

200. Number of Islands

- Given an $m \times n$ 2D binary grid `grid` which represents a map of '1's (land) and '0's (water), return the number of islands.
- An island is surrounded by water and is formed by connecting adjacent lands horizontally or vertically. You may assume all four edges of the grid are all surrounded by water.

Example 1:

Input: `grid = [`

`["1","1","1","1","0"],`

`["1","1","0","1","0"],`

`["1","1","0","0","0"],`

`["0","0","0","0","0"]`

`]`

Output: 1

Example 2:

Input: grid = [

["1","1","0","0","0"],

["1","1","0","0","0"],

["0","0","1","0","0"],

["0","0","0","1","1"]

]

Output: 3

Constraints:

- $m == \text{grid.length}$
- $n == \text{grid}[i].\text{length}$
- $1 \leq m, n \leq 300$
- $\text{grid}[i][j]$ is '0' or '1'.