMD10 | DMD08 | DMD10 | D16 | D15 | |
| D | MPF Price Accuracy | PDE Data, MPF Pricing Files | D10 | D10 | D08 | D10 | D13 | | | D17 | D18 | | Α |
| D | Plan Submitted Higher Prices for Display on MPF | PDE Data, MPF Pricing Files | DMD12 | DMD12 | DMD10 | DMD16 | | | | | | | |
| D | Rate of Chronic Use of Atypical Antipsychotics by Elderly Beneficiaries in Nursing Homes | Fu Associates | DMD09 | DMD09 | DMD08 | DMD13 | DMD13 | | | | | | |
| D | Rating of Drug Plan | CAHPS | D08 | D08 | D06 | D08 | D11 | D10 | D12 | D13 | D13 | D07 | |
| D | Reminders to fill prescriptions | CAHPS | DMD15 | DMD15 | DMD13 | | | | | | | | |
| D | Reminders to take medications | CAHPS | DMD16 | DMD16 | DMD14 | | | | | | | | |
| D | Statin Use in Persons with Diabetes (SUPD) | Prescription Drug Event (PDE) | DMD17 | l. | | | | | l. | | | | |
| D | Timely Effectuation of Appeals | IRE / Maximus | DMD02 | | | |
| D | Timely Receipt of Case Files for Appeals | IRE / Maximus | DMD01 | | | |
| D | Transition monitoring - failure rate for all other drugs | Transition Monitoring Program Analysis | DMD14 | DMD14 | DMD12 | | | | | | | | |
| D | Transition monitoring - failure rate for drugs within classes of clinical concern | Transition Monitoring Program Analysis | DMD13 | DMD13 | DMD11 | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

A: Part of composite measure MPF - Composite in 2011 – 2012
B: Composite measure - combined MPF - Accuracy and MPF Stability

Table J-3: Common Part C & Part D Measure History

| Part | Measure Name | Data Source | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
|------|---|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------------|------|-------|-------|------|------|
| E | Disenrollment Reasons - Financial Reasons for Disenrollment (MA-PD, MA-Only, PDP) | Disenrollment Reasons Survey | DME05 | DME05 | DME05 | | | | | | | |
| | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems Getting Information about Prescription Drugs (MA-PD, PDP) | Disenrollment Reasons Survey | DME07 | DME07 | DME07 | | | | | | | |
| E | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems Getting Needed Care, Coverage, and Cost Information (MA-PD, MA-Only) | Disenrollment Reasons Survey | DME03 | DME03 | DME03 | | | | | | | |
| Е | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems with Coverage of Doctors and Hospitals (MA-PD, MA-Only) | Disenrollment Reasons Survey | DME04 | DME04 | DME04 | | | | | | | |
| E | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems with Prescription Drug Benefits and Coverage (MA-PD, PDP) | Disenrollment Reasons Survey | DME06 | DME06 | DME06 | | | | | | | |
| Е | Enrollment Timeliness | MARx | DME01 | DME01 | DME01 | DME01 | C37/D05 | D05 | DMD03 | DMD03 | | |
| Е | Grievance Rate | Part C & D Plan Reporting | DME02 | DME02 | DME02 | DMC13/DMD11 | DMC13/DMD11 | | | | | |

Attachment K: Individual Measure Star Assignment Process

This attachment provides detailed information about the clustering and the relative distribution and significance testing (CAHPS) methodologies used to assign stars to individual measures.

Clustering Methodology Introduction

To separate a distribution of scores into distinct groups or categories, a set of values must be identified to separate one group from another group. The set of values that break the distribution of the scores into non-overlapping groups is the set of cut points.

For each individual measure, CMS determines the measure cut points using the information provided from the clustering algorithm in SAS, described in "Clustering Methodology Detail" below. Conceptually, the clustering algorithm identifies the natural gaps that exist within the distribution of the scores and creates groups (clusters) that are then used to identify the cut points that result in the creation of a pre-specified number of categories.

For Star Ratings, the algorithm is run with the goal of determining the four cut points (labeled in the Figure K-1 below as A, B, C, and D) that are used to create the five non-overlapping groups that correspond to each of the Star Ratings (labeled in the diagram below as G1, G2, G3, G4, and G5). For Part D measures, CMS determines MA-PD and PDP cut points separately. All observations are included in the algorithm, with the exception of any data identified to be biased or erroneous. The scores are grouped such that scores within the same Star Rating category are as similar as possible, and scores in different categories are as different as possible.

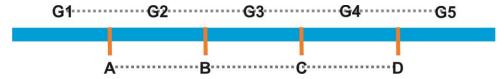


Figure K-1: Diagram showing gaps in data where cut points are assigned

As mentioned, the cut points are used to create five non-overlapping groups. The value of the lower bound for each group is included in the category, while the value of the upper bound is not included in the category. CMS does not require the same number of observations (contracts) within each group. Within a group, measure scores must be similar to each other. Between groups, measure scores in one group are not similar to measures scores in another group, and the differences between groups are maximized. The groups are then used for the conversion of the measure scores to one of five Star Ratings categories. For most measures, a higher score is better, and thus, the group with the highest range of measure scores is converted to a rating of five stars. An example of a measure for which higher is better is *Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications*. For some measures a lower score is better, and thus, the group with the lowest range of measures scores is converted to a rating of five stars. An example of a measure for which a lower score is better is *Members Choosing to Leave the Plan*.

Example 1 – Clustering Methodology for a Higher is Better measure

Consider the information provided for the cut points for *Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications* in Table K-1 below. As stated previously, for Part D measures CMS calculates MA-PD and PDP cut points separately. The 2016 MA-PD cut points identified using the clustering algorithm are 60%, 69%, 75%, and 82%; for PDPs, the cut points are 75%, 80%, 83%, and 95%. (The set of values corresponds to the cut points in the diagram below as A, B, C, and D and the categories for each of the five Star Ratings are indicated above each group.) Since a measure score can only assume a value between 0% and 100% (including 0% and 100%), the one-star and five-star categories contain only a single value in the table below as the upper or lower bound.

Table K-1: Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications cut points example

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | < 60% | ≥ 60% to < 69% | ≥ 69% to < 75% | ≥ 75% to < 82% | ≥ 82% |
| PDP | < 75% | ≥ 75% to < 80% | ≥ 80% to < 83% | ≥ 83% to < 95% | ≥ 95% |



Since higher is better for *Medication Adherence for Diabetes Medications*, a rating of one star is assigned to all MA-PD measure scores below 60%. For each of the other Star Rating categories, the value of the lower bound is included in the rating category, while the upper bound value is not included. Focusing solely on the cut points for MA-PDs, a rating of two stars is assigned to each measure score that is at least 60% (the first cut point) to less than 69% (the second cut point). Since measure scores are reported as percents that are whole numbers, any measure score of 60% to 68% would be assigned two stars, while a measure score of 69% would be assigned a rating of three stars. Measure scores that are at least 69% to less than 75% are assigned a rating of three stars. For a conversion to four stars, a measure score of at least 75% to less than 82% is needed. A rating of five stars is assigned to any measures score of 82% or more. PDPs have different cut points, but the same overall rules apply for converting the measure score to a Star Rating.

Example 2 – Clustering Methodology for a Lower is Better measure

Consider the information provided for the 2016 cut points for *Members Choosing to Leave the Plan* in Table K-2 below. As stated previously, for Part D measures CMS calculates MA-PD and PDP cut points separately. The 2016 MA-PD cut points for *Members Choosing to Leave the Plan* determined using the clustering algorithm are 31%, 23%, 16%, and 10%; for PDPs, the cut points are 23%, 13%, 9%, and 5%. (These correspond to the cut points in the diagram above as A, B, C, and D).

Since lower is better for this measure, the five-star category will have the lowest measure score range, while the one-star category will have scores that are highest in value. For each of the other Star Rating categories, the value of the lower bound is not included in the rating category, while the upper bound value is included. (The inclusivity and exclusivity of the upper and lower bounds is opposite for a measure score where lower is better as compared to higher is better.) A rating of five stars is assigned to measure scores of 10% or less. Measure scores that are greater than 10% to a maximum value of 16% (including a measure score of 16%) are assigned a rating of four stars. A rating of three stars is assigned to measure scores greater than 16% to a maximum value of 23%. A rating of two stars is assigned to a measure score that is greater than 23% up to and including 31%. A rating of one star is assigned to any measure score greater than 31%. PDPs have different cut points, but the same overall rules apply for converting the measure score to a Star Rating

Table K-2: Members Choosing to Leave the Plan cut points example

| Туре | 1 Star | 2 Stars | 3 Stars | 4 Stars | 5 Stars |
|-------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------|
| MA-PD | > 31% | > 23% to ≤ 31% | > 16% to ≤ 23% | > 10% to ≤ 16% | ≤ 10% |
| PDP | > 23% | > 13% to ≤ 23% | > 9% to ≤ 13% | > 5% to ≤ 9% | ≤ 5% |



Clustering Methodology Detail

This section illustrates detailed steps of the clustering method to develop individual measure stars. For each measure, the clustering method does the following:

- 1. Produces the individual measure distance matrix.
- 2. Groups the measure scores into an initial set of clusters.
- 3. Selects the final set of clusters.

1. Produce the individual measure distance matrix.

For each pair of contracts j and k (j>=k) among the n contracts with measure score data, compute the Euclidian distance of their measure scores (e.g., the absolute value of the difference between the two measure scores). Enter this distance in row j and column k of a distance matrix with n rows and n columns. This matrix can be produced using the DISTANCE procedure in SAS as follows:

```
proc distance data=inclusterdat out=distancedat method=Euclid;
     var interval(measure_score);
     id contract_id;
     run;
```

In the above code, the input data set, *inclusterdat*, is the list of contracts without missing, flagged, or voluntary contract scores for a particular measure. Each record has a unique contract identifier, *contract_id*. The option *method=Euclid* specifies that distances between contract measure scores should be based on Euclidean distance. The input data contain a variable called *measure_score* that is formatted to the display criteria outlined in the Technical Notes. In the *var* call, the parentheses around *measure_score* indicate that *measure_score* is considered to be an interval or numeric variable. The distances computed by this code are stored to an output data set called *distancedat*.

2. Create a tree of cluster assignments.

The distance matrix calculated in Step 1 is the input to the clustering procedure. The stored distance algorithm is implemented to compute cluster assignments. The following process is implemented by using the CLUSTER procedure in SAS:

- 1. The input measure score distances are squared.
- 2. The clusters are initialized by assigning each contract to its own cluster.
- 3. In order to determine which pair of clusters to merge, Ward's minimum variance method is used to separate the variance of the measure scores into within-cluster and between-cluster sum of squares components.
- 4. From the existing clusters, two clusters are selected for merging to minimize the within-cluster sum of squares over all possible sets of clusters that might result from a merge.
- 5. Steps 3 and 4 are repeated to reduce the number of clusters by one until a single cluster containing all contracts results.

The result is a data set that contains a tree-like structure of cluster assignments, from which any number of clusters between 1 and the number of contract measure scores could be computed. The SAS code for implementing these steps is:

The *distancedat* data set containing the Euclidian distances was created in Step 1. The option *method=ward* indicates that Ward's minimum variance method should be used to group clusters. The output data set is denoted with the outtree option and is called *treedat*.

3. Select the final set of clusters from the tree of cluster assignments.

The process outlined in Step 2 will produce a tree of cluster assignments, from which the final number of clusters is selected using the TREE procedure in SAS as follows:

The input data set, treedat, is created in Step 2 above. The syntax, ncl=NSTARS, denotes the desired final number of clusters (or star levels). For most measures, NSTARS= 5. Since the improvement measures have a constraint that contracts with improvement scores of zero or greater are to be assigned at least 3 stars for improvement, the clustering is conducted separately for contract measure scores greater than or equal to zero versus less than zero. Specifically, Steps 1-3 are first applied to contracts with improvement scores that meet or exceed zero, in which case NSTARS equals three. The resulting improvement measure stars can take on values of 3, 4, or 5. For those contracts with improvement scores less than zero, Steps 1-3 are applied with NSTARS=2 and these contracts will either receive 1 or 2 stars.

4. Final Threshold and Star Creation

The cluster assignments produced by the above approach have cluster labels that are unordered. The final step after applying the above steps to all contract measure scores is to order the cluster labels so that the 5-star category reflects the cluster with the best performance and the 1-star category reflects the cluster with the worst performance. With the exception of the lower 3-star threshold of zero for the improvement measures, the measure thresholds are defined by examining the range of measure scores within each of the final clusters. The lower limit of each cluster becomes the cut point for the star categories.

