

assignment_05

October 3, 2021

1 Logistic regression for multi-class classification

1.1 import libraries

```
[ ]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from tqdm import tqdm
```

1.2 load data

```
[ ]: directory_data = '/Users/lyuwan-u/Desktop/2021-2/
    ↳assignment-machine-learning-project/assignment05'
filename_data = 'assignment_05_data.npz'
data = np.load(os.path.join(directory_data, filename_data))

x_train = data['x_train']
y_train = data['y_train']

x_test = data['x_test']
y_test = data['y_test']

num_data_train = x_train.shape[0]
num_data_test = x_test.shape[0]

print('*****')
print('size of x_train :', x_train.shape)
print('size of y_train :', y_train.shape)
print('*****')
print('size of x_test :', x_test.shape)
print('size of y_test :', y_test.shape)
print('*****')
print('number of training image :', x_train.shape[0])
print('height of training image :', x_train.shape[1])
print('width of training image :', x_train.shape[2])
print('*****')
print('number of testing image :', x_test.shape[0])
```

```
print('height of testing image :', x_test.shape[1])
print('width of testing image :', x_test.shape[2])
print('*****')
```

```
*****
size of x_train : (20000, 28, 28)
size of y_train : (20000, 10)
*****
size of x_test : (8000, 28, 28)
size of y_test : (8000, 10)
*****
number of training image : 20000
height of training image : 28
width of training image : 28
*****
number of testing image : 8000
height of testing image : 28
width of testing image : 28
*****
```

1.3 number of classes

```
[ ]: nClass = y_train.shape[1]

print('*****')
print('number of classes :', nClass)
print('*****')
```

```
*****
number of classes : 10
*****
```

1.4 vectorize image data

```
[ ]: vector_x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], x_train.shape[1] * x_train.
    ↪shape[2])
vector_x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], x_test.shape[1] * x_test.
    ↪shape[2])

print('*****')
print('dimension of the training data :', vector_x_train.shape)
print('dimension of the testing data :', vector_x_test.shape)
print('*****')
print('dimension of the training label :', y_train.shape)
print('dimension of the testing label :', y_test.shape)
print('*****')
```

```
*****
```

```

dimension of the training data : (20000, 784)
dimension of the testing data : (8000, 784)
*****
dimension of the training label : (20000, 10)
dimension of the testing label : (8000, 10)
*****

```

1.5 index for each class

```

[ ]: index_train = {}
     index_test  = {}

number_index_train = np.zeros(nClass)
number_index_test  = np.zeros(nClass)

print('*****')

for i in range(nClass):

    index_train[i] = np.where(y_train[:, i] == 1)
    index_test[i]  = np.where(y_test[:, i] == 1)

    number_index_train[i] = np.shape(index_train[i])[1]
    number_index_test[i]  = np.shape(index_test[i])[1]

    print('number of the training data for class %2d : %5d' % (i,
↪number_index_train[i]))
    print('number of the testing data for class %2d : %5d' % (i,
↪number_index_test[i]))

print('*****')

```

```

*****
number of the training data for class 0 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 0 : 800
number of the training data for class 1 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 1 : 800
number of the training data for class 2 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 2 : 800
number of the training data for class 3 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 3 : 800
number of the training data for class 4 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 4 : 800
number of the training data for class 5 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 5 : 800
number of the training data for class 6 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 6 : 800
number of the training data for class 7 : 2000

```

```

number of the testing data for class 7 : 800
number of the training data for class 8 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 8 : 800
number of the training data for class 9 : 2000
number of the testing data for class 9 : 800
*****

```

1.6 plot data

```

[ ]: def plot_data_grid(data, index_data, nRow, nCol):

    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
↪* 3, nRow * 3))

    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index  = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

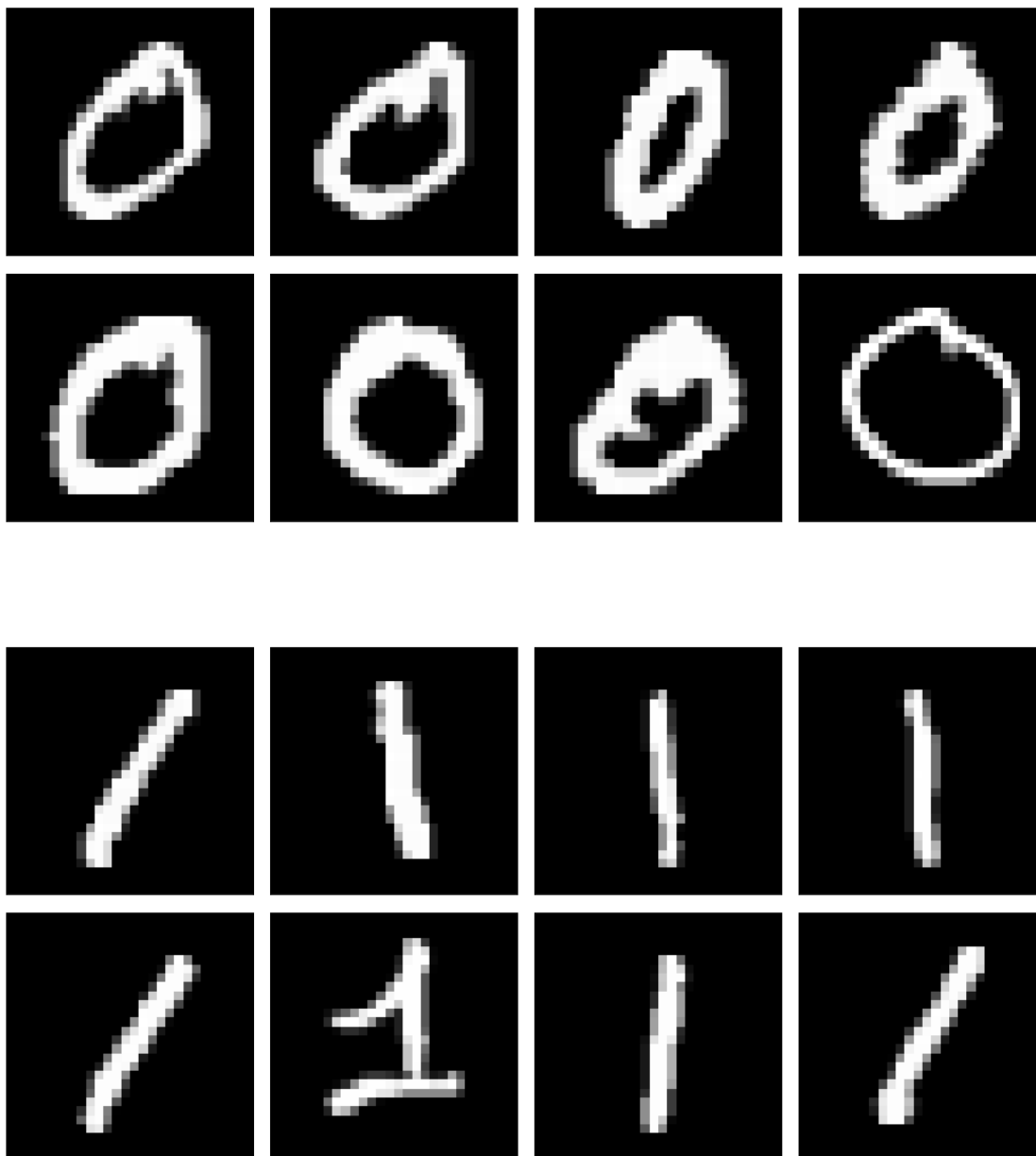
    plt.show()

[ ]: nRow    = 2
     nCol    = 4
     nPlot   = nRow * nCol

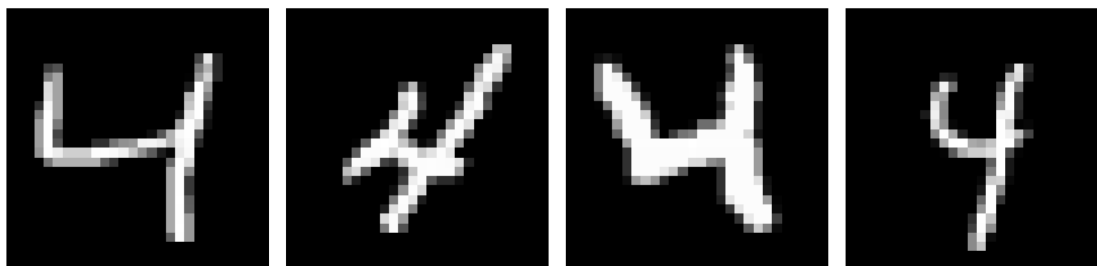
[ ]: for i in range(nClass):

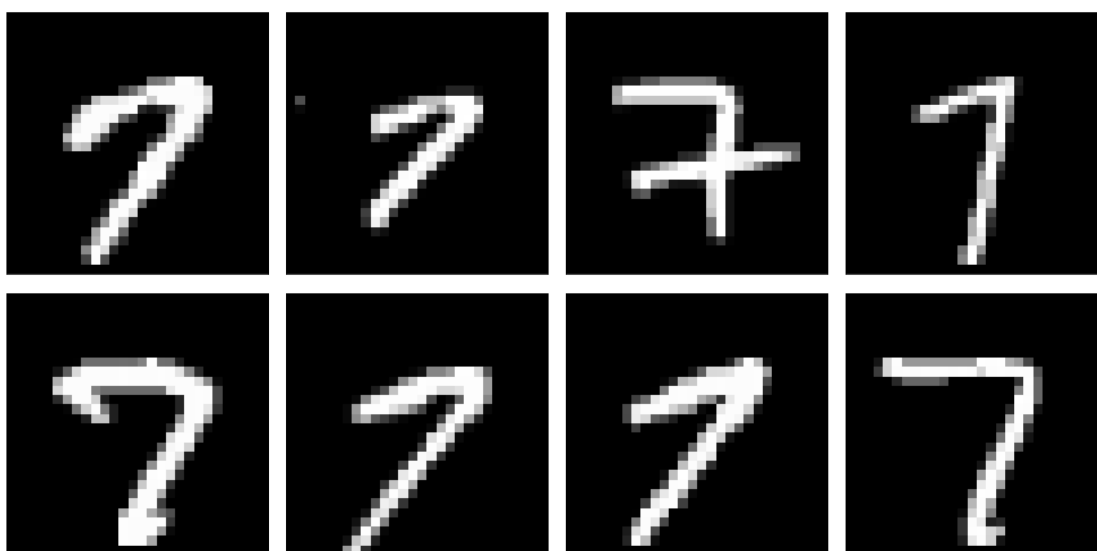
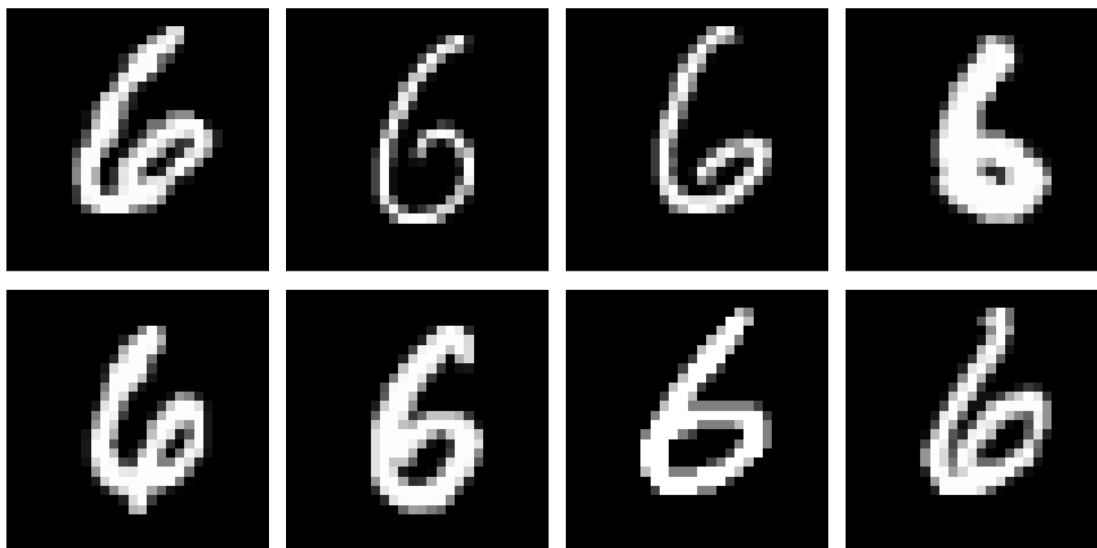
    index_class_plot = index_train[i][0][0:nPlot]
    plot_data_grid(x_train, index_class_plot, nRow, nCol)

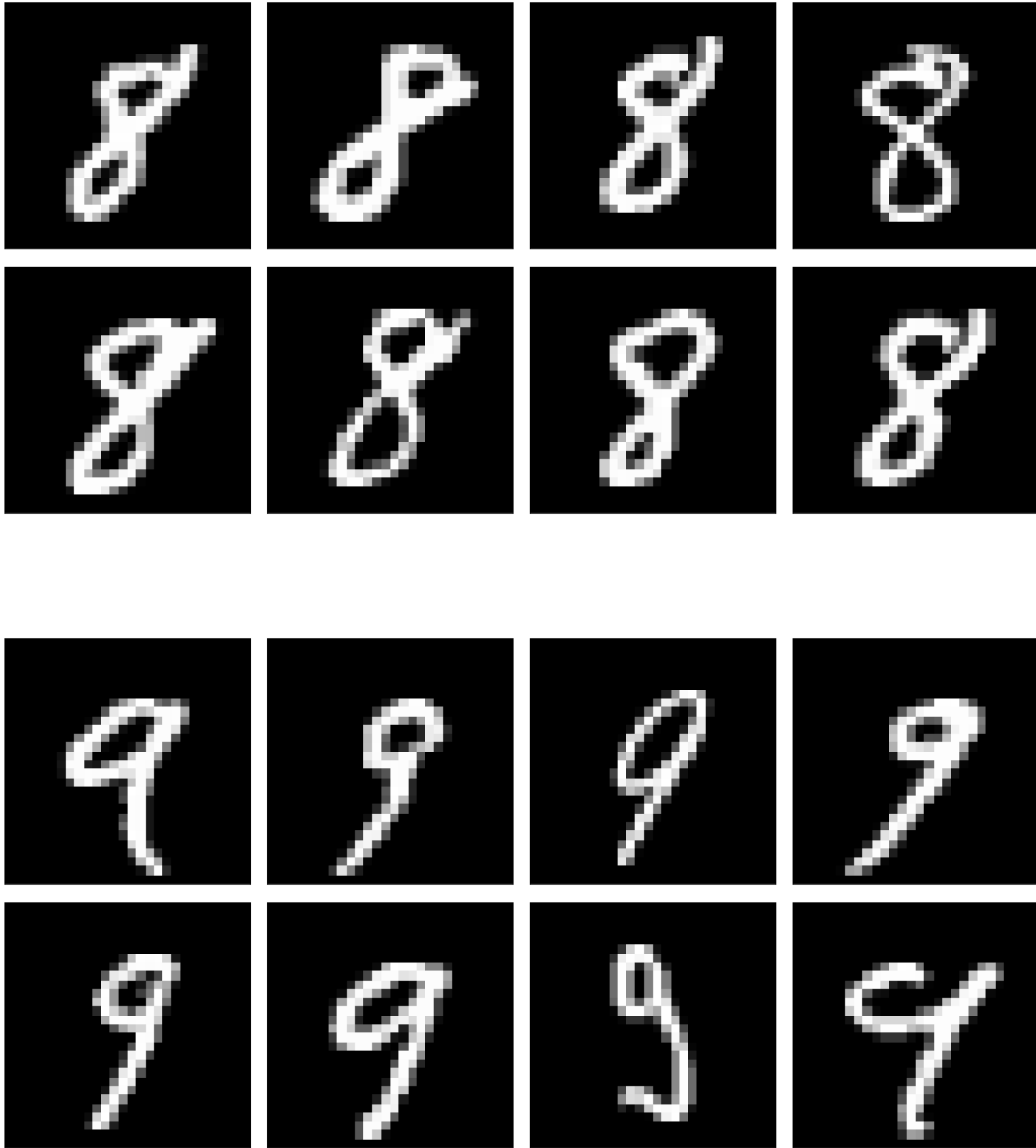
```











1.7 linear layer

```
[ ]: one_train    = np.ones(shape=(len(vector_x_train),1))
      one_test    = np.ones(shape=(len(vector_x_test),1))

      vector_x_train_bias = np.hstack([vector_x_train,one_train])
      vector_x_test_bias  = np.hstack([vector_x_test,one_test])

      print('dimension of the training data with bias :', vector_x_train_bias.shape)
```

```
print('dimension of the testing data with bias :', vector_x_test_bias.shape)
```

dimension of the training data with bias : (20000, 785)

dimension of the testing data with bias : (8000, 785)

```
[ ]: def get_weight(dim_input, dim_output):

    weight = np.ones((dim_output, dim_input+1))
    # initialize the model parameters (linear = 0.001, bias = 1)
    weight = weight * 0.001
    weight[:, -1] = 1

    return weight

dim_input    = vector_x_train.shape[1]
dim_output   = nClass

weight = get_weight(dim_input, dim_output)

print('dimension of the model parameters: ', weight.shape)
print('first row of the weight matrix: ', weight[0, :])
print(weight[:, -1])
```

dimension of the model parameters: (10, 785)

first row of the weight matrix: [0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001

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```

output = np.dot(input,weight.T)

return output

```

```
[ ]: layer_linear(vector_x_train_bias,weight)
```

```
[ ]: array([[1.12194118, 1.12194118, 1.12194118, ..., 1.12194118, 1.12194118,
          1.12194118],
          [1.13895294, 1.13895294, 1.13895294, ..., 1.13895294, 1.13895294,
          1.13895294],
          [1.14316471, 1.14316471, 1.14316471, ..., 1.14316471, 1.14316471,
          1.14316471],
          ...,
          [1.1306      , 1.1306      , 1.1306      , ..., 1.1306      , 1.1306      ,
          1.1306      ],
          [1.16640784, 1.16640784, 1.16640784, ..., 1.16640784, 1.16640784,
          1.16640784],
          [1.07769804, 1.07769804, 1.07769804, ..., 1.07769804, 1.07769804,
          1.07769804]])

```

1.8 Softmax function

```
[ ]: def activation_softmax(input):

    input_exp = np.exp(input)
    partition = input_exp.sum(axis=1,keepdims=True)
    output     = input_exp / partition

    return output

```

1.9 compute prediction by the forward propagation of the neural network

```
[ ]: def compute_prediction(input, weight):

    output      = layer_linear(input,weight)
    prediction   = activation_softmax(output)

    return prediction

```

```
[ ]: compute_prediction(vector_x_train_bias,weight)
```

```
[ ]: array([[0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ..., 0.1, 0.1, 0.1],
          [0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ..., 0.1, 0.1, 0.1],
          [0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ..., 0.1, 0.1, 0.1],
          ...,
          [0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ..., 0.1, 0.1, 0.1],

```

```
[0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ..., 0.1, 0.1, 0.1],  
[0.1, 0.1, 0.1, ..., 0.1, 0.1, 0.1]])
```

1.10 compute loss for the cross-entropy term

```
[ ]: def compute_loss_cross_entropy(prediction, label):  
  
    pred = np.log(prediction)  
    loss = -(np.sum(np.sum(label*pred,axis=1)))/label.shape[0]  
    return loss
```

1.11 compute loss for the regularization term

```
[ ]: def compute_loss_regularization(alpha, weight):  
  
    L2_norm_square = np.linalg.norm(weight,ord=2) ** 2  
    loss = L2_norm_square * alpha / 2  
  
    return loss
```

```
[ ]: compute_loss_regularization(0.1,weight)
```

```
[ ]: 0.5003920000000002
```

1.12 compute loss function

```
[ ]: def compute_loss(prediction, label, alpha, weight):  
  
    loss = compute_loss_cross_entropy(prediction,label) +  
    ↪compute_loss_regularization(alpha,weight)  
  
    return loss
```

1.13 compute gradient for the cross-entropy term

```
[ ]: def compute_gradient_cross_entropy(input, prediction, label):  
  
    gradient = np.dot((prediction-label).T,input)  
    gradient = gradient / len(label)  
  
    return gradient
```

1.14 compute gradient for the regularization term

```
[ ]: def compute_gradient_regularization(alpha, weight):  
  
    gradient = alpha * weight  
  
    return gradient
```

```
[ ]: compute_gradient_regularization(0.1,weight).shape
```

```
[ ]: (10, 785)
```

1.15 compute gradient

```
[ ]: def compute_gradient(input, prediction, label, alpha, weight):  
  
    gradient = compute_gradient_cross_entropy(input,prediction,label) +  
    ↪compute_gradient_regularization(alpha,weight)  
  
    return gradient
```

1.16 compute accuracy

```
[ ]: def compute_accuracy(prediction, label):  
  
    bCorrect    = [True if list(prediction[i]).  
    ↪index(max(prediction[i]))==list(label[i]).index(1) else False for i in  
    ↪range(len(label))]  
    accuracy    = np.sum(bCorrect) / len(label)  
    return accuracy
```

1.17 consider bias in the data

```
[ ]: one_train    = np.ones(shape=(len(vector_x_train),1))  
    one_test     = np.ones(shape=(len(vector_x_test),1))  
  
    vector_x_train_bias = np.hstack([vector_x_train,one_train])  
    vector_x_test_bias  = np.hstack([vector_x_test,one_test])  
  
    print('dimension of the training data with bias :', vector_x_train_bias.shape)  
    print('dimension of the testing data with bias :', vector_x_test_bias.shape)
```

```
dimension of the training data with bias : (20000, 785)
```

```
dimension of the testing data with bias : (8000, 785)
```

1.18 construct model parameters and initialize them

```
[ ]: def get_weight(dim_input, dim_output):  
  
    weight = np.ones((dim_output, dim_input))  
    # initialize the model parameters (linear = 0.001, bias = 1)  
    weight = weight * 0.001  
    weight[:, -1] = 1  
  
    return weight
```

```
[ ]: dim_input    = vector_x_train_bias.shape[1]
      dim_output   = nClass

      weight = get_weight(dim_input, dim_output)

      print('dimension of the model parameters: ', weight.shape)
      print('first row of the weight matrix: ', weight[0, :])
```

[illegible]

[illegible]

1.19 hyper-parameters

