

329. Longest Increasing Path in a Matrix

Given an $m \times n$ integers matrix, return the length of the longest increasing path in matrix.

From each cell, you can either move in four directions: left, right, up, or down. You may not move diagonally or move outside the boundary (i.e., wrap-around is not allowed).

Example 1:

9	9	4
↑		
6	6	8
↑		
2	← 1	1

Input: matrix = [[9,9,4],[6,6,8],[2,1,1]]

Output: 4

Explanation: The longest increasing path is [1, 2, 6, 9].

Example 2:

3	→ 4	→ 5
3	2	↓ 6
2	2	1

Input: matrix = [[3,4,5],[3,2,6],[2,2,1]]

Output: 4

Explanation: The longest increasing path is [3, 4, 5, 6]. Moving diagonally is not allowed.

Example 3:

Input: matrix = [[1]]

Output: 1

Constraints:

- $m == \text{matrix.length}$
- $n == \text{matrix}[i].\text{length}$
- $1 \leq m, n \leq 200$
- $0 \leq \text{matrix}[i][j] \leq 2^{31} - 1$