**Unit 1**

**Chapter1 Reading1**

**institution**[ˌɪnstɪˈtju:ʃn]学术

n. long-established custom, practice or group

由来已久的风俗、习惯

Example

Marriage is a sacred **institution**.

婚姻制度是神圣的。

**union**[ˈju:niən]四级

n. (act or instance of) uniting or being united

结合，联合，合并

Example

They support the **union** between our two parties.

他们赞成我们两党的联合。

**arranged marriage**四级

a type of marital union where the bride and groom are selected by their families

包办婚姻

Example

Jeya feels that her ambitious nature made her unsuitable for an **arranged marriage.**

耶娅觉得她不安分的个性不适合包办婚姻。

**variation**[ˌveriˈeɪʃn]学术

n. a change, especially in the amount or level of sth.

（数量、水平等的）变化，变更，变异

Example

The regulation allows of no **variation**.

这规矩变不得。

**median age**六级

the age exactly in the middle of a range of ages

年龄中位数

Example

The researchers surveyed a group of women between ages 40 and 100, with a **median age** of 67.

研究人员调查了年龄在40岁至100岁之间的一组女性，她们的年龄中位数为67岁。

**trend**[trend]四级

n. a general direction in which a situation is changing or developing

趋势，倾向，动态

Example

There is a growing **trend** towards earlier retirement.

提早退休者有增加的趋势。

**indicate**[ˈɪndɪkeɪt]四级

v. to show that sth. is true or exists

表明，显示

Example

Research **indicates** that eating habits are changing fast.

研究显示，饮食习惯正迅速改变。

**majority**[məˈdʒɔ:rəti]四级

n. the largest part of a group of people or things

大部分，大多数

Example

The **majority** was/were in favour of banning smoking.

大多数人支持禁烟。

**postpone**[pəˈspəʊn]四级

v. to arrange for an event, etc. to take place at a later time or date

延迟，延期

Example

The game has already been **postponed** three times.

这场比赛已经三度延期了。

**sociological**[ˌsəʊsɪəˈlɒdʒɪkl]四级

adj. of or relating to or determined by sociology

与社会学相关的

Example

Psychological and **sociological** studies were emphasizing the importance of the family.

心理学和社会学研究都在强调家庭的重要性。

**decline**[dɪˈklaɪn]六级

v. to become smaller, fewer, weaker, etc.

减少，下降；衰弱，衰退

Example

Her health was **declining** rapidly.

她的健康状况迅速恶化。

**ashamed**[əˈʃeɪmd]四级

adj. feeling shame or embarrassment about sb./sth. or because of sth. you have done

惭愧，羞愧，尴尬

Example

She was deeply **ashamed** of her behaviour at the party.

她对自己在聚会上的行为深感羞愧。

**economic security**六级

the condition of having stable income or other resources to support a standard of living now and in the foreseeable future

经济保障

Example

Traditional ways of life provided **economic security** and spiritual fulfilment.

传统的生活方式提供了经济保障，满足了精神需求。

**spouse**[spaʊs]六级

n. a husband or wife

配偶

Example

What is the best way to keep your **spouse** happy in the marriage?

婚姻中让配偶幸福的最好方法是什么？

**significantly**[sɪgˈnɪfɪkəntli]六级

adv. in a way that is large or important enough to have an effect on sth. or to be noticed

显著地，明显地；有重大意义地

Example

The two sets of figures are not **significantly** different.

这两组数字没有明显差别。

**still**[stɪl]四级

adv. used for making a comparison stronger

（用于加强比较级）还要，更

Example

The next day was warmer **still**.

第二天更暖和了。

**considerable**[kənˈsɪdərəbl]四级

adj. (formal) great in amount, size, importance, etc.

相当多（或大、重要等）的

Example

The project wasted a **considerable** amount of time and money.

那项工程耗费了相当多的时间和资金。

**eventually**[ɪˈventʃuəli]四级

adv. at the end of a period of time or a series of events

最后，终于

Example

Our flight **eventually** left five hours late.

我们的班机最终晚了五个小时起飞。

**relatively**[ˈrelətɪvli]四级

adv. to a fairly large degree, especially in comparison to sth. else

相当程度上；相对地

Example

I found the test **relatively** easy.

我觉得这次测试比较容易。

**widespread**[ˈwaɪdspred]四级

adj. existing or happening over a large area or among many people

分布广的；普遍的，广泛的

Example

The plan received **widespread** support throughout the country.

这项计划得到了全国的普遍支持。

**expert**[ˈekspɜ:t]学术

n. a person with special knowledge, skill or training

专家，行家，能手

Example

She is an **expert** in child psychology.

她是儿童心理学方面的专家。

**primary**[ˈpraɪməri]四级

adj. main; most important; basic

主要的；最重要的；基本的

Example

Our **primary** concern must be the children.

我们首先要关心的必须是儿童。

**customize**[ˈkʌstəmaɪz]六级

v. to make or change sth. to suit the needs of the owner

订制，订做，改制（以满足顾主的需要）

Example

You can **customize** the software in several ways.

你可用几种方法按需编制这个软件。

**community**[kəˈmju:nəti]学术

n. all the people who live in a particular area, country, etc. when talked about as a group

社区；社会

Example

The local **community** was shocked by the murders.

当地社会对这些谋杀案感到震惊。

**immigrate**[ˈɪmɪgreɪt]学术

v. to come and live permanently in a country after leaving your own country

（从外地）移居，移民

Example

He decided to **immigrate** to Australia to find work.

他决定移居到澳大利亚找个工作。

**minority**[maɪˈnɒrəti]四级

n. a small group within a community or country that is different because of race, religion, language, etc.

少数派，少数民族，少数群体

Example

A final settlement must respect **minority** rights.

最终的解决方案必须尊重少数群体的权利。

**adapt**[əˈdæpt]四级

v. to change sth. in order to make it suitable for a new use or situation

使适应，使适合（新用途、新情况）

Example

These styles can be **adapted** to suit individual tastes.

这些式样可以修改，以适应个性化的偏好。

**Chapter1 Reading2**

**image**[ˈɪmɪdʒ]学术

n. a mental picture that you have of what sb./sth. is like or looks like

（心目中的）形象，印象

Example

I had a mental **image** of what she would look like.

我想象出她的大致模样。

**suburb**[ˈsʌbɜ:b]四级

n. an area where people live that is outside the centre of a city

郊区；城外

Example

They live in the **suburbs**.

他们住在郊外。

**household**[ˈhaʊshəʊld]四级

n. all the people living together in a house

一家人；家庭

Example

Most **households** now own at least one car.

现在大多数家庭至少有一辆汽车。

**income**[ˈɪnkʌm]学术

n.the money that a person, a region, a country, etc. earns from work, investment, business, etc.

收入，收益

Example

Tourism is a major source of **income** for the area.

旅游业是这个地区的主要收入来源。

**stress**[stres]四级

n. pressure or worry caused by the problems in life

紧张；精神压力，心理负担

Example

Things can easily go wrong when people are under **stress**.

人在压力之下，办事情就容易出差错。

**challenge**[ˈtʃæləndʒ]学术

n. a new or difficult task that tests sb.’s ability and skill

挑战；艰巨任务

Example

Destruction of the environment is one of the most serious **challenges** we face.

环境的破坏是我们所面临的最严峻的挑战之一。

**consequence**[ˈkɒnsɪkwəns]四级

n. a result of sth. that has happened

结果，后果

Example

This decision could have serious **consequences** for the industry.

这项决定可能对该行业造成严重的后果。

**affect**[əˈfekt]学术

v. to produce a change in sb./sth.

影响

Example

Your opinion will not **affect** my decision.

你的意见不会影响我的决定。

**blended family**六级

a family that consists of two people and their children from their own relationship and from previous ones

混合家庭（成员包括夫妇、其子女以及先前与他人所生的子女）

Example

**Blended families** or stepfamilies are more common than ever.

继亲家庭或重组家庭变得比以往更常见。

**custody**[ˈkʌstədi]六级

n. the legal right to keep and look after a child, especially the right given to a child’s mother or father when they get divorced

（尤指父母离异后孩子的）监护权

Example

Child **custody** is normally granted to the mother.

孩子的监护权通常判给母亲。

**guardianship**[ˈgɑ:diənʃɪp]六级

n. (law) the state or position of being responsible for sb./sth.

（法律）监护；监护地位；监护人的身份

Example

You want Marion to set aside her legal **guardianship** and give you Honoria?

你要马丽恩放弃她的法定监护人资格，把霍诺丽娅交给你？

**biological child**四级

a child you caused to be born, rather than a child you adopt

亲生子女

Example

In many ways, parenting an adopted child is not at all different from parenting a **biological child**.

管教领养子女的方式同管教亲生子女并没有太大区别。

**resent**[rɪˈzent]六级

v. to feel bitter or angry about sth., especially because you feel it is unfair

愤恨；气愤

Example

She **resents** her mother for being so tough on her.

她怨恨母亲对她太严厉。

**conflict**[ˈkɒnflɪkt]学术

n.a situation in which people, groups or countries are involved in a serious disagreement or argument

冲突；争执

Example

She found herself in **conflict** with her parents over her future career.

她发现自己在将来择业的问题上与父母存在分歧。

**argument**[ˈɑ:gjumənt]四级

n. a conversation or discussion in which two or more people disagree, often angrily

争论；争吵

Example

She got into an **argument** with the teacher.

她和老师争论了起来。

**shift**[ʃɪft]四级

n. a change in position or direction

改变，转换

Example

There has been a **shift** from smokestack industries into high-tech ones.

产业结构已由烟囱工业转向了高科技产业。

**boomerang**[ˈbu:məræŋ]六级

n. a curved flat piece of wood that you throw and that can fly in a circle and come back to you

回力镖，飞去来器

Example

**Boomerang** children are a growing social problem in some US communities.

啃老族现象在美国有些地方逐渐成为了社会问题。

**Chapter1 Reading3**

**socialization**[ˌsəʊʃəlaɪˈzeɪʃn]学术

n.the process of learning what to expect and how to behave in the society in which an individual lives

社会化

Example

Female **socialization** emphasizes getting along with others.

女性的社会化强调与他人相处。

**appropriately**[əˈprəʊprɪətlɪ]学术

adv. in an appropriate manner

适当地

Example

The government has been accused of not responding **appropriately** to the needs of the homeless.

政府未采取恰当的措施回应无家可归者的需要，为此已受到谴责。

**task**[tɑ:sk]学术

n. a piece of work that sb. has to do, especially a hard or unpleasant one

（尤指艰巨或令人厌烦的）任务，工作

Example

Our first **task** is to set up a communications system.

我们的首项任务是架设通信系统。

**agent**[ˈeɪdʒənt]四级

n.a person whose job is to act for, or manage the affairs of, other people in business, politics, etc.

（商业、政治等的）代理人，经纪人

Example

Our **agent** in New York deals with all US sales.

我们在纽约的代理商经办在整个美国的销售。

**sanction**[ˈsæŋkʃn]六级

n. a course of action that can be used, if necessary, to make people obey a law or behave in a particular way

制裁；约束；处罚

Example

The ultimate **sanction** will be the closure of the restaurant.

最严厉的处罚将是关闭这家餐馆。

**model**[ˈmɒdl]四级

v. take sb./sth. as an example for one’s action, plans, etc.

以…为榜样；仿效

Example

The process of teaching by example is called **modeling** and it affects behavior far more than telling your children what to do.

通过以身作则的方式教育孩子称为“言传身教”，这种管教方式远比直接告诉孩子该如何做效果来得更好。

**negative**[ˈnegətɪv]学术

adj. considering only the bad side of sth./sb.; lacking enthusiasm or hope

消极的，负面的；缺乏热情的

Example

Scientists have a fairly **negative** attitude to the theory.

