

## **137. Single Number II**

- Given an integer array `nums` where every element appears three times except for one, which appears exactly once. Find the single element and return it.
- You must implement a solution with a linear runtime complexity and use only constant extra space.

### **Example 1:**

- **Input:** `nums = [2,2,3,2]`
- **Output:** `3`

### **Example 2:**

- **Input:** `nums = [0,1,0,1,0,1,99]`
- **Output:** `99`

### **Constraints:**

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 3 \cdot 10^4$
- $-2^{31} \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 2^{31} - 1$
- Each element in `nums` appears exactly three times except for one element which appears once.