

TECNOLÓGICO NACIONAL DE MÉXICO INSTITUTO TECNOLÓGICO DE TIJUANA

SUBDIRECCIÓN ACADÉMICA DEPARTAMENTO DE SISTEMAS Y COMPUTACIÓN

SEMESTRE:

Enero - Junio 2020

CARRERA:

Ing. Tecnologías de la Información y Comunicaciones

MATERIA:

Datos Masivos

UNIDAD A EVALUAR:

Unidad 1

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NOMBRE DEL MAESTRO (A):

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The Pearson coefficient of variation (r) measures the variation of the data with respect to the average, regardless of the units in which they are.

$$r = \frac{S_X}{|\bar{x}|}$$

siendo S_X la desviación típica y \bar{x} la media del conjunto de observaciones (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N) y $\bar{x} \neq 0$

The coefficient of variation takes values between 0 and 1. If the coefficient is close to 0, it means that there is little variability in the data and it is a very compact sample. On the other hand, if they tend to 1 it is a very dispersed sample.

To easily interpret the coefficient, we can multiply it by one hundred to have it as a percentage.