

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction

Network Traffic Analysis – Break Down

Results and Implementation

Conclusion



INTRODUCTION

Project Overview

The Network Traffic Analysis Tool is a comprehensive Python-based application designed to provide real-time network packet capture, analysis, and visualization. The system utilizes modern libraries and frameworks to create an intuitive graphical interface that allows users to monitor and analyze network traffic patterns effectively.

System Requirements

- Python 3.8 or higher
- Operating System: Windows 10/11, Linux, macOS
- Minimum 4GB RAM
- Network interface card
- Administrative privileges for packet capture

NETWORK ANALYSIS TOOL

BREAK - DOWN

1. Core Architecture

1.1 Main Components

- PrateekNetworkAnalyzer: Core class implementing the main application logic and GUI
- PacketFilter: Handles packet filtering based on various criteria
- ProtocolAnalyzer: Manages protocol-specific analysis
- AdvancedVisualizer: Provides advanced visualization capabilities

1.2 Dependencies

- Scapy: Network packet manipulation
- Pandas: Data analysis and manipulation
- Matplotlib: Data visualization
- Tkinter: GUI framework
- Seaborn: Statistical data visualization

2. Detailed Component Analysis

2.1 GUI Implementation (PrateekNetworkAnalyzer)

• Layout: Uses a two-panel design with controls/packet list on the left and visualizations on the right

Key Features:

- Real-time packet capture display
- Color-coded packet list (TCP: light blue, UDP: light green, ICMP: yellow)
- Statistical summary display
- Interactive control buttons
- Multi-threaded packet capture to maintain UI responsiveness

2.2 Packet Processing

- Captures packets using Scapy's sniffing capabilities
- Extracts key information:
 - o Timestamp
 - o Source/Destination IP
 - o Protocol
 - o Packet length
- Implements real-time updates to both GUI and internal data structures

2.3 Data Visualization

- Three main visualization types:
 - 1. Protocol Distribution (*Pie Chart*)
 - 2. Packet Length Distribution (*Histogram*)
 - 3. Traffic Flow Over Time (*Line Plot*)
- Uses FigureCanvasTkAgg for embedding Matplotlib plots in Tkinter
- Implements automatic updates and layout adjustments

3. Data Export Capabilities

- JSON export of captured packets
- Excel report generation with summary statistics
- Visualization export as PNG files
- Automated file naming with timestamps

Result & Implementation

Python Code – (Available @ GitHub)

```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

∠ Search

NETWORK TRAFFIC TOOLpy.py X
C: > Users > PRATE > OneDrive > Desktop > NETWORK TRAFFIC CAPTURE TOOL - TEACHNOOK > 🤣 NETWORK TRAFFIC TOOL.py.py > ધ PrateekNetworkAnalyzer
      import scapy.all as scapy
       from datetime import datetime
       import pandas as pd
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from tkinter import
       from tkinter import ttk
        import threading
       import json
       from pathlib import Path
       from matplotlib.backends.backend_tkagg import FigureCanvasTkAgg
       class PrateekNetworkAnalyzer:
          def __init__(self):
    self.captured_packets = []
    self.is_capturing = False
              # Create main window
self.root = Tk()
self.root.title("Prateek Network Traffic Analysis Tool")
                self.root.geometry("1200x800")
                self.setup_gui()
```

*Full Code available @ GitHub

Implementation & Result:

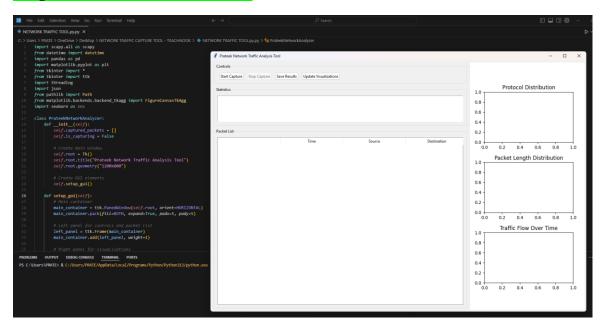


Fig. 1. Running Program & Overview of Network Traffic Tool

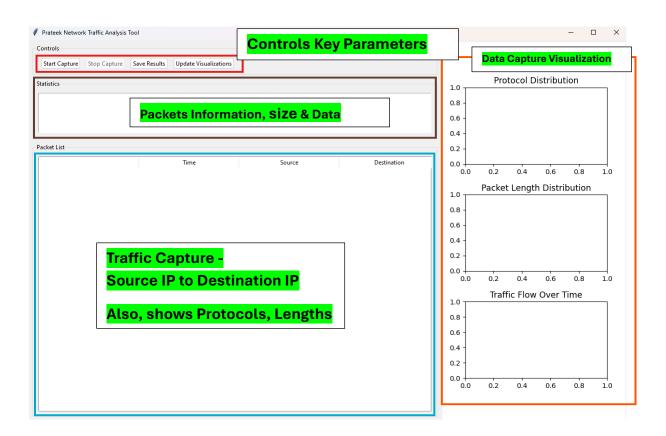


Fig. 2. Explaining every Controls and parameters

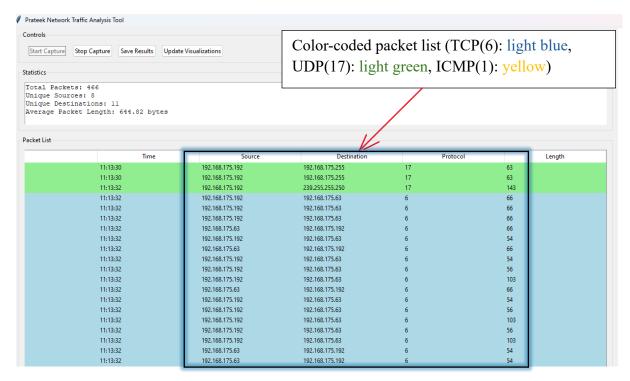


Fig. 3. Network Traffic Capturing

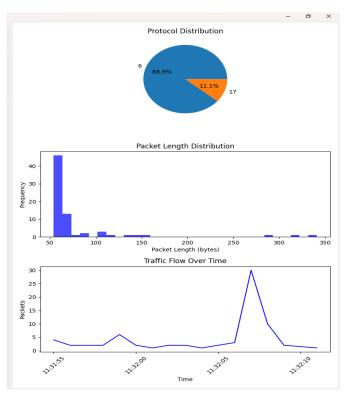


Fig .4. Data Visualization according to Traffic Capture

Save Results & Data Visualization Information

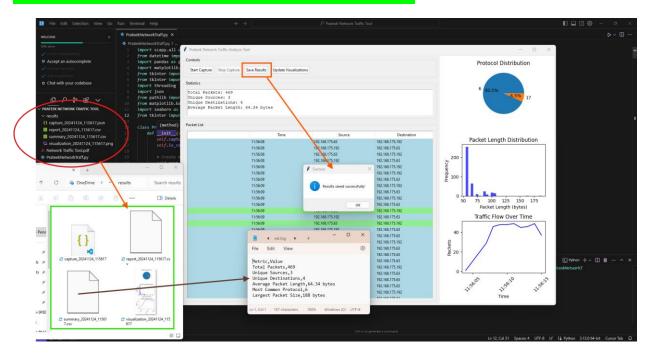


Fig.5. Data Visualization information

Conclusion

The analyzed network traffic analyzer demonstrates a robust foundation for network monitoring and analysis. Its modular design allows for easy extension and modification, while the integration of advanced features like machine learning and security analysis makes it a valuable tool for network administrators. The identified areas for improvement provide clear paths for future development while maintaining the existing strengths of the application.