Relative Distribution and Significance Testing (CAHPS) Methodology

The CAHPS measures are case-mix adjusted to take into account differences in the characteristics of enrollees across contracts that may potentially impact survey responses. See Attachment A for the case-mix adjusters.

The percentile cut points for base groups are defined by current-year distribution of case-mix adjusted contract means. Percentile cut points are rounded to the nearest integer on the 0-100 reporting scale, and each base group includes those contracts whose rounded mean score is at or above the lower limit and below the upper limit. The number of stars assigned is determined by the position of the contract mean score relative to percentile cutoffs from the distribution of contract weighed mean scores from all contracts (which determines the base group); statistical significance of the difference of the contract mean from the national mean along with the direction of the difference; the statistical reliability of the estimate (based on the ratio of sampling variation for each contract mean to between-contract variation); and the standard error of the mean score. All statistical tests, including comparisons involving standard errors, are computed using unrounded scores.

CAHPS reliability calculation details are provided in the document, "Instructions for Analyzing Data from CAHPS® Surveys: Using the CAHPS Analysis Program Version 4.1."

Tables K-3 and K-4 contain the rules applied to determine the final CAHPS measure star value.

Table K-3: CAHPS Star Assignment Rules

| Star | Criteria for Assigning Star Ratings |
|------|--|
| 1 | A contract is assigned one star if both criteria (a) and (b) are met plus at least one of criteria (c) and (d): (a) its average CAHPS measure score is lower than the 15 th percentile; AND (b) its average CAHPS measure score is statistically significantly lower than the national average CAHPS measure score; (c) the reliability is not low; OR (d) its average CAHPS measure score is more than one standard error (SE) below the 15 th percentile. |
| 2 | A contract is assigned two stars if it does not meet the one-star criteria and meets at least one of these three criteria: (a) its average CAHPS measure score is lower than the 30 th percentile and the measure does not have low reliability; OR (b) its average CAHPS measure score is lower than the 15 th percentile and the measure has low reliability; OR (c) its average CAHPS measure score is statistically significantly lower than the national average CAHPS measure score and below the 60 th percentile. |
| 3 | A contract is assigned three stars if it meets at least one of these three criteria: (a) its average CAHPS measure score is at or above the 30 th percentile and lower than the 60th percentile, AND it is not statistically significantly different from the national average CAHPS measure score; OR (b) its average CAHPS measure score is at or above the 15 th percentile and lower than the 30th percentile, AND the reliability is low, AND the score is not statistically significantly lower than the national average CAHPS measure score; OR (c) its average CAHPS measure score is at or above the 60 th percentile and lower than the 80th percentile, AND the reliability is low, AND the score is not statistically significantly higher than the national average CAHPS measure score. |
| 4 | A contract is assigned four stars if it does not meet the five-star criteria and meets at least one of these three criteria: (a) its average CAHPS measure score is at or above the 60th percentile and the measure does not have low reliability; OR (b) its average CAHPS measure score is at or above the 80th percentile and the measure has low reliability; OR (c) its average CAHPS measure score is statistically significantly higher than the national average CAHPS measure score and above the 30th percentile. |
| 5 | A contract is assigned five stars if both criteria (a) and (b) are met plus at least one of criteria (c) and (d): (a) its average CAHPS measure score is at or above the 80th percentile; AND (b) its average CAHPS measure score is statistically significantly higher than the national average CAHPS measure score; (c) the reliability is not low; OR (d) its average CAHPS measure score is more than one standard error (SE) above the 80th percentile. |

Table K-4: CAHPS Star Assignment Alternate Representation

| Mean Score | Base Group | Signif. below avg., low reliability | Signif. below avg., not low reliability | Not signif. diff. from avg., low reliability | Not signif. diff. from avg., not low reliability | Signif. above avg., low reliability | Signif. above avg., not low reliability |
|---|---------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| < 15 th percentile by > 1 SE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| < 15 th percentile by ≤ 1 SE |] ' | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| ≥ 15 th to < 30 th percentile | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| ≥ 30 th to < 60 th percentile | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| ≥ 60 th to < 80 th percentile | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| ≥ 80 th percentile by ≤ 1 SE | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| ≥ 80 th percentile by > 1 SE |] 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |

Notes: If reliability is very low (<0.60), the contract does not receive a Star Rating. Low reliability scores are defined as those with at least 11 respondents and reliability \geq 0.60 but <0.75 and also in the lowest 12% of contracts ordered by reliability. The SE is considered when the measure score is below the 15th percentile (in base group 1), significantly below average, and has low reliability: in this case, 1 star is assigned if and only if the measure score is at least 1 SE below the unrounded base group 1/2 cut point. Similarly, the SE is considered when the measure score is at or above the 80th percentile (in base group 5), significantly above average, and has low reliability: in this case, 5 stars are assigned if and only if the measure score is at least 1 SE above the unrounded base group 4/5 cut point.

For example, a contract in base group 4 that was not significantly different from average and was low reliability would receive 3 final stars.

Attachment L: Medication Adherence Measure Calculations

Part D sponsors currently have access to monthly Patient Safety Reports via the Patient Safety Analysis Website to compare their performance to overall averages and monitor their progress in improving the Part D patient safety measures over time. Sponsors are required to use the website to view and download the reports and should be engaged in performance monitoring.

Report User Guides are available on the website under Help Documents and provide detailed information about the measure calculations and reports. The following information is an excerpt from the Adherence Measures Report Guide (Appendices B and C) and illustrates the days covered calculation and the modification for inpatient stays, hospice enrollments, and skilled nursing facility stays.

Proportion of Days Covered Calculation

In calculating the Proportion of Days Covered (PDC), we first count the number of days the patient was "covered" by at least one drug in the target drug class. The number of days is based on the prescription fill date and days' supply. PDC is calculated by dividing the number of covered days by the number of days in the measurement period. Both of these numbers may be adjusted for IP stays, as described in the 'Days Covered Modification for Inpatient Stays, Hospice Enrollment, and Skilled Nursing Facility Stays' section that follows.

Example 1: Non-Overlapping Fills of Two Different Drugs

In this example, a beneficiary fills Benazepril and Captopril, two drugs in the RAS antagonist hypertension target drug class. The covered days do not overlap, meaning the beneficiary filled the Captopril prescription after the days' supply for the Benazepril medication ended.

Table L-1: No Adjustment

| | Jan | uary | Feb | ruary | March | | | |
|------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|--|
| | 1/1/2015 | 1/16/2015 | 2/1/2015 | 2/16/2015 | 3/1/2015 | 3/16/2015 | | |
| Benazepril | 15 | 16 | 15 | 13 | | | | |
| Captopril | | | | | 15 | 16 | | |

PDC Calculation Covered Days: 90 Measurement Period: 90

PDC: 90/90 = 100%

Example 2: Overlapping Fills of the Same Generic Ingredient across Single and Combination Products

In this example, a beneficiary fills a drug with the same target generic ingredient prior to the end of the days' supply of the first fill. In rows one and two, there is an overlap between a single and combination drug product, both containing Lisinopril. For this scenario, the overlapping days are shifted because the combination drug product includes the targeted generic ingredient. An adjustment is made to the PDC to account for the overlap in days covered.

In rows two and three, there is an overlap between two combination drug products, both containing Hydrochlorothiazide. However, Hydrochlorothiazide is not a RAS antagonist or targeted generic ingredient, so this overlap is not shifted.

Table L-2: Before Overlap Adjustment

| | Jan | uary | Feb | ruary | Ма | arch |
|-------------------|----------------------|------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | 1/1/2015 1/16/2015 2 | | 2/1/2015 | 2/16/2015 | 3/1/2015 | 3/16/2015 |
| Lisinopril | 15 | 16 | | | | |
| Lisinopril & HCTZ | | 16 | 15 | | | |
| Benazepril & HCTZ | | | 15 | 13 | | |

PDC Calculation
Covered Days: 59

Measurement Period: 90 PDC: 59/90 = 66%

Table L-3: After Overlap Adjustment

| | Jan | uary | Feb | ruary | March | | |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| | 1/1/2015 | 1/16/2015 | 2/1/2015 | 2/16/2015 | 3/1/2015 | 3/16/2015 | |
| | 15 | 16 | | | | | |
| Lisinopril & HCTZ | | | 15 | 13 | 3 | | |
| Benazepril & HCTZ | | | 15 | 13 | | | |

PDC Calculation Covered Days: 62

Measurement Period: 90 PDC: 62/90 = 69%

Example 3: Overlapping Fills of the Same and Different Target Drugs

In this example, a beneficiary is refilling both Lisinopril and Captopril. When a single and combination product both containing Lisinopril overlap, there is an adjustment to the PDC. When Lisinopril overlaps with Captopril, we do not make any adjustment to the days covered.

Table L-4: Before Overlap Adjustment

| | Jan | uary | Feb | ruary | Ма | arch | April | | |
|-------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| | 1/1/2015 | 1/1/2015 1/16/2015 2/ ⁻ | | 2/16/2015 | 3/1/2015 | 3/16/2015 | 4/1/2015 | 4/16/2015 | |
| Lisinopril | 15 | 16 | | | | | | | |
| Lisinopril & HCTZ | | 16 | 15 | | | | | | |
| Captopril | | | | | 15 | 16 | | | |
| Lisinopril | | | | | | 16 | 15 | | |

PDC Calculation Covered Days: 92

Measurement Period: 120

PDC: 92/120: 77%

Table L-5: After Overlap Adjustment

| | Jan | uary | Feb | ruary | Ma | ırch | April | | |
|-------------------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--|
| | 1/1/2015 | 1/16/2015 | 2/1/2015 | 2/16/2015 | 3/1/2015 | 3/16/2015 | 4/1/2015 | 4/16/2015 | |
| Lisinopril | 15 | 16 | | | | | | | |
| Lisinopril & HCTZ | | | 15 | 13 | 3 | | | | |
| Captopril | | | | | 15 | 16 | | | |
| Lisinopril | | | | | | 16 | 15 | | |

PDC Calculation Covered Days: 105

Measurement Period: 120

PDC: 105/120: 88%

PDC Adjustment for Inpatient, Hospice, and Skilled Nursing Facility Stays Examples

In response to Part D sponsor feedback, CMS modified the PDC calculation, starting with the 2013 Star Ratings (using 2011 PDE data) to adjust for beneficiary stays in inpatient (IP) facilities, and with the 2015 Star Ratings (using 2013 PDE data) to also adjust for hospice enrollments and beneficiary stays in skilled nursing facilities (SNF). These adjustments account for periods that the Part D sponsor would not be responsible for providing prescription fills for targeted medications or more accurately reflect drugs covered under the hospice benefit or waived through the beneficiary's hospice election; thus, their medication fills during an IP or SNF stay or during hospice enrollment would not be included in the PDE claims used to calculate the Patient Safety adherence measures.

The PDC modification for IP stays, hospice enrollments, and SNF stays reflects this situation. Please note that while this modification will enhance the adherence measure calculation, extensive testing indicates that most Part D contracts will experience a negligible impact on their adherence rates. On average, the 2011 adherence rates increased 0.4 to 0.6 percentage points due to the inpatient stay adjustment, and the adjustment may impact the rates positively or negatively.

The hospice and SNF adjustments were tested on 2013 PDE data and overall increased the rates by 0.13 to 0.15 percentage points and 0.29 to 0.35 percentage points, respectively. While hospice information from the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB) and inpatient claims from the Common Working File (CWF) are available for both PDPs and MA-PDs, SNF claims are only available for Medicare Fee-for-Service (FFS) beneficiaries who are also enrolled in PDPs. Therefore, the SNF adjustment will only impact PDP sponsors at this time.

Calculating the PDC Adjustment for IP Stays, Hospice Enrollments, and SNF Stays

The PDC modification for IP stays, hospice enrollments, and SNF stays is based on two assumptions: 1) a beneficiary receives their medications through the facility during IP or SNF stay or has drugs covered under the hospice benefit or waived through the beneficiary's hospice election, and 2) if a beneficiary accumulates an extra supply of their Part D medication during an IP stay, hospice enrollment, or SNF stay, that supply can be used once he/she returns home. The modification is applied using the steps below:

- 1. Identify start and end dates of relevant types of stays or hospice enrollments for beneficiaries included in adherence measures.
 - Use IP claims from the CWF to identify IP stays.
 - Use SNF claims with positive payment amounts from the CWF to identify SNF stays.
 - Use hospice records from the EDB to identify hospice enrollments.
- 2. Remove days of relevant stays occurring during the measurement period from the numerator and denominator of the proportion-of-days covered calculation.
- 3. Shift days' supply from Part D prescription fills that overlap with the stay to uncovered days after the end of the relevant stay, if applicable. This assumes the beneficiary receives the relevant medication from a different source during the stay and accumulates the Part D prescription fills for later use.