科学家对这个理论的态度是相当消极的。

**positive**[ˈpɒzətɪv]学术

adj. directed at dealing with sth. or producing a successful result

积极的，建设性的；朝着成功的

Example

It will require **positive** action by all in the industry.

这将需要业内全体同人和衷共济。

**disobedient**[ˌdɪsəˈbi:diənt]六级

adj. failing or refusing to obey

不服从的；违抗的

Example

Her tone was that of a parent to a **disobedient** child.

她的语气就像是一个家长在训自己不听话的孩子。

**assume**[əˈsju:m]学术

v. to think or accept that sth. is true but without having proof of it

假定；认为

Example

It is reasonable to **assume** that the economy will continue to improve.

认为经济将继续好转是有道理的。

**reveal**[rɪˈvi:l]四级

v. to make sth. known to sb.

揭示；显示；透露

Example

The report **reveals** that the company made a loss of £20 million last year.

报告显示，公司去年亏损2000万英镑。

**chore**[tʃɔ:(r)]四级

n. a task that you do regularly

日常事务；例行工作

Example

My husband and I both go out to work so we share the household **chores**.

我和丈夫都出去工作，所以我们家务活分摊。

**trait**[treɪt]六级

n. a particular quality in your personality

（个性方面的）特征，特点

Example

Creativity is a human **trait**.

创造力是人类的一种特性。

**circumstance**[ˈsɜ:kəmstəns]学术

n. (usu pl.) the conditions and facts that are connected with and affect a situation, an event or an action （常复数）条件，环境，状况

Example

I know I can trust her in any **circumstance**.

我知道我在任何情况下都能信任她。

**Chapter 2 Reading 1**

**influence**[ˈɪnfluəns]四级

n.the power to affect the way sb. or sth. develops, behaves, or thinks, without using direct force or orders

影响（力），作用

Example

As a scientist, his **influence** was immense.

身为一名科学家，他的影响力极大。

**sociologist**[ˌsəʊsiˈɒlədʒɪst]四级

n. a social scientist who studies the institutions and development of human society

社会学家

Example

Professor Nee is the first and a leading **sociologist** to study market transition and institutional transformation.

倪教授是第一位研究市场转型和制度变革的社会学家，也是该领域的领袖人物。

**abnormal**[æbˈnɔ:rml]学术

adj. being very different from usual in a way that seems strange, worrying, wrong, or dangerous

不正常的；变态的

Example

My parents thought it was **abnormal** for a boy to be interested in ballet.

我父母认为一个男孩子对芭蕾舞感兴趣并不正常。

**norm**[nɔ:rm]学术

n. the usual or normal situation, way of doing sth., etc.

常态；标准；准则；规范

Example

Joyce’s style of writing was a striking departure from the literary **norm**.

乔伊斯的写作风格与传统的文学规范大相径庭。

**professional**[prəˈfeʃənl]学术

adj. showing that someone has been well trained and is good at their work

专业的，内行的

Example

This business plan looks very **professional.**

该商业计划看上去很专业。

**violate**[ˈvaɪəleɪt]四级

v. to disobey or do sth. against an official agreement, law, principle, etc.

违背，违反

Example

34 protesters were arrested for **violating** criminal law.

34名抗议者因违反刑法而被逮捕。

**penalty**[ˈpenəlti]四级

n. a punishment for breaking a law, rule, or legal agreement

（因违反法律、规则或合约而受到的）惩罚，处罚

Example

The fees and **penalty** charges ballooned.

花费和罚款费用一路激增。

**aware**[əˈweə(r)]学术

adj. having knowledge or realization of sb./sth.

意识到的，明白的，知道的

Example

Mr. Braley has been made **aware** of the need for absolute secrecy.

布雷利先生被告知需要绝对保密。

**courtesy**[ˈkɜ:təsi]六级

n. polite behaviour and respect for other people

有礼的举止，礼貌

Example

It’s a matter of common **courtesy** to acknowledge letters.

确认收到来信是起码的礼貌。

**violation**[ˌvaɪəˈleɪʃn]学术

n. an action that breaks a law, agreement, principle, etc.

（对法律、协议、原则等的）违背，违反

Example

Troops crossed the border in **violation** of the agreement.

部队违反协议，越过了边界。

**severe**[sɪˈvɪə(r)]四级

adj. (problems, injuries, illnesses, etc.) very bad or serious

（问题、伤势、疾病等）很严重的

Example

His injuries were quite **severe**.

他的伤势很严重。

**enforce**[ɪnˈfɔ:s]学术

v. to make people obey a rule or law

执行，实施（法律）

Example

Parking restrictions will be strictly **enforced**.

停车限制将会严格执行。

**crime**[kraɪm]四级

n. illegal activities in general

（泛指）犯罪活动

Example

We moved here because there was very little **crime**.

我们搬到这里来是因为这里的犯罪率很低。

**underlying**[ˌʌndəˈlaɪɪŋ]六级

adj. in the nature of sth. though not readily apparent

潜在的；根本的

Example

There is an **underlying** assumption that younger workers are easier to train.

有一种潜在的假设，认为年轻一些的雇员容易培训。

**humility**[hju:ˈmɪləti]六级

n. the quality of not being too proud about yourself

谦逊，谦恭

Example

Her first defeat was an early lesson in **humility**.

她的第一次失败使她很早便懂得了谦逊。

**persist**[pəˈsɪst]学术

v. to continue to exist

持续；存留

Example

Fog will **persist** throughout the night.

雾将整夜不散。

**fertility**[fəˈtɪləti]四级

n. the ability of a person, animal, or plant to produce babies, young animals, or seeds

多产，生育能力，繁殖力

Example

Eggs symbolize **fertility** in some culture.

某些文化中，蛋是多产的象征。

**Chapter 2 Reading 2**

**peer**[pɪə(r)]四级

n. the people who are the same age, or who have the same type of job, social class, etc.

同龄人；社会地位相同的人

Example

American children did less well in math than their **peers** in Japan.

美国儿童的数学成绩不如日本的同龄儿童。

**adolescence**[ˌædəˈlesns]六级

n.the time, usually between the ages of 12 and 18, when a young person is developing into an adult

青春期

Example

No one wants to go through **adolescence** again.

没人想再一次经历青春期。

**involve**[ɪnˈvɒlv]学术

v. cause sb./sth. to take part in (an activity or a situation)

使…参与（某活动）或陷入（某情况）

Example

We want to **involve** the workforce at all stages of the decision-making process.

我们希望让职员全程参与决策。

**be involved with**学术

to connect closely

涉及，与…有关联

Example

I don’t want my son to **be involved with** criminals.

我不想让我的儿子同犯罪分子来往。

**authority**[ɔ:ˈθɒrəti]学术

n. power to give orders and make others obey

权力；权威

Example

Only the president has the **authority** to declare war.

只有总统才有权宣战。

**ignore**[ɪgˈnɔ:(r)]学术

v. to deliberately pay no attention to sth. that you have been told or that you know about

（故意对知道的事）置之不理

Example

You can’t **ignore** the fact that many criminals never go to prison.

你不能无视很多罪犯从未获刑的事实。

**rebel**[rɪˈbel]四级

v. to oppose or fight against someone in a position of control

反叛

Example

The people have **rebelled** against their foreign rulers.

人民反抗他们的外国统治者。

**rebellious**[rɪˈbeljəs]四级

adj. disobedient and hard to control

反抗的，难控制的，反叛的

Example

The **rebellious** troops attempted to subvert the present government.

叛军曾企图推翻现政府。

**individualism**[ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəlɪzəm]四级

n.the belief that the rights and freedom of individual people are the most important rights in a society

个人主义（视个人权利和自由至上的信仰）

Example

Capitalism encourages competition and **individualism.**

资本主义鼓励竞争，提倡个人主义。

**distinct**[dɪˈstɪŋkt]学术

adj. clearly different or separate

明显的，独特的

Example

The party split into two **distinct** groups.

该党分裂成两个截然不同的团体。

**celebrity**[səˈlebrəti]六级

n. a famous living person

名人，明星

Example

He’s a national **celebrity**.

他是全国有名的人物。

**recreation**[ˌrekriˈeɪʃn]四级

n. an activity that you do for pleasure or amusement

娱乐，消遣

Example

His only **recreations** are drinking beer and watching football.

他唯一的消遣就是喝啤酒、看球赛。

**incline**[ɪnˈklaɪn]四级

v. to influence someone towards a particular action or opinion

使倾向于（某种行动或观点）

Example

The accident **inclined** him to reconsider his career.

这次意外使他重新考虑他的职业。

**be inclined to**四级

to have a tendency to do

倾向于…

Example

The car **is inclined to** stall when it’s cold outside.

这辆汽车天冷时爱熄火。

**financial**[faɪˈnænʃl]四级

adj. relating to money or the management of money

财政的，金融的，财务的

Example

Organic farmers should be encouraged with **financial** incentives.

应对实行有机栽培的农民给予经济上的鼓励。

**approval**[əˈpru:vl]四级

n. feeling or showing or saying that one thinks sth. is good or acceptable or satisfactory

赞成；认可；满意；同意

Example

The president has already given his **approval** to the plan.

总统已经批准了这个计划。

**conformity**[kənˈfɔ:məti]学术

n. behaving in the same way as most other people

遵从，一致

Example

We must act in **conformity** with local regulations.

我们必须按当地的法规行事。

**exclude**[ɪkˈsklu:d]四级

v. to deliberately not include sth.

（故意）不包括；把…排除在外

Example

The judges decided to **exclude** evidence which had been unfairly attained.

法官裁决不接纳以不正当手段获取的证据。

**clique**[klik]六级

n. a small group of people who think they are special and do not want other people to join them

派系；小圈子；小集团（含贬义）

Example

All of the **cliques** were formed by high school students.

这些都是由中学生组成的小圈子。

**bullying**[ˈbuliŋ]四级

n. the act of intimidating a weaker person to make them do sth.

欺凌，恃强凌弱的行为

Example

She measured "**bullying** incidents" by distributing surveys to both the students and the teachers and found the answers to be remarkably consistent.

她就“欺负事件”的发生次数向老师和同学进行了调查，发现两者的答案高度一致。

**tease**[tiz]六级

v. to laugh at someone and make jokes in order to have fun by embarrassing them, either in a friendly way or in an unkind way

戏弄，逗弄；拿…开玩笑

Example

Don’t get upset. I was only **teasing**.

别生气，我只是在逗你玩。

**harassment**[ˈhærəsmənt]六级

n. the act of tormenting by continued persistent attacks and criticism

骚扰

Example

African-Americans have been complaining about police **harassment** for years.

美国黑人多年来一直抱怨受到警察的骚扰。

**abuse**[əˈbju:s]四级

n. cruel or violent treatment of someone

虐待

Example

Many children suffer racial **abuse** at school.

许多孩子在学校遭受种族虐待。

**Chapter 2 Reading 3**

**be involved in**四级

to engage as a participant

包括到…中，被卷入…中

Example

Try to focus on the processes and people that will **be involved in** bringing your vision to reality.

尽量聚焦于将您的远景变为现实所涉及到的流程和人员。

**collective**[kəˈlektɪv]四级

adj. shared or made by every member of a group or society

集体的，共同的，共有的

Example

This is our **collective** responsibility for the environment.

这是我们对环境的共同责任。

**spontaneous**[spɒnˈteɪniəs]四级

adj. said or done without having been planned or written in advance

自发的；一时冲动的

Example

The crowd gave a **spontaneous** cheer.

人群自发地欢呼起来。

**institutional**[ˌɪnstɪˈtju:ʃənl]四级

adj. existing for a long time in an organization

已形成制度的；惯例的

Example

There are accusations of **institutional** racism in the police force.

对警察队伍中形成风气的种族主义有谴责的声音。

**occur**[əˈkɜ:(r)]四级

v. to happen

发生

Example

A third of accidental deaths **occur** in the home.

