

MUFFIN pipeline, an application of Metagenomics and Nextflow scripting

Renaud Van Damme

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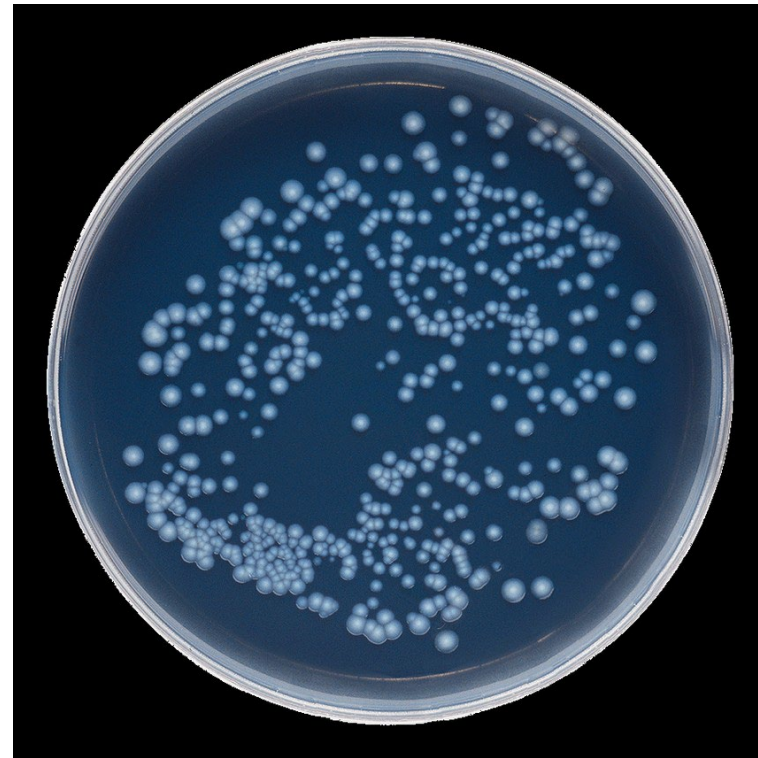
1. Metagenomics
2. Nextflow
3. HTS
4. MUFFIN

What's genomics?

typical genomics



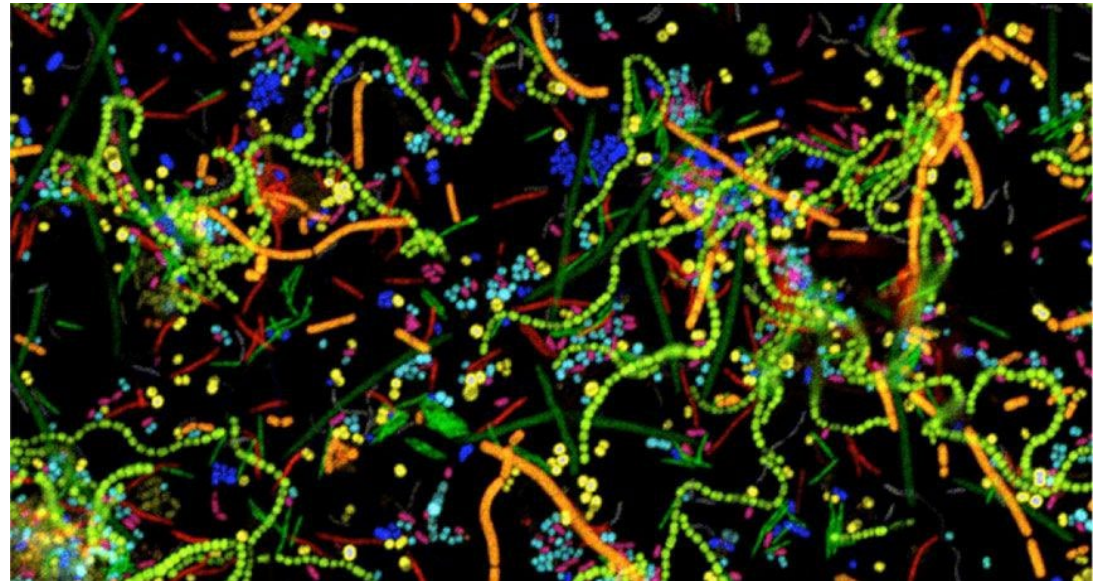
Single organism
Single genome



Meta-genomics



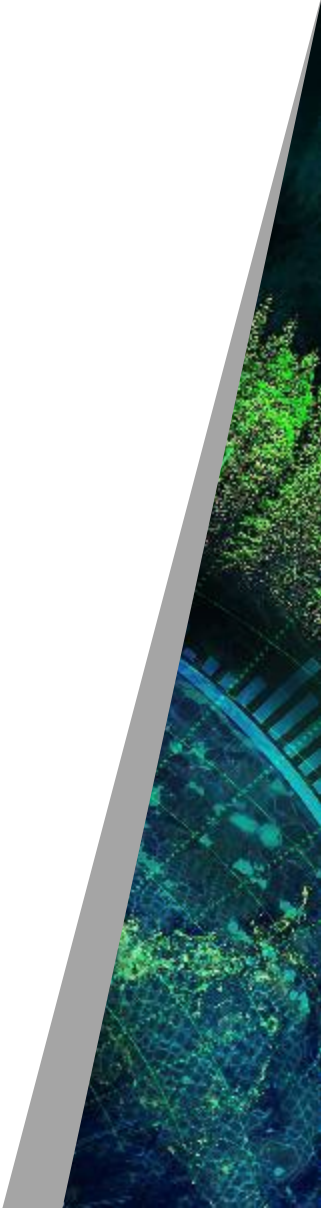
Many organisms
A Metagenome



What's a genomic workflow?