The following examples provide illustrations of the implementation of these assumptions when calculating PDC.

Example 1: Gap in Coverage after IP Stay

In this example, the measurement period is 15 days and the beneficiary qualifies for inclusion in the measure by receiving at least 2 fills. This beneficiary had drug coverage on days 1-8 and 12-15 and an IP stay on days 5 and 6, as illustrated in Table L-6.

Table L-6: Before Adjustment

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Drug Coverage | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | | Χ | Х | Χ | Х |
| Inpatient Stay | | | | | + | + | | | | | | | | | |

PDC Calculation: Covered Days: 12

Measurement Period: 15 PDC: 12/15 = 80%

With the adjustment for the IP stay, days 5 and 6 are deleted from the measurement period. Additionally, the drug coverage during the IP stay is shifted to subsequent days of no supply (in this case, days 9 and 10), based on the assumption that if a beneficiary received his/her medication through the hospital on days 5 and 6, then he/she accumulated two extra days' supply during the IP stay. The two extra days' supply is used to cover the gaps in Part D drug coverage in days 9 and 10. This is illustrated in Table L-7.

Table L-7: After Adjustment

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Drug Coverage | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ |
| Inpatient Stay | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PDC Calculation: Covered Days: 12

Measurement Period: 13 PDC: 12/15 = 92%

Example 2: Gap in Coverage before IP Stay

In this example, the measurement period is 15 days and the beneficiary qualifies for inclusion in the measure by receiving at least 2 fills. This beneficiary had drug coverage from days 1-7 and 12-15, and an IP stay on days 12 and 13, as illustrated in Table L-8.

Table L-8: Before Adjustment:

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Drug Coverage | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | | | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ |
| Inpatient Stay | | | | | | | | | | | | + | + | | |

PDC Calculation: Covered Days: 11

Measurement Period: 15

PDC: 11/15 = 73%

With the adjustment for the IP stay, days 12 and 13 are deleted from the measurement period. While there are two days' supply from the IP stay on days 12 and 13, there are no days without drug coverage after the IP stay. Thus, the extra days' supply are not shifted. This is illustrated in Table L-9.

Table L-9: After Adjustment

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 15 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| Drug Coverage | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | | | Χ | Χ |
| Inpatient Stay | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PDC Calculation: Covered Days: 9

Measurement Period: 13

PDC: 9/13 = 69%

Example 3: Gap in Coverage Before and After IP Stay

In this example, the measurement period is 15 days and the beneficiary qualifies for inclusion in the measure by receiving at least 2 fills. This beneficiary had drug coverage from days 1-3, 6-9, and 12-15, and an IP stay on days 6-9, as illustrated in Table L-10.

Table L-10: Before Adjustment

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Drug Coverage | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | Х | Х | Χ | Χ |
| Inpatient Stay | | | | | | + | + | + | + | | | | | | |

PDC Calculation: Covered Days: 11 Measurement Period: 15

PDC: 11/15 = 73%

With the adjustment for the IP stay, days 6-9 are deleted from the measurement period. Additionally, the drug coverage during the IP stay can be applied to any days without drug coverage after the IP stay, based on the assumption that the beneficiary received his/her medication through the hospital on days 6-9. In this case, only days 10 and 11 do not have drug coverage and are after the IP stay, so two days' supply are shifted to days 10 and 11. This is illustrated in Table L-11.

Table L-11: After Adjustment

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Drug Coverage | Χ | Χ | Χ | | | Χ | Х | Χ | Χ | Χ | Χ |
| Inpatient Stay | | | | | | | | | | | |

PDC Calculation: Covered Days: 9

Measurement Period: 11

PDC: 9/11 = 82%

Attachment M: Methodology for Price Accuracy Measure

CMS' drug pricing performance measure evaluates the accuracy of prices displayed on Medicare Plan Finder (PF) for beneficiaries' comparison of plan options. The accuracy score is calculated by comparing the PF price to the PDE price and determining the magnitude of differences found when the latter exceeds the former. This document summarizes the methods currently used to construct each contract's accuracy index.

Contract Selection

The Part D Star Ratings rely in part on the submission of pricing data to PF. Therefore, only contracts with at least one plan meeting all of the following criteria are included in the analysis:

- Not a PACE plan
- Not a demonstration plan
- Not an employer plan
- Part D plan
- Plan not terminated during the contract year

Only contracts with at least 30 claims throughout the year are included in the accuracy measure. This ensures that the sample size of PDEs is large enough to produce a reliable accuracy score. Only covered drugs for PDEs that are not compound claims are included.

PF Price Accuracy Index

To calculate the PF Price Accuracy index, the point of sale cost (ingredient costs plus dispensing fee) reported on each PDE claim is compared to the cost resulting from using the unit price reported on Plan Finder. This comparison includes only PDEs for which a PF cost can be assigned. In particular, a PDE must meet seven conditions to be included in the analysis:

- 1. The NCPDP number for the pharmacy on the PDE claim must appear in the pharmacy cost file as either a retail-only pharmacy or a retail and limited access-only pharmacy. PDE with NPI numbers reported as non-retail pharmacy types or both retail and mail order/HI/LTC are excluded. NCPDP numbers are mapped to their corresponding NPI numbers.
- 2. The corresponding reference NDC must appear under the relevant price ID for the pharmacy in the pricing file.²
- 3. The reference NDC must be on the plan's formulary.
- 4. Because the retail unit cost reported on Plan Finder is intended to apply to a 30-day supply of a drug, only claims with a 30-day supply are included. Claims reporting a different day supply value are excluded.
- 5. PDEs for dates of service during which the plan was suppressed from Plan Finder or where the relevant pharmacy or drug was not reported in Plan Finder are not included since no Plan Finder cost can be assigned.³
- 6. PDEs for compound drugs or non-covered drugs are not included.
- 7. The PDE must occur in quarter 1 through 3 of the year. Quarter 4 PDEs are not included because PF prices are not updated during this last quarter.

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¹ Plan Finder unit costs are reported by plan, drug, and pharmacy. The plan, drug, and pharmacy from the PDE are used to assign the corresponding Plan Finder unit cost posted on medicare.gov on the date of the PDE.

² Plan Finder prices are reported at the reference NDC level. A reference NDC is a representative NDC of drugs with the same brand name, generic name, strength, and dosage form. To map NDCs on PDEs to a reference NDC, we use First Data Bank (FDB) and Medi-Span to create an expanded list of NDCs for each reference NDC, consisting of NDCs with the same brand name, generic name, strength, and dosage form as the reference NDC. This expanded NDC list allows us to map PDE NDCs to PF reference NDCs.

³ Because CMS continues to display pharmacy and drug pricing data for sanctioned plans on MPF to their current enrollees, sanctioned plans are not excluded from this measure. If, however, CMS completely suppresses a sanctioned contract's data from MPF display, then they would be excluded from the measure.

Once PF unit ingredient costs are assigned, the PF ingredient cost is calculated by multiplying the unit costs reported on PF by the quantity listed on the PDE.⁴ The PDE cost (TC) is the sum of the PDE ingredient cost paid and the PDE dispensing fee. Likewise, the PF TC is the sum of the PF ingredient cost and the PF dispensing fee that corresponds to the same pharmacy and plan as that observed in the PDE. Each claim is then given a score based on the difference between the PDE TC and the PF TC. If the PDE TC is lower than the PF TC, the claim receives a score equal to zero. In other words, contracts are not penalized when point of sale costs are lower than the advertised costs. However, if the PDE TC is higher than the PF TC, then the claim receives a score equal to the difference between the PDE TC and the PF TC.^{5,6} The contract level PF Price Accuracy index is the sum of the claim level scores across all PDEs that meet the inclusion criteria. Note that the best possible PF Price Accuracy Index is 1. This occurs when the PF TC is never lower than the PDE TC. The formula below illustrates the calculation of the contract level PF Price Accuracy Index:

$$A_{j} = \frac{\sum_{i} max(TC_{iPDE} - TC_{iPF}, 0) + \sum_{i} TC_{iPDE}}{\sum_{i} TC_{iPDE}}$$

where

TC_{iPDE} is the ingredient cost plus dispensing fee reported in PDE_i, and

 TC_{iPF} is the ingredient cost plus dispensing fee calculated from PF data, based on the PDE_i reported NDC, days of supply and pharmacy.

We use the following formula to convert the Price Accuracy Index into a score:

The score is rounded to the nearest whole number.

Example of Accuracy Index Calculation

Table M-1 shows an example of the Accuracy Index calculation. This contract has 4 claims, for 4 different NDCs and 4 different pharmacies. This is an abbreviated example for illustrative purposes only; in the actual accuracy index, a contract must have 30 claims to be evaluated.

From each of the 4 claims, the PDE ingredient cost, dispensing fee, and quantity dispensed are obtained. Additionally, the plan ID, date of service, and pharmacy number are collected from each PDE to identify the PF data that had been submitted by the contract and posted on Medicare.gov on the PDE dates of service. The NDC on the claim is first assigned the appropriate reference NDC, based on the brand name, generic name, strength, and dosage form. Using the reference NDC, the following PF data are obtained: brand/generic dispensing fee (as assigned by the pharmacy cost file) and 30 day unit cost (as assigned by the Price File corresponding to that pharmacy on the date of service). The PDE cost is the sum of the PDE ingredient cost and dispensing fee. The PF cost is computed as the quantity dispensed from PDE multiplied by the PF unit cost plus the PF brand/generic dispensing fee (brand or generic status is assigned based on the NDC).

The last column shows the amount by which the PDE cost is higher than the PF cost. When PDE cost is less than PF cost, this value is zero. The accuracy index is the sum of the last column plus the sum of PDE costs divided by the sum of PDE costs.

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⁴ For PDEs with outlying values of reported quantities, we adjust the quantity using drug- and plan-level distributions of price and quantity.

⁵ To account for potential rounding errors, this analysis requires that the PDE cost exceed the PF cost by at least half a cent (\$0.005) in order to be counted towards the accuracy score. For example, if the PDE cost is \$10.25 and the PF cost is \$10.242, the .008 cent difference would be counted towards the plan's accuracy score. However, if the PF cost is higher than \$10.245, the difference would not be considered problematic, and it would not count towards the plan's accuracy score.

⁶ The PF data includes floor pricing. For plan-pharmacy drugs with a floor price, if the PF price is lower than the floor price, the PDE price is compared against the floor price.

Table M-1: Example of Price Accuracy Index Calculation

| NDC | | PDE Data DOS | PDE Data Ingredient Cost | Dispensing | | PF Data Biweekly | | Dispensing | | | Value Total | Value Total | Calculated Value Amount that PDE is higher than PF |
|-----|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------|----|---------------------|-------|------------|------|----------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Α | 111 | 01/08/2014 | 3.82 | 2 | 60 | 01/02/15 - 01/15/15 | 0.014 | 2.25 | 2.75 | В | 5.82 | 3.09 | 2.73 |
| В | 222 | 01/24/2014 | 0.98 | 2 | 30 | 01/16/15 - 01/29/15 | 0.83 | 1.75 | 2.5 | G | 2.98 | 27.40 | 0 |
| С | 333 | 02/11/2014 | 10.48 | 1.5 | 24 | 01/30/15 - 02/12/15 | 0.483 | 2.5 | 2.5 | В | 11.98 | 14.09 | 0 |
| D | 444 | 02/21/2014 | 47 | 1.5 | 90 | 02/13/15 - 02/26/15 | 0.48 | 1.5 | 2.25 | G | 48.5 | 45.45 | 3.05 |
| | | | | PDE : | | n Drug Event | | | | Totals | 69.28 | | 5.78 |
| | PF = Plan Finder | | | | | | | | | Accuracy Index | | | 1.08343 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Accuracy Score | | | 92 |

Attachment N: MTM CMR Completion Rate Measure Scoring Methodologies

Medicare Part D Reporting Requirements Measure (D15: MTM CMR Completion Rate Measure)

- Step 1: Start with all contracts that enrolled beneficiaries in MTM at any point during contract year 2015.
- Step 2: Exclude contracts that did not enroll 31 or more beneficiaries in their MTM program who met the measure denominator criteria during contract year 2015.

Next, exclude contracts with an effective termination date on or before the deadline to submit data validation results to CMS (June 30, 2016), or that were not required to participate in data validation.

