

## Assignment 2

### Instructions

Coding Challenges: CareerHub, The Job Board

- Coding Challenges submissions should be done through the participants' Github repository, and the link should be shared with trainers and Hexavarsity.

Problem Statement:

Create SQL Schema from the application, use the class attributes for table column names.

SQL Schema:

Table: Companies

Attributes:

- CompanyID (Primary Key, int): Unique identifier for each company.
- CompanyName (string): The name of the hiring company.
- Location (string): The location of the company.

Table: Jobs

Attributes:

- JobID (Primary Key, int): Unique identifier for each job listing.
- CompanyID (Foreign Key, int): References the CompanyID of the hiring company.
- JobTitle (string): The title of the job.
- JobDescription (text): A detailed description of the job.
- JobLocation (string): The location where the job is based.
- Salary (decimal): The salary offered for the job.
- JobType (string): Type of job (e.g., Full-time, Part-time, Contract).
- PostedDate (datetime): Date and time when the job was posted.

Table: Applicants

Attributes:

- ApplicantID (Primary Key, int): Unique identifier for each applicant.
- FirstName (string): The first name of the applicant.
- LastName (string): The last name of the applicant.
- Email (string): The email address of the applicant.
- Phone (string): The phone number of the applicant.
- Resume (text): The applicant's resume or CV (text or file reference).

Table: Applications

Attributes:

- ApplicationID (Primary Key, int): Unique identifier for each job application.
- JobID (Foreign Key, int): References the JobID of the job listing.
- ApplicantID (Foreign Key, int): References the ApplicantID of the applicant.
- ApplicationDate (datetime): Date and time when the application was submitted.
- CoverLetter (text): The applicant's cover letter for the specific job.

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Tasks:

1. Provide a SQL script that initializes the database for the Job Board scenario "CareerHub".  
use career;
2. Create tables for Companies, Jobs, Applicants and Applications.
3. Define appropriate primary keys, foreign keys, and constraints.
4. Ensure the script handles potential errors, such as if the database or tables already exist.

```
create table companies(companyid int primary key , companyname varchar(30), location
varchar(50));
create table jobs(jobid int primary key ,companyid int,jobtitle varchar (30), jobdescription
varchar (200), joblocation varchar(50), salary decimal(10,2) , jobtype varchar(30) , posteddate date ,
foreign key(companyid) references companies(companyid));
```

```
create table applications (applicantid int primary key , jobid int , applicationdate date ,
coverletter varchar(500), foreign key(jobid) references jobs(jobid) , foreign key (applicantid)
references applicants(applicantid));
```

5. Write an SQL query to count the number of applications received for each job listing in the "Jobs" table. Display the job title and the corresponding application count. Ensure that it lists all jobs, even if they have no applications.

```
select jobid, jobtitle, (select count(*) from applications where applications.jobid=jobs.jobid) as  
applicationcount from jobs;
```

6. Develop an SQL query that retrieves job listings from the "Jobs" table within a specified salary range. Allow parameters for the minimum and maximum salary values. Display the job title, company name, location, and salary for each matching job.

```
select j.jobtitle,c.companyname,c.location,j.salary from jobs j , companies c where
j.companyid=c.companyid and salary between (select min(salary) from jobs) and (select max(salary)
from jobs);
```

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select j.jobtitle,c.companyname,c.location,j.salary from jobs j , companies c where j.companyid=c.companyid and salary between (select min(salary) from jobs) and (select max(salary) from jobs);
```

jobtitle	companyname	location	salary
Software Engineer	Company A	Location A	75000.00
Data Analyst	Company B	Location B	60000.00
Marketing Manager	Company C	Location C	80000.00
Graphic Designer	Company D	Location D	55000.00
Sales Representative	Company E	Location E	70000.00
Accountant	Company F	Location F	65000.00
HR Specialist	Company G	Location G	70000.00
Customer Representative	Company H	Location H	55000.00
Project Manager	Company I	Location I	85000.00
Web Developer	Company J	Location J	75000.00

10 rows in set (0.0039 sec)

7. Write an SQL query that retrieves the job application history for a specific applicant. Allow a parameter for the ApplicantID, and return a result set with the job titles, company names, and application dates for all the jobs the applicant has applied to.

