

### **330. Patching Array**

Given a sorted integer array `nums` and an integer `n`, add/patch elements to the array such that any number in the range `[1, n]` inclusive can be formed by the sum of some elements in the array.

Return the minimum number of patches required.

#### **Example 1:**

- **Input:** `nums = [1,3]`, `n = 6`
- **Output:** 1
- **Explanation:**
  - Combinations of `nums` are `[1]`, `[3]`, `[1,3]`, which form possible sums of: 1, 3, 4.
  - Now if we add/patch 2 to `nums`, the combinations are: `[1]`, `[2]`, `[3]`, `[1,3]`, `[2,3]`, `[1,2,3]`.
  - Possible sums are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, which now covers the range `[1, 6]`.
  - So we only need 1 patch.

#### **Example 2:**

- **Input:** `nums = [1,5,10]`, `n = 20`
- **Output:** 2
- **Explanation:** The two patches can be `[2, 4]`.

### **Example 3:**

- **Input:** nums = [1,2,2], n = 5
- **Output:** 0

### **Constraints:**

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^4$
- nums is sorted in ascending order.
- $1 \leq n \leq 2^{31} - 1$