Additionally, exclude contracts that did not score at least 95% on data validation for their plan reporting of the MTM Program section and contracts that scored 95% or higher on data validation for the MTM Program section but that were not compliant with data validation standards/substandards for at least one of the following MTM data elements:

- HICN or RRB Number (Element B)
- Met the specified targeting criteria per CMS Part D requirements (Element G)
- Date of MTM program enrollment (Element I)
- Date met the specified targeting criteria per CMS Part D requirements (Element J)
- Date of MTM program opt-out, if applicable (Element K)
- Received annual CMR with written summary in CMS standardized format (Element O)
- Date(s) of CMR(s) with written summary in CMS standardized format (Element Q)
- Step 3: After removing contracts' and beneficiaries' data excluded above, suppress contract rates based on the following rules:

File DV failure: Contracts that failed to submit the CY 2015 MTM Program Reporting Requirements data file or who had a missing DV score for MTM are listed as "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Section-level DV failure: Contracts that score less than 95% in DV for their CY 2015 MTM Program Reporting Requirements data are listed as "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Element-level DV failure: Contracts that score 95% or higher in DV for their CY 2015 MTM Program Reporting Requirements data but that failed at least one of the four data elements are listed as "CMS identified issues with this plan's data."

Small size: Contracts that have not yet been suppressed and have fewer than 31 beneficiaries enrolled are listed as "Not enough data available."

Organizations can view their own plan reporting data validation results in HPMS (https://hpms.cms.gov/). From the home page, select Monitoring | Plan Reporting Data Validation.

Step 4: Calculate the rate for the remaining contracts using the following formula:

Number of beneficiaries from the denominator who received a CMR at any time during their period of MTM enrollment in the reporting period / Number of beneficiaries who were at least 18 years or older as of the beginning of the reporting period, met the specified targeting criteria per CMS during the reporting period, weren't in hospice at any point during the reporting period, and who were enrolled in the MTM program for at least 60 days during the reporting period.

Attachment O: Methodology for the Puerto Rico Model

Puerto Rico has a unique health care market with a large percentage of low-income individuals in both Medicare and Medicaid and a complex legal history that affects the health care system in many ways. Puerto Rican beneficiaries are not eligible for LIS. The categorization of contracts into final adjustment categories for the Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI) relies on both the use of a contract's percentages of beneficiaries with Low Income Subsidy/Dual Eligible (LIS/DE) and disabled beneficiaries. Since the percentage of LIS/DE is a critical element in the categorization of contracts to identify the contract's CAI, an additional adjustment is done for contracts that solely serve the population of beneficiaries in Puerto Rico to address the lack of LIS. The additional analysis for the adjustment results in a modified percentage of LIS/DE beneficiaries that is subsequently used to categorize the contract in its final adjustment category for the CAI.

The contract-level modified LIS/DE percentage for Puerto Rico for the 2017 Star Ratings is developed using the following sources of information:

- 1. The 2013 American Community Survey (ACS) estimates for the percentage of people living below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL);
- 2. The 2014 ACS 5-year estimates for the percentage of people living below 150% of the FPL;8
- 3. The Medicare enrollment data file from CY 2015 provided for beneficiaries in the 10 states with the highest poverty rates the percentage of a contract's DE beneficiaries using the monthly beneficiary dual status code and the contract percentage of LIS using the LIS Part D premium percentage variable. The Puerto Rico DE percentages came from the average percent of Medicaid beneficiaries from the HPMS monthly contract enrollment data for the measurement year.

The following steps are employed to determine the modified percentages of LIS/DE for MA contracts solely serving the population of beneficiaries in Puerto Rico.

- 1. The 10 states with the highest proportion of people living below the FPL are identified, based on 2013 data from ACS (https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2014/acs/acsbr13-01.pdf). The states identified are: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, District of Columbia, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, and South Carolina.
- 2. Data are aggregated from Medicare Advantage contracts that had at least 90% of their beneficiaries enrolled with mailing addresses within the 10 highest poverty states identified in step (1). For the 2017 Star Ratings adjustment, the data used for the model development included a total of 76 Medicare Advantage contracts with at least 90% of their beneficiaries with mailing addresses in one of the ten states.
- 3. A linear regression model is developed using the known LIS/DE percentage and the corresponding DE percentage from the MA contracts in the 10 highest poverty states with at least 90% of their beneficiaries with mailing addresses in one of the ten states
- 4. The model for Puerto Rico is developed using the model in step (3) as its base.

The estimated slope from the linear fit in the previous step (3) is retained to approximate the expected relationship between LIS/DE for each contract in Puerto Rico and its DE percentage. However, as Puerto Rico contracts are expected to have a larger percentage of low income beneficiaries, the intercept term is adjusted to be more suitable for use with Puerto Rico contracts as follows:

The intercept term for the Puerto Rico model is estimated by assuming that the Puerto Rico model will pass through the point (x, y) where x is the observed average DE percentage in the Puerto Rico contracts, and y is the expected average percentage of LIS/DE in Puerto Rico. The expected average percentage of LIS/DE in Puerto Rico (the y value) is not observable, but is estimated by multiplying the observed average percentage of LIS/DE in the 10 highest poverty states identified in step (1) by the ratio

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⁸ The most recent ACS 5-year estimates will be employed for the model development. For the 2017 Star Ratings, the 2014 ACS estimates will be used.

- based on the 2014 ACS estimates of the percentage living below 150% of the FPL in Puerto Rico compared to the corresponding percentage in the mainland US.
- 5. To obtain each Puerto Rico contract's modified LIS/DE percentage, a contract's observed DE percentage is used in the Puerto Rico model developed in the previous step (4).

A contract's observed DE percentage is multiplied by the slope estimate, and then, the newly derived intercept term is added to the product. The estimated modified LIS/DE percentage is capped at 100%. Any estimated LIS/DE percentage that exceeds 100% is categorized in the final adjustment category for LIS/DE with an upper bound of 100%.

All estimated modified LIS/DE for Puerto Rico are rounded to six decimal places when expressed as a percentage. (This rounding rule aligns with the limits for the adjustment categories for LIS/DE for the CAI.)

Model

The generic model developed to estimate a contract's LIS/DE percentage using its DE percentage is as follows:

Using the data from the 10 highest poverty states, the estimated slope was calculated to be 0.933457.

Next, the intercept for the Puerto Rico model was determined using the point (x, y) where x is the observed average DE percentage in Puerto Rico contracts (32.153846 %.) and y is an estimated expected average percentage of LIS/DE in Puerto Rico.

To calculate the estimated expected average percentage of LIS/DE in Puerto Rico, the observed average percentage of LIS/DE in the 10 poorest US mainland states identified in step (1) is multiplied by the ratio of the percentage of Puerto Rico residents living below 150% of the FPL to the analogous percentage of US mainland residents.

| Description | Value |
|--|------------|
| Percent of PR residents below 150% of FPL | 61.600000% |
| Percent of US residents below 150% of FPL | 30.087879% |
| Observed average LIS/DE percentage in the 10 poorest US states | 38.404730% |
| observed average DE percentage in Puerto Rico contracts | 32.153846% |

The product, thus becomes $\left(38.404730 * \frac{61.600000}{30.087979}\right)$.

The new intercept for the Puerto Rico model is as follows:

new intercept =
$$\left(38.404730 * \frac{61.600000}{30.087879}\right)$$
 - (0.933457 * 32.153846)

The final model to estimate the percentage of LIS/DE in Puerto Rico model is as follows:

$$LIS/DE = (0.933457 * contract's DE percentage) + \left((38.404730 * \frac{61.600000}{30.087879}) - (0.933457 * 32.153846) \right)$$

Example

To calculate the contract-level modified LIS/DE percentage for a hypothetical contract from Puerto Rico with an observed DE percentage of 25%, the value of 25.0000% is used in the model developed.

$$L\widehat{\text{IS/DE}} = \left(0.933457 \text{ * contract's DE percentage}\right) + \left(38.404730 \text{ * } \frac{61.600000}{30.087879} - (0.933457 \text{ * } 32.153846)\right)$$

The contracts percentage of 25.000000% is substituted into the Puerto Rico model.

LIS/DE =
$$(0.933457 * 25.000000) + \left(38.404730 * \frac{61.600000}{30.087879} - (0.933457 * 32.153846)\right)$$

The contract-level modified LIS/DE percentage for the Puerto Rico contract that has an observed DE percentage of 25.000000% is 71.949581%.

The final adjustment category for the CAI adjustment is identified using the DE percentage of 25.000000% and the LIS/DE percentage of 71.949581%.

Attachment P: Missing Data Messages

CMS uses a standard set of messages in the Star Ratings when there are no data available for a contract. This attachment provides the rules for assignment of those messages in each level of the Star Ratings.

Measure level messages

Table P-1 contains all of the possible messages that could be assigned to missing data at the measure level.

Table P-1: Measure level missing data messages

| Message | Measure Level |
|--|---|
| Coming Soon | Used for all measures in MPF between Oct 1 and when the actual Star Rating data go live |
| Medicare shows only a Star Rating for this topic | Used in the numeric data for the Part C & D improvement measures in MPF and Plan Preview 2 |
| Not enough data available | There were data for the contract, but not enough to pass the measure exclusion rules |
| CMS identified issues with this plan's data | Data were materially biased, erroneous and/or not reported by a contract required to report |
| Not Applicable | Used in the numeric data for the improvement measures in Plan Preview 1. In the HPMS Measure Star Page when a measure does not apply for a contract. When a Disenrollment Reasons Survey measure does not apply to the contract type. |
| Benefit not offered by plan | The contract was required to report this HEDIS measure but doesn't offer the benefit to members |
| Plan too new to be measured | The contract is too new to have submitted measure data |
| No data available | There were no data for the contract included in the source data for the measure |
| Plan too small to be measured | The contract had data but did not have enough enrollment to pass the measure exclusion rules |
| Plan not required to report measure | The contract was not required to report the measure |

Assignment rules for Part C measure messages

Part C uses a set of rules for assigning the missing data message that varies by the data source. The rules for each data source are defined below.

Appeals (IRE) measures (C30 & C31):

Has CMS identified issues with the contract's data?

Yes: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Is there a valid numeric measure rate?
Yes: Display the numeric measure rate

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems (CMS Administrative Data) measure (C28):

Is there a valid numeric BAPP score?

Yes: Display the numeric BAPP score

No: Is the contract effective date $\geq 01/01/2016$?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

CAHPS measures (C03, C20, C21, C22, C23, C24, & C25):

Is there a valid numeric CAHPS measure rate?

Yes: Display the numeric CAHPS measure rate No: Is the contract effective date > 07/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Is the CAHPS measure rate NR?

Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Is the CAHPS measure rate NA?

Yes: Display message: No data available

No: Display message: Plan too small to be measured

Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability measure (C32):

Is there a valid call center numeric rate?

Yes: Display the call center numeric rate No: Is the organization type 1876 Cost?

Yes: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

No: Is the contract effective date > 05/31/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Complaints (CTM) measure (C26):

Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured
No: Was the average contract enrollment < 800 in 2015?
Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Is there a valid numeric CTM rate?
Yes: Display the numeric CTM rate

No: Display message: No data available

HEDIS measures (C01, C02, C07, & C12 - C17):

Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Was the contract required to report HEDIS?

Yes: Was the contract enrollment < 500 in July 2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too small to be measured No: What is the HEDIS measure audit designation?

BD: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data BR: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

NA: Display message: Not enough data available NB: Display message: Benefit not offered by plan

NR: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

NQ: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

R: Was a valid patient level detail file 1 submitted and the measure data usable?

Yes: Was contract enrollment at least 500 but less than 1,000?

Yes: Is the measure reliability at least 0.7?

Yes: Display the HEDIS measure numeric rate No: Display message: No data available

No: Display the HEDIS measure numeric rate

No: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

HEDIS PCR measure (C19)

Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Was the contract required to report HEDIS?

Yes: Was the contract enrollment < 500 in July 2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too small to be measured No: What is the HEDIS measure audit designation?

BD: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data BR: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

NA: Display message: Not enough data available NB: Display message: Benefit not offered by plan

NR: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

NQ: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

R: Was a valid patient level detail file 2 submitted and the measure data usable?

Yes: Was contract enrollment at least 500 but less than 1,000?

Yes: Is the measure reliability at least 0.7?

Yes: Display the HEDIS measure numeric rate No: Display message: No data available No: Display the HEDIS measure numeric rate

No: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

HEDIS SNP measures (C09, C10, & C11):

Is the organization type (1876 Cost, PFFS, MSA) or SNP offered in 2017= No?

Yes: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: What is the HEDIS measure audit designation?

