

## 521. Longest Uncommon Subsequence I

Given two strings *a* and *b*, return the length of the longest uncommon subsequence between *a* and *b*. If no such uncommon subsequence exists, return -1.

An uncommon subsequence between two strings is a string that is a subsequence of exactly one of them.

### Example 1:

- **Input:** *a* = "aba", *b* = "cdc"
- **Output:** 3
- **Explanation:** One longest uncommon subsequence is "aba" because "aba" is a subsequence of "aba" but not "cdc".

Note that "cdc" is also a longest uncommon subsequence.

### Example 2:

- **Input:** *a* = "aaa", *b* = "bbb"
- **Output:** 3
- **Explanation:** The longest uncommon subsequences are "aaa" and "bbb".

### Example 3:

- **Input:** *a* = "aaa", *b* = "aaa"
- **Output:** -1
- **Explanation:** Every subsequence of string *a* is also a subsequence of string *b*. Similarly, every subsequence of string *b* is also a subsequence of string *a*. So the answer would be -1.

### Constraints:

- $1 \leq a.length, b.length \leq 100$
- *a* and *b* consist of lower-case English letters.