

66. Plus One

You are given a large integer represented as an integer array `digits`, where each `digits[i]` is the *i*th digit of the integer. The digits are ordered from most significant to least significant in left-to-right order. The large integer does not contain any leading 0's. Increment the large integer by one and return the resulting array of digits.

Example 1:

- **Input:** `digits = [1,2,3]`
- **Output:** `[1,2,4]`
- **Explanation:** The array represents the integer 123.
 - Incrementing by one gives $123 + 1 = 124$.
 - Thus, the result should be `[1,2,4]`.

Example 2:

- **Input:** `digits = [4,3,2,1]`
- **Output:** `[4,3,2,2]`
- **Explanation:** The array represents the integer 4321.
 - Incrementing by one gives $4321 + 1 = 4322$.
 - Thus, the result should be `[4,3,2,2]`.

Example 3:

- **Input:** digits = [9]
- **Output:** [1,0]
- **Explanation:** The array represents the integer 9.
 - Incrementing by one gives $9 + 1 = 10$.
 - Thus, the result should be [1,0].

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{digits.length} \leq 100$
- $0 \leq \text{digits}[i] \leq 9$
- digits does not contain any leading 0's.