BD: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data BR: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

NA: Display message: Not enough data available NB: Display message: Benefit not offered by plan

NR: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

NQ: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

R: Is there a valid HEDIS measure numeric rate?
Yes: Display the HEDIS measure numeric rate

No: Display message: No data available

HEDIS / HOS measures (C06, C18):

Is there a valid HEDIS / HOS numeric rate?

Yes: Display the HEDIS / HOS numeric rate
No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2014?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Is the contract enrollment < 500?

Yes: Display message: Plan too small to be measured

No: Is there a HEDIS / HOS rate code?

Yes: Assign message according to value below:

NA: Display message: Not enough data available NB: Display message: Benefit not offered by plan

No: Display message: No data available

HOS measures (C04 & C05):

Is there a valid numeric HOS measure rate?

Yes: Display the numeric HOS rate No: Was the HOS measure rate NA?

Yes: Display message: No data available

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2012? Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Was the contract enrollment < 500 at time of baseline collection?

Yes: Display message: Plan too small to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (C27):

Is there a valid numeric voluntary disenrollment rate?

Yes: Display the numeric voluntary disenrollment rate No: Is the contract effective date ≥ 01/01/2016?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Plan Reporting SNP measure (C08):

Is the organization type (1876 Cost, PFFS, MSA) or SNP offered in 2017 = No?

Yes: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

No: Is there a valid Plan Reporting numeric rate?
Yes: Display the Plan Reporting numeric rate

No: Were there Data Issues Found?

Yes: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Display message: No data available

Improvement (Star Ratings) measure (C29):

Is there a valid improvement measure rate?

Yes: Display message: Medicare shows only a Star Rating for this topic

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Assignment rules for Part D measure messages

Appeals Auto-Forward (IRE) measure (D02):

Has CMS identified issues with the contract's data?

Yes: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Was the average contract enrollment < 800 in 2015? Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Is the contract effective date > 12/31/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Is there a valid numeric measure rate?
Yes: Display numeric measure rate
No: Display message: No data available

Appeals Upheld (IRE) measure (D03):

Has CMS identified issues with the contract's data?

Yes: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured
No: Were fewer than 10 cases reviewed by the IRE?
Yes: Display message: Not enough data available
No: Is there a valid numeric measure percentage?
Yes: Display numeric measure percentage
No: Display message: No data available

Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems (CMS Administrative Data) measure (D06):

Is there a valid numeric BAPP score?

Yes: Display the numeric BAPP score

No: Is the contract effective date \geq 01/01/2016?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

CAHPS measures (D08, D09):

Is there a valid numeric CAHPS measure rate?

Yes: Display the numeric CAHPS measure rate No: Is the contract effective date > 07/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Is the CAHPS measure rate NR?

Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Is the CAHPS measure rate NA?

Yes: Display message: No data available

No: Display message: Plan too small to be measured

Call Center – Foreign Language Interpreter and TTY Availability measure (D01):

Is there a valid call center numeric rate?

Yes: Display the call center numeric rate No: Is the organization type 1876 Cost?

Yes: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

No: Is the contract effective date > 05/31/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Complaints (CTM) measure (D04):

Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Was the average contract enrollment < 800 in 2015?

Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Is there a valid numeric CTM rate?
Yes: Display the numeric CTM rate
No: Display message: No data available

Improvement (Star Ratings) measure (D07):

Is there a valid improvement measure rate?

Yes: Display message: Medicare shows only a Star Rating for this topic

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Members Choosing to Leave the Plan (D05):

Is there a valid numeric voluntary disenrollment rate?

Yes: Display the numeric voluntary disenrollment rate No: Is the contract effective date ≥ 01/01/2016?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

MPF Price Accuracy measure (D10):

Is the contract effective date > 9/30/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Does contract have at least 30 claims over the measurement period for the price accuracy index?

Yes: Display the numeric price accuracy rate

No: Is the organization type 1876 Cost and does not offer Drugs?

Yes: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

No: Display message: Not enough data available

Patient Safety measure – HRM (D11):

Is the contract effective date > 12/31/2014?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Does contract have 30 or fewer enrolled beneficiary member years (measure denominator)?

Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Has CMS identified issues with the contracts data?

Yes: Display message: CMS identified issues with this plan's data

No: Display numeric measure percentage

Patient Safety measures - Adherence (D12 - D14):

Is the contract effective date > 12/31/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Does contract have 30 or fewer enrolled beneficiary member years (measure denominator)?

Yes: Display message: Not enough data available

No: Display numeric measure percentage

Patient Safety measure – MTM CMR (D15)

Is the contract effective date > 12/31/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Is Part D Offered=False?

Yes: Display message: Plan not required to report measure

No: Is there a numeric rate?

Yes: Display numeric measure percentage
No: Is there a Reason(s) for Display Message?

Yes: Display appropriate message per table O-2

Table P-2: MTM CMR Reason(s) for Display Message conversion

| Reason(s) for Display Message | Star Ratings Message |
|---|---|
| Contract failed to submit file and pass system validation by the reporting deadline | CMS identified issues with this plan's data |
| Contract did not pass element-level DV for at least one element | CMS identified issues with this plan's data |
| Contract had missing DV score for MTM | CMS identified issues with this plan's data |
| Contract scored less than 95% on MTM section DV | CMS identified issues with this plan's data |
| Contract had all plans terminate by validation deadline | No data available |
| Contract had no MTM enrollees to report | No data available |
| Contract has 0 Part D enrollees | No data available |
| Contract had 30 or fewer beneficiaries meeting denominator criteria | Not enough data available |
| Contract not required to submit MTM program | Not required to report |

Domain, Summary and Overall level messages

Table P-3 contains all of the possible messages that could be assigned to missing data at the domain, summary, and overall levels.

Table P-3: Domain, Summary, and Overall level missing data messages

| Message | Domain Level | Summary & Overall Level |
|---------|---|--|
| | | Used for all summary and overall ratings in MPF between Oct 1 and when the actual Star Rating data go live |
| | The contract did not have enough rated measures to calculate the domain rating | The contract did not have enough rated measures to calculate the summary or overall rating |
| | The contract is too new to have submitted measure data for a domain rating to be calculated | The contract is too new to have submitted data to be rated in the summary or overall levels |

Assignment rules for Part C & Part D domain rating level messages

Part C & D domain message assignment rules:

Is there a numeric domain star?

Yes: Display the numeric domain star

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Assignment rules for Part C & Part D summary rating level messages

Part C & D summary rating message assignment rules:

Is there a numeric summary rating star?

Yes: Display the numeric summary rating star No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Assignment rules for overall rating level messages

Overall rating message assignment rules:

Is there a numeric overall rating star?

Yes: Display the numeric overall rating star

No: Is the contract effective date > 01/01/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured No: Display message: Not enough data available

Disenrollment Reasons messages

The 2017 Star Ratings posted to the Medicare Plan Finder includes data collected from the Disenrollment Reasons Survey (DRS). The DRS data was not used at any point in the calculation of the Star Ratings. The data are provided in MPF for beneficiary information only, and are shown in HPMS with the Star Ratings data so organizations can preview them prior to public posting.

Because there are instances where a contract does not have data to display, a set of rules was developed to assign messages where data was missing so the data area would not be left blank.

Table P-4 contains all of the possible messages that could be assigned to missing data in the disenrollment reason data displayed in the Medicare Plan finder and HPMS.

Table P-4: Disenrollment Reason missing data messages

| Message | Meaning |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Coming Soon | Used for all ratings in MPF between Oct 1 and when the actual data go live |
| Not Applicable | Used when the DRS measure does not apply to the contract type |
| Not Available | Used when there is no numeric data available for the DRS measure |
| Plan too new to be measured | The contract is too new for data to be collected for the measure |

Disenrollment Reasons message assignment rules:

Is the contract effective date > 1/1/2015?

Yes: Display message: Plan too new to be measured

No: Is there numeric data for the contract in this DRS measure?

Yes: Display the numeric DRS rate

No: Does the DRS measure apply to the organization type

Yes: Display message: Not Available No: Display message: Not Applicable

Attachment Q: Glossary of Terms

AEP

The annual period from October 15 until December 7 when a Medicare beneficiary can enroll into a Medicare Part D plan or re-enroll into their existing Medicare Part D Plan or change into another Medicare Part D plan is known as the Annual Election Period (AEP). Beneficiaries can also switch to a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PD). The chosen Medicare Part D plan coverage begins on January 1st.

CAHPS

The term CAHPS refers to a comprehensive and evolving family of surveys that ask consumers and patients to evaluate the interpersonal aspects of health care. CAHPS surveys probe those aspects of care for which consumers and patients are the best and/or only source of information, as well as those that consumers and patients have identified as being important. CAHPS initially stood for the Consumer Assessment of Health Plans Study, but as the products have evolved beyond health plans, the acronym now stands for Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems.

CCP

A Coordinated Care Plan (CCP) is a health plan that includes a network of providers that are under contract or arrangement with the organization to deliver the benefit package approved by CMS. The CCP network is approved by CMS to ensure that all applicable requirements are met, including access and availability, service area, and quality requirements. CCPs may use mechanisms to control utilization, such as referrals from a gatekeeper for an enrollee to receive services within the plan, and financial arrangements that offer incentives to providers to furnish high quality and cost-effective care. CCPs include HMOs, PSOs, local and regional PPOs, and senior housing facility plans. SNPs can be offered under any type of CCP that meets CMS' requirements.

Cohort

A cohort is a group of people who share a common designation, experience, or condition (e.g., Medicare beneficiaries). For the HOS, a cohort refers to a random sample of Medicare beneficiaries that is drawn from each Medicare Advantage Organization (MAO) with a minimum of 500 enrollees and surveyed every spring (i.e., a baseline survey is administered to a new cohort each year). Two years later, the baseline respondents are surveyed again (i.e., follow up measurement). For data collection years 1998-2006, the MAO sample size was 1,000. Effective 2007, the MAO sample size was increased to 1,200.

Cost Plan

A plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan in accordance with a cost reimbursement contract under §1876(h) of the Act. In the Star Ratings, CMS classifies a Cost Plan not offering Part D as MA-Only and a Cost Plan offering Part D as MA-PD.

Disability Status

Based on the original reason for entitlement for Medicare.

Dual eligible

are individuals who are entitled to Medicare Part A and/or Part B and are eligible for some form of Medicaid benefit.

Euclidean distance

The absolute value of the difference between two points, x-y.

HEDIS

The Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) is a widely used set of performance measures in the managed care industry, developed and maintained by the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA).

HOS

The Medicare Health Outcomes Survey (HOS) is the first patient reported outcomes measure used in Medicare managed care. The goal of the Medicare HOS program is to gather valid, reliable, and clinically meaningful health status data in the Medicare Advantage (MA) program for use in quality improvement activities, pay for performance, program oversight, public reporting, and improving health. All managed care organizations with MA contracts must participate.

ICEP

The 3 months immediately before beneficiaries are entitled to Medicare Part A and enrolled in Part B are known as the Initial Coverage Election Period (ICEP). Beneficiaries may choose a Medicare health plan during their ICEP and the plan must accept them unless it has reached its limit in the number of members. This limit is approved by CMS.

IRE

The Independent Review Entity (IRE) is an independent entity contracted by CMS to review Medicare health and drug plans' adverse reconsiderations of organization determinations.

IVR

Interactive voice response (IVR) is a technology that allows a computer to interact with humans through the use of voice and dual-tone multi-frequency keypad inputs.

LIS

The Low Income Subsidy (LIS) from Medicare provides financial assistance for beneficiaries who have limited income and resources. Those who receive the LIS get help paying for their monthly premium, yearly deductible, prescription coinsurance, and copayments and they will have no gap in coverage.

LIS/DE

Beneficiaries who qualify at any point in the year for a low income subsidy through the application process and/or who are full or partial Dual (Medicare and Medicaid) beneficiaries.

MA

A Medicare Advantage (MA) organization is a public or private entity organized and licensed by a State as a risk-bearing entity (with the exception of provider-sponsored organizations receiving waivers) that is certified by CMS as meeting the MA contract requirements.

MA-Only

An MA organization that does not offer Medicare prescription drug coverage.

MA-PD

An MA organization that offers Medicare prescription drug coverage and Part A and Part B benefits in one plan.

MSA

Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plans combine a high deductible MA plan and a medical savings account (which is an account established for the purpose of paying the qualified medical expenses of the account holder).

Percentage

A part of a whole expressed in hundredths. For example, a score of 45 out of 100 possible points is the same as 45%.

Percentile

The value below which a certain percent of observations fall. For example, a score equal to or greater than 97 percent of other scores attained on the same measure is said to be in the 97th percentile.

