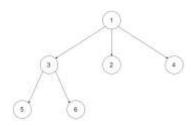
559. Maximum Depth of N-ary Tree

Given a n-ary tree, find its maximum depth.

The maximum depth is the number of nodes along the longest path from the root node down to the farthest leaf node.

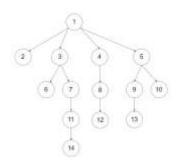
Nary-Tree input serialization is represented in their level order traversal, each group of children is separated by the null value (See examples).

Example 1:



- Input: root = [1, null, 3, 2, 4, null, 5, 6]
- Output: 3

Example 2:



- $\bullet \quad \textbf{Input: root} = \left \lceil 1, \text{null}, 2, 3, 4, 5, \text{null}, \text{null}, 6, 7, \text{null}, 8, \text{null}, 9, 10, \text{null}, \text{null}, 11, \text{null}, 12, \text{null}, 13, \text{null}, \text{null}, 14 \right \rceil$
- **Output:** *5*

Constraints:

- The total number of nodes is in the range $[0, 10^4]$.
- The depth of the n-ary tree is less than or equal to 1000.