```
[ ]: number_iteration    = 1000
      learning_rate      = 0.001

      list_size_minibatch = [50, 100, 200]
      list_weight_decay   = [0.001, 0.01, 0.1]
```



```
num_size_minibatch = len(list_size_minibatch)
num_weight_decay   = len(list_weight_decay)
```

1.20 variables for optimization information for different minibatch

```
[ ]: train_loss_mean_minibatch      = np.zeros((num_size_minibatch, number_iteration))
      train_loss_std_minibatch      = np.zeros((num_size_minibatch, number_iteration))

      train_accuracy_mean_minibatch = np.zeros((num_size_minibatch, number_iteration))
      train_accuracy_std_minibatch  = np.zeros((num_size_minibatch, number_iteration))

      test_loss_minibatch           = np.zeros((num_size_minibatch, number_iteration))
      test_accuracy_minibatch       = np.zeros((num_size_minibatch, number_iteration))
```

1.21 variables for optimization information for different weight decay

```
[ ]: train_loss_mean_weight_decay    = np.zeros((num_weight_decay, number_iteration))
      ↪                               ↪
      train_loss_std_weight_decay     = np.zeros((num_weight_decay, number_iteration))
      ↪                               ↪

      train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay = np.zeros((num_weight_decay, number_iteration))
      ↪                               ↪
      train_accuracy_std_weight_decay  = np.zeros((num_weight_decay, number_iteration))
      ↪                               ↪

      test_loss_weight_decay           = np.zeros((num_weight_decay, number_iteration))
      ↪                               ↪
      test_accuracy_weight_decay       = np.zeros((num_weight_decay, number_iteration))
      ↪                               ↪
```

1.22 stochastic gradient descent iterations with different mini-batch (with alpha = 0)

```
[ ]: print(num_data_train)
      t = np.random.permutation(num_data_train)[0:0+list_size_minibatch[1]]
      print(vector_x_train_bias[t].shape)
```

```
20000
(100, 785)
```

```
[ ]: # iteration for mini-batch
      for k in range(num_size_minibatch):

          size_minibatch = list_size_minibatch[k]
```

```

num_minibatch = len(vector_x_train_bias) // size_minibatch
alpha         = 0

print('mini-batch size = %3d, alpha = %4.3f' % (size_minibatch, alpha))

weight = get_weight(dim_input, nClass)
# initialize seed for generating random number
np.random.seed(0)
# iteration for epoch
for i in tqdm(range(number_iteration)):

    index_shuffle = np.random.permutation(num_data_train)
    loss_epoch    = []
    accuracy_epoch = []

    for j in range(num_minibatch):

        index_minibatch = index_shuffle[j*size_minibatch:
↪(j+1)*size_minibatch]
        data      = vector_x_train_bias[index_minibatch]
        label     = y_train[index_minibatch]

        prediction = compute_prediction(data, weight)
        gradient   = compute_gradient(data, prediction, label, alpha, weight)
        weight     = weight - learning_rate * gradient

        prediction = compute_prediction(data, weight)
        loss       = compute_loss(prediction, label, alpha, weight)
        accuracy   = compute_accuracy(prediction, label)

        loss_epoch.append(loss)
        accuracy_epoch.append(accuracy)

    train_loss_mean_minibatch[k, i] = np.mean(loss_epoch)
    train_loss_std_minibatch[k, i]  = np.std(loss_epoch)

    train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[k, i] = np.mean(accuracy_epoch)
    train_accuracy_std_minibatch[k, i]  = np.std(accuracy_epoch)

# testing
data      = vector_x_test_bias
label     = y_test

prediction = compute_prediction(data, weight)
loss_test  = compute_loss(prediction, label, alpha, weight)
accuracy_test = compute_accuracy(prediction, label)

```

```
test_loss_minibatch[k, i]      = loss_test
test_accuracy_minibatch[k, i]  = accuracy_test
```

```
0%|          | 0/1000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
mini-batch size = 50, alpha = 0.000
100%|        | 1000/1000 [05:36<00:00, 2.97it/s]
0%|          | 0/1000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
mini-batch size = 100, alpha = 0.000
100%|        | 1000/1000 [04:43<00:00, 3.52it/s]
0%|          | 0/1000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
mini-batch size = 200, alpha = 0.000
100%|        | 1000/1000 [04:16<00:00, 3.89it/s]
```

1.23 stochastic gradient descent iterations with different regularization parameter (weight decay) (with mini-batch size = 100)

```
[ ]: # iteration for mini-batch
for k in range(num_weight_decay):

    size_minibatch = 100
    num_minibatch = len(vector_x_train_bias) // size_minibatch
    alpha         = list_weight_decay[k]

    print('mini-batch size = %3d, alpha = %4.3f' % (size_minibatch, alpha))

    weight = get_weight(dim_input, nClass)
    # initialize seed for generating random number
    np.random.seed(0)
    # iteration for epoch
    for i in tqdm(range(number_iteration)):

        index_shuffle = np.random.permutation(num_data_train)
        loss_epoch    = []
        accuracy_epoch = []

        for j in range(num_minibatch):

            index_minibatch = index_shuffle[j*size_minibatch:
↪(j+1)*size_minibatch]

            data = vector_x_train_bias[index_minibatch]
            label = y_train[index_minibatch]

            prediction = compute_prediction(data, weight)
```

```

        gradient    = compute_gradient(data,prediction,label,alpha,weight)
        weight      = weight - learning_rate * gradient

        prediction   = compute_prediction(data,weight)
        loss         = compute_loss(prediction,label,alpha,weight)
        accuracy     = compute_accuracy(prediction,label)

        loss_epoch.append(loss)
        accuracy_epoch.append(accuracy)

    train_loss_mean_weight_decay[k, i] = np.mean(loss_epoch)
    train_loss_std_weight_decay[k, i]  = np.std(loss_epoch)

    train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay[k, i] = np.mean(accuracy_epoch)
    train_accuracy_std_weight_decay[k, i]  = np.std(accuracy_epoch)

    # testing
    data      = vector_x_test_bias
    label     = y_test

    prediction    = compute_prediction(data,weight)
    loss_test     = compute_loss(prediction,label,alpha,weight)
    accuracy_test = compute_accuracy(prediction,label)

    test_loss_weight_decay[k, i]      = loss_test
    test_accuracy_weight_decay[k, i]   = accuracy_test

```

```

0%|          | 0/1000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
mini-batch size = 100, alpha = 0.001
100%|        | 1000/1000 [05:07<00:00, 3.25it/s]
0%|          | 0/1000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
mini-batch size = 100, alpha = 0.010
100%|        | 1000/1000 [04:38<00:00, 3.59it/s]
0%|          | 0/1000 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
mini-batch size = 100, alpha = 0.100
100%|        | 1000/1000 [04:36<00:00, 3.62it/s]

```

1.24 plot curve

```

[ ]: def plot_curve(data, x_label, y_label, title):

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.title(title)

```

```
plt.plot(range(len(data)), data, '-', color='red')

plt.xlabel(x_label)
plt.ylabel(y_label)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: def plot_curve2(data1, label_data1, data2, label_data2, x_label, y_label,
    ↪title):

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.title(title)

    plt.plot(range(len(data1)), data1, '-', color = 'blue', label = label_data1)
    plt.plot(range(len(data2)), data2, '-', color = 'red', label = label_data2)

    plt.xlabel(x_label)
    plt.ylabel(y_label)

    plt.legend()
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: def plot_curve3(data1, label_data1, data2, label_data2, data3, label_data3,
    ↪x_label, y_label, title):

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.title(title)

    plt.plot(range(len(data1)), data1, '-', color = 'blue', label = label_data1)
    plt.plot(range(len(data2)), data2, '-', color = 'red', label = label_data2)
    plt.plot(range(len(data3)), data3, '-', color = 'green', label =
    ↪label_data3)

    plt.xlabel(x_label)
    plt.ylabel(y_label)

    plt.legend()
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: def plot_curve_error(data_mean, data_std, x_label, y_label, title):

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.title(title)
```

```

alpha = 0.3

plt.plot(range(len(data_mean)), data_mean, '-', color = 'red')
plt.fill_between(range(len(data_mean)), data_mean - data_std, data_mean +
↳data_std, facecolor = 'blue', alpha = alpha)

plt.xlabel(x_label)
plt.ylabel(y_label)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```

```

[ ]: def plot_curve_error2(data1_mean, data1_std, data1_label, data2_mean,
↳data2_std, data2_label, x_label, y_label, title):

    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.title(title)

    alpha = 0.3

    plt.plot(range(len(data1_mean)), data1_mean, '-', color = 'blue', label =
↳data1_label)
    plt.fill_between(range(len(data1_mean)), data1_mean - data1_std, data1_mean
↳+ data1_std, facecolor = 'blue', alpha = alpha)

    plt.plot(range(len(data2_mean)), data2_mean, '-', color = 'red', label =
↳data2_label)
    plt.fill_between(range(len(data2_mean)), data2_mean - data2_std, data2_mean
↳+ data2_std, facecolor = 'red', alpha = alpha)

    plt.xlabel(x_label)
    plt.ylabel(y_label)

    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()

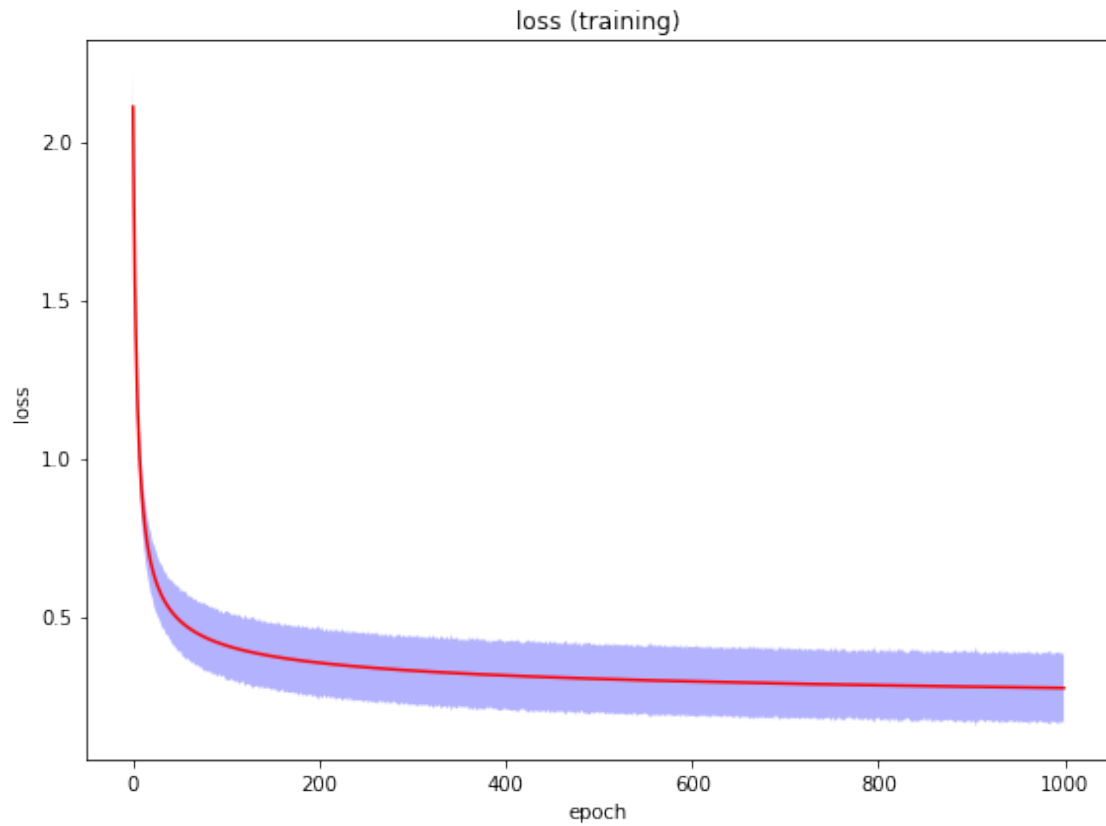
```

1.25 loss (training) curve : mini-batch size = 50, weight decay = 0

```

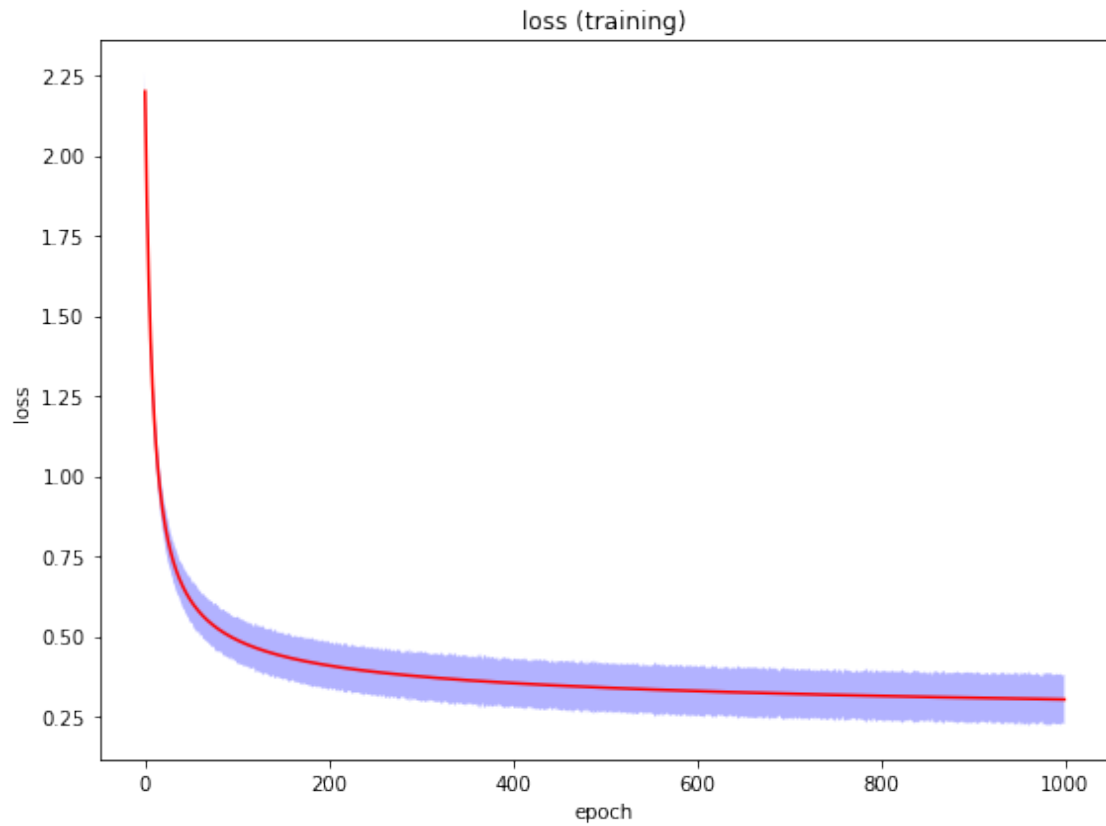
[ ]: plot_curve_error(train_loss_mean_minibatch[0], train_loss_std_minibatch[0],
↳'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (training)')

```



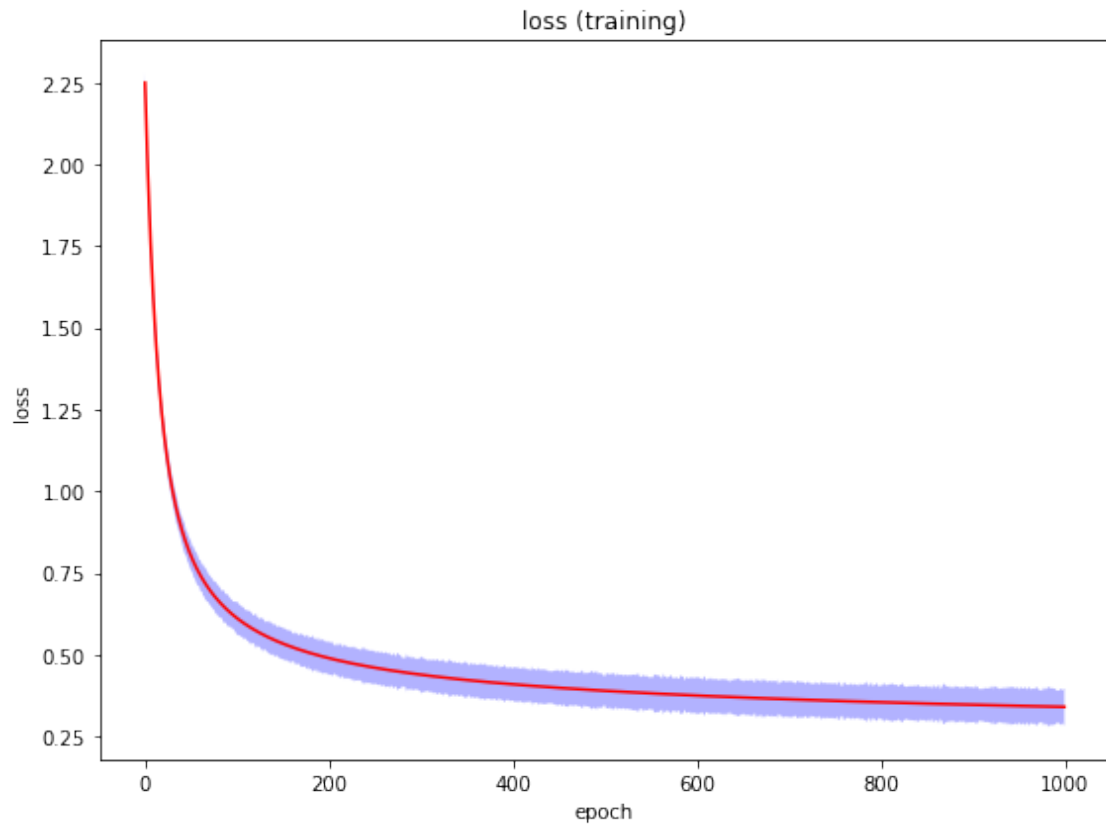
1.26 loss (training) curve : mini-batch size = 100, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: plot_curve_error(train_loss_mean_minibatch[1], train_loss_std_minibatch[1],  
    ↪ 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (training)')
```



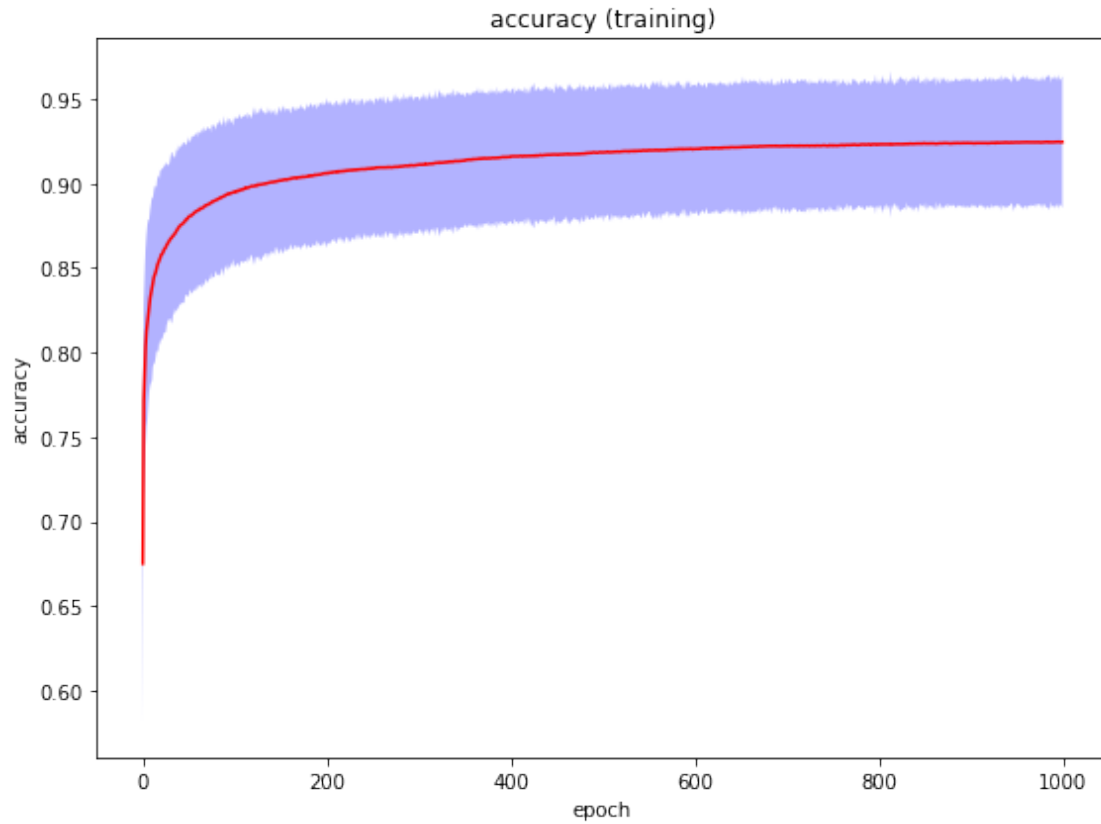
1.27 loss (training) curve : mini-batch size = 200, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: plot_curve_error(train_loss_mean_minibatch[2], train_loss_std_minibatch[2],  
    ↪ 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (training)')
```