PDP

A Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) is a stand-alone drug plan, offered by insurers and other private companies to beneficiaries who receive their Medicare Part A and/or B benefits either through the Original Medicare Plan, Medicare Private Fee-for-Service Plans that do not offer prescription drug coverage, or Medicare Cost Plans that do not offer Medicare prescription drug coverage.

PFFS

Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) is defined as an MA plan that pays providers of services at a rate determined by the plan on a fee-for-service basis without placing the provider at financial risk; does not vary the rates for a provider based on the utilization of that provider's services; and does not restrict enrollees' choices among providers who are lawfully authorized to provide services and agree to accept the plan's terms and conditions of payment. The Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act (MIPPA) added that although payment rates cannot vary based solely on utilization of services by a provider, a PFFS plan is permitted to vary the payment rates for a provider based on the specialty of the provider, the location of the provider, or other factors related to the provider that are not related to utilization. Furthermore, MIPPA also allows PFFS plans to increase payment rates to a provider based on increased utilization of specified preventive or screening services. See section 30.4 of the Medicare Managed Care Manual Chapter 1 for further details on PFFS plans.

Reliability

A measure of the fraction of the variation among the observed measure values that is due to real differences in quality ("signal") rather than random variation ("noise"). On a scale from 0 (all differences among plans are due to randomness of sampling) to 1 (every plan's quality is measured with perfect accuracy).

SNP

A Special Needs Plan (SNP) is an MA coordinated care benefit package that limits enrollment to special needs individuals, i.e., those who are dual-eligible, institutionalized, or have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions.

Sponsor

An entity that sponsors a health or drug plan.

Statistical Significance

Statistical significance assesses how likely differences observed are due to chance when plans are actually the same. CMS uses statistical tests (e.g., t-test) to determine if a contract's measure value is statistically significantly greater or less than the national average for that measure, or whether conversely the observed differences from the national average could have arisen by chance.

Sum of Squares

Method used to measure variation or deviation from the mean.

TTY

A teletypewriter (TTY) is an electronic device for text communication via a telephone line, used when one or more of the parties has hearing or speech difficulties.

Very Low Reliability

For CAHPS, an indication that reliability is less than 0.6, indicating that 40% or more of observed variation is due to random noise.

Attachment R: Health Plan Management System Module Reference

This attachment is designed to assist reviewers of the data displayed in HPMS (https://hpms.cms.gov) to understand the various pages and fields shown in the HPMS Star Ratings module. This module employs standard HPMS user access rights so that users can only see contracts associated with their user id.

HPMS Star Ratings Module

The HPMS Star Ratings module contains the Part C & Part D data and stars for all contracts that were rated in the ratings year along with much of the detailed data that went into the various calculations. To access the Star Ratings module you must be logged into HPMS. If you do not have access to HPMS, information on how to obtain access can be found here: https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Computer-Data-and-Systems/HPMS/Overview.html

Once you are logged into HPMS, from the home page, select *Performance Metrics* from the *Quality and Performance* menu; the Performance Metrics page will be displayed. If you do not see *Performance Metrics*, your user id does not have the correct access permissions, please contact CMSHPMS Access@cms.hhs.gov

From the Performance Metrics page; select *Star Ratings and Display Measures* from the left side menu. The *Star Ratings and Display Measures* home page will be displayed.

On the *Star Ratings and Display Measures* home page, select *Star Ratings* from the left hand menu. You will be presented with a screen that allows you to select a reporting period. The remainder of this attachment describes the HPMS pages available for the 2017 Star Ratings.

1. Measure Data page

The Measure Data page displays the numeric data for all Part C and Part D measures. This page is available during the first plan preview.

The first four columns contain contract identifying information. The remaining columns contain the measures which will display in MPF. There is one column for each of the Part C and Part D measures. The measure columns are identified by measure id and measure name. The row immediately above this measure information contains the domain name. The row immediately below the measure information contains the data time frame of the measure. All subsequent rows contain the data for all individual contracts associated with the user's login id. Table R-1 below shows a sample of the left hand most columns shown in HPMS.

Table R-1: Measure Data page sample

| | | | | | Medicare Star Rating | s Report Card Master Table | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------------|------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | Organization Con | | | HD1: Staying Healthy: Screenings, Tests and Vaccines | | | | | | | |
| Contract Number | Marketing | Contract | Parent Organization | C01: Breast Cancer Screening | C02: Colorectal Cancer Screening | C03: Annual Flu Vaccine | | | | | |
| Number | Name Name | ranic | | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 | 02/15/2016 - 05/31/2016 | | | | | |
| HAAAA | Market A | Contract A | PO A | Plan too new to be measured | Plan too new to be measured | Not enough data available | | | | | |
| HBBBB | Market B | Contract B | РО В | Not enough data available | 73% | 81% | | | | | |
| HCCCC | Market C | Contract C | PO C | 63% | 71% | 80% | | | | | |

2. Measure Detail page

The Measure Detail page contains the underlying data used for the Part C and Part D Complaints (C26/D04) and Part C & D Appeals measures (C30, C31, D02, & D03). This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-2 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-2: Measure Detail page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Total Number of Complaints | Number of non-excluded complaints for the contract |
| Complaint Average Enrollment | The average enrollment used in the final calculation |
| Complaints < 800 Enrolled | Yes / No, Yes = average enrollment < 800, No = average enrollment ≥ 800 |
| Part C Total Appeals Cases | Total number of Part C appeals cases processed by the IRE (Maximus) |
| Part C Appeals Upheld | Number of Part C appeals which were upheld |
| Part C Appeals Overturned | Number of Part C appeals which were overturned |
| Part C Appeals Partly Overturned | Number of Part C appeals which were partially overturned |
| Part C Appeals Dismissed | Number of Part C appeals which were dismissed |
| Part C Appeals Withdrawn | Number of Part C appeals which were withdrawn |
| Part C Late Appeals | Number of Part C appeals which Maximus considered to be late |
| Part C Percent of Timely Appeals | Percent of Part C appeals which were processed in a timely manner |
| Part D Auto-Forward Cases | Number of Part D appeals not processed in a timely manner and subsequently auto-forwarded to the IRE (Maximus) |
| Part D 2015 enrollment | Average Part D 2015 monthly enrollment |
| Part D Appeals Upheld Cases | Total number of Part D appeals cases which were upheld |
| Part D Upheld Cases | Number of Part D appeals cases which were upheld |
| Part D Upheld: Fully Reversed | Number of Part D appeals cases which were reversed |
| Part D Upheld: Partially Reversed | Number of Part D appeals cases which were partially reversed |

3. Measure Detail - Part C Appeals page

The Measure Detail – Part C Appeals page contains the case-level data of the non-excluded cases used in producing the Part C Appeals measures Plan Makes Timely Decisions about Appeals (C30) and Reviewing Appeals Decisions (C31). The data displayed on this page reflect the state of the appeals case at the time the data were pulled for use in the 2017 Star Ratings. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-2 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-3: Measure Detail – Part C Appeals page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| Appeal Number | The case ID assigned to the appeal request |
| Appeal Priority | The priority of the appeal (Std Pre-Service, Exp Pre-Service, or Retro) |
| Status | The status of the appeal (Closed, Decided, Pending, Promoted, Remanded, Reopened, Requested) |
| Date Appeal Filed | The Date the Plan Reconsideration was requested, as reported by the Part C Plan |
| Corrected Appeal Date | The Date Appeal Filed, as determined by the IRE/QIC |
| Date File Received (QIC) | The Date the IRE/QIC received the Appeal from the Part C Plan |
| Level 1 Extension | Indicates if the contract took an extension during their processing of the reconsideration, as reported by the contract |
| Adjusted Plan Interval | The number of days between the Date Appeal Filed (or Corrected Appeal Date, if applicable) and the Date File Received (QIC) adjusted based on the Appeal Priority (Std Pre-Service, Exp Pre-Service, or Retro) and adjusted to account for 5 mailing days |
| Appeal Decision | Decision associated with the appeal (Dismiss Appeal, Overturn MCO Denial, Partly Overturn MCO Denial, Unspecified, Uphold MCO Denial, Withdraw Appeal) |
| Late Indicator | Indicates if the appeal case was considered late or not (0=Not Late, 1=Late) |

4. Measure Detail - Auto-Forward page

The Measure Detail – Auto-Forward page contains the case-level data of the non-excluded cases used in producing the Part D Appeals Auto-Forward measure (D02). This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-4 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-4: Measure Detail – Auto-Forward page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| Appeal Number | The case ID assigned to the appeal request |
| Request Received Date | The date the appeal was received by the IRE |
| Request Type | The type of appeal (auto-forward) |
| Appeal Priority | The priority of the appeal (standard or expedited) |
| Appeal Disposition | The disposition of the IRE (Maximus) |
| Appeal End Date | The end date of the appeal |

5. Measure Detail - Upheld page

The Measure Detail – Upheld page contains the case-level data of the non-excluded cases used in producing the Part D Appeals Upheld measure (D03). This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-5 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-5: Measure Detail – Upheld page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| Appeal Number | The case ID assigned to the appeal request |
| Request Received Date | The date the appeal was received by the IRE |
| Deadline | The deadline for the decision |
| Appeal Priority | The priority of the appeal (standard or expedited) |
| Appeal Disposition | The disposition of the IRE (Maximus) |
| Appeal End Date | The end date of the appeal |
| Status | The status of the appeal |

6. Measure Detail - SNP CM page

The Measure Detail – SNP CM page contains the underlying data used in calculating the Part C SNP Care Management measure (C08). The formulas used to calculate the SNP CM measure are detailed in Attachment E. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-6 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-6: Measure Detail – SNP CM page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|---|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Number of new enrollees | Number of new SNP enrollees eligible for an initial assessment (Element 13.1) |
| Number of enrollees eligible for an annual HRA | Number of SNP enrollees eligible for an annual reassessment (Element 13.2) |
| Number of initial HRAs performed on new enrollees | Number of initial assessments performed on new SNP enrollees (Element 13.3) |
| Number of annual reassessments performed | Number of annual reassessments performed on eligible SNP enrollees (Element 13.4) |
| Total Number of SNP Enrollees Eligible | Final measure numerator (Elements 13.1 + 13.2) |
| Total Number of Assessments Performed | Final measure denominator (Elements 13.3 + 13.4) |
| Percent of Eligible SNP Enrollees Receiving an Assessment | Final measure score |
| Data Validation Score | The data validation score for the contract |
| Reason for Exclusion | Reason (if any) contract submitted data was not used to generate a score |

7. Measure Detail - SNP COA page

The Measure Detail – SNP COA page contains the underlying data used in calculating the Part C HEDIS SNP Care for Older Adult measures (C09, C10 & C11). The formulas used to calculate these SNP measures are detailed in Attachment E. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-7 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-7: Measure Detail - SNP COA page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| PBP ID | The Plan Benefit Package number associated with the data |
| Eligible Population – MR | The Eligible population - Medication Review, entered by the contract into NCQA IDSS (Field: eligpopmr) |
| Eligible Population – FSA | The Eligible population - Functional Status Assessment, entered by the contract into NCQA IDSS (Field: eligpopfsa) |
| Eligible Population – PA | The Eligible population - Pain Assessment, entered by the contract into NCQA IDSS (Field: eligpopps) |
| Average Plan Enrollment | The average enrollment in the PBP during 2014 (see section Contract Enrollment Data) |
| COA – MR Rate | The COA Medication Review Rate calculated by the NCQA data submission tool (Field: ratemr) |
| COA – FSA Rate | The COA Functional Status Assessment Rate calculated by the NCQA data submission tool (Field: ratefsa) |
| COA – PA Rate | The COA Pain Assessment Rate calculated by the NCQA data submission tool (Field: rateps) |
| COA - MR Audit Designation | The audit designation for the COA Medication Review Rate (the audit codes defined next table) |
| COA – FSA Audit Designation | The audit designation for the COA Functional Status Assessment Rate (the audit codes defined next table) |
| COA – PA Audit Designation | The audit designation for the COA Pain Assessment Rate (the audit codes defined next table) |

Table R-8: HEDIS 2016 Audit Designations and 2017 Star Ratings

| Audit Designation | NCQA Description | Resultant Star Rating |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|
| R | Reportable | Assigned 1 to 5 stars depending on reported value |
| BR | Biased Rate | 1 star, numeric data set to "CMS identified issues with this plan's data" |
| NA | Small Denominator | "Not enough data available" |
| NB | No Benefit | "Benefit not offered by plan" |
| NR | Not Reported | 1 star, numeric data set to "CMS identified issues with this plan's data" |
| NQ | Not Required | "Plan not required to report measure" (applies only to 1876 Cost in the PCRb measure) |
| UN | Un-Audited | Not possible in Star Ratings measures which only use audited data |