Genomic (bioinformatics) workflows

- Data analysis apps to retrieve information from datasets
- Huge parallelisation, creating numerous job over a cluster
- Mix of tools and scripts
- Complex configurations and dependencies interactions between the said tools



Genomic workflows

To reproduce a typical computational biology paper with minimal expertise it takes 280 Hours.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0080278>

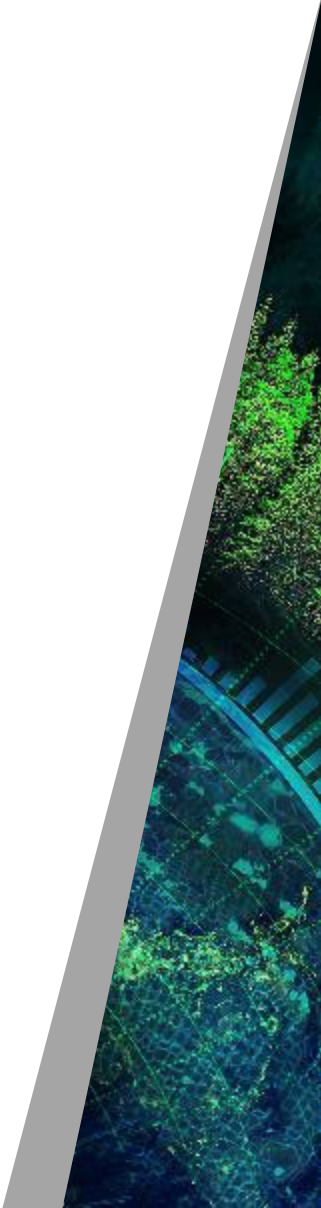
That include:

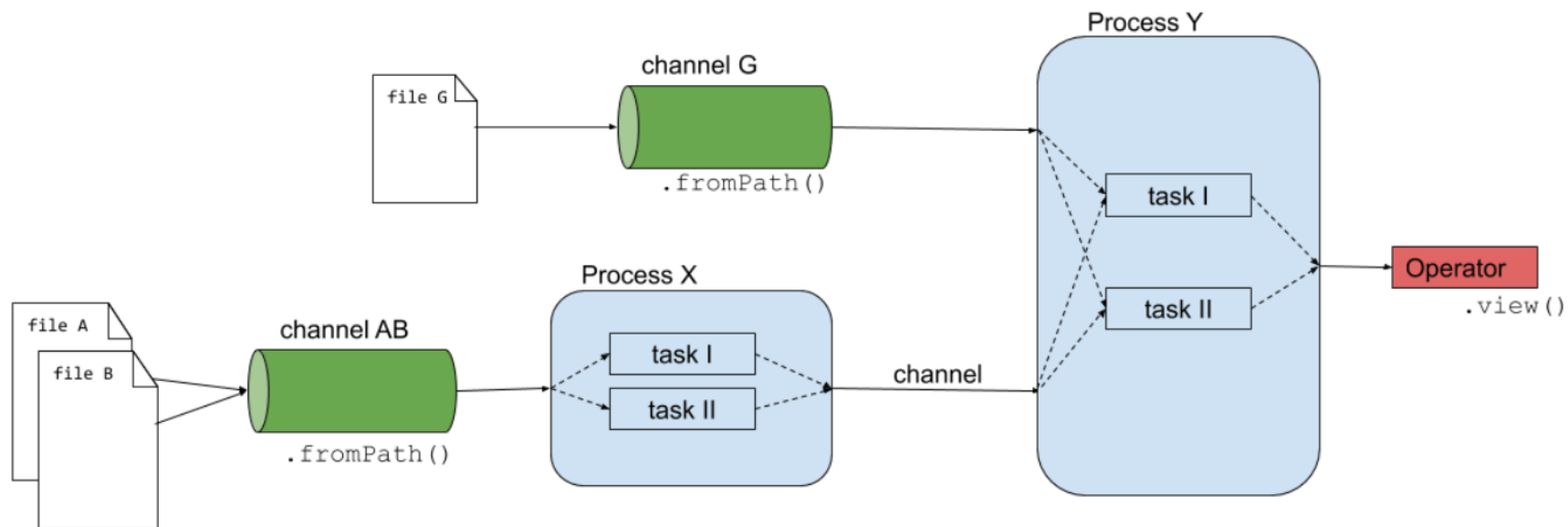
- Understanding the paper and material used
- Installation, set up
- Finding parameters
- Workflow validation
- computing



Nextflow

- A genomic (bioinformatics) workflow manager
- Portable
- Scalable
- Reproducible
- Consistent
- Easy to use





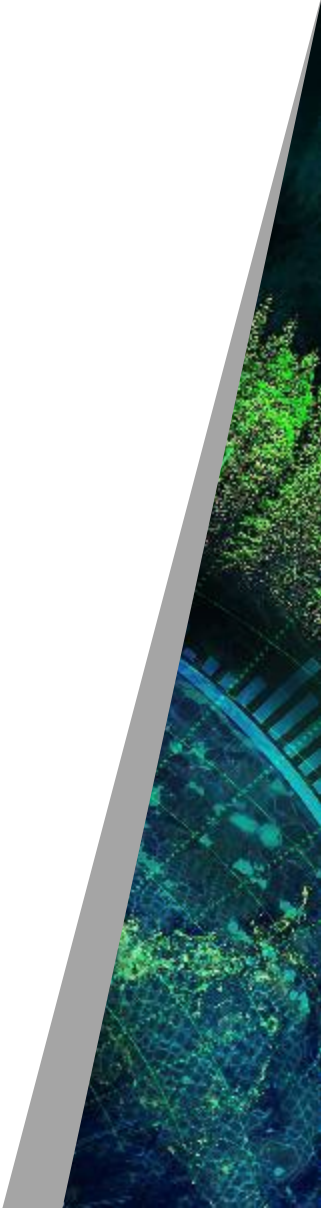
Source: <https://github.com/vibbits/nextflow-jnj/blob/master/presentation/slidedeck.pdf>

HTS/NGS ?