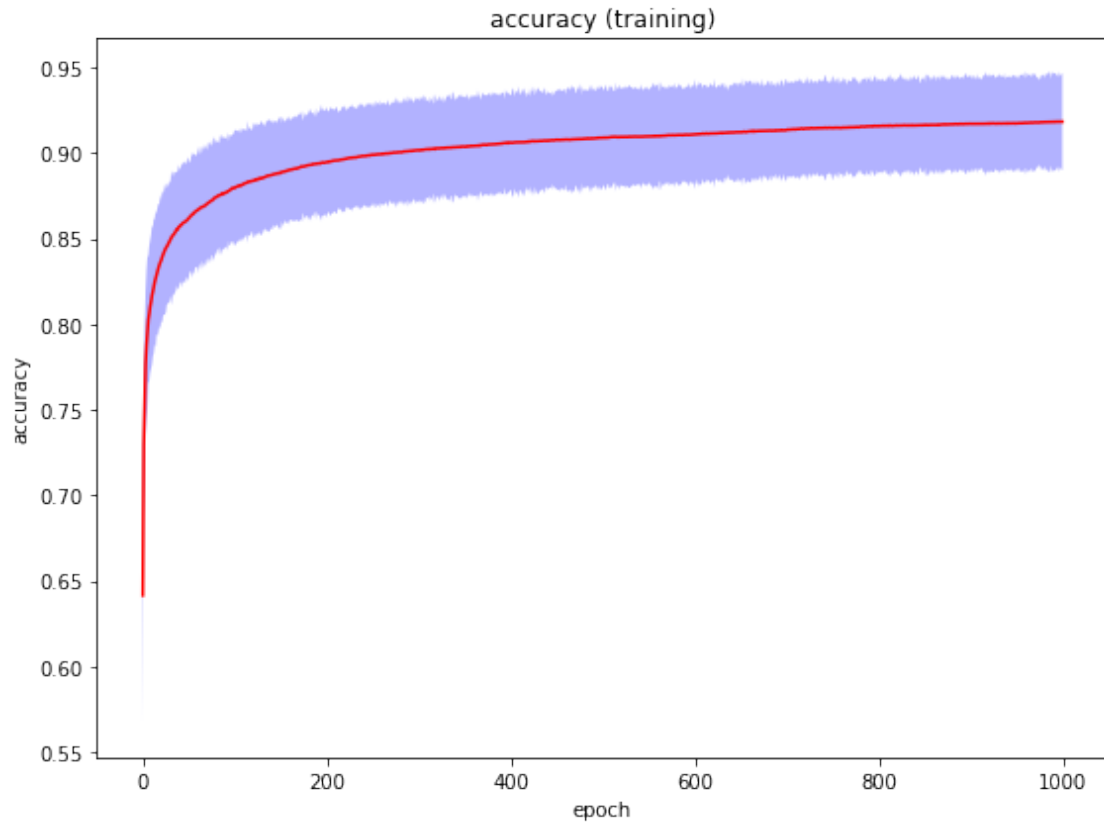
1.28 accuracy (training) curve : mini-batch size = 50, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: plot_curve_error(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[0],  
    ↪train_accuracy_std_minibatch[0], 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (training)')
```



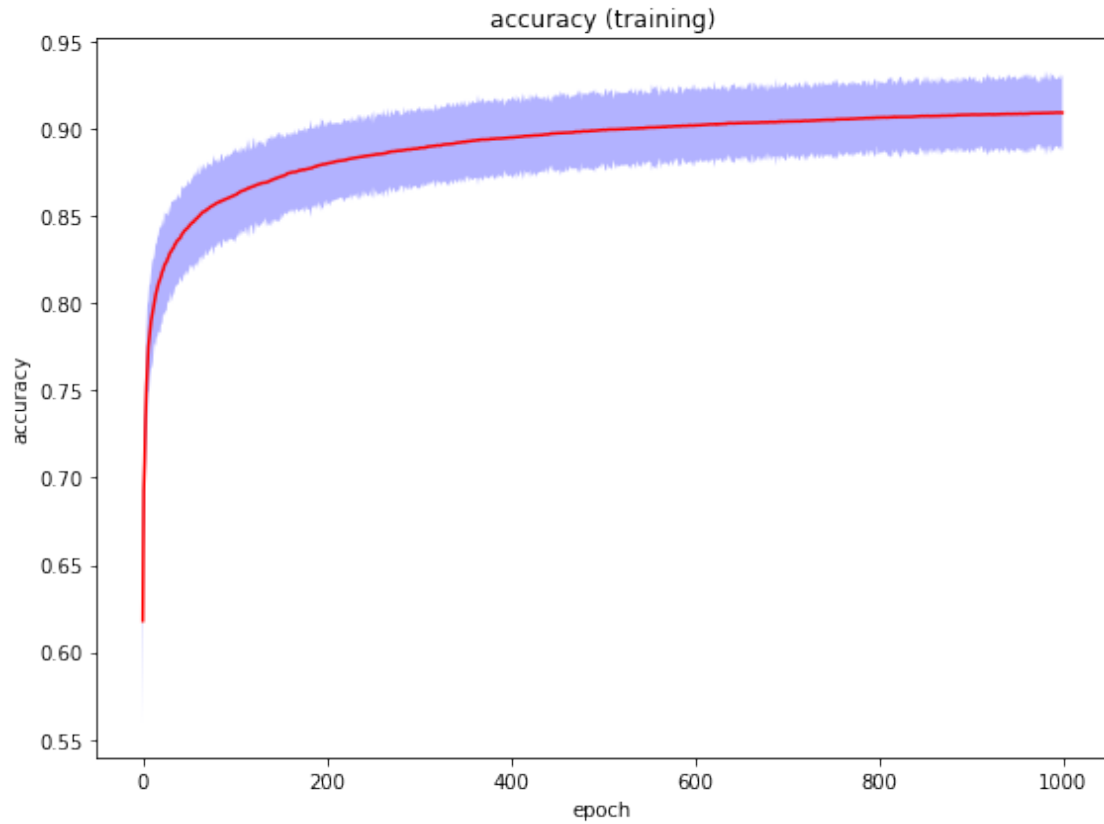
1.29 accuracy (training) curve : mini-batch size = 100, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: plot_curve_error(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[1],  
    ↪train_accuracy_std_minibatch[1], 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (training)')
```



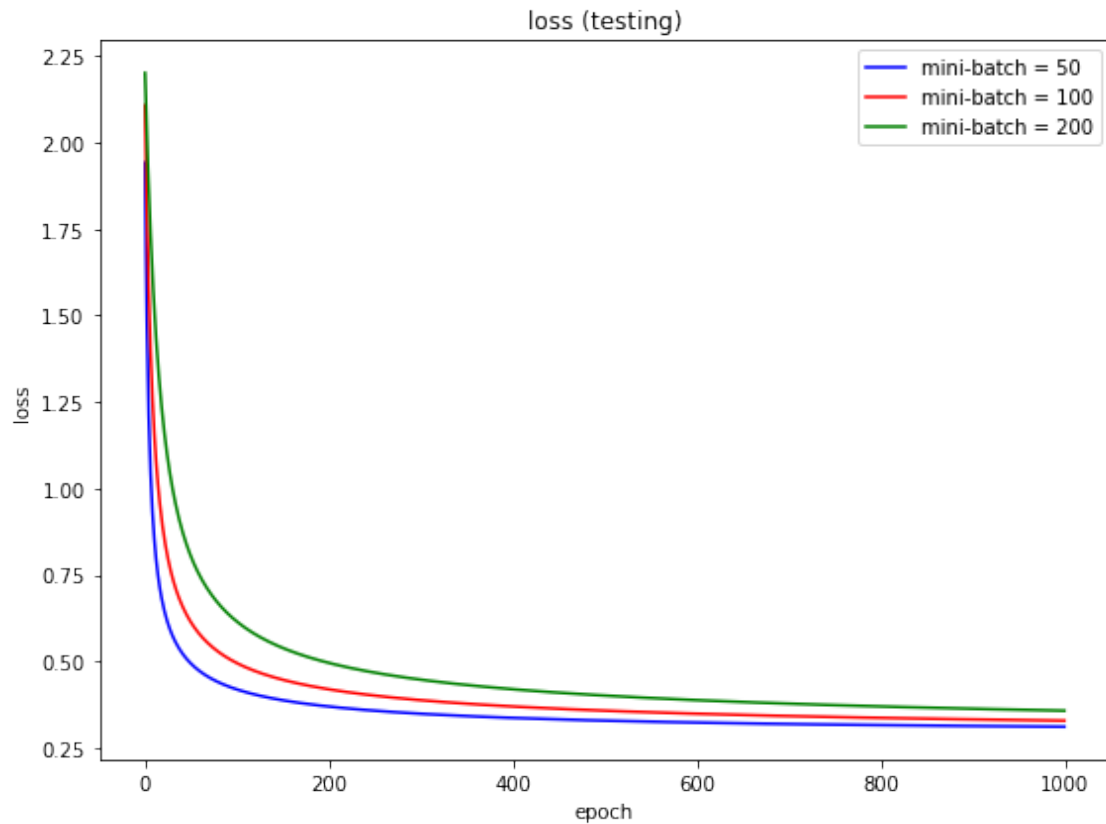
1.30 accuracy (training) curve : mini-batch size = 200, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: plot_curve_error(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[2],  
    ↪train_accuracy_std_minibatch[2], 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (training)')
```



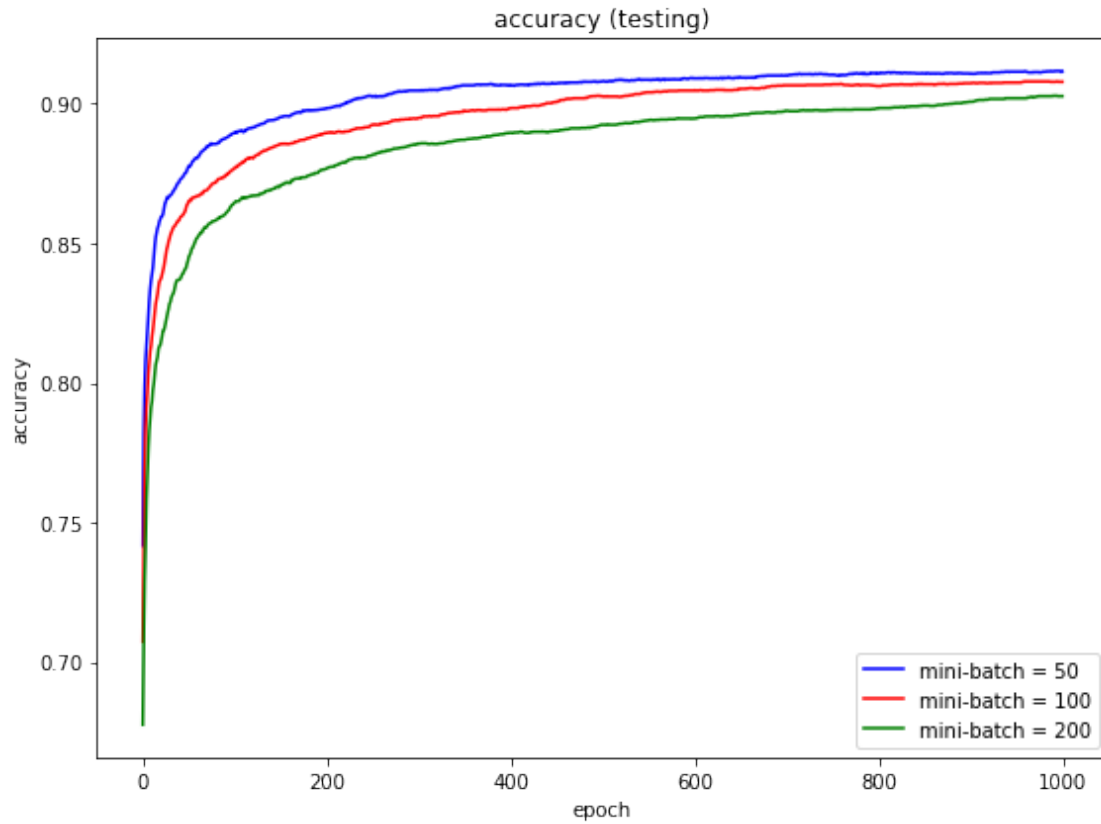
1.31 loss (testing) curve with different mini-batch

```
[ ]: plot_curve3(test_loss_minibatch[0], 'mini-batch = 50', test_loss_minibatch[1],  
↳ 'mini-batch = 100', test_loss_minibatch[2], 'mini-batch = 200', 'epoch',  
↳ 'loss', 'loss (testing)')
```



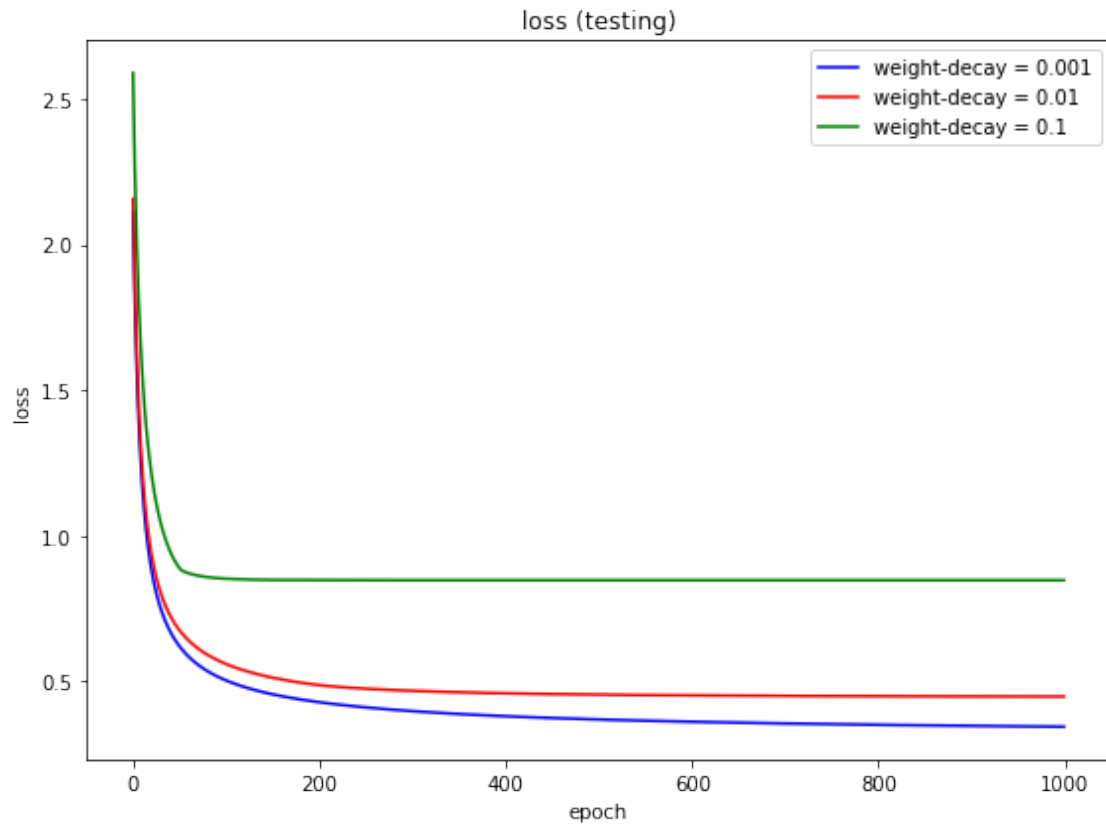
1.32 accuracy (testing) curve with different mini-batch

```
[ ]: plot_curve3(test_accuracy_minibatch[0], 'mini-batch = 50',
↳test_accuracy_minibatch[1], 'mini-batch = 100', test_accuracy_minibatch[2],
↳'mini-batch = 200', 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (testing)')
```



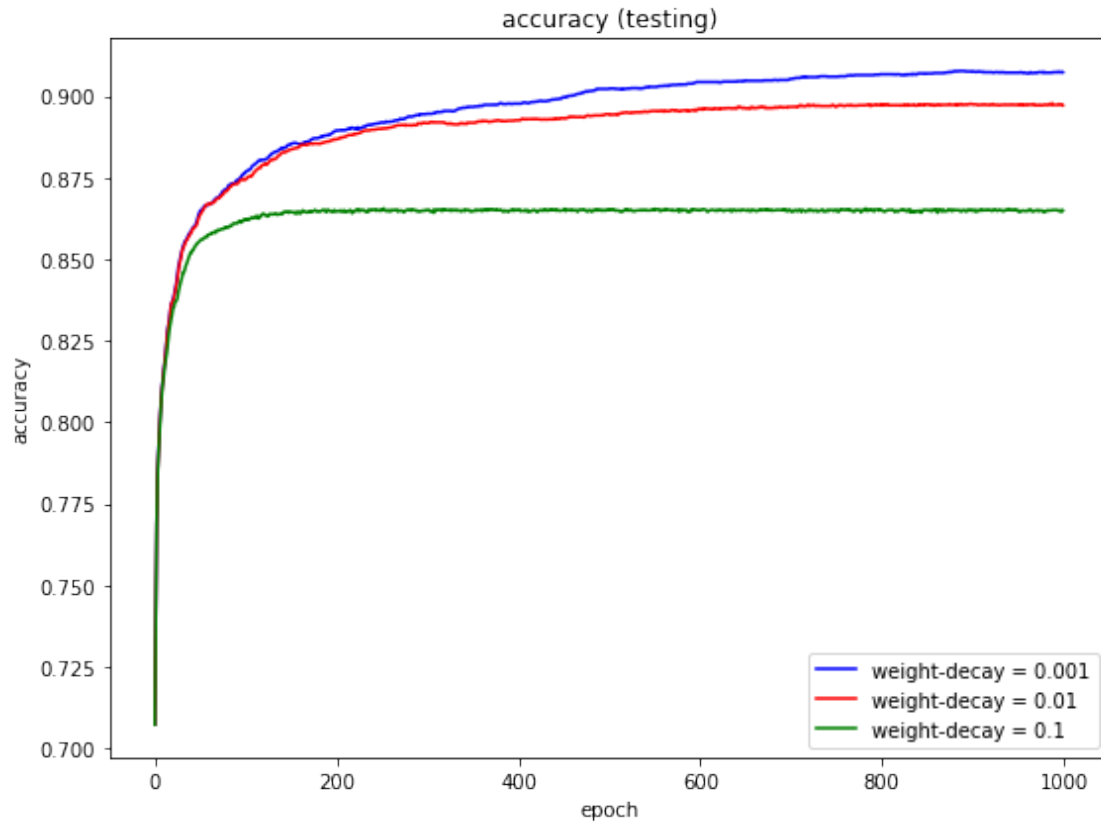
1.33 loss (testing) curve with different weight-decay

```
[ ]: plot_curve3(test_loss_weight_decay[0], 'weight-decay = 0.001',
↳test_loss_weight_decay[1], 'weight-decay = 0.01', test_loss_weight_decay[2],
↳'weight-decay = 0.1', 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (testing)')
```



1.34 accuracy (testing) curve with different weight-decay

```
[ ]: plot_curve3(test_accuracy_weight_decay[0], 'weight-decay = 0.001',
↳test_accuracy_weight_decay[1], 'weight-decay = 0.01',
↳test_accuracy_weight_decay[2], 'weight-decay = 0.1', 'epoch', 'accuracy',
↳'accuracy (testing)')
```



1.35 print values

```
[ ]: def print_curve(data, index):

    for i in range(len(index)):

        idx = index[i]
        val = data[idx]

        print('index = %4d, value = %12.10f' % (idx, val))
```

1.36 given iterations at which the values are presented

```
[ ]: index = np.array([0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900])
```

1.37 training loss (mean) : mini-batch = 50, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_loss_mean_minibatch[0], index)
```



```
index = 0, value = 2.1095174326
index = 100, value = 0.4083112742
index = 200, value = 0.3536532803
index = 300, value = 0.3289345117
index = 400, value = 0.3136814192
index = 500, value = 0.3029182430
index = 600, value = 0.2947188323
index = 700, value = 0.2881619450
index = 800, value = 0.2827342002
index = 900, value = 0.2781186702
```

1.38 training loss (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_loss_mean_minibatch[1], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 2.2003866772
index = 100, value = 0.4884452279
index = 200, value = 0.4086303762
index = 300, value = 0.3743102039
index = 400, value = 0.3538169113
index = 500, value = 0.3396656612
index = 600, value = 0.3290494042
index = 700, value = 0.3206579243
index = 800, value = 0.3137801756
index = 900, value = 0.3079845796
```

1.39 training loss (mean) : mini-batch = 200, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_loss_mean_minibatch[2], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 2.2496536286
index = 100, value = 0.6111343709
index = 200, value = 0.4888445621
index = 300, value = 0.4381704814
index = 400, value = 0.4087920721
index = 500, value = 0.3889821374
index = 600, value = 0.3744117757
index = 700, value = 0.3630728201
index = 800, value = 0.3538961488
index = 900, value = 0.3462466136
```

1.40 training accuracy (mean) : mini-batch = 50, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[0], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6751000000
index = 100, value = 0.8951500000
index = 200, value = 0.9062000000
```

```
index = 300, value = 0.9112000000
index = 400, value = 0.9160000000
index = 500, value = 0.9184000000
index = 600, value = 0.9204000000
index = 700, value = 0.9224000000
index = 800, value = 0.9230000000
index = 900, value = 0.9238500000
```

1.41 training accuracy (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[1], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6415000000
index = 100, value = 0.8798500000
index = 200, value = 0.8948000000
index = 300, value = 0.9018000000
index = 400, value = 0.9062000000
index = 500, value = 0.9090500000
index = 600, value = 0.9109500000
index = 700, value = 0.9137000000
index = 800, value = 0.9158000000
index = 900, value = 0.9171500000
```

1.42 training accuracy (mean) : mini-batch = 200, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[2], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6180500000
index = 100, value = 0.8617500000
index = 200, value = 0.8798500000
index = 300, value = 0.8886000000
index = 400, value = 0.8947000000
index = 500, value = 0.8989500000
index = 600, value = 0.9015500000
index = 700, value = 0.9039000000
index = 800, value = 0.9062000000
index = 900, value = 0.9078000000
```

1.43 training loss (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.001

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_loss_mean_weight_decay[0], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 2.2053959737
index = 100, value = 0.4962629800
index = 200, value = 0.4175434109
index = 300, value = 0.3840709465
index = 400, value = 0.3643988464
index = 500, value = 0.3514216500
```

```
index = 600, value = 0.3419763652
index = 700, value = 0.3346759415
index = 800, value = 0.3288218803
index = 900, value = 0.3239931453
```

