

456. 132 Pattern

Given an array of n integers `nums`, a 132 pattern is a subsequence of three integers `nums[i]`, `nums[j]` and `nums[k]` such that $i < j < k$ and $nums[i] < nums[k] < nums[j]$.

Return true if there is a 132 pattern in `nums`, otherwise, return false.

Example 1:

- **Input:** `nums = [1,2,3,4]`
- **Output:** false
- **Explanation:** There is no 132 pattern in the sequence.

Example 2:

- **Input:** `nums = [3,1,4,2]`
- **Output:** true
- **Explanation:** There is a 132 pattern in the sequence: `[1, 4, 2]`.

Example 3:

- **Input:** `nums = [-1,3,2,0]`
- **Output:** true
- **Explanation:** There are three 132 patterns in the sequence: `[-1, 3, 2]`, `[-1, 3, 0]` and `[-1, 2, 0]`.

Constraints:

- $n == \text{nums.length}$
- $1 \leq n \leq 2 * 10^5$
- $-10^9 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^9$