

bomblab 报告

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总分	phase_1	phase_2	phase_3	phase_4	phase_5	phase_6	secret_phase
3	1	1	1	1	1	0	0

scoreboard 截图：

解题报告

phase_1

```
1439: 48 8d 35 40 1d 00 00    lea    0x1d40(%rip),%rsi
1440: e8 41 08 00 00          call   1c86 <strings_not_equal>
1445: 85 c0                   test   %eax,%eax
1447: 75 05                   jne    144e <phase_1+0x19>
144e: e8 98 0a 00 00          call   1eeb <explode_bomb>
```

为不跳转到 144e 行使得炸弹引爆，在 1445 行比较中，需输入的字符串与 0x1d40(%rip) 一致。访问该处：

```
0x000055555555439 <+4>:    lea    0x1d40(%rip),%rsi      # 0x555555557180
(gdb) x/s 0x555555557180
0x555555557180: "But I am so still here surrender the silence..."
```

可见 phase_2 答案为：But I am so still here surrender the silence...

phase_2

```
int matA[2][3] = {966, 649, 371, 194, 951, 493};
int matB[3][2] = {800, 617, 237, 278, 866, 223};      // 外部矩阵定义

void phase_2(char *input) {
    // 读取并检验
    int a, b, c, d;    int expected[4] = {a, b, c, d};
    if (sscanf(input, "%d %d %d %d", &a, &b, &c, &d) != 4) explode_bomb();

    // 计算并验证结果
    int result_matrix[2][2] = matA \cdot matB
    if (result_flat[i] != expected[i]) explode_bomb();
}
```

程序实现了两个矩阵的乘法，要求我们正确输入结果。如何得知矩阵的初始值？注意到以下两行：

```
0x0000555555554e <+57>:    lea    0x4c9b(%rip),%rdi      # 0x5555555a130 <matA.2>
0x0000555555554bb <+102>:   lea    0x4c4e(%rip),%rsi      # 0x5555555a110 <matB.1>
```

于是：

```
(gdb) x/8wd 0x55555555a130
0x55555555a130 <matA.2>:    966    649    371    194
0x55555555a140 <matA.2+16>:  951    493    0       0
(gdb) x/8wd 0x55555555a110
0x55555555a110 <matB.1>:    800    617    237    278
0x55555555a120 <matB.1+16>:  866    223    0       0
```

通过计算，本题答案是：1247899 859177 807525 494015

phase_3

```
void phase_3(char *input) {
    // 读取并检验
    int a, b, result;
    if (sscanf(input, "%d %d", &a, &b) <= 1)    explode_bomb();
    if (b >= 0 || a > 7)    explode_bomb();

    // 计算并验证结果
    switch (a) {
        case 0: case 1: case 2: case 3: explode_bomb(); break;
        case 4: case 6: result = 0; break;
        case 5: case 7: result = -542; break;
        default: explode_bomb();
    }
    if (a > 5 || b != result)    explode_bomb();
}
```

解为：5 -542。由于 switch 表，可行的 a 只能为 4 或 5，由于 b 负数的限制，只有以上唯一解。

这道题 jump 语句较多，需灵活判断怎样的取值是安全的。

phase_4

```
int func4_1(int n) {    // n 在 %rdi 中
    if (n <= 0) return 0;
    if (n == 1) return 1;
    return 2 * func4_1(n - 1) + 1; // 以 %eax 返回
}
```

```

void func4_2(int n, int ebx, char r12, char r13, char r14, char *output) {
    // 基础情况: 第一步
    if (n == 1) {output[0] = r12;    output[1] = r13;    output[2] = '\0';    return;}

    int steps = func4_1(n - 1); // 2^(n-1) - 1
    // 递归处理 n-1
    if (steps >= ebx) func4_2(n-1, ebx, r14, r13, r12, output);
    // 刚好第 ebx 步
    else if (steps + 1 == ebx) {output[0] = r12;    output[1] = r13;    output[2] = '\0';}
    // 跳过前 steps+1 步
    else {ebx = ebx - steps - 1;    func4_2(n-1, ebx, r13, r12, r14, output);}
}

```

```

void phase2(char *input) {
    // 读取并检验
    int num;    char steps[3];  char expected[3];
    if (sscanf(input, "%d %s", &a, &b) != 2)    explode_bomb();
    if (a != func4_1(5) || strlen(b) != 2)    explode_bomb();

    // 计算并验证结果
    func4_2(5, 12, 'A', 'B', 'C', expected);
    if (strcmp(steps, expected) != 0)    explode_bomb();
}