High Throughput Sequencing / Next Generation Sequencing?

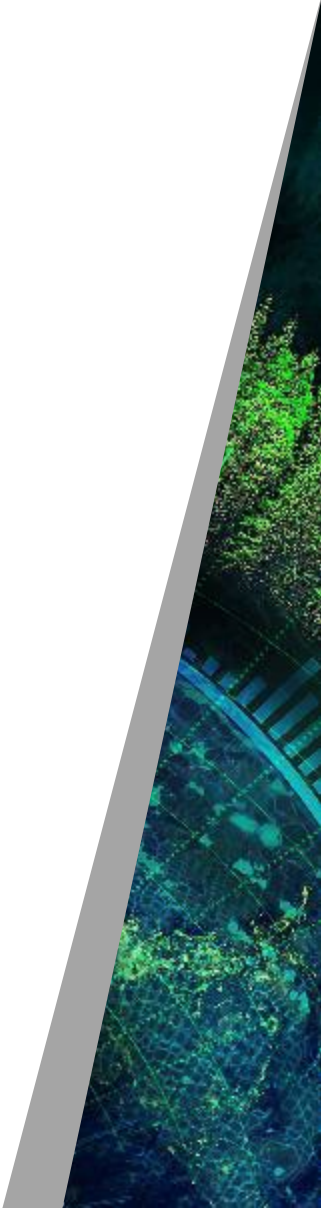
HTS short read

- Highly accurate on the base level
- Expensive cost per gigabase
- Low completeness and higher contamination risk
- Huge variety of tools and software available



HTS long read

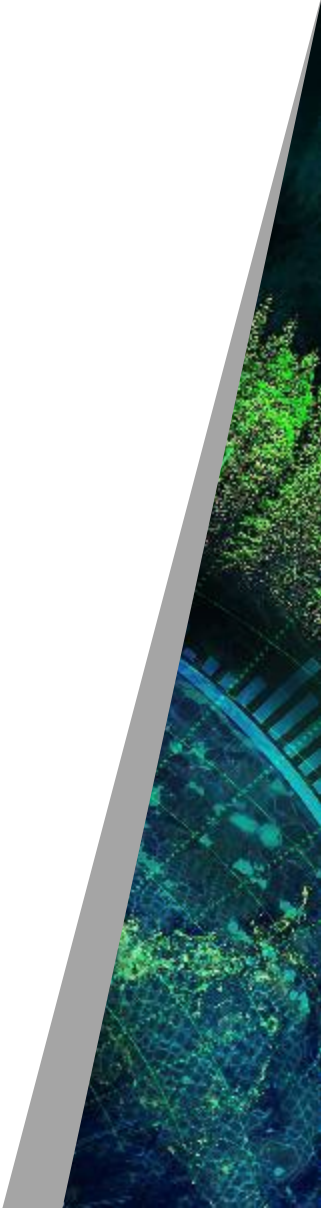
- Lower accuracy on the base level (depending the technology)
- Cheaper cost per gigabase sequenced
- High completeness and lower contamination risk
- Fewer tools and software are available



MUFFIN

Background – Hybrid assembly

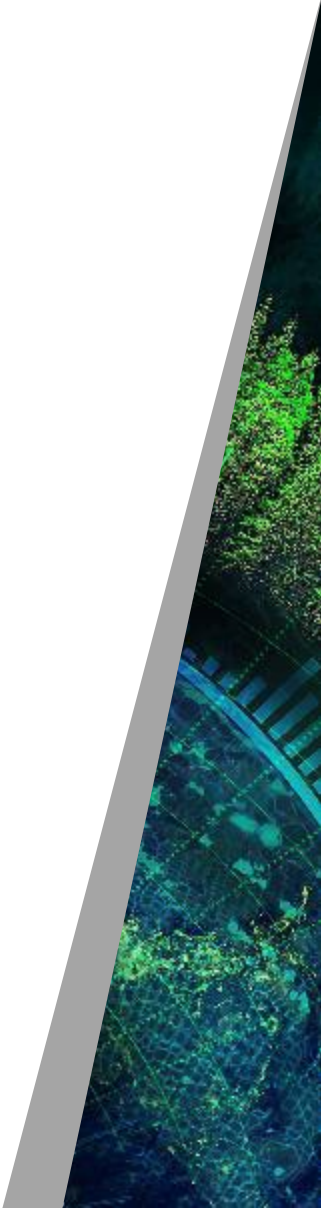
- High accuracy on base level
- High completeness and low contamination
- Require both sequencing technologies



Background - Aim

Create a metagenomics and transcriptomics pipeline

- Using Hybrid assembly
- Ergonomic, automated and reproducible
- Producing high quality metagenome-assembled genomes (MAGs)
- Outputting Valuable summary files



Methods

The pipeline Consist of 3 steps:

- ❖ Assemble

 - Quality control, (hybrid) assembly, binning, optional re-assembly

- ❖ Classify

 - Assess the bins quality and do a Taxonomic classification

- ❖ Annotate

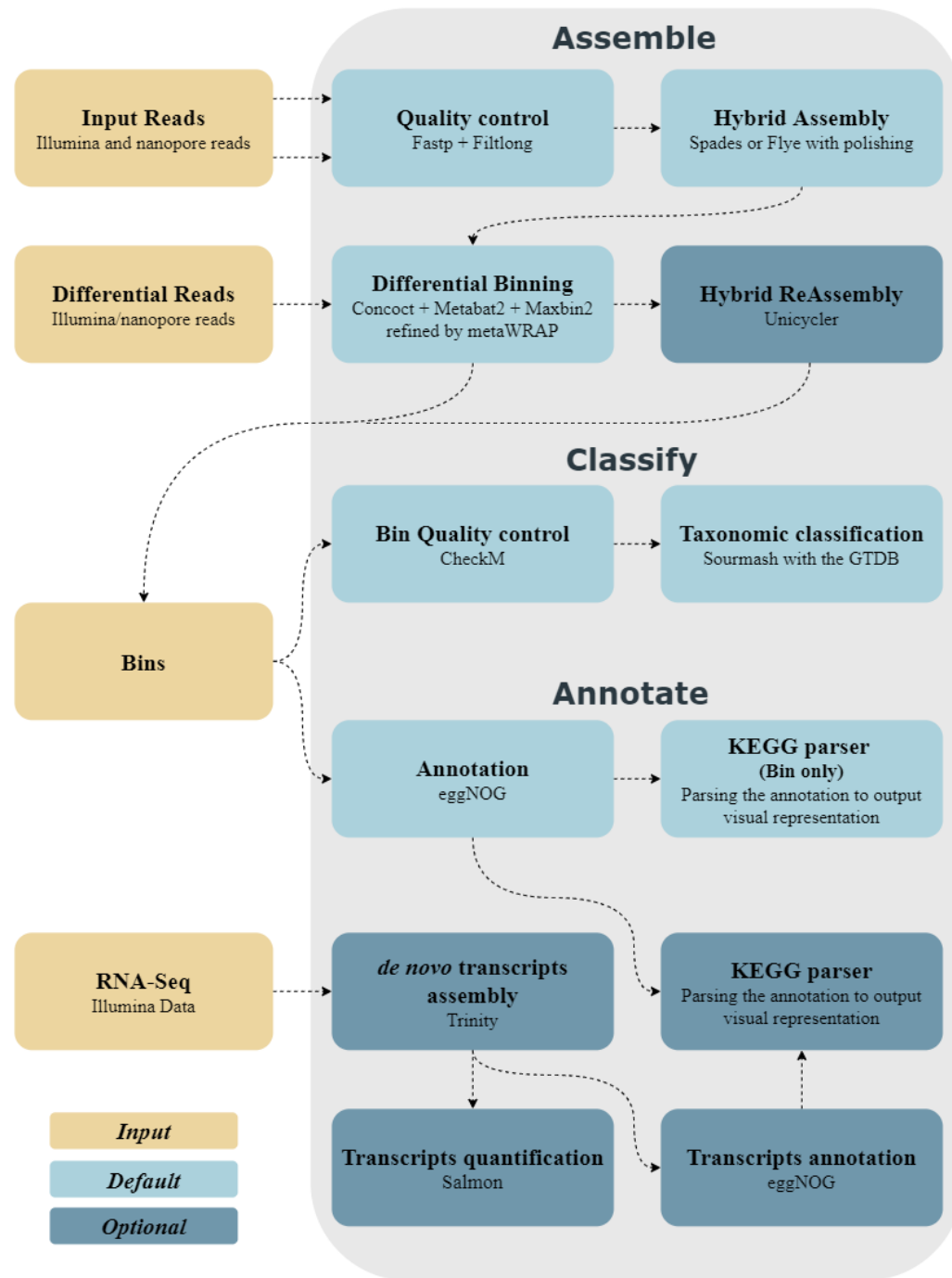
 - Annotate the bins and if provided RNAseq data, do *de novo* transcriptoms assembly, quantification and annotation



Bioinformatics analysis

MUFFIN pipeline

GitHub: [RVanDamme/MUFFIN](https://github.com/RVanDamme/MUFFIN)



