

523. Continuous Subarray Sum

Given an integer array `nums` and an integer `k`, return `true` if `nums` has a good subarray or `false` otherwise.

A good subarray is a subarray where:

- its length is at least two, and
- the sum of the elements of the subarray is a multiple of `k`.

Note that:

- A subarray is a contiguous part of the array.
- An integer `x` is a multiple of `k` if there exists an integer `n` such that $x = n * k$. 0 is always a multiple of `k`.

Example 1:

- **Input:** `nums = [23,2,4,6,7]`, `k = 6`
- **Output:** `true`
- **Explanation:** `[2, 4]` is a continuous subarray of size 2 whose elements sum up to 6.

Example 2:

- **Input:** `nums = [23,2,6,4,7]`, `k = 6`
- **Output:** `true`
- **Explanation:** `[23, 2, 6, 4, 7]` is an continuous subarray of size 5 whose elements sum up to 42.

42 is a multiple of 6 because $42 = 7 * 6$ and 7 is an integer.

Example 3:

- **Input:** `nums = [2,3,2,6,4,7]`, `k = 13`
- **Output:** `false`

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^9$
- $0 \leq \text{sum}(\text{nums}[i]) \leq 2^{31} - 1$
- $1 \leq k \leq 2^{31} - 1$