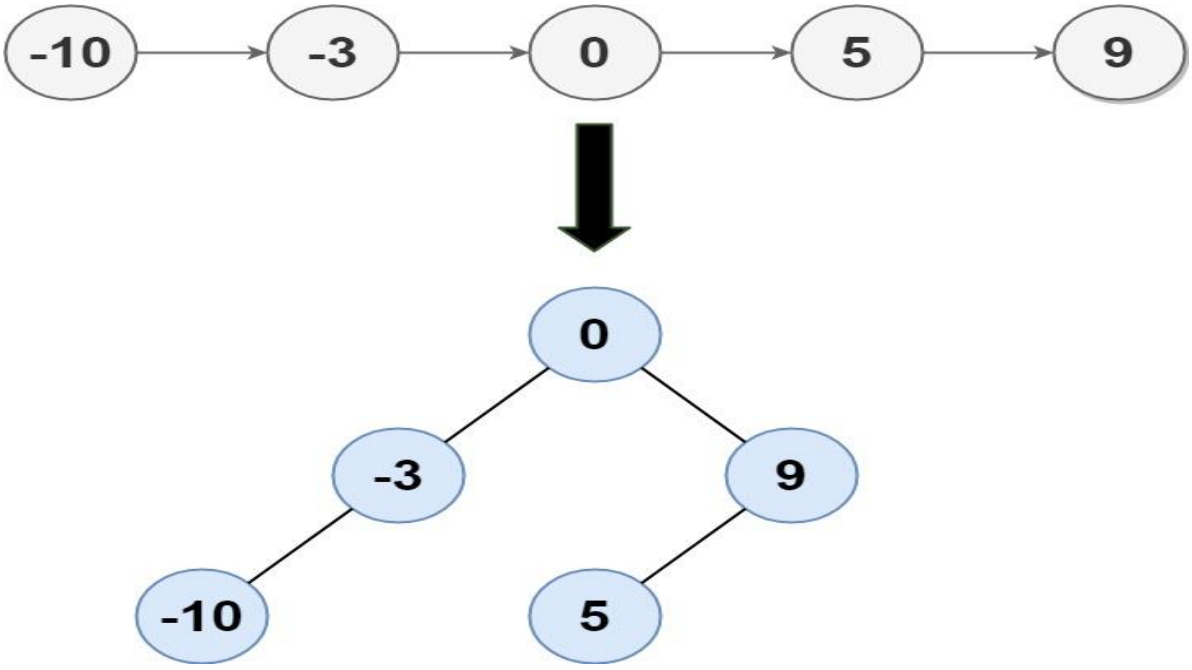
109. Convert Sorted List to Binary Search Tree

Given the head of a singly linked list where elements are sorted in ascending order, convert it to a height-balanced binary search tree.

Example 1:



Input: head = [-10,-3,0,5,9]

Output: [0,-3,9,-10,null,5]

Explanation: One possible answer is [0,-3,9,-10,null,5], which represents the shown height balanced BST.

Example 2:

Input: head = []

Output: []

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in head is in the range [0, 2 * 104].
- -105 <= Node.val <= 105