

414. Third Maximum Number

Given an integer array `nums`, return the third distinct maximum number in this array. If the third maximum does not exist, return the maximum number.

Example 1:

- **Input:** `nums = [3,2,1]`
- **Output:** 1
- **Explanation:**
 - ✚ The first distinct maximum is 3.
 - ✚ The second distinct maximum is 2.
 - ✚ The third distinct maximum is 1.

Example 2:

- **Input:** `nums = [1,2]`
- **Output:** 2
- **Explanation:**
 - ✚ The first distinct maximum is 2.
 - ✚ The second distinct maximum is 1.
 - ✚ The third distinct maximum does not exist, so the maximum (2) is returned instead.

Example 3:

- **Input:** `nums = [2,2,3,1]`
- **Output:** 1
- **Explanation:**
 - ✚ The first distinct maximum is 3.
 - ✚ The second distinct maximum is 2 (both 2's are counted together since they have the same value).
 - ✚ The third distinct maximum is 1.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^4$
- $-2^{31} \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 2^{31} - 1$

Follow up: Can you find an $O(n)$ solution?