```

简言之，`func4_1` 通过递归，计算 `n` 阶 `Hanoi Tower` 的最少步数；`func4_2` 同样使用递归，计算此时某一步的移动方法。而主函数负责检验两个输入参数，第一个必须是 5 阶 `Hanoi Tower` 的最少移动步数 31，第二个是第 12 步的移动方法 CB，这样才能避免爆炸。因此，答案为：31 CB

phase_5

```

void phase_5(char *input) {
    // 读取并检验
    int a, b;
    if (sscanf(input, "%d %d", &a, &b) <= 1)    explode_bomb();
    if (a >= 0) explode_bomb();
    int index = a & 0xf;
    if (index == 0xf)    explode_bomb();

    // 计算并验证结果
    int sum = 0, count = 0, cur_value = 0, array[16] = [<array>];
    do {
        cur_value = array[index];
        sum += cur_value;    count++;
        index = (unsigned char)cur_value;
    } while (cur_value != 0xf);
    if (count != 7 || b != sum) explode_bomb();
}

```

这题比较有趣，观察到编码了一个数列（更像链表），访问之：

```
0x0000555555555800 <+80>: lea    0x1a39(%rip),%rsi      # 0x555555557240 <array.0>
(gdb) x/16d 0x555555557240
0x555555557240 <array.0>:   10     2      14     7
0x555555557250 <array.0+16>:  8      12     15     11
0x555555557260 <array.0+32>:  0      4      1      13
0x555555557270 <array.0+48>:  3      9      6      5
```

得到 `array[16] = [10, 2, ..., 5]`。接下来我们需要找到一个参数 `index`，使得

```
起点: index = 8
├── array[8] = 0    (值是0, 下一个index = 0)
|
├── array[0] = 10   (值是10, 下一个index = 10)
|
├── array[10] = 1   (值是1, 下一个index = 1)
|
├── array[1] = 2    (值是2, 下一个index = 2)
|
├── array[2] = 14   (值是14, 下一个index = 14)
|
├── array[14] = 6   (值是6, 下一个index = 6)
|
└── array[6] = 15   (值是15 = 0xf, **停止!**)
|
└── 累加: 0+10+1+2+14+6+15 = 48 ✓
    循环次数: 7 次 ✓
```

phase_6

```
Dump of assembler code for function read_six_numbers:
0x000055555555fab <+0>: sub    $0x8,%rsp
0x000055555555faf <+4>: mov    %rsi,%rdx
0x000055555555fb2 <+7>: lea    0x4(%rsi),%rcx
0x000055555555fb6 <+11>: lea    0x14(%rsi),%rax
0x000055555555fba <+15>: push   %rax
0x000055555555fbb <+16>: lea    0x10(%rsi),%rax
0x000055555555fbf <+20>: push   %rax
0x000055555555fc0 <+21>: lea    0xc(%rsi),%r9
0x000055555555fc4 <+25>: lea    0x8(%rsi),%r8
0x000055555555fc8 <+29>: lea    0x15fc(%rip),%rsi      # 0x5555555575cb
0x000055555555fcf <+36>: mov    $0x0,%eax
0x000055555555fd4 <+41>: call   0x555555555150 <_isoc99_sscanf@plt>
0x000055555555fd9 <+46>: add    $0x10,%rsp
```

```

0x00005555555555fdd <+50>:    cmp    $0x5,%eax
0x00005555555555fe0 <+53>:    jle    0x5555555555fe7 <read_six_numbers+60>
0x00005555555555fe2 <+55>:    add    $0x8,%rsp
0x00005555555555fe6 <+59>:    ret
0x00005555555555fe7 <+60>:    call   0x5555555555eeb <explode_bomb>
End of assembler dump.