Methods - Assemble

- Reads quality control

Fastp and Filtlong

- Hybrid assembly / long read assembly

Spades or Flye + racon + medaka + pilon

- Multiple Binning + bin refinement

Metabat2, Concoct, Maxbin2 + metaWRAP refinement step

- Optional Re-assembly

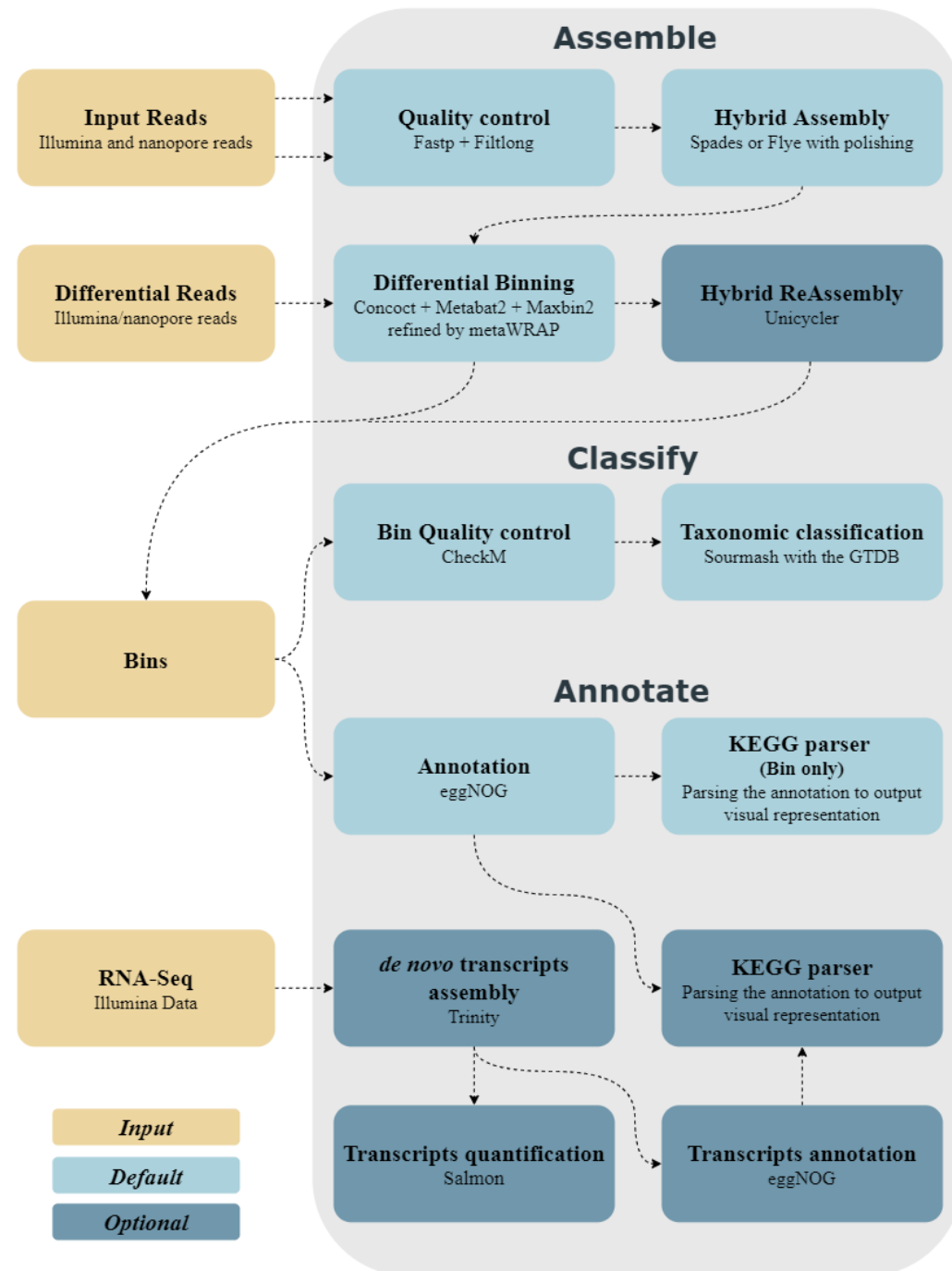
Unicycler



Bioinformatics analysis

MUFFIN pipeline

GitHub: [RVanDamme/MUFFIN](https://github.com/RVanDamme/MUFFIN)



Methods - classify

- Bins quality control

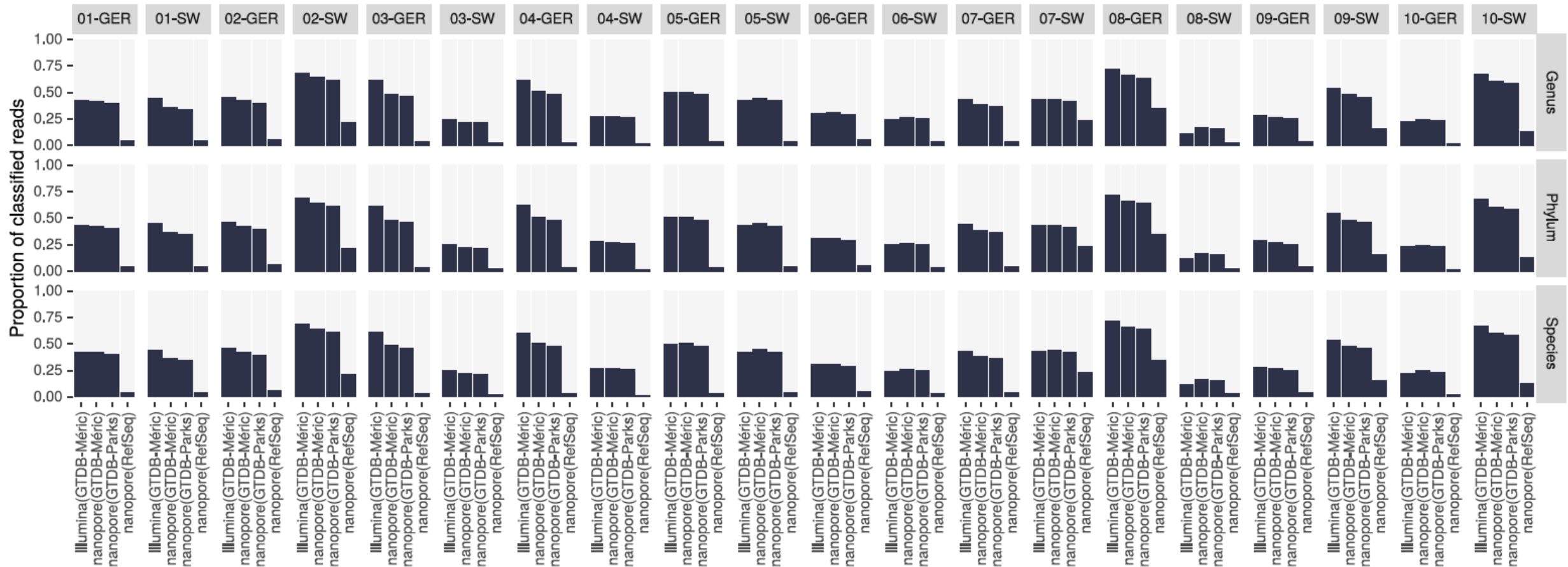
CheckM

- Taxonomic Classification

Sourmash with GTDB (Genome Taxonomy Database)