1.44 training loss (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.01

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_loss_mean_weight_decay[1], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 2.2503892272
index = 100, value = 0.5527154423
index = 200, value = 0.4768299350
index = 300, value = 0.4555187148
index = 400, value = 0.4458227005
index = 500, value = 0.4405324514
index = 600, value = 0.4373688185
index = 700, value = 0.4353625905
index = 800, value = 0.4340460613
index = 900, value = 0.4331493839
```

1.45 training loss (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.1

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_loss_mean_weight_decay[2], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 2.6914887181
index = 100, value = 0.8456924353
index = 200, value = 0.8404500365
index = 300, value = 0.8401991509
index = 400, value = 0.8401929995
index = 500, value = 0.8402133683
index = 600, value = 0.8401931172
index = 700, value = 0.8401618275
index = 800, value = 0.8401630632
index = 900, value = 0.8402009377
```

1.46 training accuracy (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.001

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay[0], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6415000000
index = 100, value = 0.8794000000
index = 200, value = 0.8944000000
index = 300, value = 0.9014500000
index = 400, value = 0.9053000000
index = 500, value = 0.9083000000
index = 600, value = 0.9104000000
index = 700, value = 0.9124000000
```

```
index = 800, value = 0.9144500000
index = 900, value = 0.9157000000
```

1.47 training accuracy (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.01

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay[1], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6414500000
index = 100, value = 0.8781500000
index = 200, value = 0.8913000000
index = 300, value = 0.8969500000
index = 400, value = 0.8999500000
index = 500, value = 0.9016500000
index = 600, value = 0.9028000000
index = 700, value = 0.9032000000
index = 800, value = 0.9034500000
index = 900, value = 0.9040000000
```

1.48 training accuracy (mean) : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.1

```
[ ]: print_curve(train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay[2], index)
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6413000000
index = 100, value = 0.8620000000
index = 200, value = 0.8649000000
index = 300, value = 0.8649500000
index = 400, value = 0.8648000000
index = 500, value = 0.8650000000
index = 600, value = 0.8651500000
index = 700, value = 0.8648000000
index = 800, value = 0.8651500000
index = 900, value = 0.8653500000
```

1.49 function definition for presenting the results

```
[ ]: def function_results_01(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol,
↪* 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[0][0][0:nPlot]

    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]
```

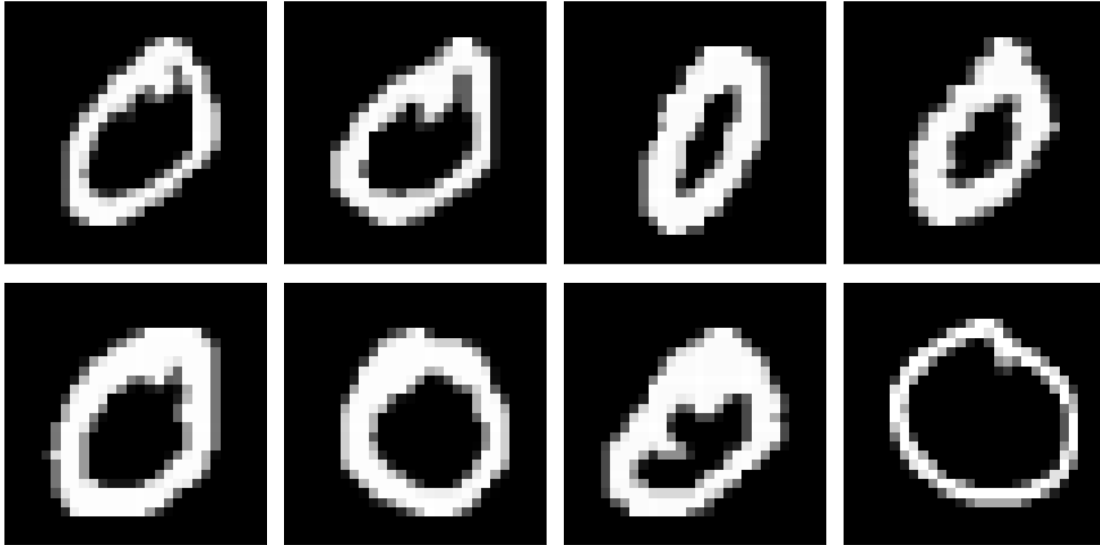
```

axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

```

```
plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_01(x_train,2,4)
```



```

[ ]: def function_results_02(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[1][0][0:nPlot]

    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

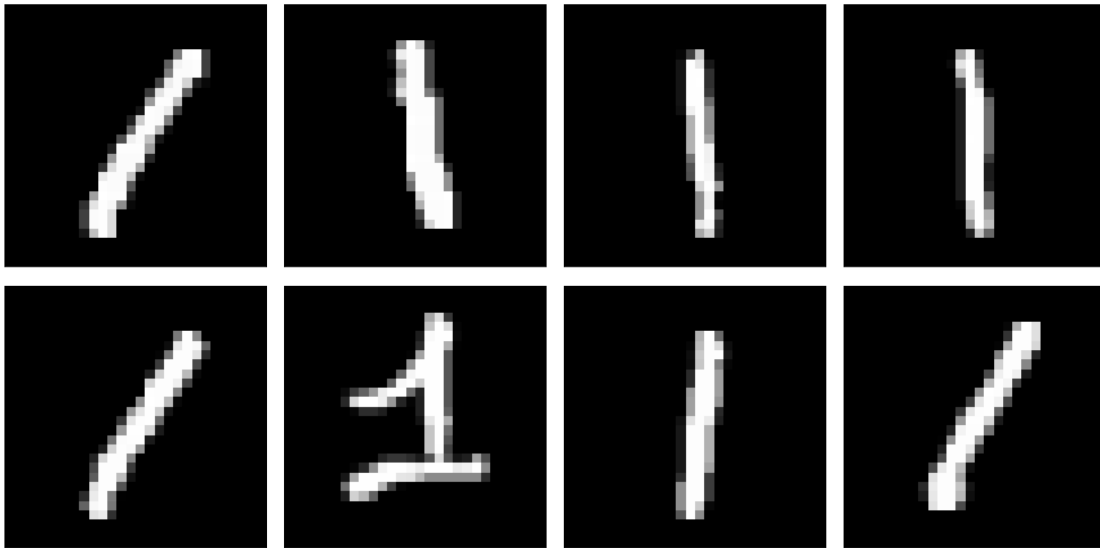
            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()

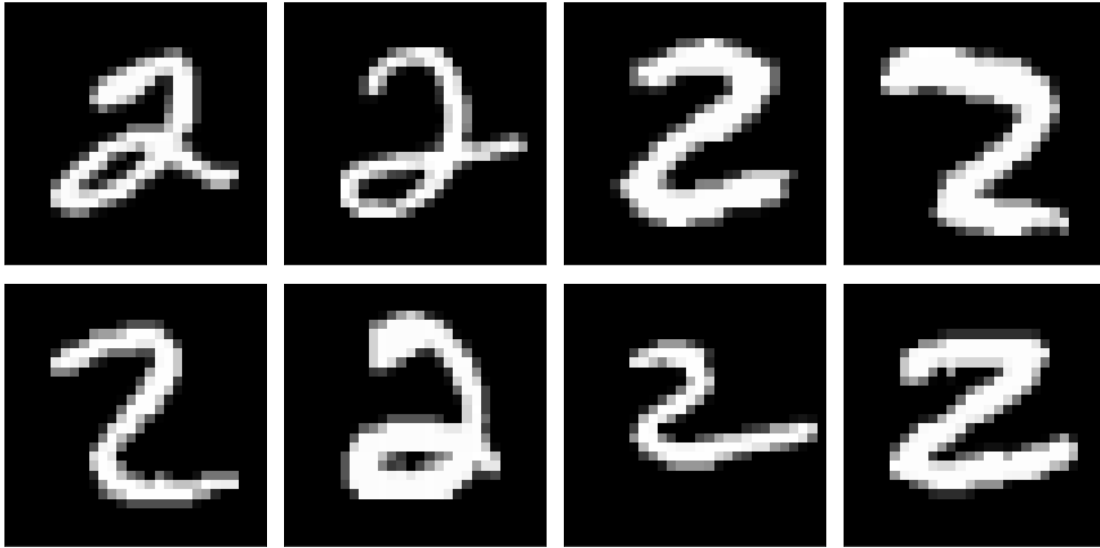
```

```
[ ]: function_results_02(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_03(data,nRow,nCol):  
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*  
↪ 3, nRow * 3))  
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol  
  
    index_data = index_train[2][0][0:nPlot]  
  
    for i in range(nRow):  
        for j in range(nCol):  
  
            k      = i * nCol + j  
            index   = index_data[k]  
  
            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)  
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)  
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)  
  
    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_03(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_04(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[3][0][0:nPlot]

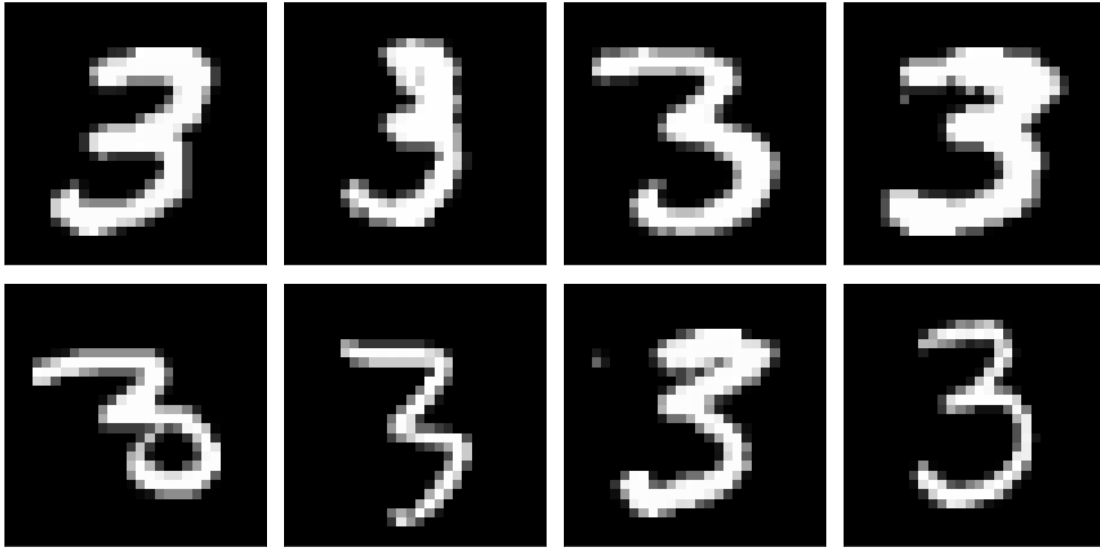
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_04(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_05(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[4][0][0:nPlot]

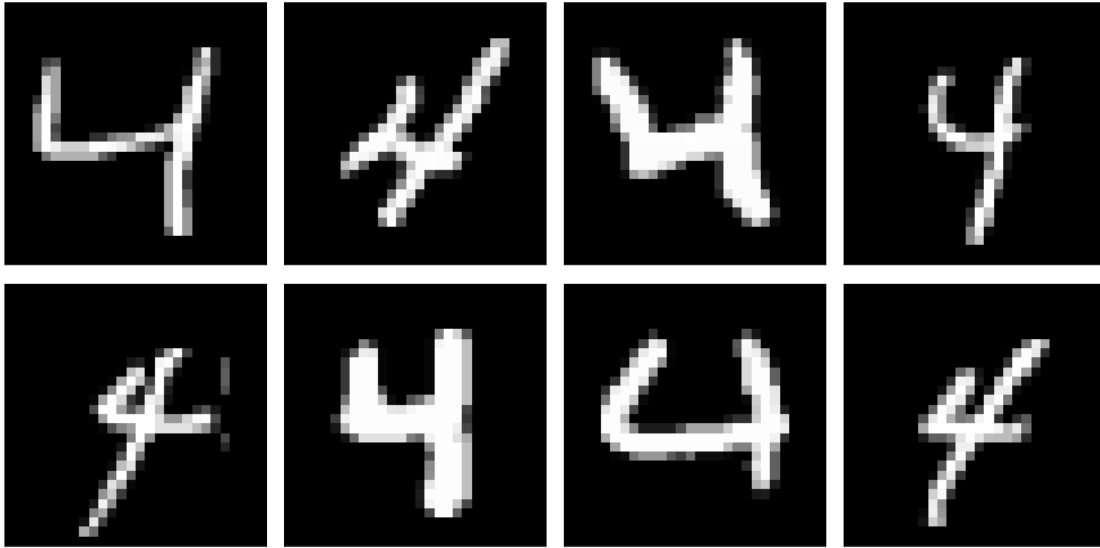
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_05(x_train,2,4)
```

```
[ ]: def function_results_06(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[5][0][0:nPlot]

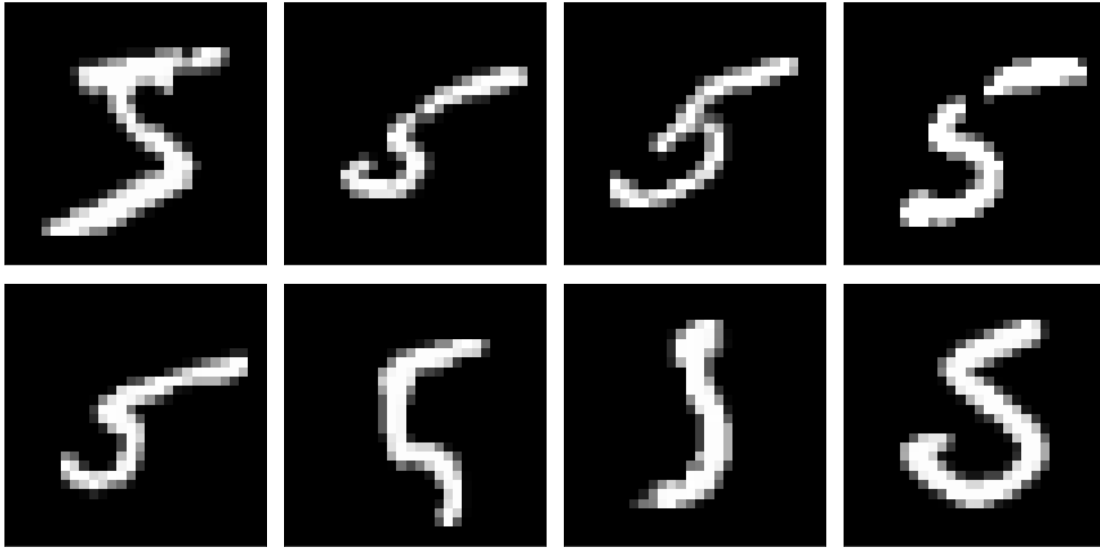
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_06(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_07(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[6][0][0:nPlot]

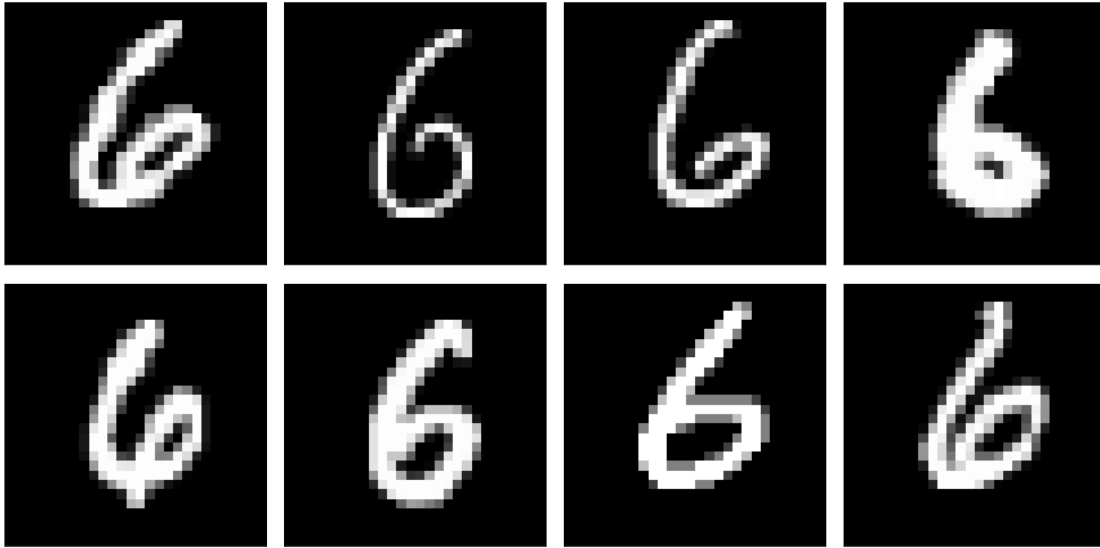
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_07(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_08(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[7][0][0:nPlot]

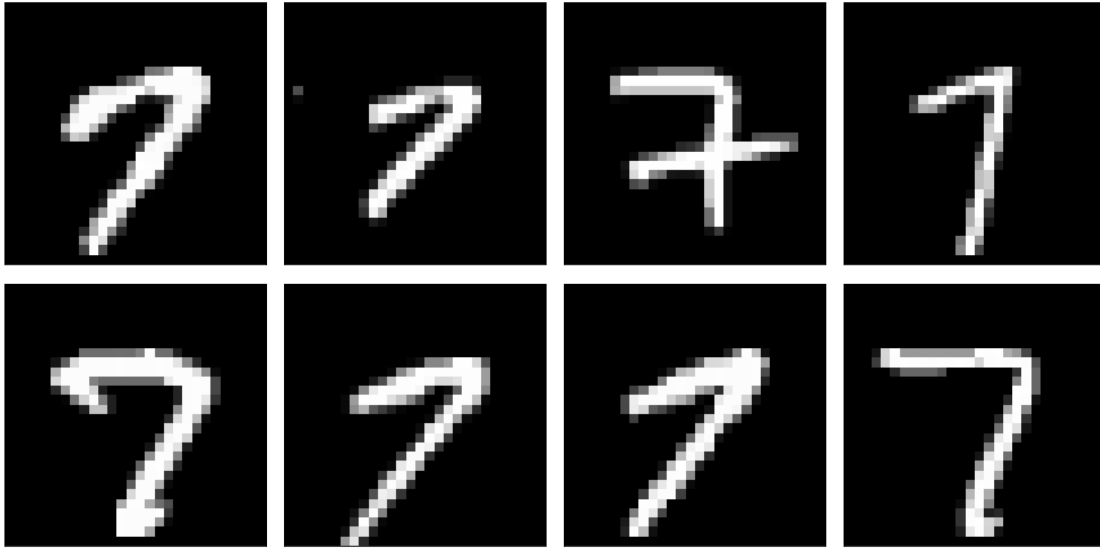
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_08(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_09(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[8][0][0:nPlot]

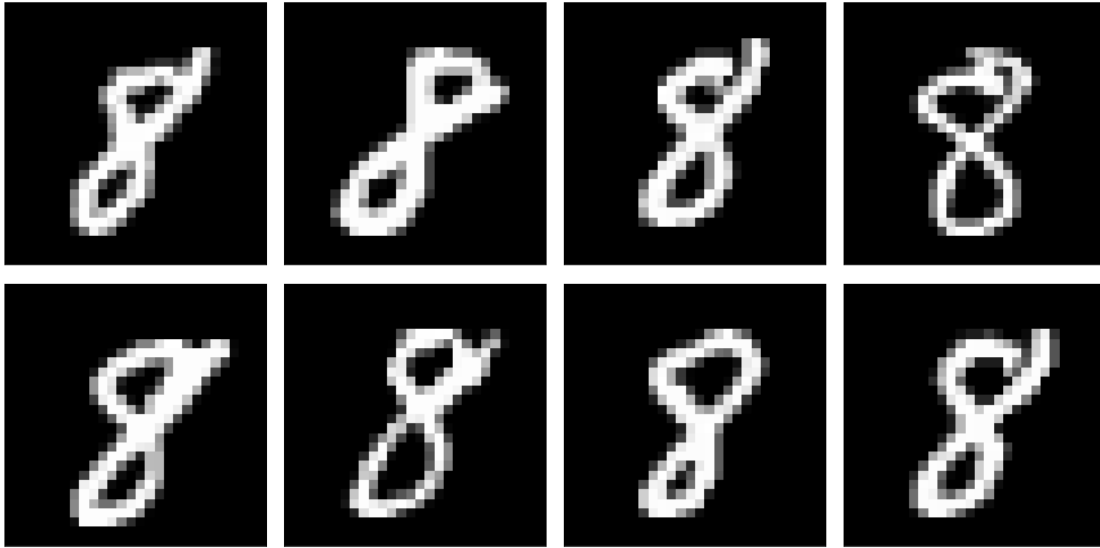
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_09(x_train,2,4)
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_10(data,nRow,nCol):
    fig, axes = plt.subplots(nRow, nCol, constrained_layout=True, figsize=(nCol*
    ↳ 3, nRow * 3))
    nPlot      = nRow * nCol

    index_data = index_train[9][0][0:nPlot]

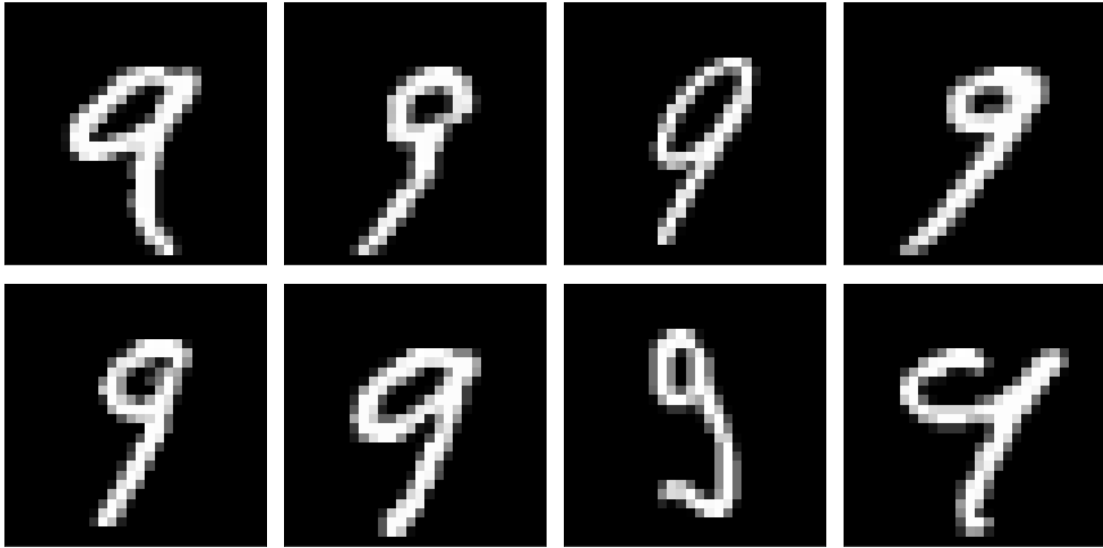
    for i in range(nRow):
        for j in range(nCol):

            k      = i * nCol + j
            index   = index_data[k]

            axes[i, j].imshow(data[index], cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=1)
            axes[i, j].xaxis.set_visible(False)
            axes[i, j].yaxis.set_visible(False)

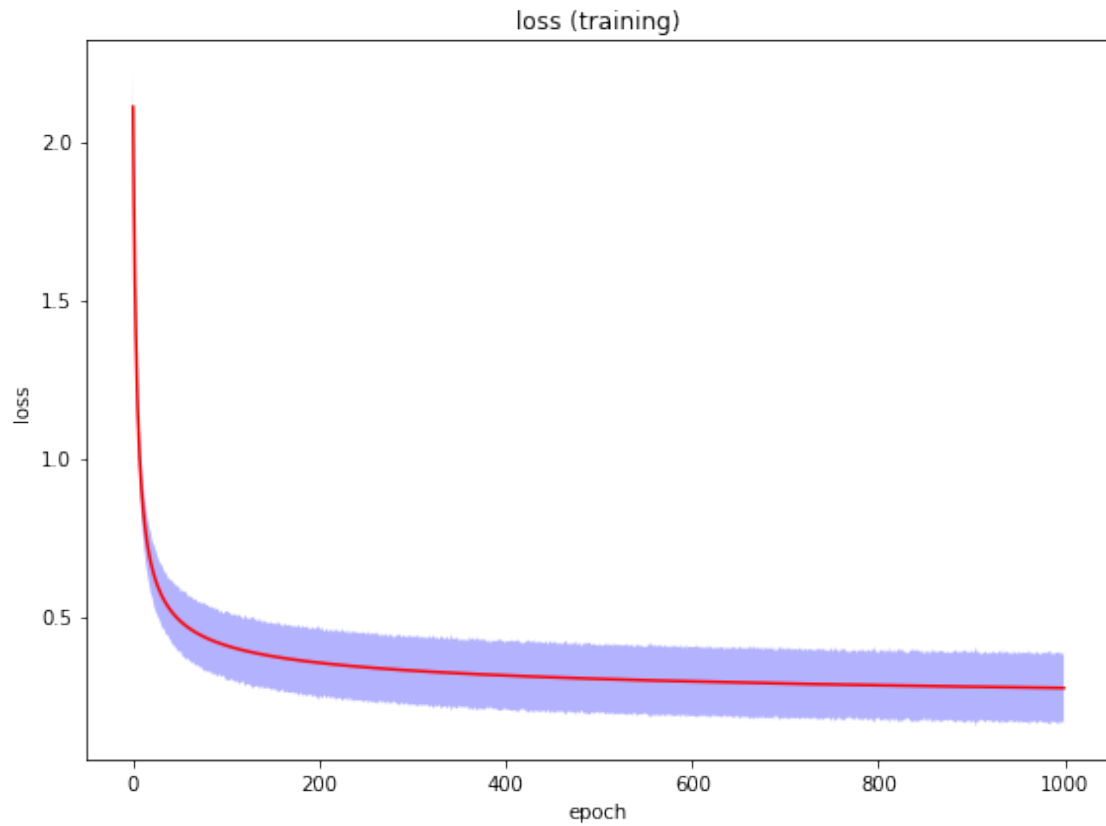
    plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: function_results_10(x_train,2,4)
```