```

Dump of assembler code for function phase_6:

```

0x00005555555555847 <+0>:    push   %r14
0x00005555555555849 <+2>:    push   %r13
0x0000555555555584b <+4>:    push   %r12
0x0000555555555584d <+6>:    push   %rbp
0x0000555555555584e <+7>:    push   %rbx
0x0000555555555584f <+8>:    sub    $0x60,%rsp
0x00005555555555853 <+12>:   mov    %fs:0x28,%rax
0x0000555555555585c <+21>:   mov    %rax,0x58(%rsp)
0x00005555555555861 <+26>:   xor    %eax,%eax
0x00005555555555863 <+28>:   mov    %rsp,%r13
0x00005555555555866 <+31>:   mov    %r13,%rsi
* 0x00005555555555869 <+34>:   call   0x5555555555fab <read_six_numbers>
0x0000555555555586e <+39>:   mov    $0x1,%r14d
0x00005555555555874 <+45>:   mov    %rsp,%r12
y  0x00005555555555877 <+48>:   jmp   0x5555555555a1 <phase_6+90>
!  0x00005555555555879 <+50>:   call   0x5555555555eeb <explode_bomb>
0x0000555555555587e <+55>:   jmp   0x555555555580 <phase_6+105>
0x00005555555555880 <+57>:   add    $0x1,%rbx
0x00005555555555884 <+61>:   cmp    $0x5,%ebx
0x00005555555555887 <+64>:   jg    0x5555555555899 <phase_6+82>

0x00005555555555889 <+66>:   mov    (%r12,%rbx,4),%eax
0x0000555555555588d <+70>:   cmp    %eax,0x0(%rbp)
y  0x00005555555555890 <+73>:   jne   0x555555555580 <phase_6+57>
!  0x00005555555555892 <+75>:   call   0x5555555555eeb <explode_bomb>
0x00005555555555897 <+80>:   jmp   0x555555555580 <phase_6+57>
0x00005555555555899 <+82>:   add    $0x1,%r14
0x0000555555555589d <+86>:   add    $0x4,%r13
0x000055555555558a1 <+90>:   mov    %r13,%rbp
0x000055555555558a4 <+93>:   mov    0x0(%r13),%eax
0x000055555555558a8 <+97>:   sub    $0x1,%eax
0x000055555555558ab <+100>:  cmp    $0x5,%eax
n  0x000055555555558ae <+103>:  ja    0x5555555555879 <phase_6+50>
0x000055555555558b0 <+105>:  cmp    $0x5,%r14d
e  0x000055555555558b4 <+109>:  jg    0x5555555555bb <phase_6+116>
0x000055555555558b6 <+111>:  mov    %r14,%rbx
0x000055555555558b9 <+114>:  jmp   0x5555555555889 <phase_6+66>

0x000055555555558bb <+116>:  mov    $0x0,%esi
0x000055555555558c0 <+121>:  mov    (%rsp,%rsi,4),%ecx
0x000055555555558c3 <+124>:  mov    $0x1,%eax
0x000055555555558c8 <+129>:  lea    0x4941(%rip),%rdx      # 0x55555555a210 <node1>
0x000055555555558cf <+136>:  cmp    $0x1,%ecx

```

```

0x00005555555558d2 <+139>: jle 0x5555555558df <phase_6+152>

0x00005555555558d4 <+141>: mov 0x8(%rdx),%rdx
0x00005555555558d8 <+145>: add $0x1,%eax
0x00005555555558db <+148>: cmp %ecx,%eax
0x00005555555558dd <+150>: jne 0x5555555558d4 <phase_6+141>

0x00005555555558df <+152>: mov %rdx,0x20(%rsp,%rsi,8)
0x00005555555558e4 <+157>: add $0x1,%rsi
0x00005555555558e8 <+161>: cmp $0x6,%rsi
0x00005555555558ec <+165>: jne 0x5555555558c0 <phase_6+121>

0x00005555555558ee <+167>: mov 0x20(%rsp),%rbx
0x00005555555558f3 <+172>: mov 0x28(%rsp),%rax
0x00005555555558f8 <+177>: mov %rax,0x8(%rbx)
0x00005555555558fc <+181>: mov 0x30(%rsp),%rdx
0x0000555555555901 <+186>: mov %rdx,0x8(%rax)
0x0000555555555905 <+190>: mov 0x38(%rsp),%rax
0x000055555555590a <+195>: mov %rax,0x8(%rdx)
0x000055555555590e <+199>: mov 0x40(%rsp),%rdx
0x0000555555555913 <+204>: mov %rdx,0x8(%rax)
0x0000555555555917 <+208>: mov 0x48(%rsp),%rax
0x000055555555591c <+213>: mov %rax,0x8(%rdx)
0x0000555555555920 <+217>: movq $0x0,0x8(%rax)
0x0000555555555928 <+225>: mov $0x5,%ebp
0x000055555555592d <+230>: jmp 0x555555555938 <phase_6+241>
0x000055555555592f <+232>: mov 0x8(%rbx),%rbx
0x0000555555555933 <+236>: sub $0x1,%ebp
f 0x0000555555555936 <+239>: je 0x555555555949 <phase_6+258>

0x0000555555555938 <+241>: mov 0x8(%rbx),%rax
0x000055555555593c <+245>: mov (%rax),%eax
0x000055555555593e <+247>: cmp %eax,(%rbx)
r 0x0000555555555940 <+249>: jle 0x55555555592f <phase_6+232>
! 0x0000555555555942 <+251>: call 0x55555555eeb <explode_bomb>
0x0000555555555947 <+256>: jmp 0x55555555592f <phase_6+232>
0x0000555555555949 <+258>: mov 0x58(%rsp),%rax
0x000055555555594e <+263>: sub %fs:0x28,%rax
f 0x0000555555555957 <+272>: jne 0x555555555966 <phase_6+287>
0x0000555555555959 <+274>: add $0x60,%rsp
0x000055555555595d <+278>: pop %rbx
0x000055555555595e <+279>: pop %rbp
0x000055555555595f <+280>: pop %r12
0x0000555555555961 <+282>: pop %r13
0x0000555555555963 <+284>: pop %r14
0x0000555555555965 <+286>: ret
0x0000555555555966 <+287>: call 0x5555555550a0 <__stack_chk_fail@plt>
End of assembler dump.