Workflow - Classify



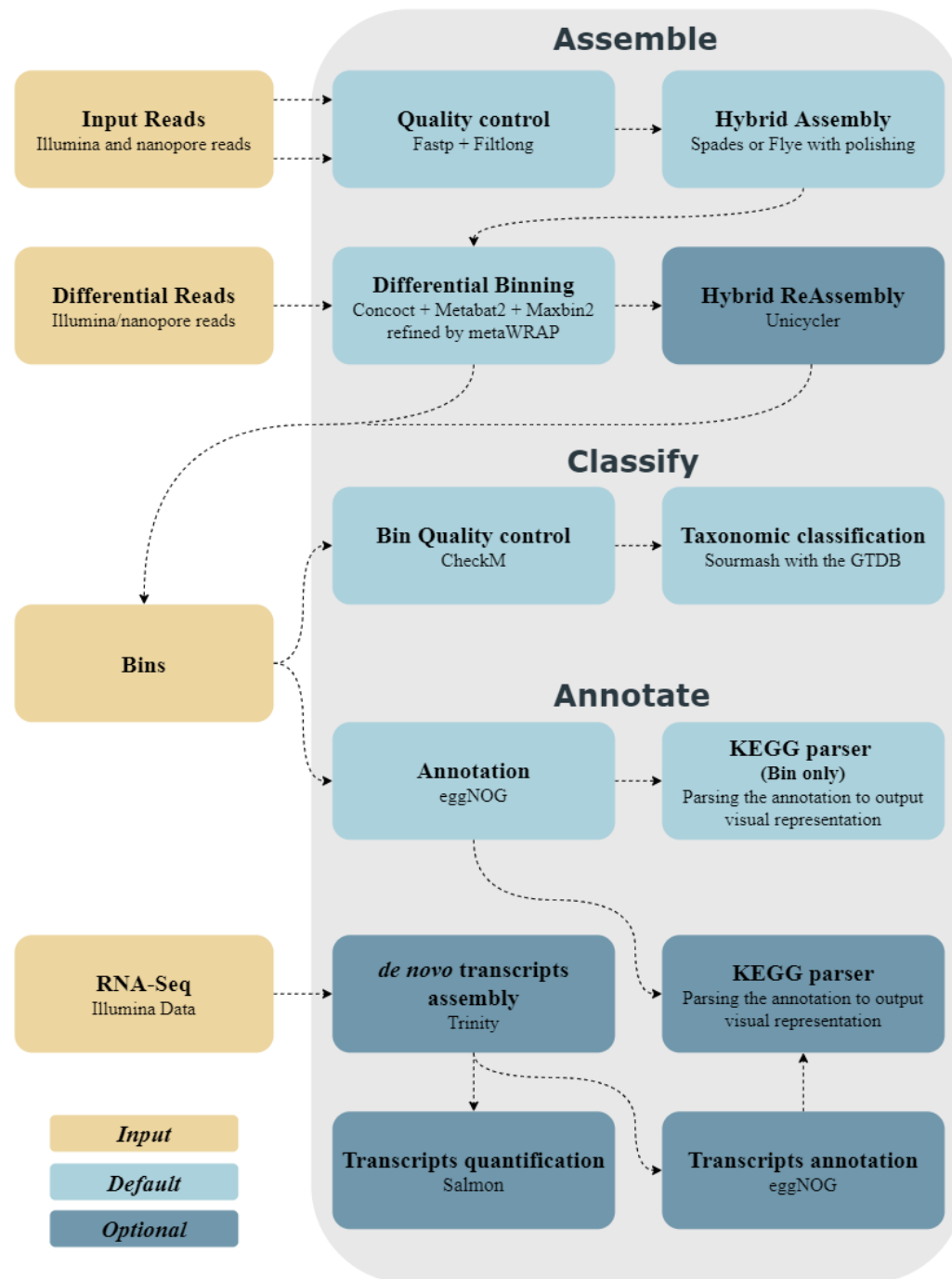
Source, Brandt et al., 2019, *Abundance tracking by long-read nanopore sequencing of complex microbial communities in samples from 20 different biogas/wastewater plants.*

DOI: [10.21203/rs.2.17734/v1](https://doi.org/10.21203/rs.2.17734/v1)

Bioinformatics analysis

MUFFIN pipeline

GitHub: [RVanDamme/MUFFIN](https://github.com/RVanDamme/MUFFIN)