```
select j.jobtitle,c.companyname,a.applicationdate from companies c join jobs j on c.companyid=j.companyid join applications a on j.jobid=a.jobid where a.applicantid=1 ;
```

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select j.jobtitle,c.companyname,a.applicationdate from companies c join jobs j on c.companyid=j.companyid join applications a on j.jobid=a.jobid and a.applicantid=1 ;
```

jobtitle	companyname	applicationdate
Software Engineer	Company A	2024-05-02

1 row in set (0.0017 sec)

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> |
```

8. Create an SQL query that calculates and displays the average salary offered by all companies for job listings in the "Jobs" table. Ensure that the query filters out jobs with a salary of zero.

```
select j.jobid,c.companyid,avg(j.salary)as avgsal from jobs j ,companies c where j.companyid=c.companyid group by jobid,companyid ;
```

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select j.jobid,c.companyid,avg(j.salary)as avgsal from jobs j ,companies c where j.companyid=c.companyid group by jobid,companyid ;
```

jobid	companyid	avgsal
1	1	75000.000000
2	2	60000.000000
3	3	80000.000000
4	4	55000.000000
5	5	70000.000000
6	6	65000.000000
7	7	70000.000000
8	8	55000.000000
9	9	85000.000000
10	10	75000.000000

10 rows in set (0.0020 sec)

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> |
```

9. Write an SQL query to identify the company that has posted the most job listings. Display the company name along with the count of job listings they have posted. Handle ties if multiple companies have the same maximum count.

```
select c.companyname ,count(j.jobid) as maxcount from companies c join jobs j on c.companyid=j.companyid group by c.companyname order by maxcount desc limit 1;
```

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select c.companyname ,count(j.jobid) as maxcount from companies c join jobs j on c.companyid=j.companyid group by c.companyname order by maxcount desc limit 1;
```

companyname	maxcount
Company A	1

1 row in set (0.0016 sec)

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> |
```

10. Find the applicants who have applied for positions in companies located in 'CityX' and have at least 3 years of experience.

select a.applicantid from applicants a join applications ap on a.applicantid= ap.applicantid join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid join companies c on j.companyid = c.companyid where c.location like "%C%" and a.experience>=3;

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL > select a.applicantid from applicants a join applications ap on a.applicantid= ap.applicantid join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid join companies c on j.companyid = c.companyid where c.location like "%C%" and a.experience>=3;
Empty set (0.0015 sec)
```

11. Retrieve a list of distinct job titles with salaries between \$60,000 and \$80,000.

select distinct jobtitle from jobs where salary between 60000 and 80000;

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL > select distinct jobtitle from jobs where salary between 60000 and 80000;
+-----+
| jobtitle |
+-----+
| Software Engineer |
| Data Analyst |
| Marketing Manager |
| Sales Representative |
| Accountant |
| HR Specialist |
| Web Developer |
+-----+
7 rows in set (0.0017 sec)
```

12. Find the jobs that have not received any applications.

select \* from jobs where jobid not in( select jobid from applications);

```
Warning (code 1292): Truncated incorrect DOUBLE value: 'Engineer'
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL > select * from jobs where jobtitle like '%Developer%' or '%Engineer%';
+-----+
| jobid | companyid | jobtitle | jobdescription |
| joblocation | salary | jobtype | posteddate |
+-----+
+-----+
| 10 | 10 | Web Developer | Description for Web Developer position |
| Location J | 75000.00 | Full-time | 2024-05-02 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.0017 sec)
```

13. Retrieve a list of job applicants along with the companies they have applied to and the positions they have applied for.

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL > select a.applicantid, a.firstname, a.lastname, c.companyname, j.jobtitle from applicants a join applications ap on a.applicantid= ap.applicantid join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid join companies c on j.companyid = c.companyid;
+-----+
| applicantid | firstname | lastname | companyname | jobtitle |
+-----+
| 1 | John | Doe | Company A | Software Engineer |
| 2 | Jane | Smith | Company B | Data Analyst |
| 3 | Michael | Johnson | Company C | Marketing Manager |
| 4 | Emily | Brown | Company D | Graphic Designer |
| 5 | David | Wilson | Company E | Sales Representative |
| 6 | Sarah | Anderson | Company F | Accountant |
| 7 | Chris | Martinez | Company G | HR Specialist |
| 8 | Jessica | Taylor | Company H | Customer Representative |
| 9 | Daniel | Thomas | Company I | Project Manager |
| 10 | Amanda | White | Company J | Web Developer |
+-----+
```

select a.applicantid, a.firstname, a.lastname, c.companyname, j.jobtitle from applicants a join applications ap on a.applicantid= ap.applicantid join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid join companies c on j.companyid = c.companyid ;