```

```

struct Node {
    int data;
}

```

```
int padding;
struct Node *next;
};

extern struct Node node1, node2, node3, node4, node5, node6;

void phase_6(char *input) {
    // 读取并检验
    int nums[6];
    read_six_numbers(input, nums);
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
        if ((unsigned)(nums[i] - 1) > 5)    explode_bomb();
        for (int j = i + 1; j < 6; j++) {if (nums[i] == nums[j])    explode_bomb();}
    }

    // 计算并验证结果
    struct Node *nodes[6], cur;
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
        cur = &node1;
        for (int j = 1; j < nums[i]; j++)    cur = cur->next;
        nodes[i] = cur;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) nodes[i]->next = nodes[i + 1];
    nodes[5]->next = NULL;

    cur = nodes[0];
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        if (cur->data < cur->next->data)    explode_bomb();
        cur = cur->next;
    }
}
```

serect_phase

```
0000000000001b92 <serect_phase>:
```

阅读代码找到了 `serect_phase` 的位置，我们查找得到

```

0000000000002126 <phase_defused>:
2126: 48 83 ec 08          sub    $0x8,%rsp
212a: bf 01 00 00 00       mov    $0x1,%edi
212f: e8 ea fc ff ff       call   1e1e <send_msg>
2134: 83 3d dd 45 00 00 06 cmpl   $0x6,0x45dd(%rip)      # 6718
<num_input_strings>
213b: 74 05                je     2142 <phase_defused+0x1c>
213d: 48 83 c4 08          add    $0x8,%rsp
2141: c3                   ret
2142: 0f b6 0d 2f 48 00 00 movzb1 0x482f(%rip),%ecx      # 6978
<input_strings+0x258>
2149: 84 c9                test   %cl,%cl
214b: 74 34                je     2181 <phase_defused+0x5b>
214d: b8 01 00 00 00       mov    $0x1,%eax
2152: ba 00 00 00 00       mov    $0x0,%edx
2157: 48 8d 3d 1a 48 00 00 lea    0x481a(%rip),%rdi      # 6978
<input_strings+0x258>
215e: 80 f9 20              cmp    $0x20,%cl
2161: 0f 94 c1              sete   %cl
2164: 0f b6 c9              movzb1 %cl,%ecx
2167: 01 ca                add    %ecx,%edx
2169: 89 c6                mov    %eax,%esi
216b: 0f b6 0c 07          movzb1 (%rdi,%rax,1),%ecx
216f: 48 83 c0 01          add    $0x1,%rax
2173: 83 fa 05              cmp    $0x5,%edx
2176: 7f 04                jg    217c <phase_defused+0x56>
2178: 84 c9                test   %cl,%cl
217a: 75 e2                jne   215e <phase_defused+0x38>
217c: 83 fa 06              cmp    $0x6,%edx
217f: 74 1a                je    219b <phase_defused+0x75>
2181: 48 8d 3d 00 12 00 00 lea    0x1200(%rip),%rdi      # 3388 <array.0+0x148>
2188: e8 e3 ee ff ff       call   1070 <puts@plt>
218d: 48 8d 3d 24 12 00 00 lea    0x1224(%rip),%rdi      # 33b8 <array.0+0x178>
2194: e8 d7 ee ff ff       call   1070 <puts@plt>
2199: eb a2                jmp   213d <phase_defused+0x17>
219b: 48 63 f6              movs1q %esi,%rsi
219e: 48 8d 05 d3 47 00 00 lea    0x47d3(%rip),%rax      # 6978
<input_strings+0x258>
21a5: 48 8d 3c 06          lea    (%rsi,%rax,1),%rdi
21a9: 48 8d 35 71 14 00 00 lea    0x1471(%rip),%rsi      # 3621 <array.0+0x3e1>
21b0: e8 d1 fa ff ff       call   1c86 <strings_not_equal>
21b5: 85 c0                test   %eax,%eax
21b7: 75 c8                jne   2181 <phase_defused+0x5b>
21b9: 48 8d 3d 68 11 00 00 lea    0x1168(%rip),%rdi      # 3328 <array.0+0xe8>
21c0: e8 ab ee ff ff       call   1070 <puts@plt>
21c5: 48 8d 3d 84 11 00 00 lea    0x1184(%rip),%rdi      # 3350 <array.0+0x110>
21cc: e8 9f ee ff ff       call   1070 <puts@plt>
21d1: b8 00 00 00 00       mov    $0x0,%eax
21d6: e8 b7 f9 ff ff       call   1b92 <secret_phase>
21db: eb a4                jmp   2181 <phase_defused+0x5b>

```

反馈/收获/感悟/总结

参考的重要资料
