467. Unique Substrings in Wraparound String

We define the string base to be the infinite wraparound string of "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz", so base will look like this:

• "...zabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzabcd....".

Given a string s, return the number of unique non-empty substrings of s are present in base.

Example 1:

- **Input:** s = "a"
- Output: 1
- Explanation: Only the substring "a" of s is in base.

Example 2:

- **Input:** s = "cac"
- Output: 2
- Explanation: There are two substrings ("a", "c") of s in base.

Example 3:

- **Input:** s = "zab"
- Output: 6
- Explanation: There are six substrings ("z", "a", "b", "za", "ab", and "zab") of s in base.

Constraints:

- $1 \le \text{s.length} \le 10^5$
- s consists of lowercase English letters.