有三分之一的意外死亡发生在家里。

**religious**[rɪˈlɪdʒəs]四级

adj. relating to religion in general or to a particular religion

宗教的

Example

I don’t share her **religious** beliefs.

我的宗教信仰和她的不同。

**categorize**[ˈkætəɡəraɪz]四级

v. to put people or things into groups according to the type of person or thing they are

对…进行分类

Example

The population is **categorized** according to age, gender, and social group.

人口根据年龄、性别和社会群体进行了分类。

**protest**[prəˈtest]四级

v. express strong disagreement or disapproval about sth.

抗议，反对

Example

Demonstrators **protested** outside the country’s embassies all over Europe.

该国驻欧洲各国的大使馆外都有群众进行抗议。

**tragedy**[ˈtrædʒədi]四级

n. a very sad event that shocks people

悲剧性事件，惨剧

Example

The **tragedy** happened as they were returning home from a night out.

悲剧发生在他们夜里外出归来的路上。

**hostile**[ˈhɒstaɪl]四级

adj. angry and deliberately unfriendly towards someone, and ready to argue with them

怀有敌意的，敌对的，不友善的

Example

Southampton fans gave their former coach a **hostile** reception.

南安普敦队的球迷对前任教练很不友善。

**violent**[ˈvaɪələnt]四级

adj.involving actions that are intended to injure or kill people, by hitting them, shooting them, etc.

暴力的；强暴的

Example

31 people have been injured in **violent** incidents throughout the day.

今天一天有31人在暴力事件中受伤。

**panic**[ˈpænɪk]四级

n. a sudden strong feeling of fear or nervousness that makes you unable to think clearly or behave sensibly

惶恐，惊恐，惊慌

Example

She got into a **panic** when she couldn’t find the tickets.

她找不到票，慌了起来。

**irrational**[ɪˈræʃənl]四级

adj. not based on clear thought or reason

非理性的，不合理的，荒谬的

Example

He’s becoming increasingly **irrational**.

他变得越来越不可理喻了。

**pilgrim**[ˈpɪlgrɪm]六级

n. a religious person who travels a long way to a holy place

朝圣者，香客

Example

Thousands of **pilgrims** visit the holy shrine every year.

每年有成千上万的朝圣者来祭拜圣庙。

**stampede**[stæmˈpi:d]六级

n. sudden wild rush or mass movement of people

（指人）突然的大规模移动

Example

There was a **stampede** towards the stage when the singer appeared.

歌手出现时，观众向台前涌去。

**contagion**[kənˈteɪdʒən]六级

n. a situation in which a disease is spread by people touching each other

（疾病的）接触传染

Example

There is some danger of **contagion**.

有接触传染的危险。

**primitive**[ˈprɪmətɪv]四级

adj. belonging to a simple way of life that existed in the past and does not have modern industries and machines

原始的，远古的

Example

A group of people were attacked by a **primitive** nomadic tribe.

一伙人受了到一个原始游牧部落的攻击。

**emerge**[iˈmɜ:dʒ]四级

v. to appear or come out from somewhere

出现，浮现

Example

Eventually the truth **emerged.**

真相终于大白。

**civilize**[ˈsɪvəlaɪz]四级

v. to influence someone’s behaviour, making or teaching them to act in a more sensible or gentle way

教化，使有教养

Example

The missionaries went out to **civilize** other places.

传教士们去异乡教化当地人民。

**perspective**[pəˈspektɪv]四级

n. a way of thinking about sth., especially one that is influenced by the type of person you are or by your experiences

（思考问题的）角度，观点，想法

Example

His father’s death gave him a whole new **perspective** on life.

父亲的死使他对生活有了全新的看法。

**emergent**[iˈmɜ:dʒənt]四级

adj. coming into existence

新出现的；处于萌芽阶段的

Example

Bioengineering is an **emergent** branch of learning.

生物工程是一门新兴的学问。

**destructive**[dɪˈstrʌktɪv]四级

adj. causing damage to people or things

毁灭性的，造成破坏的

Example

What is good for the individual can be **destructive** to the family.

个人的好处对于家庭来说有可能是破坏性的。

**oppose**[əˈpəʊz]四级

v.to disagree with sth. such as a plan or idea and try to prevent it from happening or succeeding

反对；阻碍

Example

Congress is continuing to **oppose** the President’s health care budget.

国会继续反对总统的医疗保健预算。

**collapse**[kəˈlæps]四级

v. fall down or in suddenly

突然倒塌，坍塌

Example

Uncle Ted’s chair **collapsed** under his weight.

椅子承受不了泰德叔叔的重量，塌架了。

**riot**[ˈraɪət]四级

v. behave in a violent and uncontrolled way, especially when people are protesting about sth.

暴乱，暴动

Example

Last year 600 inmates **rioted**, starting fires and building barricades.

去年，600名犯人闹事，他们纵火并设置路障。

**Unit2**

**Chapter3Reading1**

**tend to**四级

to be likely to do sth. or to happen in a particular way because this is what often or usually happens

往往会；常常就

Example

Women **tend to** live longer than men.

女人往往比男人长寿。

**handle**[ˈhændl] 四级

v.to deal with a situation, a person, an area of work or a strong emotion

处理，应付（局势、人、工作或感情）

Example:

She’s very good at **handling**her patients.

她对待病人很有办法。

**cuddle** [ˈkʌdl]四级

v.to hold sb./sth. close in your arms to show love or affection

拥抱；搂抱

Example:

The little boy **cuddled** the teddy bear close.

小男孩紧紧地搂着玩具熊。

**bounce** [baʊns]四级

v.to move a child up and down while he or she is sitting on your knee in order to entertain him or her

把小孩放在膝上颠着玩

Example:

Patsy had picked up the baby and was **bouncing** him on her knee.

帕齐抱起婴儿放在膝上颠动着。

**socialize** [ˈsəʊʃəlaɪz]六级

v.(formal) to teach people to behave in ways that are acceptable to their society

使社会化

Example:

The family has the important function of **socializing** children.

家庭有教孩子适应社会的重要作用。

**transfer** [trænsˈfɜ:(r)]学术

v.to move from one place to another; to move sb./sth. from one place to another

（使）转移，搬迁

Example:

I couldn’t **transfer** all my credits from junior college.

我无法把我在专科学校的所有学分都转过来。

**fit** [fɪt]四级

v.If something fits something else or fits into it, it goes together well with that thing or is able to be part of it.

与相配；相协调；符合

Example:

Fostering is a full-time job and you should carefully consider how it will **fit** into your career.

抚养孩子是全天候的事，你应该仔细考虑如何将它与事业协调起来。

**furthermore** [ˌfɜ:ðəˈmɔ:(r)]学术

adv.(formal) in addition to what has just been stated, used especially to add a point to an argument

此外；而且；再者

Example:

**Furthermore**, they claim that any such interference is completely ineffective.

此外，他们还声称任何这样的干预都是完全无效的。

**imitate**[ˈɪmɪteɪt]四级

v.to copy sb./sth.

模仿；仿效

Example:

Teachers provide a model for children to**imitate.**

教师是孩子仿效的典范。

**rely on** 四级

to need or depend on sb./sth.

依赖；依靠

Example:

As babies, we **rely** entirely **on** others for food.

在婴儿时期，我们完全依赖别人喂食。

**intelligence** [ɪnˈtelɪdʒəns]四级

n.the ability to learn, understand and think in a logical way about things; the ability to do this well

智力；才智；智慧

Example:

He didn’t even have the**intelligence** to call for an ambulance.

他连呼叫救护车的头脑都没有。

**feminine** [ˈfemənɪn]六级

adj.having the qualities or appearance considered to be typical of women; connected with women

（指气质或外貌）女性特有的，女性的，妇女的

Example:

He had delicate, almost **feminine**, features.

他面目清秀，跟女性差不多。

**macho** [ˈmætʃəʊ]四级

adj.(usually disapproving) male in an aggressive way

大男子气的；男子汉的

Example:

He’s too **macho** to ever admit he was wrong.

他太大男子主义了，从不认错。

**masculine**[ˈmæskjəlɪn六级

adj.having the qualities or appearance considered to be typical of men; connected with or like men

男子汉的；男人的；像男人的

Example:

He was handsome and strong, and very **masculine**.

他英俊强壮，富有男子汉气概

**rough** [rʌf]四级

adj.not gentle or careful; violent

粗暴的；粗野的；猛烈的

Example:

They complained of **rough** handling by the guards.

他们投诉警卫对他们动粗了。

**physical** [ˈfɪzɪkl]四级

adj.connected with a person’s body rather than their mind

身体的；肉体的；躯体的

Example:

He tends to avoid all **physical** contact.

他倾向于避免一切身体接触。

**engage** [ɪnˈgeɪdʒ]四级

v.If you engage in an activity, you do it or are actively involved with it.

参与；从事

Example:

I have no time to **engage** in gossip.

我无暇闲聊。

**dominant** [ˈdɒmɪnənt]六级

adj.more important, powerful or noticeable than other things

首要的；占支配地位的；占优势的；显著的

Example:

The **dominant** feature of the room was the large fireplace.

这间屋子要数那个大壁炉最显眼了。

**intense** [ɪnˈtens]学术

adj.very great; very strong

很大的；十分强烈的

Example:

The President is under **intense** pressure to resign.

总统承受着沉重的辞职压力。

**focus** [ˈfəʊkəs]学术

v.to give attention, effort, etc. to one particular subject, situation or person rather than another

集中（注意力、精力等）于

Example:

The discussion **focused** on three main problems.

讨论集中在三个主要问题上。

**expectation** [ekspekˈteɪʃn]四级

n.a belief that sth. will happen because it is likely

预料；预期；期待

Example:

Against all **expectations**, she was enjoying herself.

完全没想到她过得非常快活。

**forbid**[fəˈbɪd] 四级

v.to order sb. not to do sth.; to order that sth. must not be done

禁止；不准

Example:

Her father **forbade** the marriage.

她的父亲不允许这桩婚事。

**resist** [rɪˈzɪst]四级

v.to refuse to accept sth. and try to stop it from happening

抵制；阻挡

Example:

They are determined to **resist** the call for reform.

他们决心拒绝实施改革的号召。

**traditional** [trəˈdɪʃənl]学术

adj.(sometimes disapproving) following older methods and ideas rather than modern or different ones

传统的；因袭的；守旧的

Example:

We’re still a**traditional** school in a lot of ways.

我们在很多方面仍是一所旧式学校。

**bring up**四级

to care for a child, teaching him or her how to behave, etc.

抚养；养育；教养

Example:

He was **brought up** by his aunt.

他是由姨妈带大的。

**neutral** [ˈnju:trəl]学术

adj.not supporting or helping either side in a disagreement, competition, etc.

中立的；持平的；无倾向性的

Example:

Journalists are supposed to be politically **neutral**.

新闻工作者在政治上应持中立态度。

**Chapter3 Reading2**

**mechanical**[məˈkænɪkl]四级

adj. relatingtomachinesandenginesandthewaytheywork

机械方面的；机械原理的

Example:

Thecompanyundertakes**mechanical**workonalltypesofcars.

该公司承接各类汽车的修理工作。

**consistently**[kən'sɪstəntlɪ]学术

adv. (approving)alwaysbehavinginthesameway,orhavingthesameopinions,standards,etc.一致的；始终如一的

Example:

Herworkhasbeenofa**consistently**highstandard.

她的工作一直是高水准的。

**remain**[rɪˈmeɪn]四级

v. tocontinuetobesth.;tobestillinthesamestateorcondition

仍然是；保持不变

Example:

Trainfaresarelikelyto**remain**unchanged.

火车票价很可能会保持不变。

**bias**[ˈbaɪəs]六级

n.astrongfeelinginfavouroforagainstonegroupofpeopleoronesideinanargument,oftennotbasedonfairjudgement偏见；偏心；偏向

Example:

Someinstitutionsstillhaveastrong**bias**againstwomen.