14. Retrieve a list of companies along with the count of jobs they have posted, even if they have not received any applications.

select c.companyname , count(j.jobid) from companies c left join jobs j on c.companyid=j.jobid group by c.companyname;

```
ERROR: 1054: Unknown column 'j.jobid' in 'field list'
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select c.companyname , count(j.jobid) from companies c left join jobs j on c.companyid=j.jobid group by c.companyname;
```

companyname	count(j.jobid)
Company A	1
Company B	1
Company C	1
Company D	1
Company E	1
Company F	1
Company G	1
Company H	1
Company I	1
Company J	1

15. List all applicants along with the companies and positions they have applied for, including those who have not applied.

```
MySQL Shell
ERROR: 1054: Unknown column 'c.CompanyName' in 'field list'
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> SELECT a.FirstName, a.LastName, c.CompanyName, j.JobTitle FROM Applicants a cross JOIN Companies c cross JOIN Jobs j;
```

FirstName	LastName	CompanyName	JobTitle
John	Doe	Company A	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company B	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company C	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company D	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company E	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company F	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company G	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company H	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company I	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company J	Web Developer
John	Doe	Company A	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company B	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company C	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company D	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company E	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company F	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company G	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company H	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company I	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company J	Project Manager
John	Doe	Company A	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company B	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company C	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company D	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company E	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company F	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company G	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company H	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company I	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company J	Customer Representative
John	Doe	Company A	HR Specialist

SELECT a.FirstName, a.LastName, c.CompanyName, j.JobTitle FROM Applicants a cross JOIN Companies c cross JOIN Jobs j;

16. Find companies that have posted jobs with a salary higher than the average salary of all jobs.

select c.companyname from companies c join jobs j on c.companyid=j.jobid group by c.companyname having max(j.salary) > (select avg(salary) from jobs);

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select c.companyname from companies c join jobs j on c.companyid=j.jobid group by c.companyname having max(j.salary) > (select avg(salary) from jobs);
```

companyname
Company A
Company C
Company E
Company G
Company I
Company J

17. Display a list of applicants with their names and a concatenated string of their city and state.  
select firstname,lastname , concat(city , ' ', state ) as location from applicants;

Empty set

18. Retrieve a list of jobs with titles containing either 'Developer' or 'Engineer'.  
select \* from jobs where jobtitle like '%Developer%' or '%Engineer%';

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select * from jobs where jobtitle like '%Developer%' or '%Engineer%';
```

jobid	companyid	jobtitle	jobdescription	joblocation	salary	jobtype	postdate
10	10	Web Developer	Description for Web Developer position	Location J	75000.00	Full-time	2024-05-02

1 row in set (0.0009 sec)

19. Retrieve a list of applicants and the jobs they have applied for, including those who have not applied and jobs without applicants.

select a.firstname,a.lastname , j.jobtitle from applicants a left join applications ap on a.applicantid=ap.applicantid left join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid;

```
MySQL localhost:33060+ ssl career SQL> select a.firstname,a.lastname , j.jobtitle from applicants a left join applications ap on a.applicantid=ap.applicantid left join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid;
```

firstname	lastname	jobtitle
John	Doe	Software Engineer
Jane	Smith	Data Analyst
Michael	Johnson	Marketing Manager
Emily	Brown	Graphic Designer
David	Wilson	Sales Representative
Sarah	Anderson	Accountant
Chris	Martinez	HR Specialist
Jessica	Taylor	Customer Representative
Daniel	Thomas	Project Manager
Amanda	White	Web Developer
John	Doe	NULL
Jane	Smith	NULL

12 rows in set (0.0008 sec)

20. List all combinations of applicants and companies where the company is in a specific city and the applicant has more than 2 years of experience. For example: city=Chennai

select a.firstname,a.lastname , j.jobtitle ,c.companyname from applicants a join applications ap on a.applicantid=ap.applicantid join jobs j on ap.jobid=j.jobid join companies c on c.companyid=j.companyid where c.location like '%C%' and a.experience >2;

Empty set