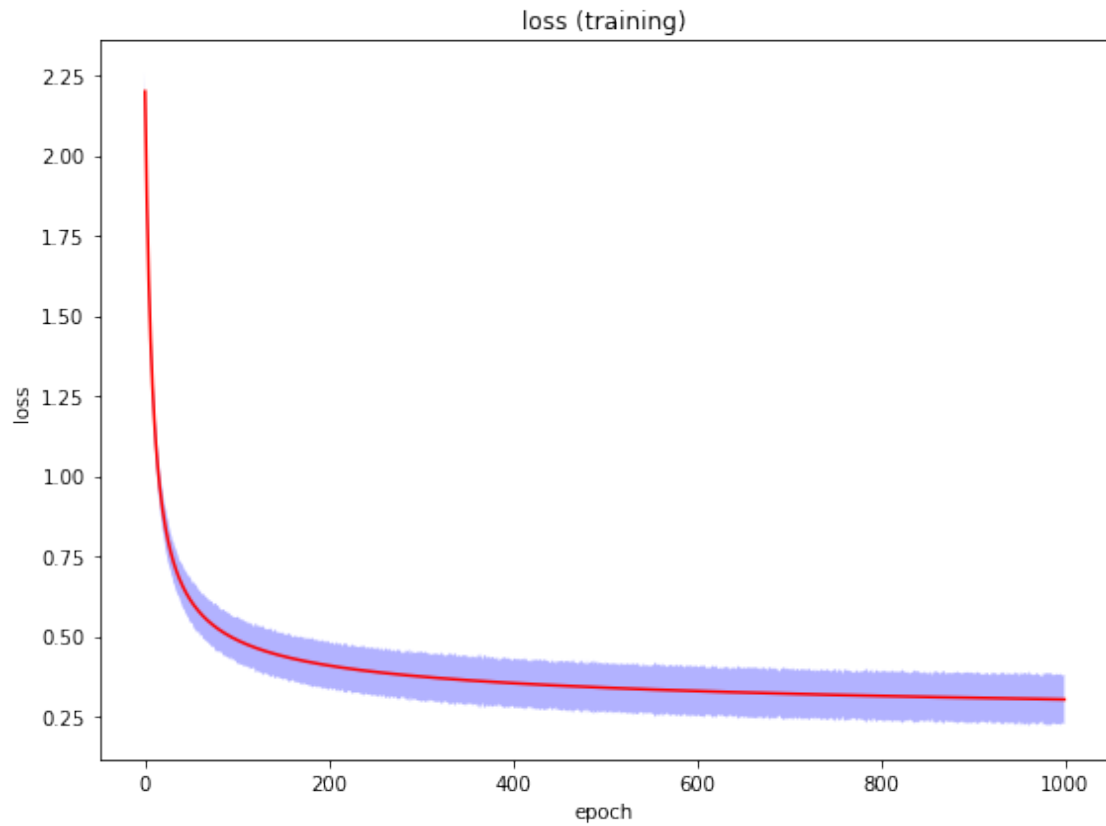


```
[ ]: def function_results_11():  
      plot_curve_error(train_loss_mean_minibatch[0], train_loss_std_minibatch[0],  
                        ↪ 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (training)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_11()
```

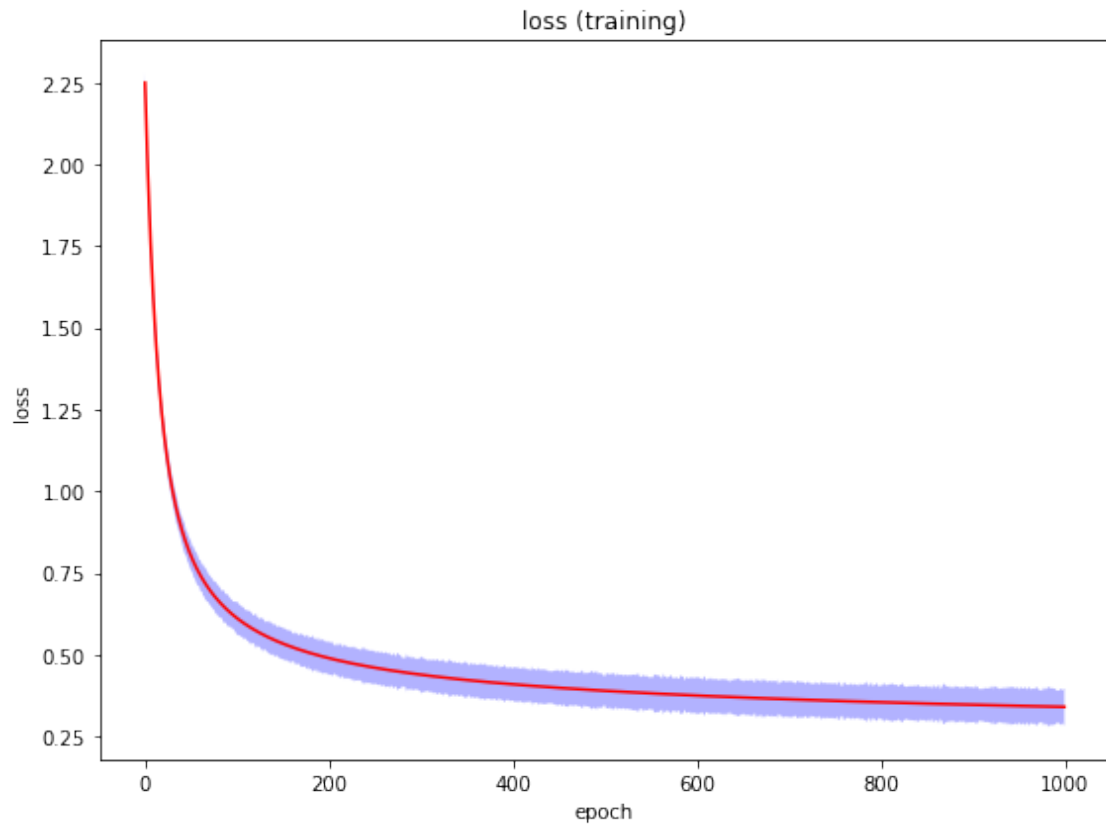


```
[ ]: def function_results_12():  
    plot_curve_error(train_loss_mean_minibatch[1], train_loss_std_minibatch[1],  
        ↪ 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (training)')  
  
[ ]: function_results_12()
```



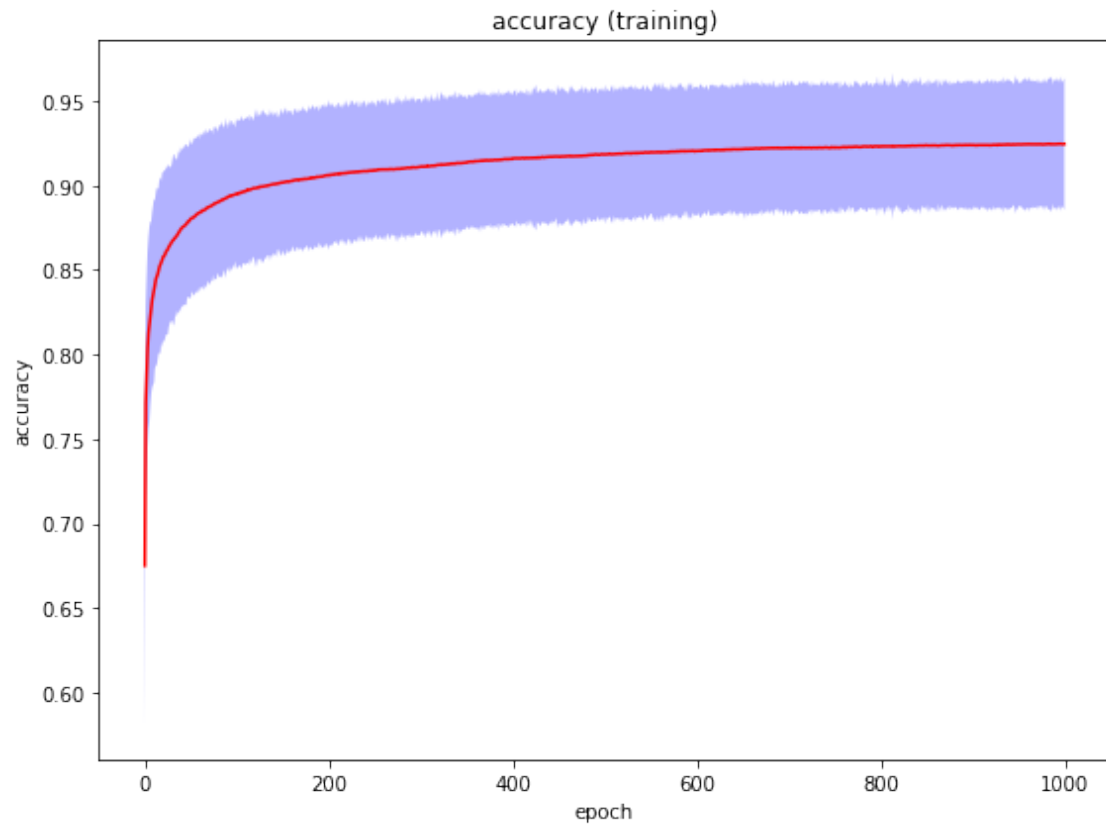
```
[ ]: def function_results_13():  
    plot_curve_error(train_loss_mean_minibatch[2], train_loss_std_minibatch[2],  
        ↪ 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (training)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_13()
```

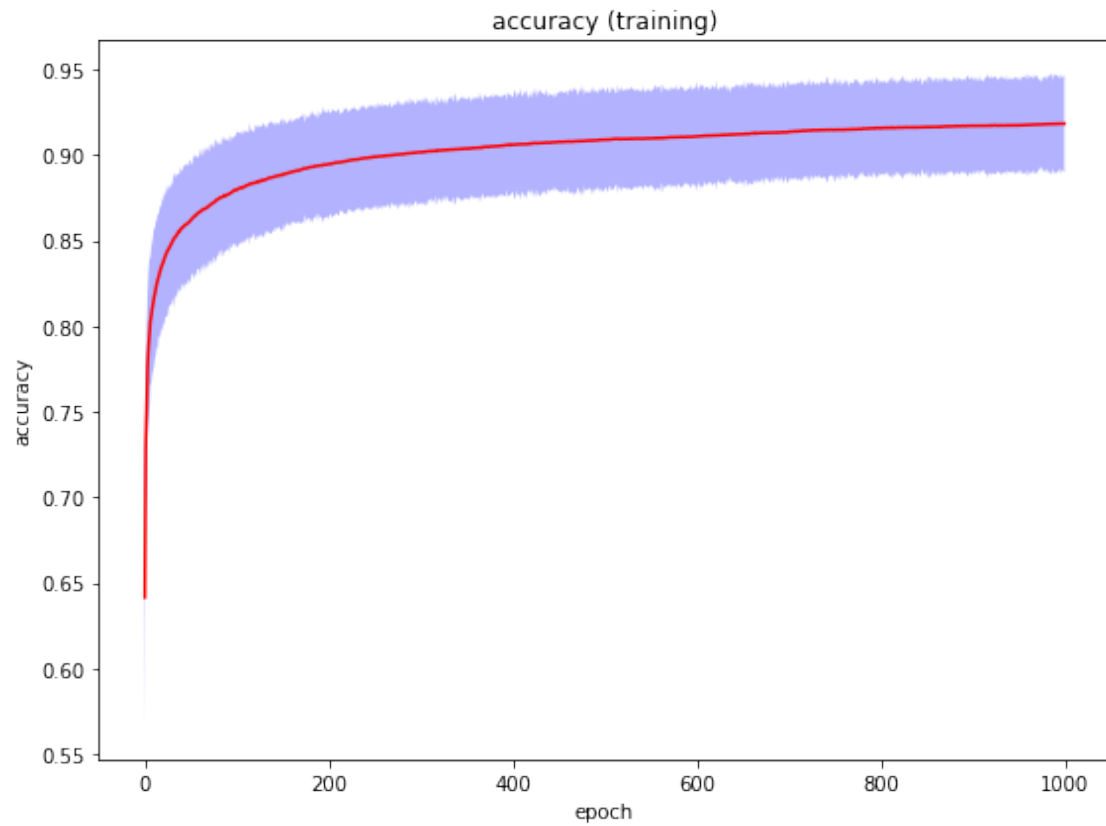



```
[ ]: def function_results_14():  
    plot_curve_error(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[0],  
    ↪train_accuracy_std_minibatch[0], 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (training)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_14()
```

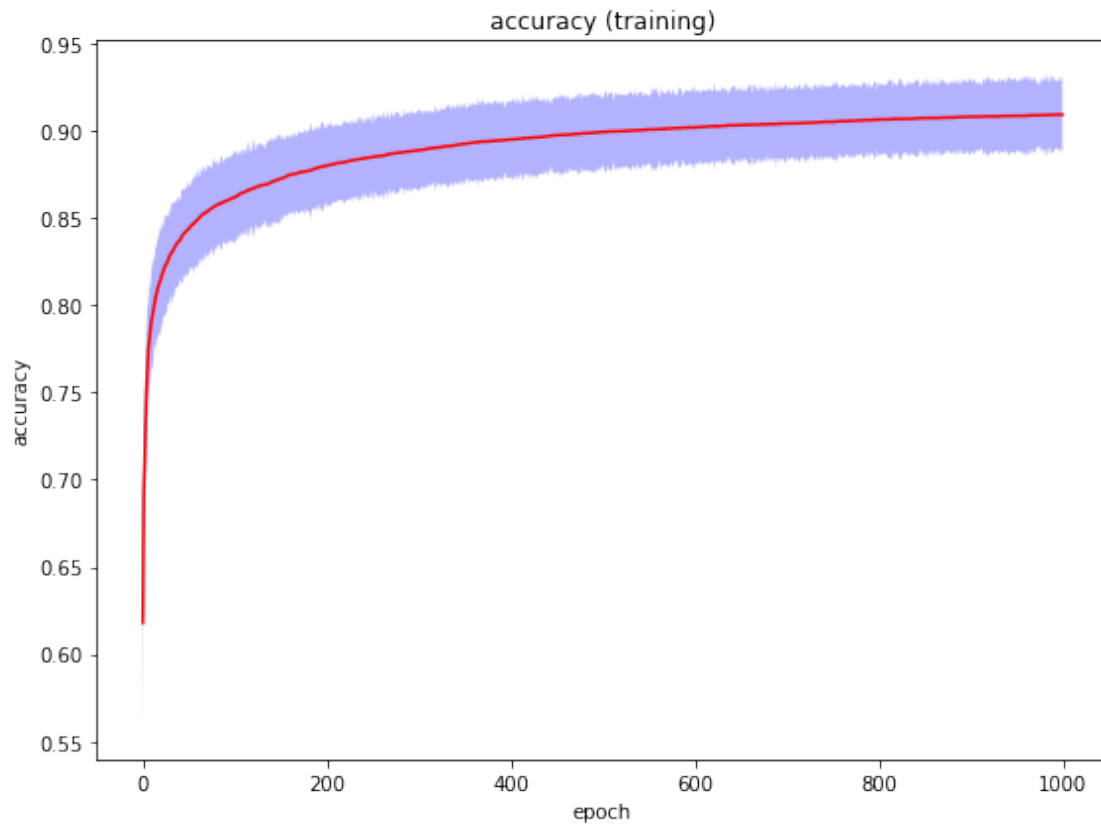


```
[ ]: def function_results_15():  
    plot_curve_error(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[1],  
    ↪train_accuracy_std_minibatch[1], 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (training)')  
  
[ ]: function_results_15()
```



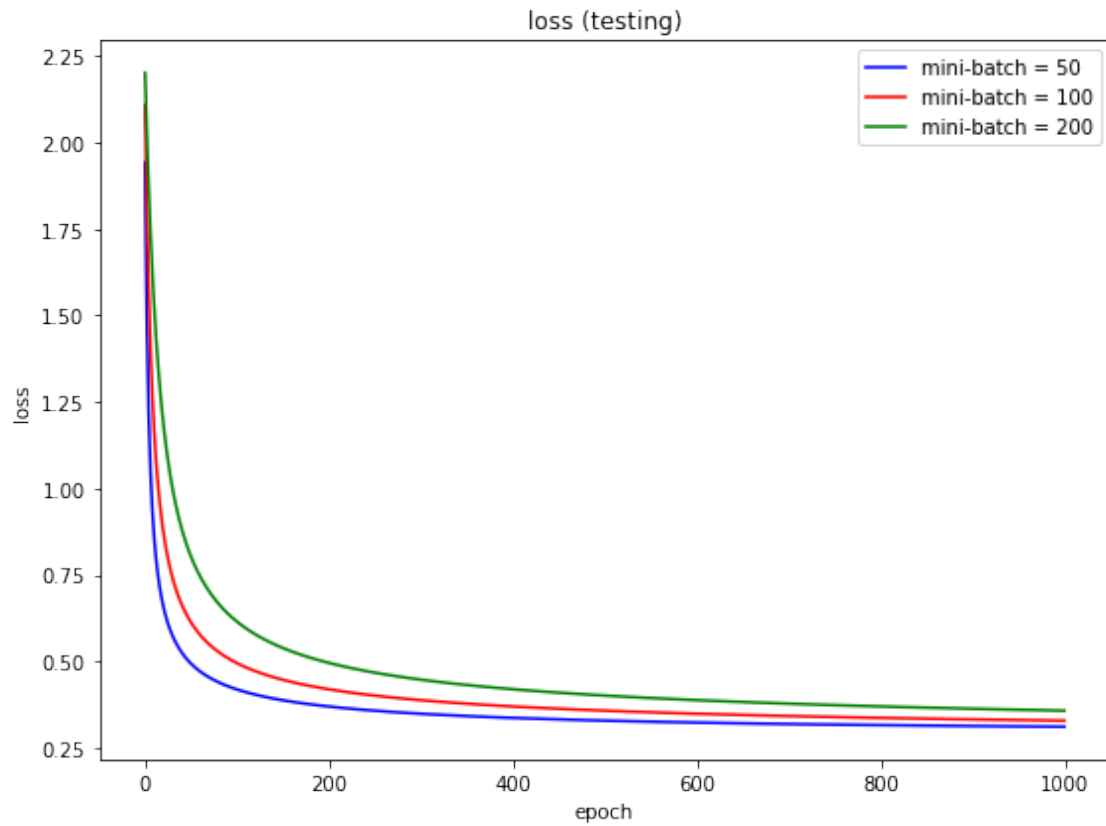
```
[ ]: def function_results_16():  
      plot_curve_error(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[2],  
      ↪train_accuracy_std_minibatch[2], 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (training)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_16()
```