有些机构仍然对妇女持有很大偏见。

**unintentional**[ʌnɪnˈtenʃənl]四级

adj. notdonedeliberately,buthappeningbyaccident

无意的；非故意的；偶然的

Example:

PerhapsImisledyou,butitwasquite**unintentional.**

也许我误导了你，但那绝不是有意的。

**setting**[ˈsetɪŋ]四级

n. asetofsurroundings;theplaceatwhichsth.happens

环境；背景

Example:

Itwastheperfect**setting**forawonderfulChristmas.

环境气氛无可挑剔，正是一个美好的圣诞节所需要的。

**devote**[dɪˈvəʊt]学术

v. togiveanamountoftime,attention,etc.tosth

把…用于

Example:

Icouldonly**devote**twohoursadaytothework.

我一天只能在这个工作上花两个小时。

**assertive**[əˈsɜ:tɪv]六级

adj. expressingopinionsordesiresstronglyandwithconfidence,sothatpeopletakenotice

坚定自信的；主张坚决的

Example:

Womenhavebecomemore**assertive**inthepastdecade.

女性在过去十年中已变得更加自信。

**self-esteem**[selfɪˈsti:m]六级

n. afeelingofbeinghappywithyourowncharacterandabilities

自尊（心）

Example:

Poor**self-esteem**isatthecentreofmanyofthedifficultiesweexperienceinourrelationships.

缺乏自尊心是我们之间关系所遭遇的重重困难中的核心问题。

**suggest**[səˈdʒest]四级

v. toputanideaintosb.’smind;tomakesb.thinkthatsth.istrue

使想到；使认为；表明

Example:

Thesymptoms **suggest**aminorheartattack.

症状显示这是轻微心脏病发作。

**industrialized**[ɪnˈdʌstriəlaɪzd]四级

adj. Anindustrializedareaorplaceisonewhichhasalotofindustries.

工业化的

Example:

**Industrialized**countriesmustreducecarbondioxideemissions.

工业化国家必须减少二氧化碳的排放。

**superior**[su:ˈpɪəriə(r)]四级

adj. betterinqualitythansb./sth.else;greaterthansb./sth.else

更好的；占优势的；更胜一筹的

Example:

Thismodelistechnically**superior**toitscompetitors.

这一款式在技术上超过了与之竞争的产品。

**emphasize**[ˈemfəsaɪz]学术

v.togivespecialimportancetosth.

强调；重视；着重

Example:

Hisspeech**emphasized**theimportanceofattractingindustrytothetown.

他的发言强调了吸引工业到这个城镇的重要性。

**mature**[məˈtʃʊə(r)]学术

v.tobecomefullygrownordeveloped

成熟；长成

Example:

Thisparticularbreedofcattle**matures**early.

这一品种的牛发育成熟快。

**consequently**[ˈkɒnsɪkwəntli]四级

adv. asaresult;therefore

因此；所以

Example:

Thisposesathreattoagricultureandthefoodchain,and**consequently**tohumanhealth.

这会对农业和食物链造成威胁，并由此危及人的健康。

**commit**[kəˈmɪt]学术

v. todosth.wrongorillegal

做（错误或非法的事）；犯（罪或错等）

Example:

Mostcrimesare**committed**byyoungmen.

多数罪行都是年轻男性犯下的。

**Chapter3Reading3**

**agent**[ˈeɪdʒənt]四级

n. If you refer to sb. or sth. as the agent of a particular effect, you mean that they cause this effect.动力；媒介；因素；工具

Example

In many societies young men regard themselves as highly active, the **agents** of change, shapers of the world.

许多社会中，年轻人将自己看成是高度活跃的分子，是变革的推动者和世界的塑造者。

**mass media**学术

communications media that reach a large audience, for example, television, newspapers, and the Internet大众传媒

Example

The **mass media** have been vested with significant power as social and political agents in modern developed societies.

在现代发达社会中，作为社会和政治媒介，大众传媒被赋予了很大的权力。

**primarily**[praɪˈmerəli]学术

adv. mainly

主要地；根本地

Example

The problem is not **primarily** a financial one.

这个问题基本上不是财政问题。

**dutiful**[ˈdju:tɪfl]六级

adj. doing everything that you are expected to do; willing to obey and to show respect

尽职的；顺从的；恭敬的

Example

The days of the **dutiful** wife, who sacrifices her career for her husband, are over.

贤妻为了丈夫而牺牲自己事业的时代已经结束了。

**homemaker**[ˈhəʊmmeɪkə(r)]四级

n. (especially North American English) a person who works at home and takes care of the house and family

料理家务者；操持家务者

Example

Her mother is a **homemaker.**

她的母亲是个家庭主妇

**portray**[pɔ:ˈtreɪ]四级

v. to describe or show sb./sth. in a particular way, especially when this does not give a complete or accurate impression of what they are like

将…描写成；给人以某种印象

Example

Throughout the trial, he **portrayed** himself as the victim.

在审讯过程中，他始终把自己说成是受害者。

**body image**学术

a person’s perception of his or her body’s appearance

（人们通过外界对自己体形及性别特征吸引力的评价而形成的）自我感觉

Example

From the survey, we can know 80% of men are not satisfied with their **body image**.

根据调查，我们能知道八成的男性不满自己的形象。

**close-up**[ˈkləʊsʌp]六级

n. a photograph, or picture in a film/movie, taken very close to sb./sth. so that it shows a lot of details

（照相、电影的）特写，特写镜头

Example

It was strange to see her own face in **close-up** on the screen.

在屏幕上看见她自己的脸部特写感觉很陌生。

**perceive**[pəˈsi:v]学术

v. to notice or become aware of sth.

注意到；意识到；察觉到

Example

She **perceived** that all was not well.

她意识到并非一切都顺利。

**survey**[sɜ:ˈveɪ]四级

v. to investigate the opinions or behaviour of a group of people by asking them a series of questions

调查（某部分人）的行为﹑意见等

Example

We **surveyed** 500 smokers and found that over three quarters would like to give up.

我们对500名吸烟者进行了调查，发现有超过四分之三的人愿意戒烟。

**muscular**[ˈmʌskjələ(r)]六级

adj. having large strong muscles

强壮的；肌肉发达的

Example

Like most female athletes, she was lean and **muscular.**

像大多女运动员一样，她清瘦但肌肉发达。

**stereotype**[ˈsteriətaɪp]六级

n. a fixed idea or image that many people have of a particular type of person or thing, but which is often not true in reality

模式化观念（或形象）；老一套；刻板印象

Example

Many men feel their body shape doesn’t live up to the **stereotype** of the ideal man.

很多男人都觉得自己的体形不符合人们心目中惯有的理想男性形象。

**co-star**[ˈkəʊstɑ:]四级

n. one of two or more famous actors who appear together in a film/movie or play

（电影或戏剧中的）联袂主演明星

Example

During the filming, Curtis fell in love with his **co-star**, Christine Kaufmann.

在电影摄制过程中，柯蒂斯爱上了同他联袂主演的明星克里斯汀·考夫曼。

**storyline**[ˈstɔ:rilaɪn]六级

n. the basic story in a novel, play, film/movie, etc.

（小说、戏剧、电影等的）故事情节

Example

The surprise twists in the **storyline** are the film’s greatest strength.

该影片最精彩之处就是剧情的曲折离奇。

**defend**[dɪˈfend]四级

v. to protect sb./sth. from attack

防御；保护；保卫

Example

All our officers are trained to defend themselves against knife attacks.

我们所有的警察都接受过自卫训练，能够对付持刀袭击。

**reinforce**[ˌri:ɪnˈfɔ:s]学术

v. to make a feeling, an idea, etc. stronger

加强；充实；使更强烈

Example

Such jokes tend to **reinforce** racial stereotypes.

这样的笑话容易渲染种族偏见。

**comic**[ˈkɒmɪk]四级

n. a magazine, especially for children, that tells stories through pictures

（尤指儿童看的）连环画杂志

Example

Joe loved to read “Superman” **comics.**

乔喜欢看《超人》的漫画

**source**[sɔ:s]四级

n. a place, person or thing that you get sth. from

来源；出处

Example

Our local library will be a useful **source** of information.

我们当地的图书馆就是很好的资料来源。

**submissive**[səbˈmɪsɪv]六级

adj. willing to accept sb. else’s authority and willing to obey them without questioning anything they want you to do

唯命是从的；顺从的；驯服的；听话的

Example

He expected his daughters to be meek and **submissive.**

他期望女儿们都温顺听话。

**sexualize**[ˈsekʃuəlaɪz]六级

v. To sexualize sb./sth. means to make them sexual or consider them in a sexual way.

使有性别；使有性征

Example

Referring to children’s friends as girlfriends and boyfriends **sexualizes** them.

将孩子们的朋友称为女朋友或男朋友就把他们的性别差异凸显出来了。

**exaggerate**[ɪgˈzædʒəreɪt]四级

v. to make sth. seem larger, better, worse or more important than it really is

夸张；夸大

Example

He tends to **exaggerate** the difficulties.

他往往夸大困难。

**feature**[ˈfi:tʃə(r)]学术

n. something important, interesting or typical of a place or thing

特色；特征；特点

Example

An interesting **feature** of the city is the old market.

老市场是这座城市有趣的特点。

**initial**[ɪˈnɪʃl]四级

adj. happening at the beginning; first

最初的；开始的；第一的

Example

My **initial** reaction was to decline the offer.

我最初的反应是要拒绝这个提议。

**privilege**[ˈprɪvəlɪdʒ]四级

n. a special right or advantage that a particular person or group of people has

特殊利益；优惠待遇

Example

Education should be a universal right and not a **privilege.**

教育应当是全民的权利，而非某部分人特别享有的。

**Chapter4 Reading1**

**pharmacist**[ˈfɑ:məsɪst]六级

n. (North American English also druggist) a person whose job is to prepare medicines and sell or give them to the public in a shop/store or in a hospital

药剂师

Example

We had to wait for the **pharmacist** to make up her prescription.

我们只得等药剂师给她配好药。

**labor**[ˈleɪbə(r)]学术

n. work, especially physical work

劳动；（尤指）体力劳动

Example

Division of **labour** is important in industry today.

劳动分工在今天的行业中很重要。

**struggle**[ˈstrʌgl]四级

n. a hard fight in which people try to obtain or achieve sth., especially sth. that sb. else does not want them to have

斗争；奋斗；努力

Example

She will not give up her children without a **struggle.**

她不会轻易放弃自己的孩子

**shift**[ʃɪft]四级

v. (of a situation, an opinion, a policy, etc.) to change from one state, position, etc. to another（情况、意见、政策等）变换；更替；变动

Example

Public attitudes towards marriage have **shifted** over the past 50 years.

50年来，公众对婚姻的态度已经改变。

**contribution**[ˌkɒntrɪˈbju:ʃn]学术

n. an action or a service that helps to cause or increase sth.

贡献；促成作用

Example

He made a very positive **contribution** to the success of the project.

他对项目的成功贡献良多。

**period**[ˈpɪəriəd]学术

n. a particular length of time

一段时间；时期

Example

All these changes happened over a **period** of time.

所有这些变化都是在一段时间内发生的

**approximately**[əˈprɒksɪmətli]学术

adv. used to show that sth. is almost, but not completely, accurate or correct

大概；大约；约莫

Example

The journey took **approximately** seven hours.

旅程大约花了七个小时。

**panel**[ˈpænl]四级

n. A panel is a small group of people who are chosen to do sth., for example to discuss sth. in public or to make a decision.

（进行公开讨论或作决策的）专门小组

Example

He assembled a **panel** of scholars to advise him.