8. Measure Detail - CTM page

The Measure Detail – CTM page contains the case level data of the non-excluded cases used in producing the Part C & Part D Complaints measure (C26/D04). This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-9 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-9: Measure Detail – CTM page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|---|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Complaint ID | The case number associated with the complaint in the HPMS CTM module |
| Complaint Category ID | The complaint category identifier associated with this case |
| Category Description | The complaint category description associated with this case |
| Complaint Subcategory ID | The complaint subcategory identifier associated with this case |
| Subcategory Description | The complaint subcategory description associated with this case |
| Contract Assignment / Reassignment Date | The date that complaints are assigned or re-assigned to contracts |

9. Measure Detail - Disenrollment

The Measure Detail – Disenrollment page contains data that are used in calculating the Part C & Part D disenrollment measure (C27/D05). The page shows the denominator, unadjusted numerator and original rate received from the MBDSS annual report. It also contains the adjusted numerator and final rate after all members meeting the measure exclusion criteria described in the measure description have been removed. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-10 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-10: Measure Detail – Disenrollment page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| Number Enrolled | The number of all members in the contract from MBDSS annual report |
| Number Disenrolled | The number disenrolled with a disenrollment reason code of 11, 13, 14 or 99, from the MBDSS annual report |
| Original Rate | The disenrollment rate as calculated by the annual MBDSS report |
| Adjusted Disenrolled | The adjusted numerator when all members who meet the measure exclusion criteria are removed |
| Adjusted Rate | The final adjusted disenrollment rate used in the Star Ratings |
| >1000 Enrolled | Flag indicates contract non-employer group enrollment >1,000 members during the year (True = Yes, False = No) |

10. Measure Detail - DR (Disenrollment Reasons)

The Measure Detail – Disenrollment Reasons page contains the data from the Disenrollment Reasons Survey (DRS) which will be displayed in the Medicare Plan Finder when the user drills down under the Star Ratings Disenrollment measure. The Disenrollment Reasons data are not used at any point in the calculations of the Star Ratings. The Disenrollment Reasons data are provided in MPF for beneficiary information only and in HPMS with the Star Ratings data so organizations can preview them prior to being posted publicly. The data comes from surveys sent to enrollees who disenrolled between 1/1/2015 and 12/31/2015. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-11 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-11: Measure Detail – Disenrollment Reasons page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| DR PGNCCC | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems Getting Needed Care, Coverage, and Cost Information (MA-PD, MA-Only) |
| DR PCDH | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems with Coverage of Doctors and Hospitals (MA-PD, MA-Only) |
| DR FRD | Disenrollment Reasons - Financial Reasons for Disenrollment (MA-PD, MA-Only, PDP) |
| DR PPDBC | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems with Prescription Drug Benefits and Coverage (MA-PD, PDP) |
| DR PGIPD | Disenrollment Reasons - Problems Getting Information about Prescription Drugs (MA-PD, PDP) |

11. Measure Detail – BAPP (Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems)

The Measure Detail – BAPP (Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems) page contains data that are used in calculating the Part C & Part D measure (C28/D06). Information on contract Sanctions and Civil Monetary Penalties that occurred during the data timeframe can be viewed on this page: Part C and Part D Enforcement Actions. Information about the Ad-hoc CAPs that occurred during the data timeframe can be downloaded from this page: Part C and Part D Compliance Actions.

The notice and warning letter counts come from the Compliance Activity module (CAM) in HPMS. Contracts can view their own CAM data, from the home page, select Monitoring | Compliance Activity. If you cannot see the Plan Reporting Data Validation module, contact the HPMS access team CMSHPMS_Access@cms.hhs.gov. The CAM score and BAPP score calculation methodology is explained in the measure description section of these technical notes. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-12 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-12: Measure Detail - BAPP (Beneficiary Access and Performance Problems) page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| Effective Date | The contract effective date |
| Contract Sanctioned | Was the contract under sanction during the data time frame (Yes/No) |
| Date Sanction Imposed | The date the sanction began (date sanction started if applicable, blank if not) |
| Date Sanction Lifted | The date the sanction ended (date sanction ended if applicable, blank if not) |
| CMP | The count of Civil Monetary Penalties imposed during the data time frame |
| NONC | The count of Notices of Non Compliance issued during the data time frame |
| WLwoBP | The count of Warning Letters without Business Plan issued during the data time frame |
| WLwBP | The count of Warning Letters with Business Plan issued during the data time frame |
| Ad-hoc CAPs | The count of Ad-hoc CAPs issued during the data time frame |
| CAP Severities | The severity of each individual Ad-hoc CAP issued during the data time frame |
| Total Severity | The total severity of all the Ad-hoc CAPs issued during the data time frame |
| CAM Score | The final calculated CAM score |
| BAPP Score | The final calculated measure score |

12. Measure Detail - MTM page

The Measure Detail – MTM page contains each contract's underlying denominator and numerator after measure specifications have been applied to the plan-reported validated data to calculate the Part D MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR (D15). The formulas used to calculate the MTM measure are detailed in Attachment N. This page is available during the first plan preview. Table R-13 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-13: Measure Detail - MTM page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|--|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data. |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members. |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS. |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract. |
| Total Part D Enrollees | The number of Part D enrollees in the contract (average monthly HPMS enrollment) |
| Total MTM Enrollees, All | The number of Part D enrollees enrolled in the contract's MTM program (as reported in the Part D MTM plan-reported data). Includes beneficiaries that had an enrollment start date anytime in the measurement period, regardless of age, hospice status, or duration of MTM enrollment. Excludes records where the HICN could not be mapped to a valid beneficiary or where the beneficiary was reported with multiple, conflicting records in the same contract's data. |
| Total MTM Enrollees, Targeted | The number of Part D enrollees enrolled in the contract's MTM program that met the specified targeting criteria per CMS-Part D requirements pursuant to §423.153(d) of the regulations (as reported in the Part D MTM plan-reported data). Includes beneficiaries that had an enrollment start date anytime in the measurement period, regardless of age, hospice status, or duration of MTM enrollment. Excludes records where the HICN could not be mapped to a valid beneficiary or where the beneficiary was reported with multiple, conflicting records in the same contract's data. |
| Total MTM Enrollees, Targeted, Adjusted | The number of Part D enrollees enrolled in the contract's MTM program that met the specified targeting criteria per CMS-Part D requirements pursuant to §423.153(d) of the regulations (as reported in the Part D plan-reported data) after measure specifications applied as detailed in Attachment N. (Measure Denominator) |
| Total MTM Enrollees, Targeted, Adjusted, Who Received a CMR | The number of beneficiaries from the denominator who received a CMR. (Measure Numerator) |
| MTM Program Completion Rate for CMR | The percent of MTM program enrollees who received a CMR.(Measure Numerator)/(Measure Denominator) |
| MTM Section Data Validation Score | Contract's score in data validation (DV) for their MTM Program Reporting Requirements data. |
| Reason(s) for Display Message | Reason(s) for display message assignment (if applicable). |

13. Calculation Detail - CAI Value

The Calculation Detail – CAI Value page contains the enrollment data used to calculate the percentages for use in the Categorical Adjustment Index (CAI) to determine the Final Adjustment Categories for each of the summary and overall rating calculations. Table R-14 below explains the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-14: Measure Detail - CAI Value page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Puerto Rico Only | Does the contract's non-employer service area only cover Puerto Rico? Yes or No |
| Contract Type | The contract plan type used to compute the ratings |
| Part D Offered | Is Part D offered by the contract? Yes or No |
| Enrolled | The total number enrolled in the contract used to determine the % LIS/DE and % Disabled |
| #LIS/DE | The number of LIS/DE enrolled in the contract |
| # Disabled | The number of Disabled enrolled in the contract |
| % LIS/DE | The percent of LIS/DE in the contract |
| % Disabled | The percent Disabled in the contract |
| Part C LIS/DE Decile | The Part C LIS/DE Decile group this contract is in |
| Part C Disabled Quintile | The Part C Disabled Quintile group this contract is in |
| Part C FAC | The Part C Final adjustment category this contract is in |
| Part C CAI Value | The CAI value that will be combined with the final Part C summary score prior to rounding to half stars |
| Part D MA-PD LIS/DE Decile | The Part D MA-PD LIS/DE Decile group this contract is in |
| Part D MA-PD Disabled Quintile | The Part D MA-PD Disabled Quintile group this contract is in |
| Part D MA-PD FAC | The Part D MA-PD Final adjustment category this contract is in |
| Part D MA-PD CAI Value | The CAI value that will be combined with the final Part D MA-PD summary score prior to rounding to half stars |
| Part D PDP LIS/DE Quartile | The Part D PDP LIS/DE Quartile group this contract is in |
| Part D PDP Disabled Quartile | The Part D PDP Disabled Quartile group this contract is in |
| Part D PDP FAC | The Part D PDP Final adjustment category this contract is in |
| Part D PDP CAI Value | The CAI value that will be combined with the final Part D PDP summary score prior to rounding to half stars |
| Overall LIS/DE Decile | The overall LIS/DE Decile group this contract is in |
| Overall Disabled Quintile | The overall disabled Quintile group this contract is in |
| Overall FAC | The overall final adjustment category this contract is in |
| Overall CAI Value | The CAI value that will be combined with the final overall score prior to rounding to half stars |

14. Measure Detail - CAHPS page

The Measure Detail – CAHPS page contains the underlying data used in calculating the Part C & D CAHPS measures: Annual Flu Vaccine (C03), Getting Needed Care (C20), Getting Appointments and Care Quickly (C21), Customer Service (C22), Rating of Health Care Quality (C23), Rating of Health Plan (C24), Care Coordination (C25), Rating of Drug Plan (D08), and Getting Needed Prescription Drugs (D09). This page is available during the second plan preview. Table R-15 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-15: Measure Detail – CAHPS page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| CAHPS Measure | The CAHPS measure identifier followed by the Star Ratings measure id in parenthesis |
| Reliability | The contract-level reliability of the measure data |
| Statistical Significance | The statistical significance of the measure data (Below Average, No Difference, Above Average, Not Reported) |
| Use N | The number of usable surveys with responses to the item, or at least one item of a composite |
| Mean Score on Original Scale | The mean score on the original survey response scale |
| Variance of Mean on Original Scale | The sampling variance of contract mean ("Mean score") on the original scale |
| Standard Error on Original Scale | The standard error of the contract mean ("Mean score") on the original scale; square root of "variance" |
| Scaled Mean | The contract mean score rescaled to a 0-100 scale |
| Scaled SE | The standard error of the 0-100 scaled mean |
| Base Group | Categories determined by the percentile cutoffs from the distribution of mean scores |
| Star Rating | Determined by the percentile cutoffs, statistical significance of the difference of the contract mean from the overall mean, the statistical reliability of the estimate, and standard error of the mean score |

15. Measure Detail - HEDIS LE page

The Measure Detail – HEDIS LE page contains the data used to calculate the reliability of the HEDIS measures (C01, C02, C07, C13 – C17, & C19) data for contracts with ≥ 500 and < 1,000 members enrolled in July of the measurement year (July 01, 2015). This page is available during the second plan preview. Table R-16 below explains each of the columns displayed on this page.

Table R-16: Measure Detail - HEDIS LE page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The parent organization of the contract |
| Measure ID | The Star Ratings measure that the other data on this row is associated with |
| Rate | The submitted HEDIS rate |
| Score | The rounded value used for the measure in the Star Ratings |
| Enrollment | The contract enrollment for July 2015 |
| Reliability | The computed reliability for the contract measure |
| Usable | The computed reliability ≥ 0.7 and rate is used = True, reliability < 0.7 and rate was not used = False |

16. Measure Detail - C Improvement page

The Improvement page is constructed in a similar manner as the Measure Data page. This page is available during the second plan preview.

The first four columns contain contract identifying information. The remaining columns contain the results of the improvement calculation for the specific Part C measures. There is one column for each Part C measure. The measure columns are identified by measure id and measure name. There is an additional column to the right of the Part C measure columns which contain the finals numeric Part C improvement score. This numeric result from step 4 is described in Attachment I: "Calculating the Improvement Measure and the Measures Used."

The row immediately above this measure information contains the domain id and domain name. The row immediately below the measure information contains a flag (Included or Not Included) to show if the measure was used to calculate the final improvement measure. All subsequent rows contain the data associated with an individual contract. The possible results for Part C measure calculations are shown in Table R-17 below.