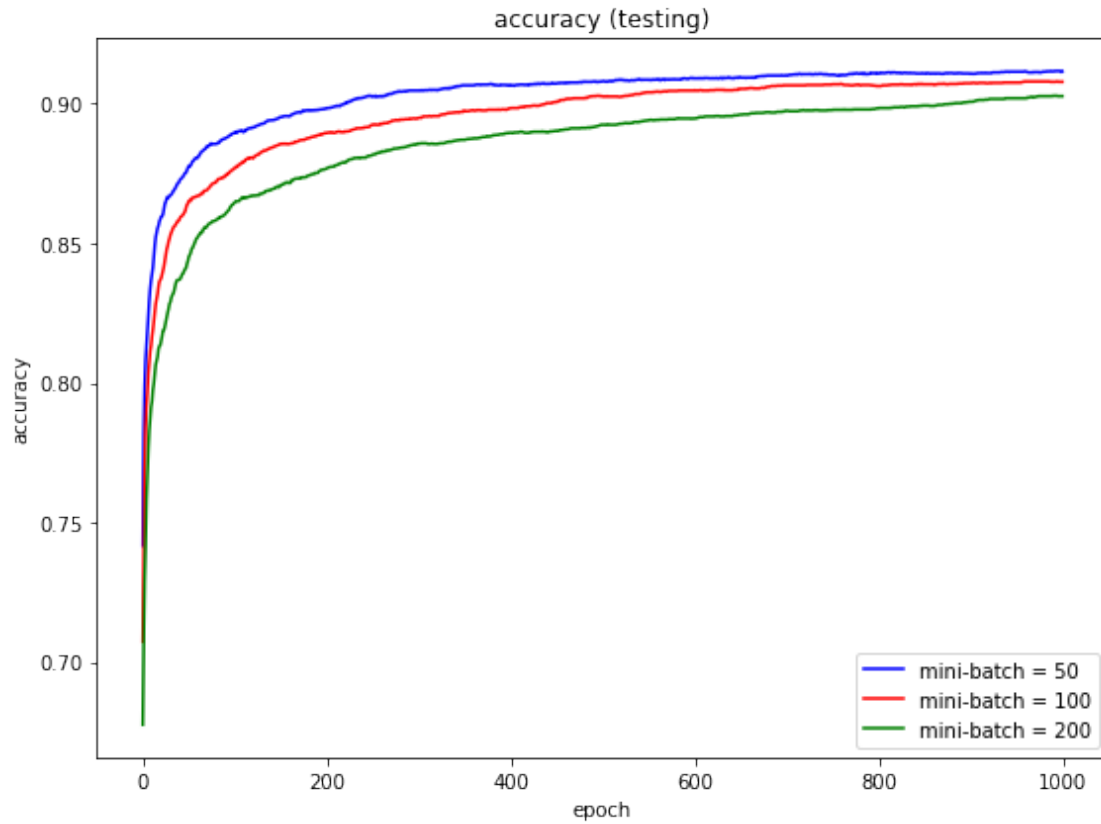
```
[ ]: def function_results_17():
    plot_curve3(test_loss_minibatch[0], 'mini-batch = 50',
    ↪test_loss_minibatch[1], 'mini-batch = 100', test_loss_minibatch[2],
    ↪'mini-batch = 200', 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (testing)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_17()
```



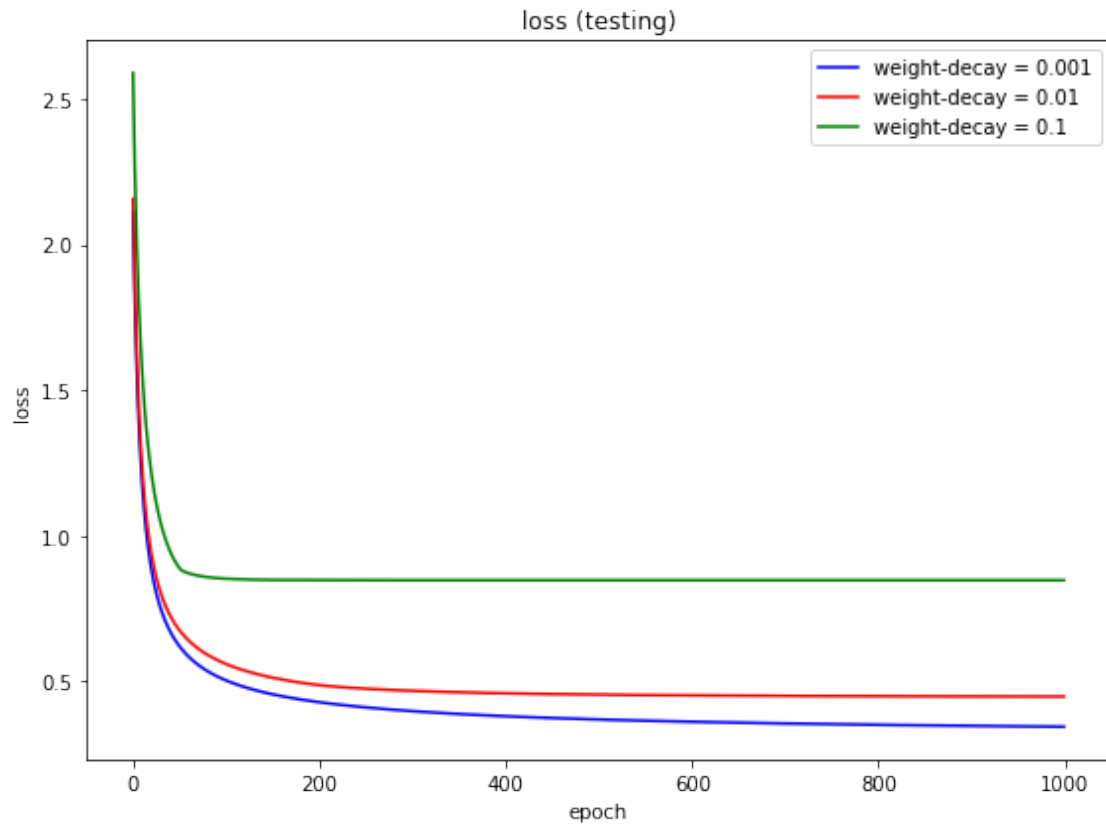
```
[ ]: def function_results_18():
    plot_curve3(test_accuracy_minibatch[0], 'mini-batch = 50',
    ↪test_accuracy_minibatch[1], 'mini-batch = 100', test_accuracy_minibatch[2],
    ↪'mini-batch = 200', 'epoch', 'accuracy', 'accuracy (testing)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_18()
```



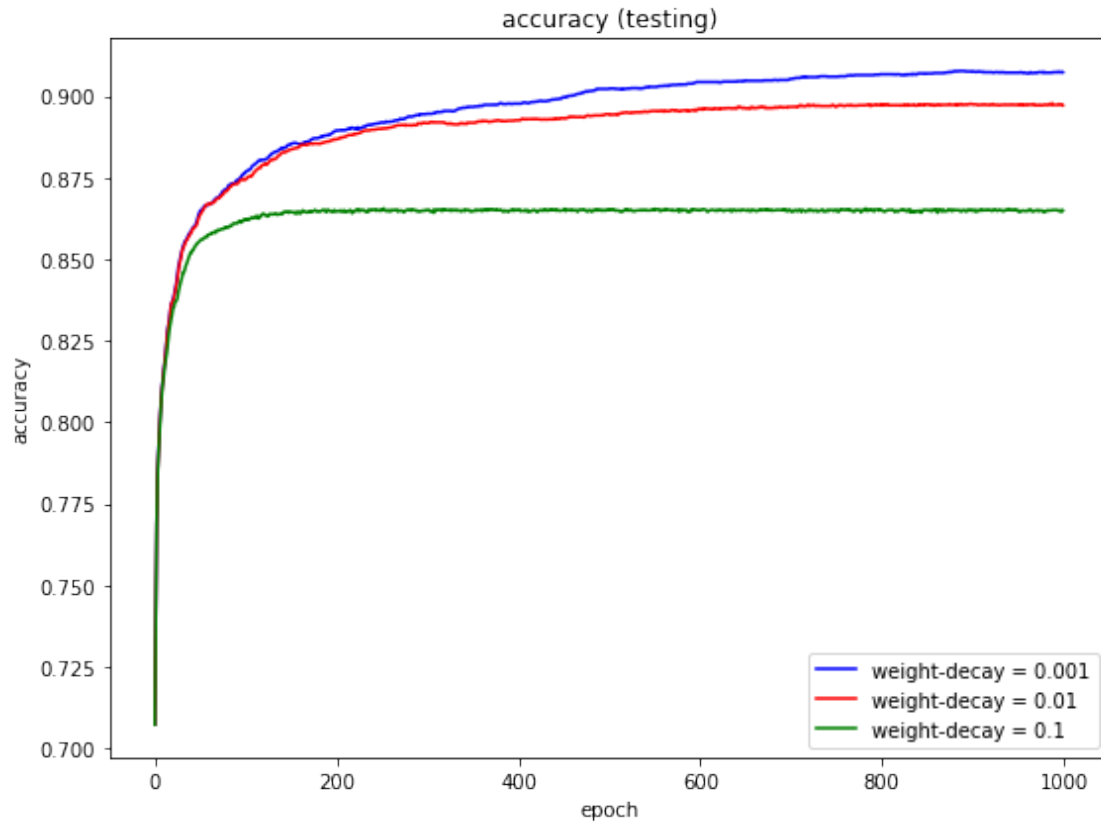
```
[ ]: def function_results_19():
    plot_curve3(test_loss_weight_decay[0], 'weight-decay = 0.001',
    ↳test_loss_weight_decay[1], 'weight-decay = 0.01', test_loss_weight_decay[2],
    ↳'weight-decay = 0.1', 'epoch', 'loss', 'loss (testing)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_19()
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_20():  
    plot_curve3(test_accuracy_weight_decay[0], 'weight-decay = 0.001',  
↳test_accuracy_weight_decay[1], 'weight-decay = 0.01',  
↳test_accuracy_weight_decay[2], 'weight-decay = 0.1', 'epoch', 'accuracy',  
↳'accuracy (testing)')
```

```
[ ]: function_results_20()
```



```
[ ]: def function_results_21(data):

    index = np.array([0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900])

    for i in range(len(index)):

        idx = index[i]
        val = data[idx]

        print('index = %4d, value = %12.10f' % (idx, val))
```

```
[ ]: function_results_21(train_loss_mean_minibatch[1])
```

```
index =    0, value = 2.2003866772
index =  100, value = 0.4884452279
index =  200, value = 0.4086303762
index =  300, value = 0.3743102039
index =  400, value = 0.3538169113
index =  500, value = 0.3396656612
index =  600, value = 0.3290494042
index =  700, value = 0.3206579243
```



```
index = 800, value = 0.3137801756
index = 900, value = 0.3079845796
```

```
[ ]: def function_results_22(data):
      index = np.array([0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900])

      for i in range(len(index)):

          idx = index[i]
          val = data[idx]

          print('index = %4d, value = %12.10f' % (idx, val))
```

```
[ ]: function_results_22(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[1])
```

```
index = 0, value = 0.6415000000
index = 100, value = 0.8798500000
index = 200, value = 0.8948000000
index = 300, value = 0.9018000000
index = 400, value = 0.9062000000
index = 500, value = 0.9090500000
index = 600, value = 0.9109500000
index = 700, value = 0.9137000000
index = 800, value = 0.9158000000
index = 900, value = 0.9171500000
```

```
[ ]: def function_results_23(data):
      index = np.array([0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900])

      for i in range(len(index)):

          idx = index[i]
          val = data[idx]

          print('index = %4d, value = %12.10f' % (idx, val))
```

```
[ ]: function_results_23(train_loss_mean_weight_decay[0])
```

```
index = 0, value = 2.2053959737
index = 100, value = 0.4962629800
index = 200, value = 0.4175434109
index = 300, value = 0.3840709465
index = 400, value = 0.3643988464
index = 500, value = 0.3514216500
index = 600, value = 0.3419763652
index = 700, value = 0.3346759415
index = 800, value = 0.3288218803
index = 900, value = 0.3239931453
```

```
[ ]: def function_results_24(data):
      index = np.array([0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900])

      for i in range(len(index)):

          idx = index[i]
          val = data[idx]

          print('index = %4d, value = %12.10f' % (idx, val))
```

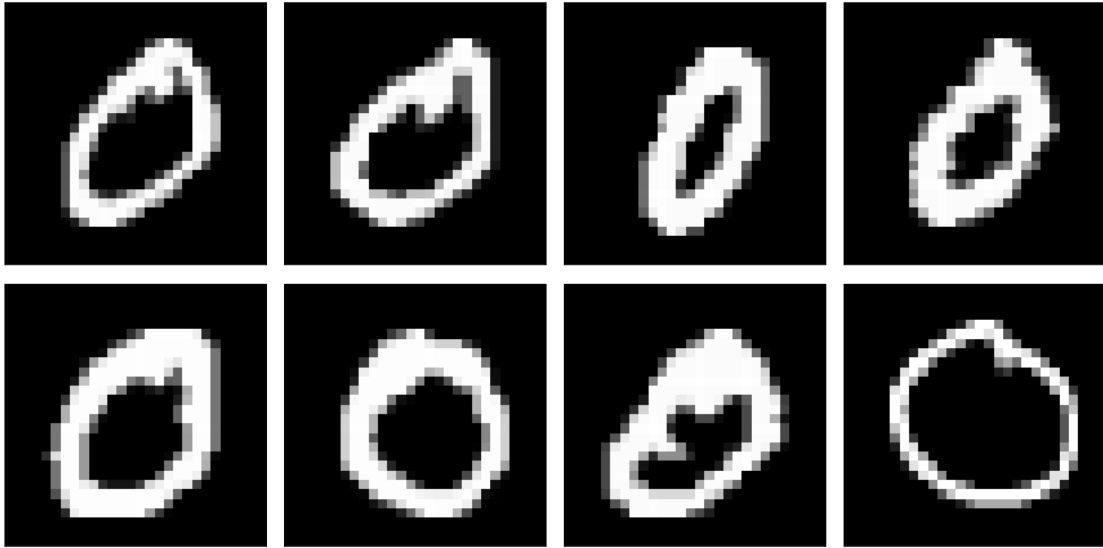
```
[ ]: function_results_24(train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay[0])
```

```
index =    0, value = 0.6415000000
index =  100, value = 0.8794000000
index =  200, value = 0.8944000000
index =  300, value = 0.9014500000
index =  400, value = 0.9053000000
index =  500, value = 0.9083000000
index =  600, value = 0.9104000000
index =  700, value = 0.9124000000
index =  800, value = 0.9144500000
index =  900, value = 0.9157000000
```

2 RESULTS

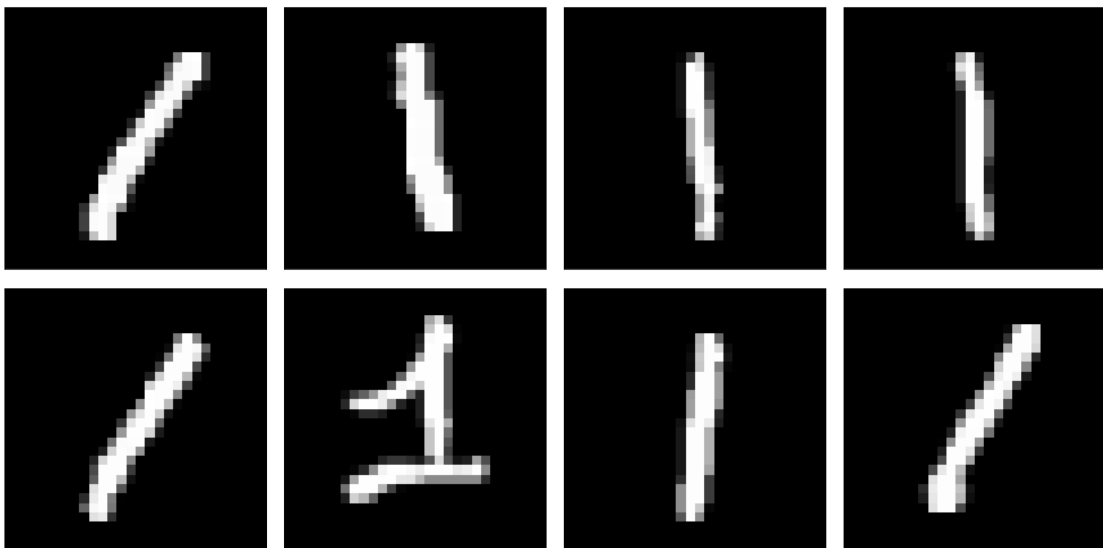
2.1 # 01. plot the input images for '0'

```
[ ]: function_results_01(x_train,2,4)
```



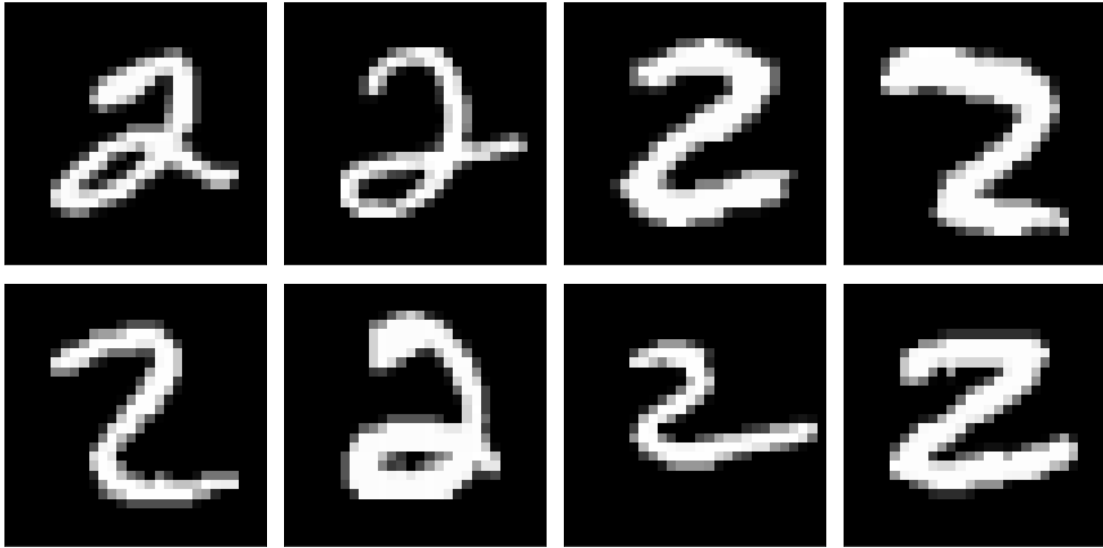
2.2 # 02. plot the input images for '1'

```
[ ]: function_results_02(x_train,2,4)
```



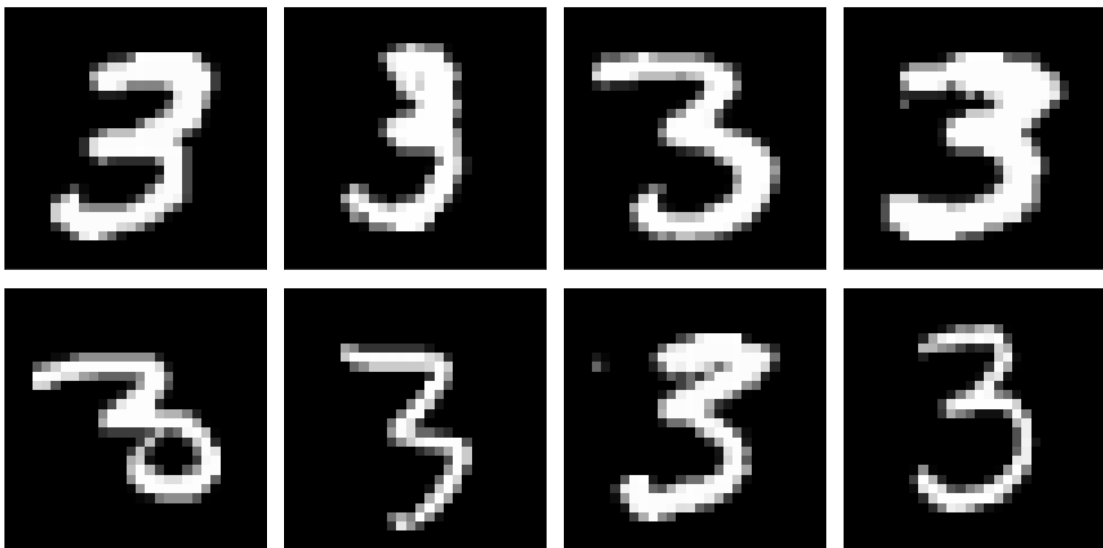
2.3 # 03. plot the input images for '2'

```
[ ]: function_results_03(x_train,2,4)
```