他组织了一个学者小组为他出谋划策。

**dynamics**[daɪˈnæmɪks]六级

n. the way in which people or things behave and react to each other in a particular situation

（人或事物）相互作用的方式，动态

Example

The interchange of ideas aids an understanding of family **dynamics.**

思想的交流有助于理解家庭动态。

**commitment**[kəˈmɪtmənt]六级

n. the willingness to work hard and give your energy and time to a job or an activity

（对工作或某活动）献身，奉献，投入

Example

A career as an actor requires one hundred percent **commitment.**

干演员这一行需要百分之百的投入。

**flexibility**[ˌfleksəˈbɪlətɪ]六级

n. the quality of being able to change or be changed easily according to the situation

灵活可变性

Example

I enjoyed the **flexibility** of the schedule.

我喜欢这个有弹性的时间安排。

**sole**[səʊl]学术

adj. only; single

仅有的；唯一的

Example

This is the **sole** means of access to the building.

这是这栋建筑物唯一的入口。

**provider**[prəˈvaɪdə(r)]四级

n. a person or an organization that supplies sb. with sth. they need or want

供应者；提供者；供养人

Example

The eldest son is the family’s sole **provider**.

这家的长子是唯一养家糊口的人。

**micromanage**[ˈmaɪkrəʊmænɪdʒ]学术

v. to control every part of a situation, even small details

细致入微地管理

Example

We wish to empower our people rather than **micromanage** them.

我们希望赋予员工广泛的权力，而不进行琐碎的管理。

**apparent**[əˈpærənt]四级

adj. easy to see or understand

显而易见的；明白易懂的；显然的

Example

Their devotion was **apparent.**

他们的忠诚显而易见。

**Chapter4 Reading 2**

**complex**[ˈkɒmpleks]学术

*adj.*made of many different things or parts that are connected; difficult to understand  
复杂的；难懂的；费解的

**Example**

Today’s **complex** buildings require close teamwork between the architect and the builders.

如今的建筑结构复杂，需要建筑师和施工人员密切协作。

**discrimination**[dɪˌskrɪmɪˈneɪʃn]学术

*n.*the practice of treating sb. or a particular group in society less fairly than others  
区别对待；歧视；偏袒

**Example**

The Sex Discrimination Act has not eliminated **discrimination** in employment.

《反性别歧视法》并未根除工作场合的歧视。

**in-law**[ˈɪn lɔ:]六级

*n.*a parent of your husband or wife or a member of his or her family  
姻亲；内亲

**Example**

Interfering **in-laws** are the prime sources of the blues.

喜欢指手画脚的姻亲最让人头疼。

**identity**[aɪˈdentəti]六级

*n.*who or what sb./sth. is  
身份

**Example**

They are a lost generation in search of an **identity**.

他们属于迷惘的一代，想要找寻自我。

**regard**[rɪˈgɑ:d]四级

*v.*to think about sb./sth. in a particular way  
将…认为；把…视为；看待

**Example**

Capital punishment was **regarded** as inhuman and immoral.

死刑过去被认为是非人道且不道德的。

**crush**[krʌʃ]四级

*v.*to destroy sb.’s confidence or happiness  
破坏，毁坏（某人的信心或幸福）

**Example**

She felt completely **crushed** by the teacher’s criticism.

老师的批评使她觉得自己全完了。

**equate**[ɪˈkweɪt]学术

*v.*to think that sth. is the same as sth. else or is as important  
同等看待；使等同

**Example**

Some parents **equate** education with exam success.

有些父母认为教育就是考试成绩优秀。

**identification**[aɪˌdentɪfɪˈkeɪʃn]六级

*n.*the process of recognizing that sth. exists, or is important  
确认；识别

**Example**

The early **identification** of children with special educational needs is very important.

早期确认儿童有特殊教育需求很重要。

**strain**[streɪn]四级

*n.*severe demand on one’s mental or physical strength, resources, abilities, etc.   
对智力﹑体力﹑财力﹑能力等的严格要求；负担；压力

**Example**

Their marriage is under great **strain** at the moment.

眼下他们的婚姻关系非常紧张

**masculinity**[ˌmæskjuˈlɪnəti]学术

*n.*the quality of being masculine  
男子气概；男性；阳性

**Example**

The old ideas of **masculinity** do not work for most men.

对于大多数男人来说，关于男子气概的老套观点现在已不再适用了。

**self-reliant**[ˌself rɪˈlaɪənt]六级

*adj.*able to do or decide things by yourself, rather than depending on other people for help  
自立的；自力更生的；自主的

**Example**

Raising **self-reliant** children requires parents at times to lead with their heads and not their hearts.

培养有自立能力的孩子要求家长们不时地用理智而不是感情来引导孩子。

**urge**[ɜ:dʒ]四级

*v.*to advise or try hard to persuade sb. to do sth.  
敦促；催促；力劝

**Example**

The report **urged** that all children be taught to swim.

这份报告呼吁给所有的儿童教授游泳。

**stressful**[ˈstresfl]学术

*adj.*causing a lot of anxiety and worry  
压力重的；紧张的

**Example**

Parenting can be a **stressful** business.

为人父母是一件压力很大的事。

**depression**[dɪˈpreʃn]六级

*n.*the state of feeling very sad and without hope  
抑郁；沮丧；消沉

**Example**

Lack of exercise can lead to feelings of **depression** and exhaustion.

缺乏锻炼会导致抑郁和疲劳。

**conform to**六级

to behave and think in the same way as most other people in a group or society  
顺从，顺应（大多数人或社会）；随潮流

**Example**

He refused to **conform to** the local customs.

他拒绝遵从当地的风俗习惯。

**humiliation**[hju:ˌmɪlɪˈeɪʃn]六级

*n.*Humiliation is the embarrassment and shame you feel when someone makes you appear stupid, or when you make a mistake in public.  
耻辱；屈辱；丢脸；蒙羞

**Example**

She faced the **humiliation** of discussing her husband’s affair.

她面临要谈及丈夫外遇的羞辱。

**life expectancy**六级

average expected length of life  
预期寿命

**Example**

Researchers find that **life expectancy** actually increased during the years of the Great Depression.

研究人员发现大萧条的这几年里，人的预期寿命其实增长了。

**consistent**[kənˈsɪstənt]四级

*adj.*happening in the same way and continuing for a period of time  
一贯的；持续的

**Example**

There has been **consistent** growth in GSM mobile subscribers.

全球通手机用户持续增长。

**persistent**[pəˈsɪstənt]学术

*adj.*continuing for a long period of time without interruption, or repeating frequently, especially in a way that is annoying and cannot be stopped  
连绵的；持续的；反复出现的

**Example**

**Persistent** disapproval or criticism can be highly demoralizing.

一再的否定和批评可能会对信心造成严重打击。

**longevity**[lɒnˈdʒevəti]六级

*n.*(formal) long life; the fact of lasting a long time  
长寿；持久

**Example**

We wish you both health and **longevity**.

我们祝愿您二位健康长寿。

**hormone**[ˈhɔ:məʊn]六级

*n.*a chemical substance produced in the body or in a plant that encourages growth or influences how the cells and tissues function; an artificial substance that has similar effects  
荷尔蒙；激素

**Example**

This **hormone** interacts closely with other hormones in the body.

这种荷尔蒙与体内其他荷尔蒙紧密地相互作用。

**property**[ˈprɒpəti]四级

*n.*a thing or things that are owned by sb.; a possession or possessions  
所有物；财产；财物

**Example**

Be careful not to damage other people’s **property**.

小心别损及别人的财物。

**occupation**[ˌɒkjuˈpeɪʃn]学术

*n.*a job or profession  
工作；职业

**Example**

Please state your name, age and **occupation**below.

请在下面写明姓名、年龄和职业。

**underlie**[ʌndəˈlaɪ]学术

*v.*(formal) to be the basis or cause of sth.  
位于…之下；构成…的基础

**Example**

It is a principle that **underlies** all the party’s policies.

这是贯穿该党各项政策的一条准则。

**ruling**[ˈru:lɪŋ]学术

*n.*an official decision made by sb. in a position of authority, especially a judge  
裁决；裁定；判决

**Example**

The court will make its **ruling** on the case next week.

法庭下周将对本案件作出裁决。

**Chapter 4 Reading 3**

**sexism**[ˈseksɪzəm]学术

*n.*discrimination based on gender  
性别歧视

**Example**

There was blatant **sexism** in the selection of staff.

挑选职员时有明显的性别歧视。

**goal**[gəʊl]学术

n.​something that you hope to achieve

目标；目的

Example

Our ultimate **goal** is the preservation of the environment.

我们的最终目标是保护环境。

**status**[ˈsteɪtəs]学术

n.​the social or professional position of sb./sth. in relation to others

地位；身份；职位

Example

Women are only asking to be given equal **status** with men.

妇女只是要求得到和男人平等的地位。

**subordinate**[səˈbɔ:dɪnət]六级

adj.​having less power or authority than sb. else in a group or an organization

隶属的；从属的；下级的

Example

In many societies women are **subordinate** to men.

在许多社会中，妇女都从属于男人。

**executive**[ɪgˈzekjətɪv]四级

n.​a person who has an important job as a manager of a company or an organization

（公司或机构的）经理，主管领导，管理人员

Example

He is respected as a very aggressive and competitive **executive.**

他是一位锐意进取、竞争意识很强的主管，颇受尊敬。

**respondent**[rɪˈspɒndənt]学术

n.​a person who answers questions, especially in a survey

回答问题的人；（尤指）调查对象

Example

60% of the **respondents** agreed with the suggestion.

回复调查的人中60%同意这项建议。

**prohibit**[prəˈhɪbɪt]四级

v.​to stop sth. from being done

（尤指以法令）禁止

Example

Local zoning laws **prohibit** building near property lines.

本地的规划法禁止在地产边界附近进行建筑施工。

**disparity**[dɪˈspærəti]学术

n.​(formal) a difference, especially one connected with unfair treatment

（尤指因不公正对待引起的）不同，不等，差异

Example

The **disparity** in incomes among different professions was small.

各职业收入的差距比较小。

**rear**[rɪə(r)]四级

v.​to care for young children or animals until they are fully grown

抚养；养育；培养

Example

She **reared** a family of five on her own.

她一个人养活一家五口。

**compensation**[ˌkɒmpenˈseɪʃn]学术

n.​something, especially money, that sb. gives you because they have hurt you, or damaged sth. that you own; the act of giving this to sb.

赔偿物；补偿金；赔偿

Example

He received one year’s salary as **compensation** for loss of office.

他得到一年的工资作为失业补偿金。

**forum**[ˈfɔ:rəm]六级

n.​a place where people can exchange opinions and ideas on a particular issue; a meeting organized for this purpose

公共讨论场所；论坛；讨论会

Example

Television is now an important **forum** for political debate.

电视已成了政治辩论的重要擂台。

**cooperation**[kəʊˌɒpəˈreɪʃn]学术

n.​the fact of doing sth. together or of working together towards a shared aim

合作；协作

Example

We would like to see closer **cooperation** between parents and schools.

我们希望学生家长和学校有更加紧密的合作。

**predict**[prɪˈdɪkt]四级

v.​to say that sth. will happen in the future

预言；预告；预报

Example

Nobody could **predict** the outcome.

谁也无法预料结果如何。

**attribute**[əˈtrɪbju:t]四级

n.​a quality or feature of sb./sth.

属性；性质；特征

Example

Patience is one of the most important **attributes** in a teacher.

耐心是教师最重要的品质之一。

**Unit 3**

**Chapter5 Reading1**

**audience**[ˈɔːdiəns]四级

n.a group of people who come to watch and listen to someone speaking or performing in public

观众；听众

Example

The **audience** began clapping and cheering.

观众开始鼓掌欢呼。

**transient**[ˈtrænziənt]六级

adj. continuing only for a short time

短暂的，转瞬即逝的，一时的

Example

This is the **transient** nature of high fashion.

这就是最新时尚转瞬即逝的特点。

**illustrate**[ˈɪləstreɪt]四级

v. to make the meaning of sth. clearer by giving examples

说明，阐明

Example

Let me give an example to **illustrate** the point.

