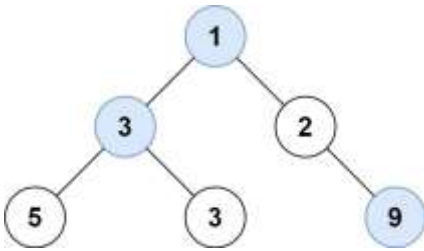


515. Find Largest Value in Each Tree Row

Given the root of a binary tree, return an array of the largest value in each row of the tree (0-indexed).

Example 1:



- **Input:** root = [1,3,2,5,3,null,9]
- **Output:** [1,3,9]

Example 2:

- **Input:** root = [1,2,3]
- **Output:** [1,3]

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree will be in the range [0, 10⁴].
- $-2^{31} \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 2^{31} - 1$