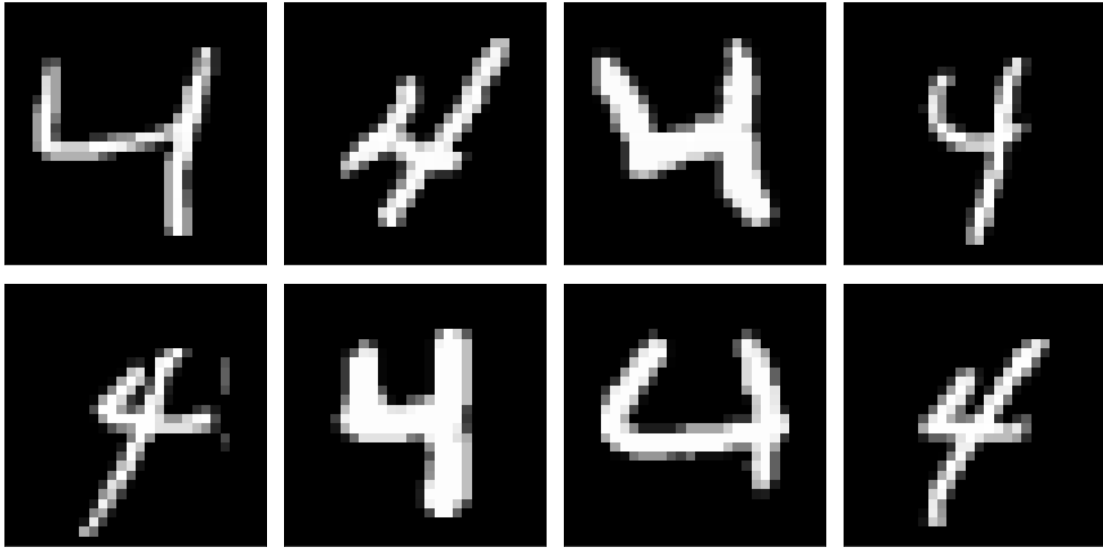
2.4 # 04. plot the input images for '3'

```
[ ]: function_results_04(x_train,2,4)
```



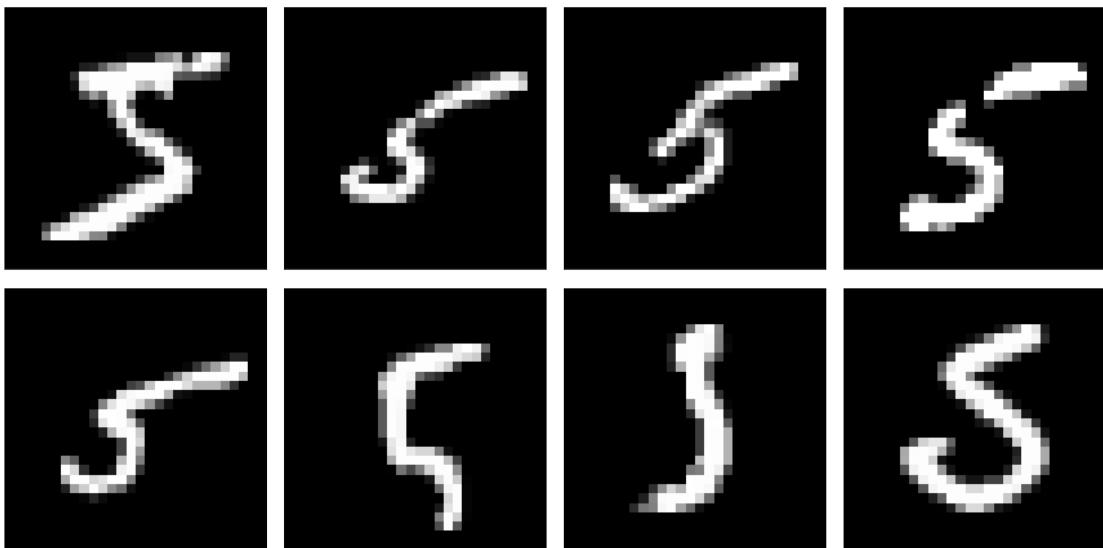
2.5 # 05. plot the input images for '4'

```
[ ]: function_results_05(x_train,2,4)
```



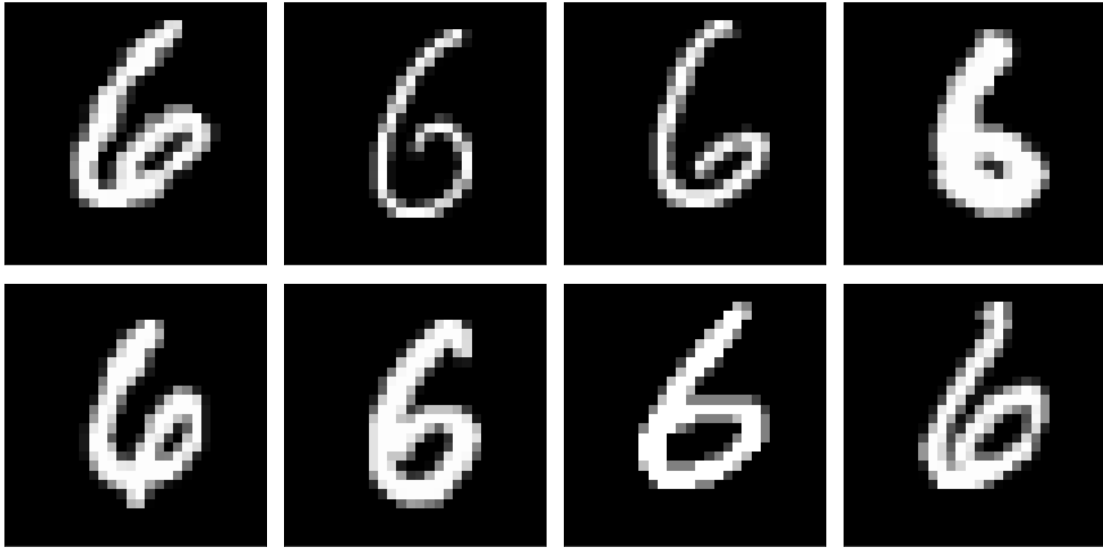
2.6 # 06. plot the input images for '5'

```
[ ]: function_results_06(x_train,2,4)
```



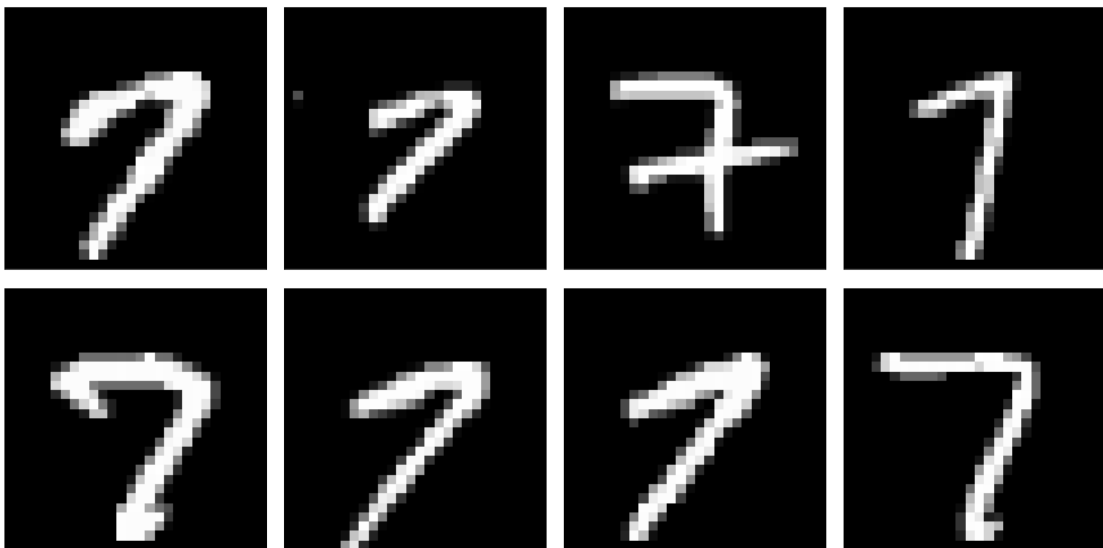
2.7 # 07. plot the input images for '6'

```
[ ]: function_results_07(x_train,2,4)
```



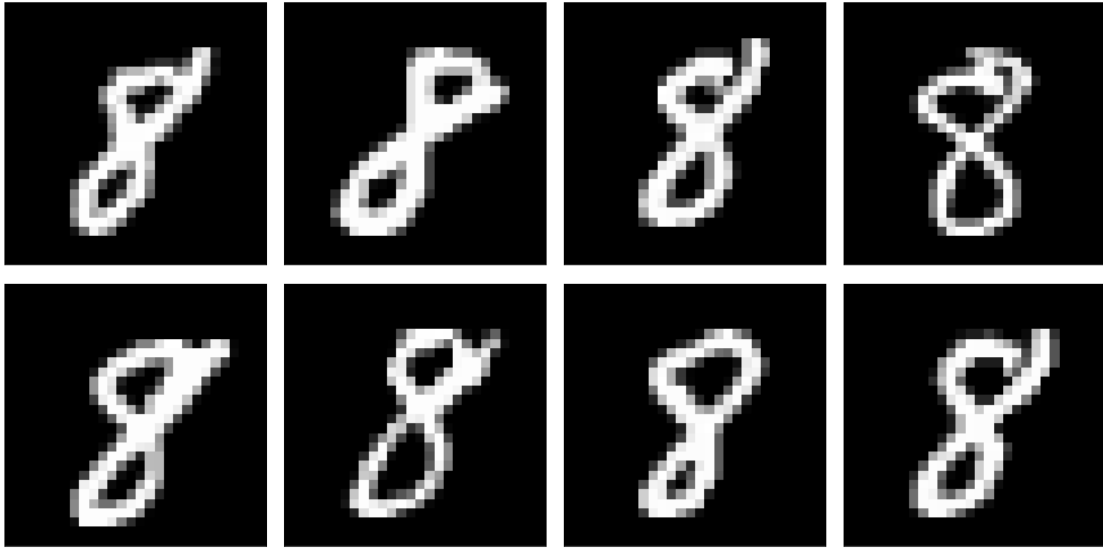
2.8 # 08. plot the input images for '7'

```
[ ]: function_results_08(x_train,2,4)
```



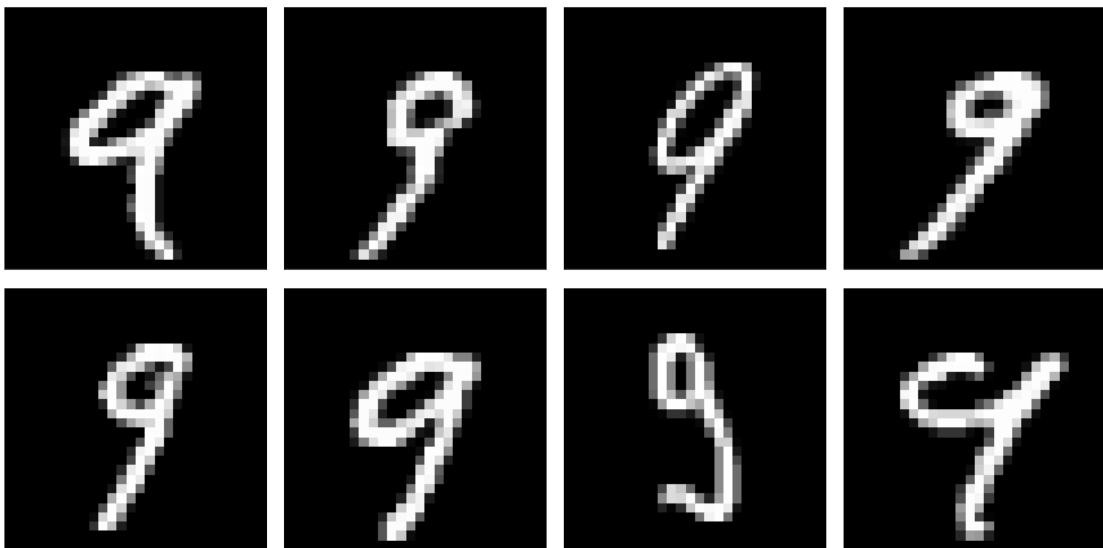
2.9 # 09. plot the input images for '8'

```
[ ]: function_results_09(x_train,2,4)
```



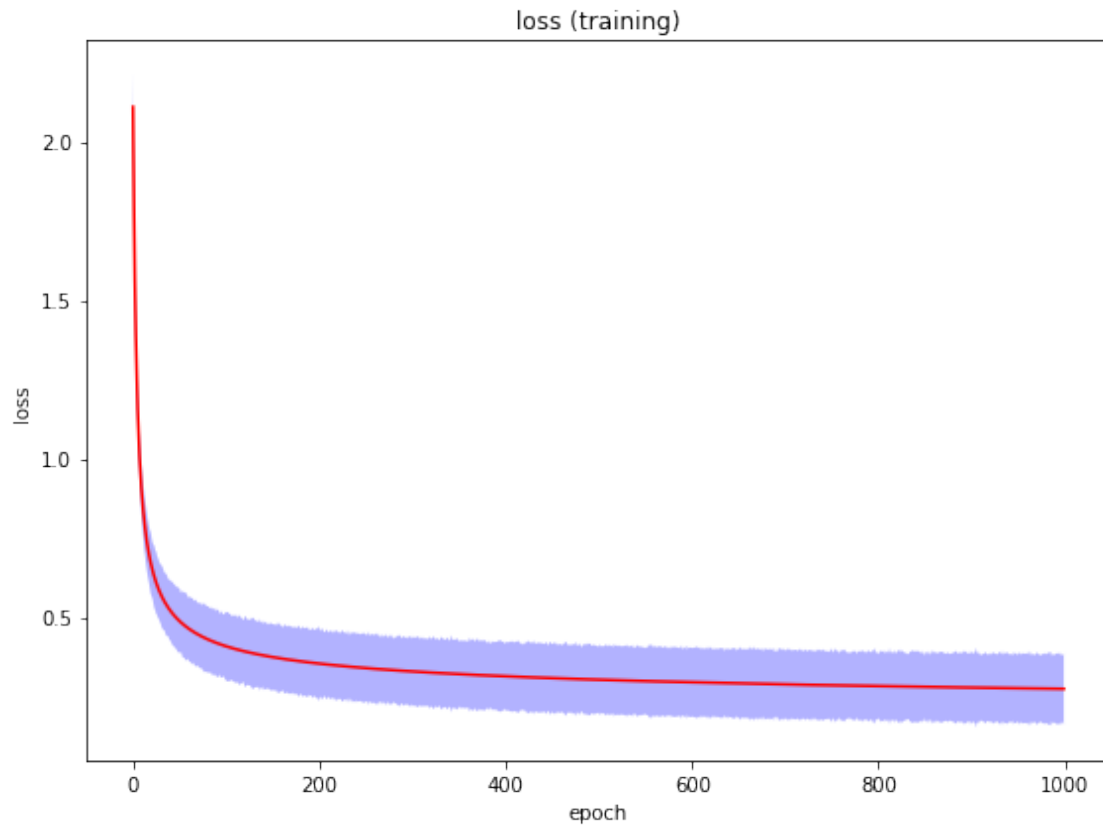
2.10 # 10. plot the input images for '9'

```
[ ]: function_results_10(x_train,2,4)
```



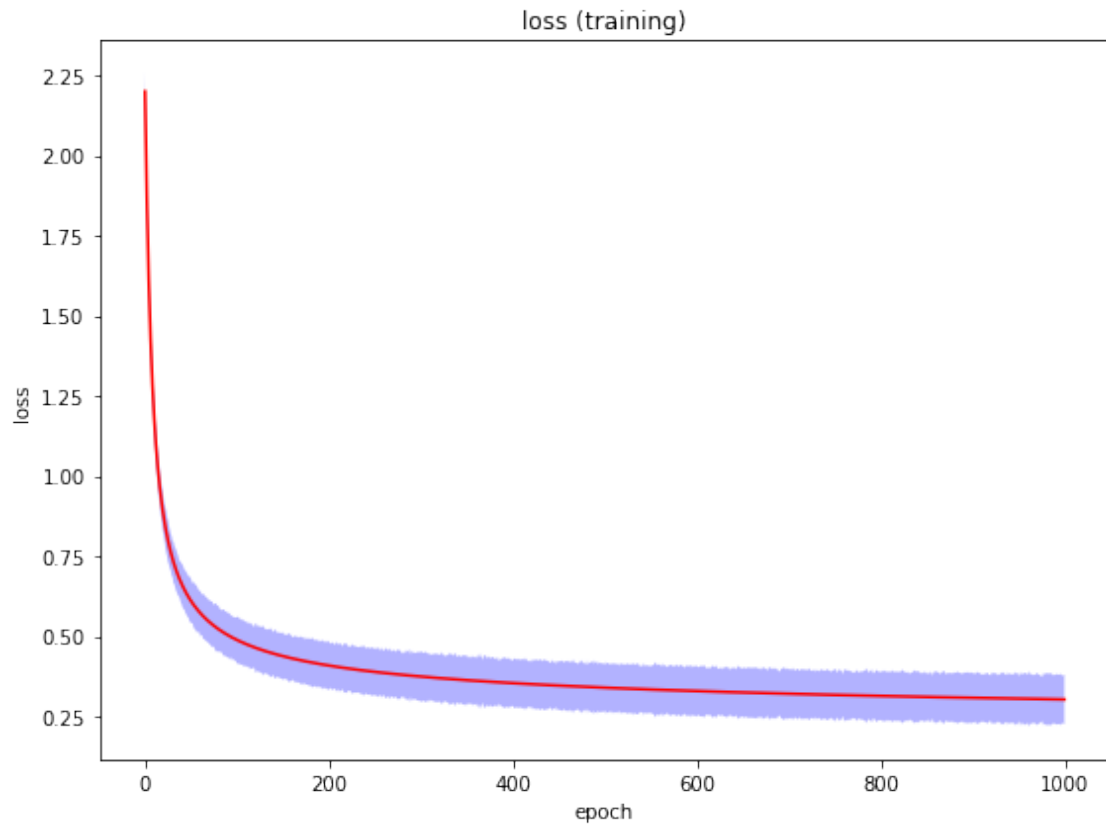
2.11 # 11. plot loss (training) curve (mean, std) : mini-batch size = 50, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_11()
```



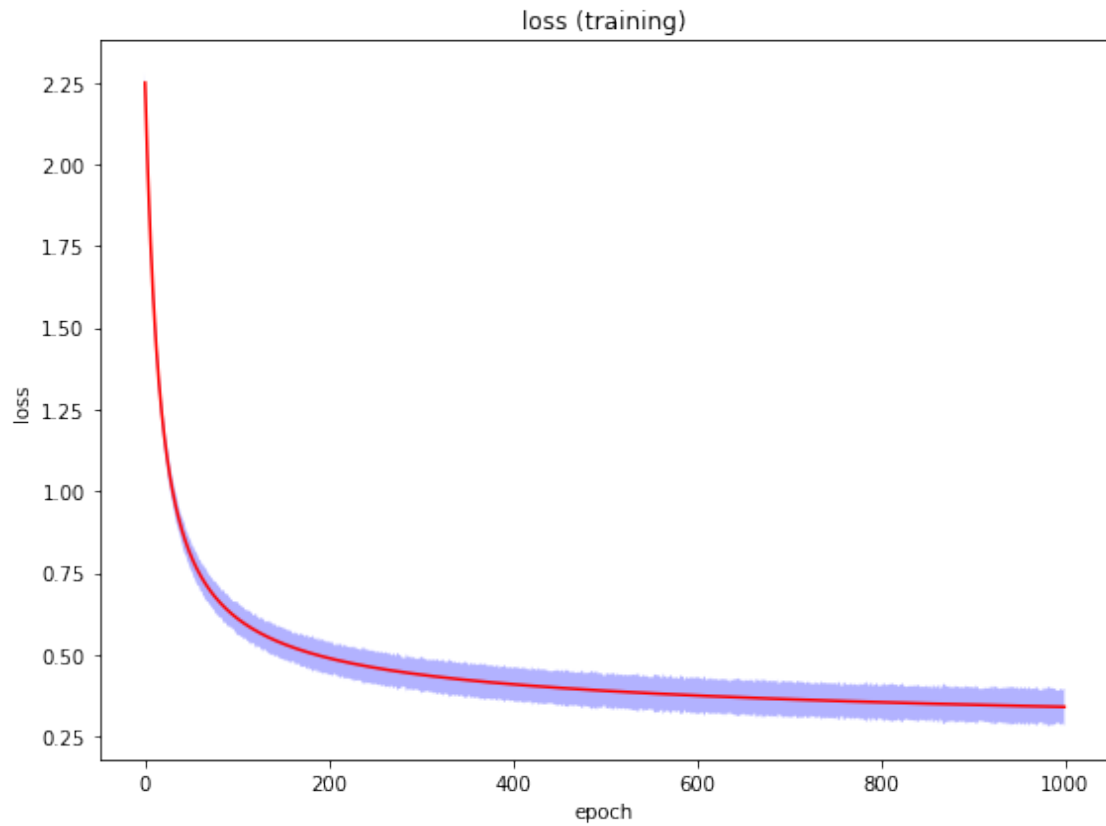
2.12 # 12. plot loss (training) curve (mean, std) : mini-batch size = 100, weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_12()
```