让我举个例子来说明这一点。

**aspect**[ˈæspekt]学术

n. one part of a situation, idea, plan, etc. that has many parts

方面

Example

Dealing with people is the most important **aspect** of my work.

与人打交道是我工作中最重要的一方面。

**function**[ˈfʌŋkʃən]学术

n. the purpose that sth. has, or the job that sb. does

（事物的）功能，作用；（某人的）职责

Example

Bauhaus architects thought that **function** was more important than form.

包豪斯学派的建筑师认为功能重于形式。

**alert**[əˈlɜːt]四级

v. to officially warn someone about a problem or danger so that they are ready to deal with it

使警觉；向…发出警报

Example

The school immediately **alerted** the police .

学校立即报了警。

**precaution**[prɪˈkɔːʃən]六级

n. sth. you do in order to prevent sth. dangerous or unpleasant from happening

预防措施

Example

Fire **precautions** were neglected.

防火措施被忽视了。

**entertainment**[ˌentəˈteɪnmənt]四级

n. things such as films, television, performances, etc. that are intended to amuse or interest people

娱乐节目；娱乐活动

Example

The town provides a wide choice of **entertainment.**

该镇提供各式各样的娱乐活动。

**appeal**[əˈpiːl]四级

v. be attractive

吸引人

Example

The programme **appeals** to young children.

这个节目受小孩子喜欢。

**documentary**[ˌdɒkjʊˈmentəri]六级

n. a film or television or a radio programme that gives detailed information about a particular subject

纪录片

Example

A local film crew is making a **documentary** about volcanoes.

当地的一批摄制人员正在拍摄关于火山的纪录片。

**instructional**[ɪnˈstrʌkʃənəl]四级

adj. providing instruction

提供指导的；教学用的

Example

The school provides a free **instructional** video.

学校提供免费的教学视频。

**invest**[ɪnˈvest]四级

v. to buy shares, property, or goods because you hope that the value will increase and you can make a profit

投资

Example

I’ve got a few thousand dollars and I’m looking to **invest.**

我有几千美元想作投资。

**transmit**[trænzˈmɪt]学术

v. to send out electronic signals, messages, etc. using radio, television, or other similar equipment

传输、发送、传送（电子信号、信息等）

Example

The US Open will be **transmitted** live via satellite.

美国网球公开赛将通过卫星现场直播。

**companionship**[kəmˈpænjənʃɪp]六级

n. having someone you know and like with you, rather than being on your own

友谊；陪伴；友好交往

Example

When Stan died, I missed his **companionship.**

斯坦去世后，我怀念我们的友情。

**isolated**[ˈaɪsəleɪtɪd]四级

adj. feeling alone and unable to meet or speak to other people

孤单的，孤独的

Example

Young mothers often feel **isolated.**

年轻的妈妈常常感到孤独。

**portable**[ˈpɔːtəbəl]四级

adj. able to be carried or moved easily

手提式的，便携式的，轻便的

Example

I’d like to buy a **portable** radio.

我想买一台便携式收音机。

**content**[ˈkɒntent]四级

n. the things that are inside a box, bag, room, etc.

所容纳之物，内容

Example

Most of the gallery’s **contents** were damaged in the fire.

画廊里的大多数东西都被大火烧毁了。

**Chapter 5 Reading2**

**identify**[aɪˈdentɪfaɪ]四级

v. to recognize sth. or discover exactly what it is, what its nature or origin is, etc.

确定；发现

Example

Scientists have **identified** the gene that causes abnormal growth.

科学家已发现造成畸形发育的基因。

**highlight**[ˈhaɪlaɪt]六级

v. to make a problem or subject easy to notice so that people pay attention to it

使…突出，使注意力集中于

Example

Your résumé should **highlight** your skills and achievements.

你的简历应该突出自己的技能和成绩。

**immediacy**[ɪˈmiːdiəsi]六级

n. The immediacy of an event or situation is the quality that it has which makes it seem important or exciting because it is happening at the present time.

即时；紧迫；刻不容缓

Example

Television brings a new **immediacy** to world events.

电视把世界大事更迅捷地呈现在观众眼前。

**cycle**[ˈsaɪkəl]学术

n. a number of related events that happen again and again in the same order

循环（周期）

Example

Sometimes the only way to break the **cycle** of violence in the home is for the wife to leave.

有时候结束家庭暴力循环的唯一办法就是让妻子离开。

**span**[spæŋ]六级

n. a period of time between two dates or events

（两个日期或事件之间的）时距，期间

Example

It’ll be difficult to hire that many new staff in such a short time **span.**

在这么短的时间里要想招聘到那么多新员工是很难的。

**investigation**[ɪnˌvestɪˈɡeɪʃən]学术

n. an official attempt to find out the truth about or the cause of sth. such as a crime, accident, or scientific problem

（对犯罪、事故或科学问题等进行的正式的）调查，侦查

Example

The **investigation** continued for nearly three years.

调查持续了近三年。

**verdict**[ˈvɜːdɪkt]六级

n. an official decision made in a court of law, especially about whether someone is guilty of a crime or how a death happened

（法庭作出的）裁决，裁定，判决

Example

The **verdict** was “not guilty”.

裁决为“无罪”。

**trial**[ˈtraɪəl]四级

n. a legal process in which a judge and often a jury in a court of law examine information to decide whether someone is guilty of a crime

审判，审理

Example

The **trial** is due to start next week.

审理定于下周开始。

**controversial**[ˌkɒntrəˈvɜːʃəl]学术

adj. causing a lot of disagreement, because many people have strong opinions about the subject being discussed引起争论的，有争议的

Example

He is a **controversial** figure in the art world.

他是艺术界极具争议的人物。

**remark**[rɪˈmɑːk]四级

n. thing said or written as a comment

评论；言论；意见

Example

Unfortunately, a local journalist overheard the **remark.**

不巧当地一名记者无意中听到了这些话。

**catastrophe**[kəˈtæstrəfi]六级

n. a terrible event in which there is a lot of destruction, suffering, or death

灾难，大祸，严重的不幸

Example

The Black Sea is facing ecological **catastrophe** as a result of pollution.

污染导致黑海面临生态灾难。

**minor**[ˈmaɪnə]四级

adj. small and not very important or serious, especially when compared with other things

小的，不很重要的，不很严重的

Example

We have made some **minor** changes to the program.

我们对那个程序做了一些小改动。

**issue**[ˈɪsjuː]学术

n. a subject or problem that is often discussed or argued about, especially a social or political matter that affects the interests of a lot of people

（尤指社会或政治方面的）议题；争论的问题

Example

Abortion is a highly controversial **issue.**

堕胎是个很有争议的话题。

**at length**四级

in a lengthy or prolix manner

详细地

Example

Both have advantages and disadvantages that will be discussed **at length** in this document.

二者都有优势和劣势，本文将详细讨论。

**extensive**[ɪkˈstensɪv]四级

adj. large in size, amount, or degree

广阔的；大量的；大规模的

Example

The house stands in **extensive** grounds.

这栋房子占地面积很大。

**emotional**[ɪˈməʊʃənəl]四级

adj. relating to your feelings or how you control them

情绪的，情感的

Example

She provided **emotional** support at a very distressing time for me.

在我非常痛苦的时候，她是我的情感支柱。

**inspire**[ɪnˈspaɪə]四级

v. to encourage someone by making them feel confident and eager to do sth.

鼓舞，激励

Example

We need someone who can **inspire** the team.

我们需要一个能鼓舞团队士气的人。

**Chapter5 Reading3**

**ethical**[ˈeθɪkəl]学术

adj. relating to principles of what is right and wrong

关于伦理的

Example

The president must have the highest **ethical** standards.

总统必须具备最高的道德水准。

**invasion**[ɪnˈveɪʒən]四级

n. the act of invading

侵略，侵犯

Example

This was an outrageous **invasion** of privacy.

这是对隐私权的粗暴侵犯。

**threat**[θret]四级

n. indication or warning of future danger, trouble, etc.

威胁，（危险等的）前兆

Example

This constitutes a **threat** to national security.

这对国家安全构成威胁。

**responsibility**[rɪˌspɒnsɪˈbɪlɪti]四级

n. a duty to be in charge of sb./sth.

责任

Example

Kelly’s promotion means more money and more **responsibility.**

凯利获得提升，这意味着钱多了，责任也更大了。

**fulfill**[fʊlˈfɪl]四级

v. to put into effect

完成，履行

Example

Please **fulfill** your promise.

请你履行诺言。

**scandal**[ˈskændl]六级

n. an event in which someone, especially someone important, behaves in a bad way that shocks people

（尤指牵涉重要人物的）丑闻，丑事

Example

It caused quite a **scandal** when he left his wife.

他抛弃妻子成了一大丑闻。

**resign**[rɪˈzaɪn]六级

v. to officially announce that you have decided to leave your job or an organization

辞职；放弃

Example

She **resigned** from the government last week.

上星期她辞去了政府部门的工作。

**royalty**[ˈrɔɪəlti]四级

n. members of a royal family

王室（王族）成员

Example

At school the other children treated them like**royalty** .

在学校里，其他孩子将他们奉若王族。

**disguise**[dɪsˈɡaɪz]六级

n. sth. that you wear to change your appearance and hide who you are, or the act of wearing this

伪装物，化装用具；伪装

Example

His **disguise** didn’t fool anyone.

他的伪装没能骗过任何人。

**aggressive**[əˈɡresɪv]六级

adj. behaving in an angry threatening way, as if you want to fight or attack someone

好斗的，挑衅的

Example

Jim’s voice became **aggressive.**

吉姆的声音凶了起来。

**accuse**[əˈkju:z]四级

v. say that sb. has done wrong, is guilty (of sth.) or has broken the law

指责某人有错﹑犯罪或犯法；控告；谴责

Example

He was **accused** of incompetence.

他被指责为不称职。

**deliberately**[dɪˈlɪbərɪtli]六级

adv. done in a way that is intended or planned

故意地，蓄意地

Example

He **deliberately** upset her.

他故意惹她不开心。

**embarrassing**[ɪmˈbærəsɪŋ]四级

adj. making you feel ashamed, nervous, or uncomfortable

令人尴尬的，使人难堪的

Example

She asked a lot of **embarrassing** questions.

她问了许多令人尴尬的问题。

**nuisance**[ˈnjuːsəns]六级

n. a person, thing, or situation that annoys you or causes problems

讨厌（麻烦）的人（事物、情况）

Example

The dogs next door are a real **nuisance.**

隔壁的那几只狗实在是讨厌。

**chase**[tʃeɪs]四级

v. to quickly follow sb./sth. in order to catch them

追逐，追赶；追捕

Example

The police **chased** the suspect along Severn Avenue.

警察沿着塞汶大街追捕嫌疑犯。

**illegally**[ɪˈliːɡəli]学术

adv. not allowed by the law

非法地，违法地

Example

You entered the country **illegally** with no visa.

你没有签证，非法进入这个国家。

**Chapter6 Reading1**

**confidential**[ˌkɒnfɪˈdenʃəl]六级

adj. spoken or written in secret and intended to be kept secret

机密的；机要的

Example

Doctors are required to keep patients’ records completely **confidential.**

医生必须对病人的病历完全保密。

**sensitive**[ˈsensɪtɪv]四级

adj. A situation or subject that is sensitive needs to be dealt with very carefully, because it is secret or because it may offend people.

需小心处理的，敏感的，可能触怒人的

Example

Race relation is a very **sensitive** issue.

种族关系是个非常敏感的话题。

**leak**[liːk]四级

v. to deliberately give secret information to a newspaper, television company, etc.

透露，泄露（秘密给报纸、电视台等）

Example

The report’s findings had been **leaked.**

这份报告的调查结果已被泄露。

**enormous**[ɪˈnɔːməs]四级

adj. very big in size or in amount

（尺寸、数量）巨大的，庞大的

Example

The team made an **enormous** effort.