Methods - annotate

- Annotation

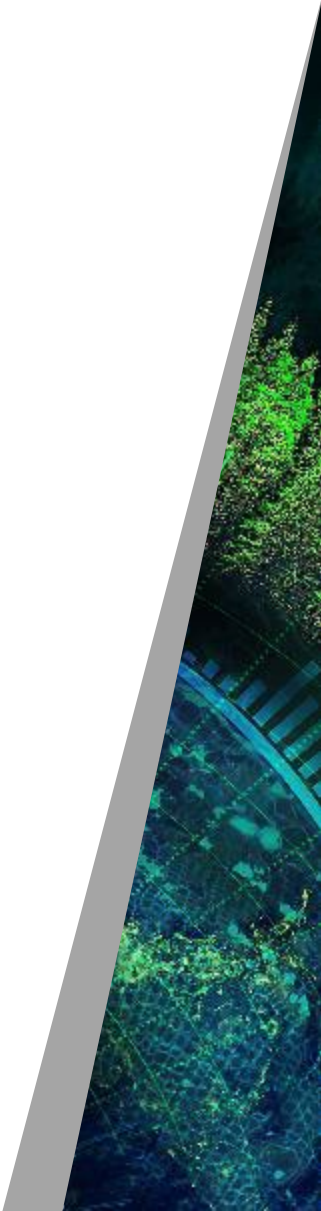
eggNOG

- *De novo* transcripts assembly and quantification

Trinity and Salmon

- Summarizing the annotation

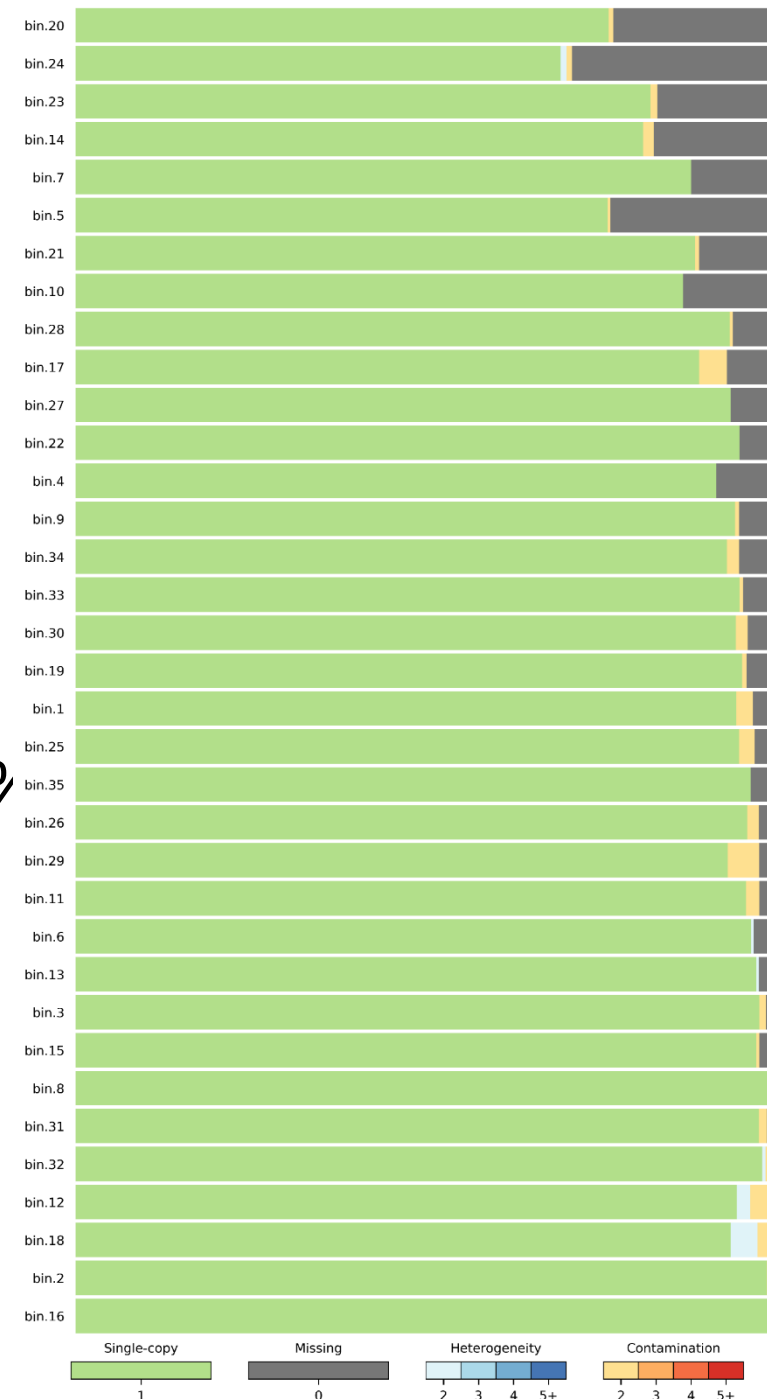
PANKEGG



Results

Binning

- 35 Bins
- 71.16% to 99.60% completeness
- 0% to 6,78% contamination
- Mean 90,99% completeness and 1,38% contamination
- Before the refinement
 - Maxbin2 had 51 bins
 - Metabat2 had 60 bins
 - Concoct had 138 bins