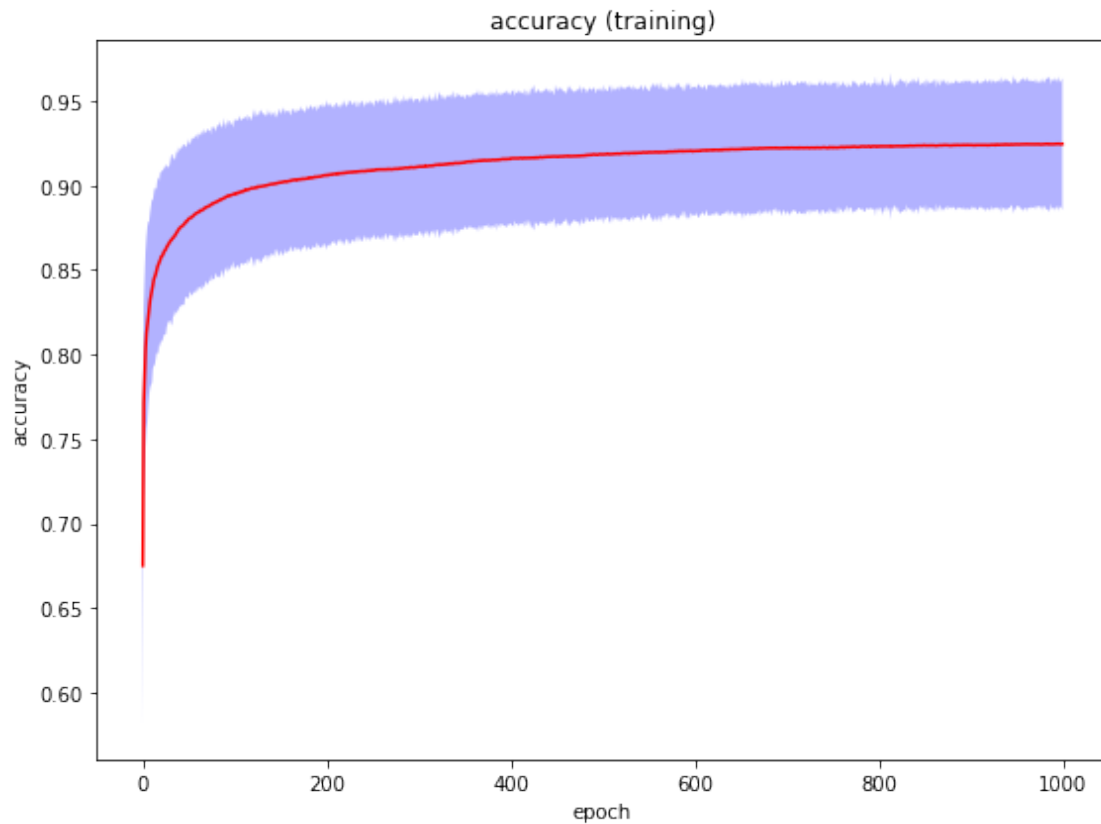
2.13 # 13. plot loss (training) curve (mean, std) : mini-batch size = 200,
weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_13()
```



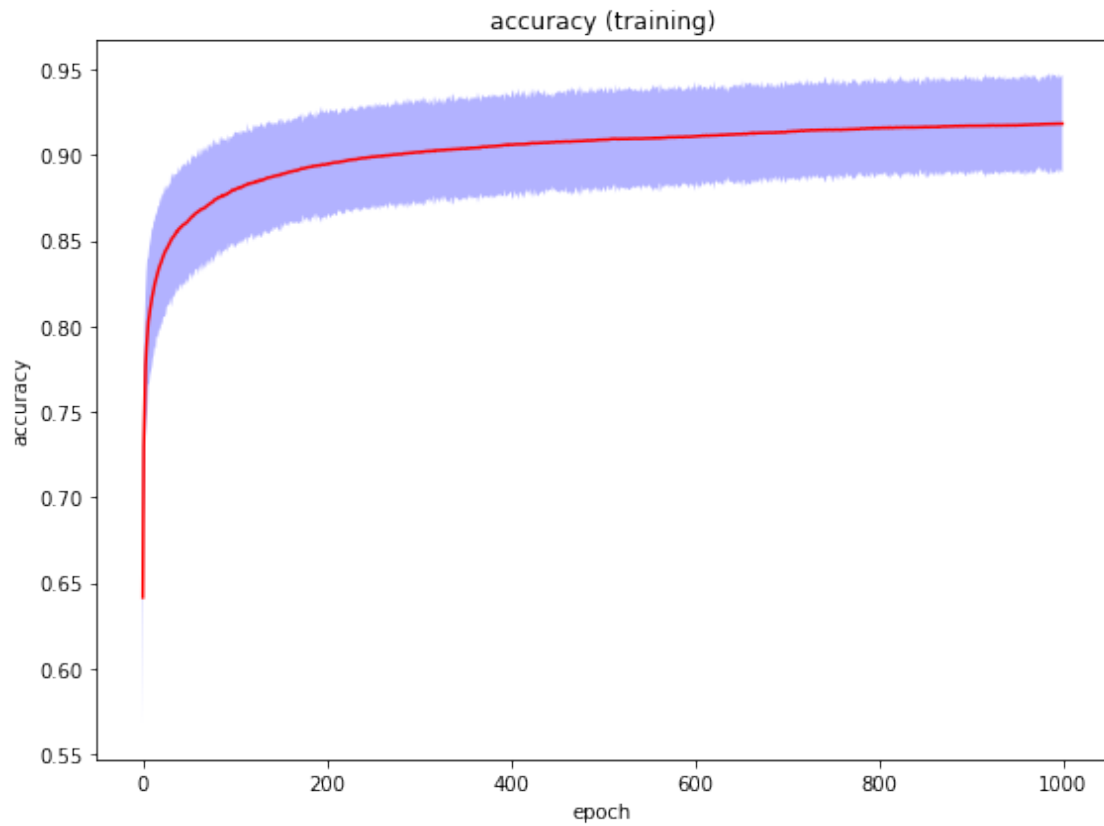
2.14 # 14. plot accuracy (training) curve (mean, std) : mini-batch size = 50,
weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_14()
```



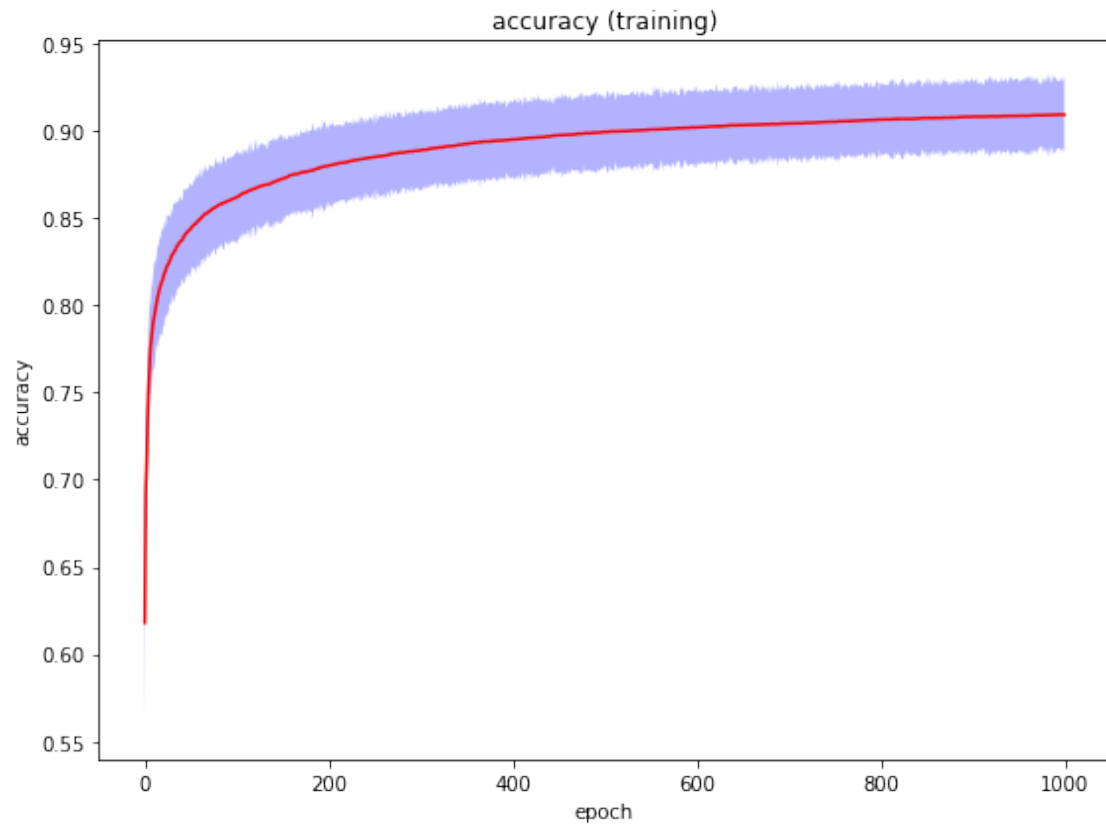
2.15 # 15. plot accuracy (training) curve (mean, std) : mini-batch size = 100,
weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_15()
```



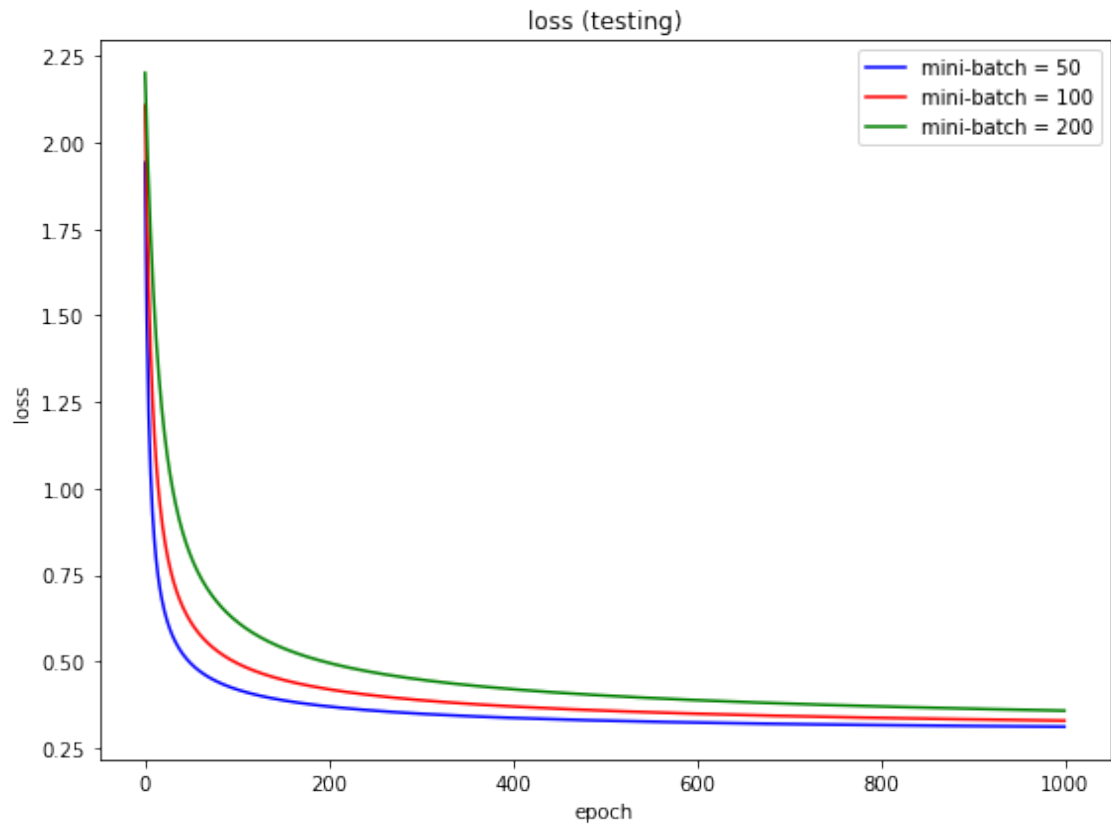
2.16 # 16. plot accuracy (training) curve (mean, std) : mini-batch size = 200,
weight decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_16()
```



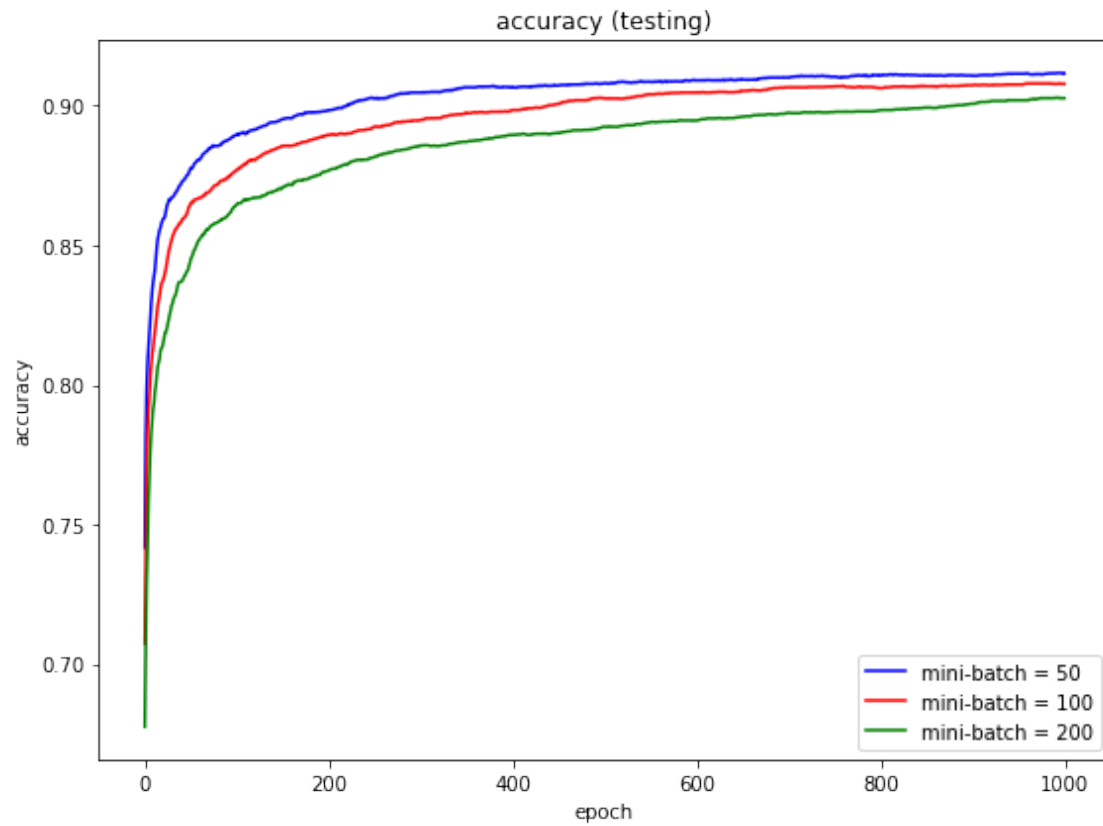
2.17 # 17. plot loss (testing) curve (mean) with different mini-batch

```
[ ]: function_results_17()
```



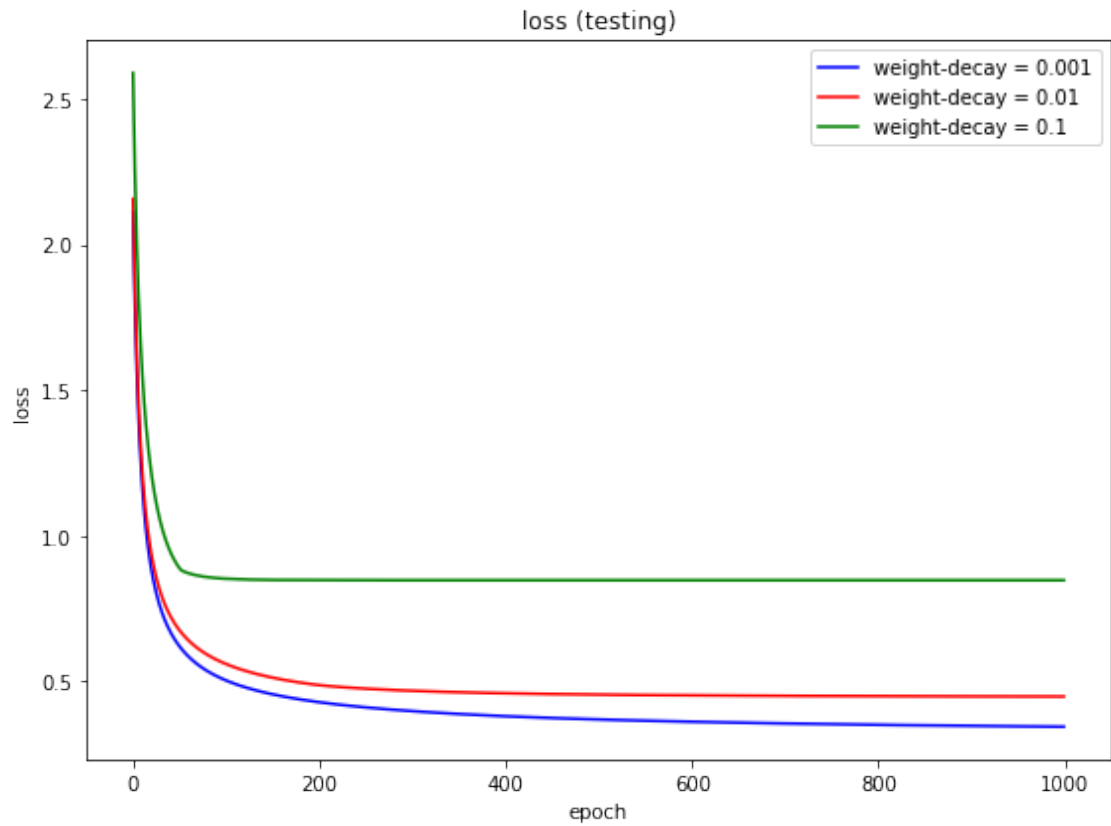
2.18 # 18. plot accuracy (testing) curve (mean) with different mini-batch

```
[ ]: function_results_18()
```



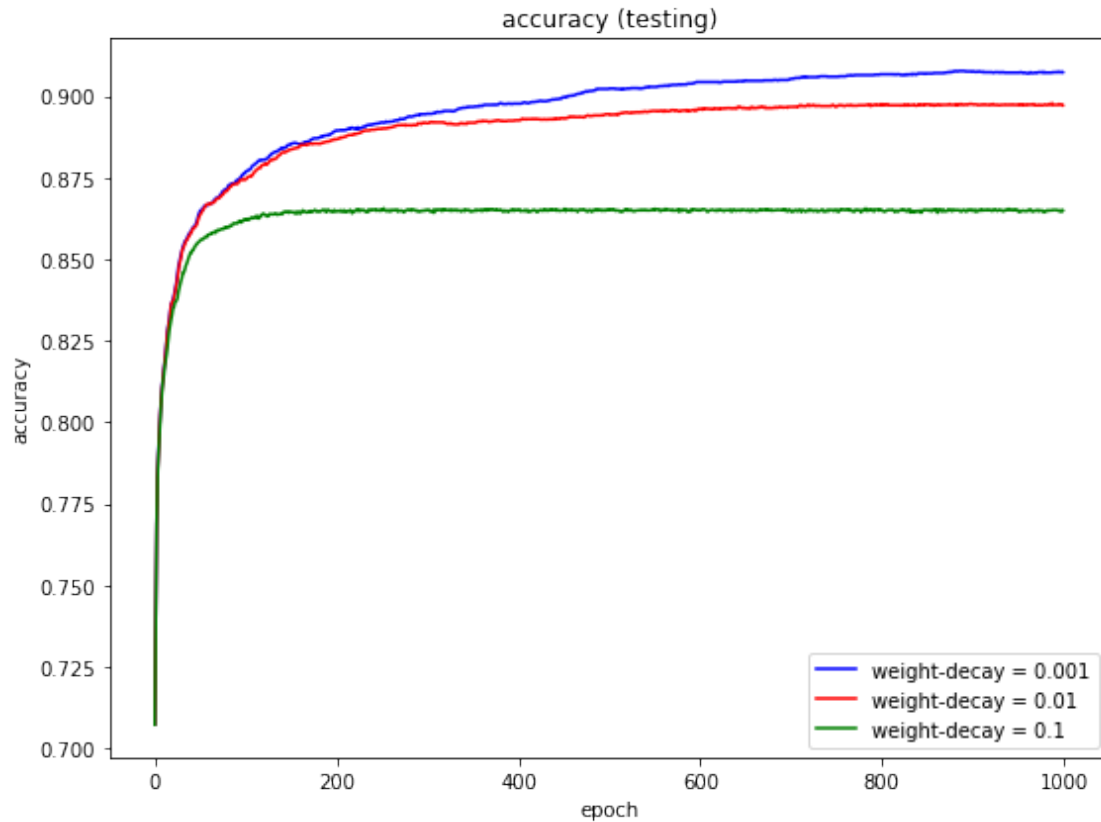
2.19 # 19. plot loss (testing) curve (mean) with different weight-decay

```
[ ]: function_results_19()
```



2.20 # 20. plot accuracy (testing) curve (mean) with different weight-decay

```
[ ]: function_results_20()
```

2.21 # 21. print training loss (mean) at iterations 0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_21(train_loss_mean_minibatch[1])
```

```
index =    0, value = 2.2003866772
index =   100, value = 0.4884452279
index =   200, value = 0.4086303762
index =   300, value = 0.3743102039
index =   400, value = 0.3538169113
index =   500, value = 0.3396656612
index =   600, value = 0.3290494042
index =   700, value = 0.3206579243
index =   800, value = 0.3137801756
index =   900, value = 0.3079845796
```

2.22 # 22. print training accuracy (mean) at iterations 0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0

```
[ ]: function_results_22(train_accuracy_mean_minibatch[1])
```

```
index =    0, value = 0.6415000000
index =   100, value = 0.8798500000
index =   200, value = 0.8948000000
index =   300, value = 0.9018000000
index =   400, value = 0.9062000000
index =   500, value = 0.9090500000
index =   600, value = 0.9109500000
index =   700, value = 0.9137000000
index =   800, value = 0.9158000000
index =   900, value = 0.9171500000
```

2.23 # 23. print training loss (mean) at iterations 0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.001

```
[ ]: function_results_23(train_loss_mean_weight_decay[0])
```

```
index =    0, value = 2.2053959737
index =   100, value = 0.4962629800
index =   200, value = 0.4175434109
index =   300, value = 0.3840709465
index =   400, value = 0.3643988464
index =   500, value = 0.3514216500
index =   600, value = 0.3419763652
index =   700, value = 0.3346759415
index =   800, value = 0.3288218803
index =   900, value = 0.3239931453
```

2.24 # 24. print training accuracy (mean) at iterations 0, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 : mini-batch = 100, weight-decay = 0.001

```
[ ]: function_results_24(train_accuracy_mean_weight_decay[0])
```

```
index =    0, value = 0.6415000000
index =   100, value = 0.8794000000
index =   200, value = 0.8944000000
index =   300, value = 0.9014500000
index =   400, value = 0.9053000000
index =   500, value = 0.9083000000
index =   600, value = 0.9104000000
index =   700, value = 0.9124000000
index =   800, value = 0.9144500000
index =   900, value = 0.9157000000
```