该队付出了巨大的努力。

**contribute to**四级

to help to make sth. happen

促成，造成

Example

Alcohol **contributes to** 100,000 deaths a year in the US.

在美国，饮酒每年造成10万人死亡。

**unrest**[ʌnˈrest]六级

n. a political situation in which people protest or behave violently

动荡，动乱，骚动

Example

There is growing **unrest** throughout the country.

全国各地日益动荡不安。

**mention**[ˈmenʃən]四级

n. reference to sb./sth.

提及，说起

Example

He made no **mention** of his wife’s illness.

他没有提起他妻子生病的事。

**navigate**[ˈnævɪɡeɪt]六级

v. to find which way you need to go when you are travelling from one place to another

导航，指引方向

Example

Early explorers used to **navigate** by the stars.

早期的探险家靠星辰确定方向。

**inaccessible**[ˌɪnækˈsesəbl]学术

adj. difficult or impossible to reach

难到达的；不可及的

Example

In winter, the villages are **inaccessible** by road.

冬天时，进入这些村子的路很难走。

**interactive**[ˌɪntərˈæktɪv]四级

adj. An interactive computer program, television system, etc. allows you to communicate directly with it, and reacts to your actions

（人与计算机程序、电视系统等）交互的，互动的

Example

People are astonished at the **interactive** computer systems.

人们为交互式电脑系统而惊叹。

**in comparison**四级

the process of comparing two or more people or things

比较

Example

He was a loud friendly man. **In comparison**, his brother was rather shy.

他是个热情的大嗓门儿，相比之下他弟弟就有些腼腆。

**directory**[daɪˈrektəri]六级

n. a book or list of names, facts, etc., usually arranged in alphabetical order

姓名地址录，名录，电话簿

Example

I couldn’t find your number in the telephone **directory.**

我在电话簿上找不到你的电话号码

**collaborate**[kəˈlæbəreɪt]六级

v. to work together with a person or group in order to achieve sth., especially in science or art

（尤指在科学或艺术方面）合作，协作

Example

The two nations are **collaborating** on several satellite projects.

两国在几个人造卫星项目上展开合作。

**drawback**[ˈdrɔːbæk]六级

n. a disadvantage of a situation, plan, product, etc.

不利因素；缺点，毛病

Example

It’s a great city — the only **drawback** is the weather.

这是座很不错的城市，唯一的不足就是天气。

**cautious**[ˈkɔːʃəs]四级

adj. careful to avoid danger or risks

小心的，谨慎的，慎重的

Example

The air-pollution board has reacted with **cautious** optimism to the announcement.

空气污染委员会对这项通告表示谨慎乐观。

**Chapter6 Reading2**

**explosive**[ɪkˈspləʊsɪv]六级

adj. increasing suddenly or quickly in amount or number

（数量或数字）激增的

Example

The **explosive** growth of microcomputers has changed the world.

微型计算机的迅猛发展改变了世界。

**pervasive**[pəˈveɪsɪv]六级

adj. existing everywhere

到处存在的，到处弥漫着的，遍布的

Example

People are accustomed to the **pervasive** influence of television.

人们已习惯了电视无所不在的影响。

**preceding**[prɪˈsiːdɪŋ]四级

adj. happening or coming before the time, place, or part mentioned

在前的，在先的；前面的

Example

Each generation surpasses the **preceding** one.

一代更比一代强。

**currency**[ˈkʌrənsi]六级

n. the system or type of money that a country uses

货币，通货

Example

The bank can supply you with foreign **currency**.

这家银行能为你提供外币。

**in contrast**四级

on the contrary

相反

Example

**In contrast**, others insist on reading extensively.

与此相反，其他人坚持阅读广泛。

**take over**四级

seize and take control without authority and possibly with force; take as one’s right or possession

接管，接收

Example

He will **take over** Class 9801 next week.

下星期他将接管 9801 班。

**isolate**[ˈaɪsəleɪt]四级

v. to separate one person, group, or thing from other people or things

孤立，隔离

Example

The US has sought to **isolate** Cuba both economically and politically.

美国一直想在经济和政治上孤立古巴。

**anonymously**[əˈnɒnəməslɪ]六级

adv. unknown by name

无名地，不署名地

Example

According to one employee who remarked **anonymously**, the company engaged in illegal activities.

根据一位不愿透露姓名的员工所述，这家公司曾从事非法活动。

**harass**[ˈhærəs]六级

v. to make someone’s life unpleasant, for example by frequently saying offensive things to them or threatening them

骚扰

Example

A number of black youths have complained of being **harassed** by the police.

一些黑人青年投诉称受到警察骚扰。

**rumor**[ˈruːmə]六级

n. information or a story that is passed from one person to another and which may or may not be true

谣言，传闻

Example

I’ve heard all sorts of **rumors** about him and his secretary.

我听说了有关他和他秘书的种种传闻。

**victim**[ˈvɪktɪm]四级

n. person, animal or thing that is injured, killed or destroyed as the result of carelessness, crime or misfortune

受害者

Example

The **victim** received head injuries from which she died a week later.

受害人头部受伤，一周后死亡。

**upset**[ˌʌpˈset]四级

adj. unhappy and worried because sth. unpleasant or disappointing has happened

不快的，心烦意乱的，烦恼的

Example

She was deeply upset about the way her father treated her.

父亲那样对她，她非常难过。

**minimize**[ˈmɪnɪmaɪz]四级

v. to reduce sth. that is difficult, dangerous, or unpleasant to the smallest possible amount or degree

把…减至最小量（程度）

Example

Every effort is being made to **minimize** civilian casualties.

正在尽最大努力减少平民伤亡。

**accessible**[əkˈsesɪbəl]四级

adj. A place, building, or object that is accessible is easy to reach or get into.

易到达的；易进入的

Example

The island is only **accessible** by boat.

这个岛只有坐船才能到。

**Chapter6 Reading3**

**expand**[ɪkˈspænd]四级

v. to become larger in size, number, or amount, or to make sth. become larger

（使）扩大；增加

Example

Water **expands** as it freezes.

水结冰时会膨胀。

**distraction**[dɪˈstrækʃən]六级

n. sth. that stops you paying attention to what you are doing

使人分心的事物

Example

I study in the library as there are too many **distractions** at home.

我在图书馆学习，家里分心的事太多。

**account**[əˈkaʊnt]四级

n. a formal contractual relationship established to provide for regular banking or brokerage or business services

账号

Example

He asked to see the executive who handled his **account.**

他要求见负责他帐号的管理人员。

**enhance**[ɪnˈhɑːns]四级

v. to improve sth.

提高；改进；增强

Example

Good lighting will **enhance** any room.

良好的照明能给房间增色不少。

**definition**[ˌdefɪˈnɪʃn]四级

n. a phrase or sentence that says exactly what a word, phrase, or idea means

定义，释义

Example

There are many **definitions** of the word “feminism”.

“女权主义” 一词有许多定义。

**entry**[ˈentri]六级

n. a piece of writing in a diary, or in a book containing information such as a dictionary

（日记的）一则；（词典等的）条目

Example

She marked a dictionary **entry** on Page 1.

她在词典第一页的条目上做了记号。

**opponent**[əˈpəʊnənt]六级

n. someone who you try to defeat in a competition, game, fight, or argument

（竞争、比赛、打斗、争执等的）对手，敌手

Example

Graf’s **opponent** in today’s final will be Sukova.

格拉芙今天的决赛对手将是苏科娃。

**complexity**[kəmˈpleksɪti]四级

n. the state of being complicated

复杂性，错综复杂

Example

There is increasing recognition of the **complexity** of the causes of poverty.

人们越来越认识到，造成贫困的原因错综复杂。

**literacy**[ˈlɪtərəsi]六级

n. the state of being able to read and write

读写能力，识字

Example

The government has started a new adult **literacy** campaign.

政府开始了新一轮成人识字（扫盲）运动。

**Unit4**

**Chapter7reading1**

**deviance**['di:vɪəns]六级

n. a state or condition markedly different from the norm

偏常，异常，异常行为

Example

It is a study of social **deviance** and crime.

这是一个对社会偏常行为和犯罪行为的研究。

**deviant**[ˈdi:viənt]六级

adj. different from what most people consider to be normal and acceptable

不正常的；异常的；偏离常轨的

Example

Of course, not all alcoholics and drug abusers produce **deviant** offspring.

当然，并不是所有的酗酒者和吸毒者都会生育出不正常的后代。

**prostitution**[ˌprɒstɪˈtju:ʃn]六级

n. having sex with people in exchange for money

卖淫；为娼

Example

Many women were forced into **prostitution**.

许多妇女被迫为娼。

**legitimate**[lɪˈdʒɪtɪmət]六级

adj. for which there is a fair and acceptable reason

正当合理的；合情合理的

Example

The New York Times has a **legitimate** claim to be a national newspaper.

《纽约时报》有理由称自己是一份全国性报纸。

**assault**[əˈsɔ:lt]六级

n. the crime of attacking sb. physically

侵犯他人身体（罪）

Example

A significant number of indecent **assault**s on women go unreported.

很大数量的猥亵妇女罪没有被报。

**ethnicity**[eθˈnɪsəti]六级

n. the fact of belonging to a particular race

种族渊源；种族特点

Example

Many factors are important, for example class, gender, age and **ethnicity**.

许多因素都很重要，如阶级、性别、年龄及民族。

**Chapter7 Reading2**

**corporate**[ˈkɔ:pərət]学术

adj. connected with a corporation

公司的

Example

Airlines are very keen on their **corporate** identity.

航空公司非常重视自身的企业形象。

**embezzlement**[ɪmˈbezlmənt]六级

n. the crime of stealing money that you are responsible for or that belongs to your employer

盗用，挪用，贪污，侵吞（款项）

Example

She was found guilty of **embezzlement**.

她被判犯有贪污罪。

**trafficking**[ˈtræfikɪŋ]六级

n. the buying and selling of illegal goods, especially drugs

（尤指毒品的）非法买卖，非法交易

Example

Those who are involved in drug **trafficking** should be brought to justice.

那些非法贩卖毒品的人都应依法受到惩处。

**bully**[ˈbʊli]四级

v. to frighten or hurt a weaker person; to use your strength or power to make sb. do sth.

恐吓；伤害；胁迫

Example

My son is being **bullied** at school.

我儿子在学校里受欺负。

**decline**[dɪˈklaɪn]学术

n. a continuous decrease in the number, value, quality, etc.

（数量、价值、质量等的）减少，下降，衰落，衰退

Example

An increase in cars has resulted in the **decline** of public transport.

汽车的增加导致了公共交通的减少

**statistics**[stəˈtɪstɪks]学术

n. a collection of information shown in numbers

统计数字；统计资料

Example

According to official **statistics** the disease killed over 500 people.

根据官方的统计数字，500多人死于这种疾病。

**mental**[ˈmentl]学术

adj. connected with the state of health of the mind or with the treatment of illnesses of the mind

精神的，心理的

Example

She was suffering from physical and **mental** exhaustion.

她当时已经是身心俱疲。

**demographics**[ˌdeməˈgræfɪks六级

n. data relating to the population and different groups within it

人口统计数据

Example

The target market for a product describes **demographics** as well as lifestyles and sometimes job roles.

产品的目标市场描述了人群统计、生活方式，有时也涉及职业角色。

**potential**[pəˈtenʃl]学术

adj. that can develop into sth. or be developed in the future

潜在的；可能的

Example

The firm has identified 60 **potential** customers at home and abroad.

该公司已在国内外找到60个潜在客户。

**socioeconomic group**学术

a group within a particular social structure, which depends on several factors, including occupation, education, and income

社会经济群体

Example

Different **socioeconomic groups** are likely to have different tastes.

不同的社会经济群体会有不同的品味。

**regulation**[ˌreɡjʊˈleɪʃn]学术

n. an official rule made by a government or some other authority

（常用复数）章程；规章制度；规则；法规

Example

Under the new **regulations** spending on office equipment will be strictly controlled.