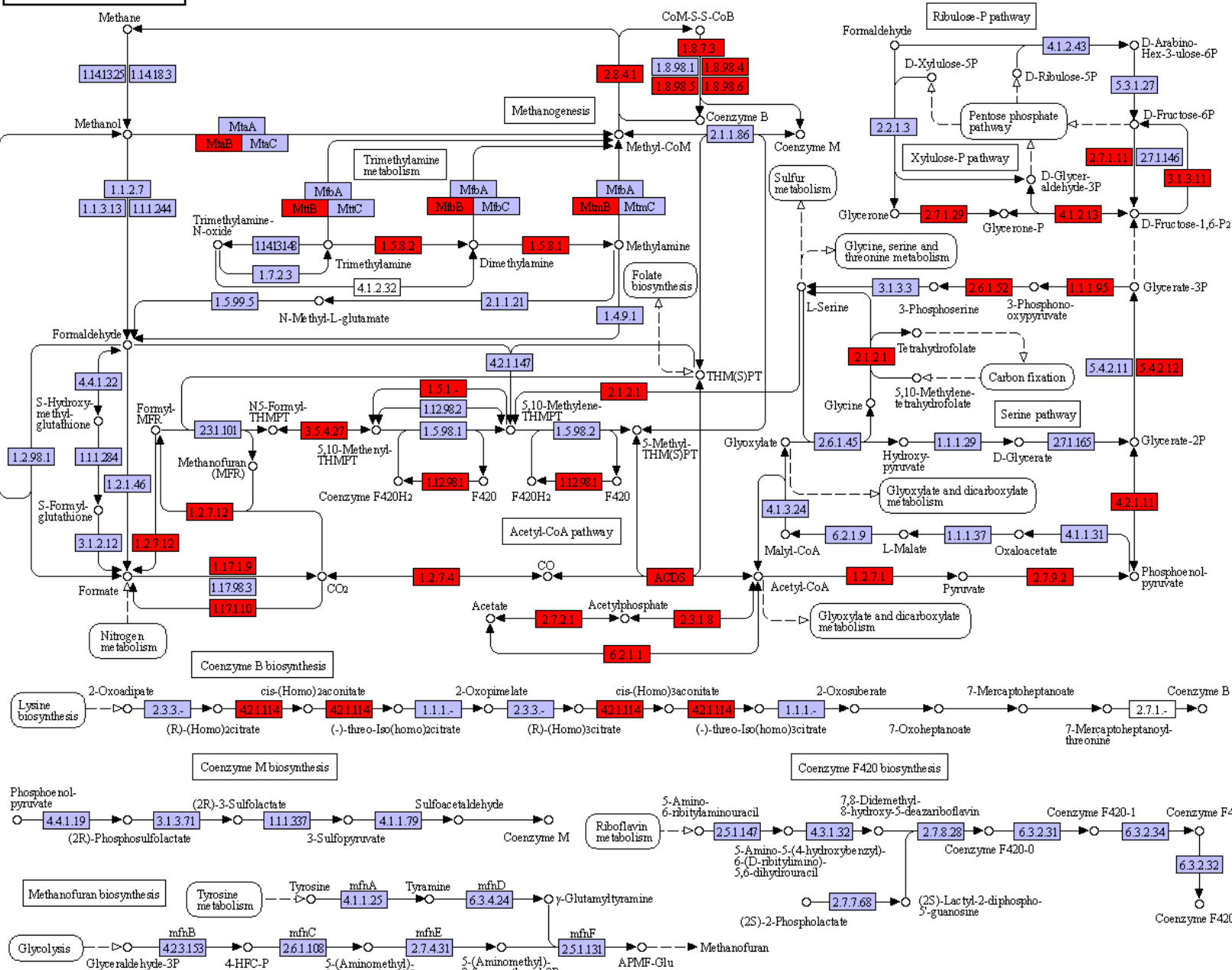
Results

Classification

Bin ID	Checkm Marker lineage	Sourmash Status	Sourmash phylum	Sourmash Class
bin.01	c__Clostridia	found	p__Firmicutes_B	c__Syntrophomonadia
bin.02	k__Bacteria	found	p__Firmicutes	c__Bacilli
bin.03	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__UBA4882
bin.04	k__Bacteria	found	p__Thermotogota	c__Thermotogae
bin.05	o__Clostridiales	found	p__Firmicutes_A	c__Clostridia
bin.06	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_B	c__Syntrophomonadia
bin.07	c__Clostridia	found	p__Firmicutes_A	c__Clostridia
bin.08	o__Clostridiales	nomatch		
bin.09	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__SHA-98
bin.10	p__Euryarchaeota	found	p__Halobacterota	c__Methanomicrobia
bin.11	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__Limnochordia
bin.12	k__Bacteria	found	p__Thermotogota	c__Thermotogae
bin.13	k__Bacteria	disagree	p__Bacteroidota	c__Bacteroidia
bin.14	o__Clostridiales	found	p__Firmicutes_A	c__Clostridia
bin.15	p__Firmicutes	found	p__DTU030	c__DTU030
bin.16	p__Euryarchaeota	found	p__Thermoplasmatota	c__Thermoplasmata
bin.17	p__Firmicutes	nomatch		
bin.18	k__Bacteria	found	p__Caldatribacteriota	c__Caldatribacteriia

Bin ID	Checkm Marker lineage	Sourmash Status	Sourmash phylum	Sourmash Class
bin.19	p__Bacteroidetes	found	p__Bacteroidota	c__Bacteroidia
bin.20	k__Bacteria	nomatch		
bin.21	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__Limnochordia
bin.22	p__Firmicutes	nomatch		
bin.23	k__Bacteria	found	p__Caldatribacteriota	c__Caldatribacteriia
bin.24	k__Bacteria	found	p__Firmicutes	c__Bacilli
bin.25	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__SHA-98
bin.26	p__Firmicutes	disagree	p__Firmicutes_G	
bin.27	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_E	c__DTU015
bin.28	p__Firmicutes	nomatch		
bin.29	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_A	c__Thermovenabulia
bin.30	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__Limnochordia
bin.31	p__Firmicutes	nomatch		
bin.32	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_F	c__Halanaerobiia
bin.33	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_D	c__Dethiobacteria
bin.34	p__Firmicutes	found	p__Firmicutes_G	c__DTU065
bin.35	k__Bacteria	nomatch		





Results

Annotation -
Methane
Metabolism
Bins Data



Thanks for your
attention

Book: “The story of cattle in Africa:Why diversity matters”

Tadelle Dessie and Okeyo Mwai, Livestock Genetics Research Program, ILRI

SCIENCE AND
EDUCATION
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SUSTAINABLE
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