Spiral Matrix II Documentation

Overview

The "Spiral Matrix II" problem is a computational challenge aimed at generating an (n times n) matrix filled with elements from 1 to (n^2) in a spiral order.

Problem Statement

Given a positive integer (n), the task is to generate an (n times n) matrix filled with elements in a spiral order. The spiral starts from the top-left corner and moves clockwise, filling the matrix with sequential integers from 1 to (n^2).

Example

Input:

n = 3

Output:

[[1, 2, 3],

[8, 9, 4],

[7, 6, 5]]

Input:

n = 1

Output:

[[1]]

Constraints

• 1 <= n <= 20

Approach

To solve this problem, a class named `Solution` is implemented, which contains a method `generateMatrix(self, n: int) -> List[List[int]]`. This method generates the desired matrix using the following steps:

- 1. Initialize an (n times n) matrix with all elements set to 0.
- 2. Define variables to represent the boundaries of the matrix (top, bottom, left, and right) and initialize them accordingly.
- 3. Start filling the matrix in a spiral order, incrementing the numbers from 1 to (n²) until the matrix is completely filled.
 - Fill the top row from left to right.
 - Fill the rightmost column from top to bottom.
 - Fill the bottom row from right to left.
 - Fill the leftmost column from bottom to top.
- 4. Repeat steps 3 until all elements in the matrix are filled.

Complexity Analysis

- <u>Time Complexity:</u> The time complexity of the solution is (O(n^2)) since each cell of the (n times n) matrix is filled exactly once.
- Space Complexity: The space complexity is (O(n^2)) as we are creating an (n times n) matrix.

Example Usage

```
sol = Solution()
print(sol.generateMatrix(3)) # Output: [[1, 2, 3], [8, 9, 4], [7, 6, 5]]
print(sol.generateMatrix(1)) # Output: [[1]]
```