根据新的规定，办公设备开支将受到严格控制。

**obvious**[ˈɒbviəs]学术

adj. easy to see or understand

明显的；显然的；易理解的

Example

It was **obvious** to everyone that the child had been badly treated.

所有人一看便知，那个孩子受过虐待。

**adequate**[ˈædɪkwət]学术

adj. enough in quantity, or good enough in quality, for a particular purpose or need

足够的；合格的；合乎需要的

Example

There is a lack of **adequate** provision for disabled students.

为残疾学生提供的服务不够。

**individual**[ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəl]学术

n. a person considered separately rather than as part of a group

个人

Example

The competition is open to both teams and **individuals**.

团队和个人均可参加比赛。

**estimate**[ˈestɪmət]学术

v. to form an idea of the cost, size, value, etc. of sth., but without calculating it exactly

估价；估算

Example

It is hard to **estimate** how many children suffer from dyslexia.

很难估计有多少孩子有诵读困难。

**counterfeit**[ˈkaʊntəfɪt]六级

adj. (of money and goods for sale) made to look exactly like sth. in order to trick people into thinking that they are getting the real thing

伪造的；仿造的；假冒的

Example

He admitted possessing and delivering **counterfeit** currency.

他供认持有并散播假币。

**item**[ˈaɪtəm]学术

n. a single article or object

一件商品（或物品）

Example

The computer was my largest single **item** of expenditure.

电脑是我花钱最多的一件东西。

**Chapter7 Reading3:**

**cybercrime**[ˈsaɪbəˌkraɪm]四级

n. a crime that is committed with the help of computers and/or the Internet

网络犯罪

Example

**Cybercrime** is at such an all-time high that the FBI has listed it as one of the top security threats.

网络犯罪处于历史最高水平，以至于联邦调查局已经将它列为最大的安全威胁之一。

**cripple**[ˈkrɪpl]六级

v. to seriously damage or harm sb./sth.

严重毁坏（或损害）

Example

A total cut-off of supplies would **cripple** the country’s economy.

全面切断物品供应会使该国经济陷入瘫痪。

**attachment**[əˈtætʃmənt]学术

n. a document that you send to sb. using e-mail

（用电子邮件发送的）附件

Example

When you send an e-mail you can also send a sound or graphic file as an **attachment.**

在发送电子邮件时，你也可以附上一份声音或图片文件。

**equipment**[ɪˈkwɪpmənt]学术

n. the things that are needed for a particular purpose or activity

设备；器材

Example

The shop sells camping **equipment.**

这家商店出售露营装备。

**Chapter8 Reading1**

**deter**[dɪˈtɜ:(r)]六级

v. to make sb. decide not to do sth. or continue doing sth., especially by making them understand the difficulties and unpleasant results of their actions

制止；阻止；威慑；使不敢

Example

The high price of the service could **deter** people from seeking advice.

这么高的服务费可能使咨询者望而却步。

**display**[dɪˈspleɪ]学术

v. to put sth. in a place where people can see it easily; to show sth. to people

陈列；展出；展示

Example

The exhibition gives local artists an opportunity to **display** their work.

这次展览为当地艺术家提供了展示自己作品的机会。

**prosecute**[ˈprɒsɪkju:t]六级

v. to officially charge sb. with a crime in court

起诉；控告；检举

Example

Trespassers will be **prosecuted.**

闲人莫入，违者必究。

**detective**[dɪˈtektɪv]学术

n. a person, especially a police officer, whose job is to examine crimes and catch criminals

侦探；警探

Example

She hired a private **detective** in an attempt to find her daughter.

她雇了一名私人侦探，试图找到自己的女儿。

**colleague**[ˈkɒli:g]学术

n. a person that you work with, especially in a profession or a business

同事；同僚

Example

We were friends and **colleagues** for more than 20 years.

20多年来我们既是朋友又是同事。

**researcher**[rɪ'sɜ:tʃə(r)]学术

n. a scientist who devotes himself to doing research

研究员；调查者

Example

It was an unexpected turn for a **researcher.**

对于一个学术研究者来说，这是一个出乎意料的转机。

**bond**[bɒnd]学术

n. sth. that forms a connection between people or groups, such as a feeling of friendship or shared ideas and experiences

纽带；联系；关系

Example

A **bond** of friendship had been forged between them.

他们之间形成了一种友谊的纽带。

**imposition**[ˌɪmpəˈzɪʃn]六级

n. the act of introducing sth. such as a new law or rule, or a new tax

（新法律或规则等的）颁布，实施；（新税的）征收

Example

The main grievance of the drivers is the **imposition** of higher fees for driving licenses.

让驾驶员深感不满的是驾驶执照收费的提高。

**punitive**[ˈpju:nətɪv]六级

adj. intended as punishment

惩罚性的；刑罚的；处罚的

Example

There are calls for more **punitive** measures against people who drink and drive.

有人呼吁对酒后驾车的人要有更具处罚性的措施。

**license**[ˈlaɪsns]学术

n. an official document that shows that permission has been given to do, own or use sth.

许可证；执照

Example

You need a **license** to fish in this river.

在这条河里钓鱼要有许可证。

**deterrent**[dɪˈterənt]六级

n. a thing that makes sb. less likely to do sth.

威慑因素；遏制力

Example

Hopefully his punishment will act as a **deterrent** to others.

但愿对他的惩罚能起到杀一儆百的作用。

**severity**[sɪˈverətɪ]四级

n. quality of being severe

严格；严厉；剧烈

Example

A prison sentence should match the **severity** of the crime.

刑期长短要和罪行轻重一致。

**Chapter8 Reading2**

**law enforcement agencies**四级

government offices that are responsible for upholding laws and finding people who break them

执法机构

Example

Law enforcement agencies from different countries could foster the habit of cooperation.

来自不同国家的执法机构可以培养联合行动的习惯。

**swirl**[swɜ:l]六级

v.to move around quickly in a circle; to make sth. do this

（使）打旋，旋动，起旋涡

Example

The water **swirled** down the drain.

水打着旋流进了下水道。

**sufficient**[səˈfɪʃnt]学术

adj.enough for a particular purpose; as much as you need

足够的；充足的

Example

These reasons are not **sufficient** to justify the ban.

这些理由不足以证明实施禁令有理。

**invisible**[ɪnˈvɪzəbl]学术

adj.that cannot be seen

看不见的；隐形的

Example

The belt is **invisible** even under the thinnest garments.

这种腰带即便在最薄的衣衫下都看不出来。

**retrieve**[rɪˈtri:v]六级

v.(formal) to bring or get sth. back

取回；索回

Example

She bent to **retrieve** her comb from the floor.

她弯腰从地上捡起她的梳子。

**analysis**[əˈnæləsɪs]学术

n.the detailed study or examination of sth. in order to understand more about it; the result of the study

（对事物的）分析，分析结果

Example

The book is an **analysis** of poverty and its causes.

这本书分析了贫困及其原因。

**document**[ˈdɒkjumənt]学术

n.an official paper or book that gives information about sth., or that can be used as evidence or proof of sth.

文件；公文；文献；证件

Example

Copies of the relevant **documents** must be filed at court.

有关文件副本必须送交法院备案。

**technique**[tekˈni:k]学术

n.a particular way of doing sth., especially one in which you have to learn special skills

技巧；技艺；工艺

Example

The artist combines different **techniques** in the same painting.

这位艺术家在同一幅画中把不同的画法结合在一起。

**strand**[strænd]六级

n.a single thin piece of thread, wire, hair, etc.

（线、绳、金属线、毛发等的）股，缕

Example

She wore a single **strand** of pearls around her neck.

她脖子上戴着一串珍珠。

**confirm**[kənˈfɜ:m]学术

v. to state or show that sth. is definitely true or correct, especially by providing evidence

（尤指提供证据来）证实，证明，确认

Example

His guilty expression **confirmed** my suspicions.

他内疚的表情证实了我的猜疑。

**Chapter8Reading3**

**retribution**[ˌretrɪˈbju:ʃn]**六级**

n.severe punishment for sth. seriously wrong that sb. has done

严惩；惩罚；报应

Example

People are seeking **retribution** for the latest terrorist outrages.

人们在设法对恐怖分子最近的暴行进行严惩。

**incapacitation**[ɪnkəpæsɪˈteɪʃən]六级

n.the effect of a sentence in terms of positively preventing (rather than merely deterring) future offending

无能力；隔离惩罚

Example

Some people believe the **incapacitation** approach is more effective than the rehabilitation approach.

有些人认为“隔离法”比“塑新法”更有效。

**rehabilitation**[ˌri:əˌbɪlɪˈteɪʃn]六级

n.the restoration of someone to a useful place in society

康复；恢复；塑新

Example

He was well known for his work in the field of drug **rehabilitation.**

他因在戒毒康复领域所做的工作而为人熟知。

**incarceration**[ɪnˌkɑ:səˈreɪʃn]六级

n.the state of being imprisoned

监禁；禁闭

Example

Her childhood was overshadowed by her mother’s **incarceration** in a psychiatric hospital.

她的母亲被关在精神病院，这给她的童年蒙上了阴影。

**react**[riˈækt]学术

v.to change or behave in a particular way as a result of or in response to sth.

起反应；（对…）作出反应；回应

Example

The market **reacted** by falling a further two points.

股市的反应是再下跌两个百分点。

**sentence**[ˈsentəns]四级

n.the punishment given by a court

判决；宣判；判刑

Example

The prisoner has served (=completed) his **sentence** and will be released tomorrow.

犯人服刑期满，明天将获释。

**inmate**[ˈɪnmeɪt]六级

n.one of the people living in an institution such as a prison or a mental hospital

（监狱或精神病院等处）同住者；同狱犯人；同病房者

Example

A comely woman coach jogs alongside an **inmate** in the prison yard.

一个清秀的女教练和犯人一起在监狱院子里慢跑。

**release**[rɪˈli:s]学术

n.the act of setting a person or an animal free; the state of being set free

释放；获释

Example

The government has been working to secure the **release** of the hostages.

政府一直在努力争取使人质获释。

**alternative**[ɔ:lˈtɜ:nətɪv]学术

n.a thing that you can choose to do or have out of two or more possibilities

可供选择的事物

Example

You can be paid in cash weekly or by cheque monthly; those are the two **alternatives.**

你的工资可以按周以现金支取，或按月以支票支取。二者可选其一。

**probation**[prəˈbeɪʃn]六级

n.a system that allows a person who has committed a crime not to go to prison if they behave well and if they see an official (called a probation officer) regularly for a fixed period of time

缓刑制；缓刑

Example

The prisoner was put on **probation.**

犯人已获缓刑。

**assist**[əˈsɪst]学术

v.to help sb. to do sth.

帮助；协助；援助

Example

We will **assist** you in finding somewhere to live.

我们将帮你找个住的地方。

**ultimate**[ˈʌltɪmət]学术

adj.happening at the end of a long process

最后的；最终的；终极的

Example

We will accept **ultimate** responsibility for whatever happens.

无论出什么事情，我们愿承担最终责任。

**dreary**[ˈdrɪəri]六级

adj.that makes you feel sad; dull and not interesting

令人沮丧的；沉闷的；枯燥无味的

Example

They live such **dreary** lives.

他们的生活如此乏味！

**confine**[kənˈfaɪn]学术

v.to keep sb./sth. inside the limits of a particular activity, subject, area, etc.

限制；限定

Example

The work will not be **confined** to the Glasgow area.

此项工作不会局限于格拉斯哥地区

**respond**[rɪˈspɒnd]四级

v. (formal) to give a spoken or written answer to sb./sth.

（口头或书面）回答，回应

Example

She never **responded** to my letter.

她从来没给我回过信。

**access**[ˈækses]四级

v. to find information, especially on a computer

存取，获取

Example

Users can **access** their voice mail remotely.

用户可以远程获取语音邮件。