Table R-17: Part C Measure Improvement Results

| Improvement Measure Result | Description |
|------------------------------------|---|
| No significant change | There was no significant change in the values between the two years |
| Significant improvement | There was a significant improvement from last year to this year |
| Significant decline | There was a significant decline from last year to this year |
| Not included in calculation | There was only one year of data available so the calculation could not be completed |
| Not Applicable | The measure is not an improvement measure |
| Not Eligible | The contract did not have data in more than half of the improvement measures or was too new |
| Held Harmless | The contract had 5 stars in this measure last year and this year |
| Low reliability and low enrollment | The low-enrollment contract measure score did not have sufficiently high reliability |

17. Measure Detail - D Improvement page

The Improvement page is constructed in a similar manner as the Measure Data page. This page is available during the second plan preview.

The first four columns contain contract identifying information. The remaining columns contain the results of the improvement calculation for the specific Part D measures. There is one column for each Part D measure. The measure columns are identified by measure id and measure name. There is an additional column to the right of the Part D measure columns which contain the finals numeric Part D improvement score. This numeric result from step 4 is described in Attachment I: "Calculating the Improvement Measure and the Measures Used."

The row immediately above this measure information contains the domain id and domain name. The row immediately below the measure information contains a flag (Included or Not Included) to show if the measure was used to calculate the final improvement measure. All subsequent rows contain the data associated with an individual contract. The possible results for Part D measure calculations are shown in Table R-18 below.

Table R-18: Part D Measure Improvement Results

| Improvement Measure Result | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| No significant change | There was no significant change in the values between the two years |
| Significant improvement | There was a significant improvement from last year to this year |
| Significant decline | There was a significant decline from last year to this year |
| Not included in calculation | There was only one year of data available so the calculation could not be completed |
| Not Applicable | The measure is not an improvement measure |
| Not Eligible | The contract did not have data in more than half of the improvement measures or was too new |
| Held Harmless | The contract had 5 stars in this measure last year and this year |

18. Measure Stars page

The Measure Stars page displays the Star Rating for each Part C and Part D measure. This page is available during the second plan preview.

The first four columns contain contract identifying information. The remaining columns contain the measure stars which will display in MPF. There is one column for each of the Part C and Part D measures. The measure columns are identified by measure id and measure name. The row immediately above this measure information contains the domain id and domain name. The row immediately below the measure information contains the data time frame. All subsequent rows contain the data for all individual contracts associated with the user's login id. Table R-19 below shows a sample of the left hand most columns shown in HPMS.

Table R-19: Measure Star page sample

| | Medicare Star Ratings Report Card Master Ta | | | | | Report Card Master Table |
|----------|---|------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0 1 1 | | | | HD1: Staying Healthy: Screenings, Tests and Vaccines | | |
| Contract | Organization Marketing Name | Contract Name | Parent Organization | C01: Breast Cancer Screening | C02: Colorectal Cancer Screening | C03: Annual Flu Vaccine |
| Number | Inditibel Marketing Name | | | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 | 01/01/2015 - 12/31/2015 | 02/15/2016 - 05/31/2016 |
| HAAAA | Market A | Contract A | PO A | Plan too new to be measured | Plan too new to be measured | Not enough data available |
| HBBBB | Market B | Contract B | РО В | Not enough data available | 4 | 5 |
| HCCCC | Market C | Contract C | PO C | 3 | 4 | 5 |

19. Domain Stars page

The Domain Stars page displays the Star Rating for each Part C and Part D domain. This page is available during the second plan preview.

The first four columns contain contract identifying information. The remaining columns contain the domain stars which will display in MPF. There is one column for each of the Part C and Part D domains. The domain columns are identified by the domain id and domain name. All subsequent rows contain the stars associated with an individual contract. Table R-20 below shows a sample of the left hand most columns shown in HPMS.

Table R-20: Domain Star page sample

| | | . • | • | | | |
|--------------------|--|------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|
| | Medicare Star Ratings Report Card Master Table | | | | | |
| Contract Number | Organization Marketing Name | Contract Name | Parent Organization | HD1: Staying Healthy: Screenings, Tests and Vaccines | HD2: Managing Chronic (Long Term) Conditions | HD3: Member Experience with Health Plan |
| HAAAA | Market A | Contract A | PO A | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| HBBBB | Market B | Contract B | PO B | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| HCCCC | Market C | Contract C | PO C | 3 | 3 | 4 |

20. Part C Summary Rating page

The Part C Summary Rating page displays the Part C rating and data associated with calculating the final Part C summary rating. This page is available during the second plan preview. Table R-21 below explains each of the columns contained on this page.

Table R-21: Part C Summary Rating page fields

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data | | | |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members | | | |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS | | | |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract | | | |
| Contract Type | The contract plan type used to compute the ratings | | | |
| SNP Plans | Does the contract offer a SNP? (Yes/No) | | | |
| Number Measures Required | The minimum number of measures required to calculate a rating out all required for the contract type. | | | |
| Number Missing Measures | The number of measures that were missing stars | | | |
| Number Rated Measures | The number of measures that were assigned stars | | | |
| Calculated Summary Mean | Contains the mean of the stars for rated measures | | | |
| Calculated Variance | The variance of the calculated summary mean | | | |
| Variance Category | The reward factor variance category for the contract (low, medium, or high) | | | |
| Reward Factor | The calculated reward factor for the contract (0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, or 0.4) | | | |
| Interim Summary | The sum of the Calculated Summary Mean and the Reward Factor | | | |
| Part C Summary FAC | Part C summary final adjustment category for the contract | | | |
| CAI Value | The Part C summary CAI value for the contract | | | |
| Final Summary | The sum of the Interim Summary and the CAI Value | | | |
| Improvement Measure Usage | Did the final Part C summary rating come from the calculation using the improvement measure (C29)? (Yes/No) | | | |
| 2017 Part C Summary Rating | The final rounded 2017 Part C Summary Rating | | | |
| Sanction Deduction | Sanction deduction suspended, set to No for all contracts. | | | |
| Calculated Score Percentile Rank | Percentile ranking of Calculated Summary Mean | | | |
| Variance Percentile Rank | Percentile ranking of Calculated Variance | | | |

21. Part D Summary Rating page

The Part D Summary Rating page displays the Part D rating and data associated with calculating the final Part D summary rating. This page is available during the second plan preview. Table R-22 below explains each of the columns contained on this page.

Table R-22: Part D Summary Rating View

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Contract Number | he contract number associated with the data | | |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members | | |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS | | |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract | | |
| Contract Type | The contract plan type used to compute the ratings | | |
| Number Measures Required | The minimum number of measures required to calculate a rating out all required for the contract type. | | |
| Number Missing Measures | The number of measures that were missing stars | | |
| Number Rated Measures | The number of measures that were assigned stars | | |
| Calculated Summary Mean | Contains the mean of the stars for rated measures | | |
| Calculated Variance | The variance of the calculated summary mean | | |
| Variance Category | The reward factor variance category for the contract (low, medium, or high) | | |
| Reward Factor | The calculated reward factor for the contract (0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, or 0.4) | | |
| Interim Summary | The sum of the Calculated Summary Mean and the Reward Factor | | |
| Part D Summary FAC | Part D summary final adjustment category for the contract | | |
| CAI Value | The Part D summary CAI value for the contract | | |
| Final Summary | The sum of the Interim Summary and the CAI Value | | |
| Improvement Measure Usage | Did the final Part D summary rating come from the calculation using the improvement measure (D07)? (Yes/No) | | |
| 2017 Part D Summary Rating | The final rounded 2017 Part D Summary Rating | | |
| Sanction Deduction | Sanction deduction suspended, set to No for all contracts. | | |
| Calculated Score Percentile Rank | Percentile ranking of Calculated Summary Mean | | |
| Variance Percentile Rank | Percentile ranking of Calculated Variance | | |

22. Overall Rating page

The Overall Rating page displays the overall rating for MA-PD contracts and data associated with calculating the final overall rating. This page is available during the second plan preview. Table R-23 below explains each of the columns contained on this page.

Table R-23: Overall Rating View

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Contract Type | The contract plan type used to compute the ratings |
| SNP Plans | Does the contract offer a SNP? (Yes/No) |
| Number Measures Required | The minimum number of measures required to calculate a rating out all required for the contract type. |
| Number Missing Measures | The number of measures that were missing stars |
| Number Rated Measures | The number of measures that were assigned stars |
| 2017 Part C Summary Rating | The 2017 Part C Summary Rating |
| 2017 Part D Summary Rating | The 2017 Part D Summary Rating |
| Calculated Summary Mean | Contains the weighted mean of the stars for rated measures |
| Calculated Variance | The variance of the calculated summary mean |
| Variance Category | The reward factor variance category for the contract (low, medium, or high) |
| Reward Factor | The calculated reward factor for the contract (0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, or 0.4) |
| Interim Summary | The sum of the Calculated Summary Mean and the Reward Factor |
| Overall FAC | Overall final adjustment category for the contract |
| CAI Value | The Overall CAI value for the contract |
| Final Summary | The sum of the Interim Summary and the CAI Value |
| Improvement Measure Usage | Did the final overall rating come from the calculation using the improvement measures (C29 & D07)? (Yes/No) |
| 2017 Overall Rating | The final 2017 Overall Rating |
| Sanction Deduction | Sanction deduction suspended, set to No for all contracts. |
| Calculated Score Percentile Rank | Percentile ranking of Calculated Summary Mean |
| Variance Percentile Rank | Percentile ranking of Calculated Variance |

23. Low Performing Contract List

The Low Performing Contract List page displays the contracts that received a Low Performing Icon and the data used to calculate the assignment. This page is available during the second plan preview. HPMS users in contracting organizations will see only their own contracts in this list. None will be displayed if no contract in the organization was assigned a Low Performing Icon. Table R-24 below explains each of the columns contained on this page.

Table R-24: Low Performing Contract List

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Rated As | The type of rating for this contract, valid values are "MA-Only," "MA-PD," and "PDP" |
| 2015 C Summary | The 2015 Part C Summary Rating earned by the contract |
| 2015 D Summary | The 2015 Part D Summary Rating earned by the contract |
| 2016 C Summary | The 2016 Part C Summary Rating earned by the contract |
| 2016 D Summary | The 2016 Part D Summary Rating earned by the contract |
| 2017 C Summary | The 2017 Part C Summary Rating earned by the contract |
| 2017 D Summary | The 2017 Part D Summary Rating earned by the contract |
| Reason for LPI | The combination of ratings that met the Low Performing Icon rules. Valid values are "Part C," "Part D," "Part C and D," & "Part C or D." See the section titled "Methodology for Calculating the Low Performing Icon" for details. |

24. High Performing Contract List

The High Performing Contract List page displays the contracts that received a High Performing Icon. This page is available during the second plan preview. HPMS users in contracting organizations will see only their own contracts in this list. None will be displayed if no contract in the organization was assigned a High Performing Icon. Table R-25 below explains each of the columns contained on this page.

Table R-25: High Performing Contract List

| HPMS Field Label | Field Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Contract Number | The contract number associated with the data |
| Organization Marketing Name | The name the contract markets to members |
| Contract Name | The name the contract is known by in HPMS |
| Parent Organization | The name of the parent organization for the contract |
| Rated As | The type of rating for this contract, valid values are "MA-Only," "MA-PD," and "PDP" |
| Highest Rating | The highest level of rating that can be achieved for this organization, valid values are "Part C Summary," "Part D Summary," "Overall Rating" |
| Rating | The star value attained in the highest rating for the organization type |

25. Technical Notes link

The Technical Notes link provides the user with a copy of the 2017 Star Ratings Technical Notes. A draft version of these technical notes is available during the first plan preview. The draft is then updated for the second plan preview, and then finalized when the ratings data have been posted to MPF. Other updates may occur to the technical if errors are identified outside of the plan preview periods and after MPF data release.

Left clicking on the Technical Notes link will open a new browser window which will display a PDF (portable document format) copy of the 2017 Star Ratings Technical Notes. Right clicking on the Technical Notes link will pop up a context menu which contains Save Target As...; clicking on this will allow the user to download and save a copy of the PDF document

26. Medication NDC List - High Risk Medication Measure link

The Medication NDC List – High Risk Medication Measure link provides the user a means to download a copy of the medication list used for the High Risk Medication measure (D11). This downloadable file is in Excel format.

27. Medication NDC List - Medication Adherence Measure link

The Medication NDC List – Medication Adherence Measure link provides the user a means to download a copy of the medication lists used for the Medication Adherence measures (D12, D13, & D14). This downloadable file is in Excel format.