```
from matplotlib.image import imread
from helper functions import *
#----- WHERE YOUR IMAGE EXISTS-----
_____
datafolder = "R:/pythonBTH/assgn1code/images/"
imgpath = datafolder + "6.jpg"
#-----STARTER CODE-----
_____
# Convert the color image to grayscale and returns the grayscale pixels
pixel values = read colorimg(imgpath)
# The returned pixel values INCLUDE 2 boundary rows and 2 boundary colns.
Therefore,
numb rows = len(pixel values) - 2
numb colns = len(pixel values[0]) - 2
#-----WRITE YOUR CODE HERE------
_____
# Create a data structure to store updated pixel information
new pixel values = [[0]*numb colns for i in range(numb rows)]
\# Define the 3 x 3 mask as a tuple of tuples
mask = ((-1, -1, -1), (-1, 8, -1), (-1, -1, -1))
# Implement a function to slice a part from the image as a 2D list
def get slice 2d list(pixl Vals, Row loc, Colmn loc):
    #slice List = []
    #for pixel in pixl Vals[Row loc-1:Row loc+2]:
         slice List.append(pixel[Colmn loc-1:Colmn loc+2])
    #return slice List
#-----
    # list slicing to extract neighbor pixels
    # list comprehension for 2d list neighboring pixels.
    return [r[Colmn loc-1:Colmn loc+2]for r in pixl Vals[Row loc-
1:Row loc+2]]
# Implement a function to flatten a 2D list or a 2D tuple.
def flatten(input slice List):
    # flattened list = []
    # for sublist in slice List:
    # for item in sublist:
        flattened list.append(item)
#-----
   #list comprehension to create 1D list from 2D list.
    flatten list = [item val for sublist in input slice List for
item val in sublist]
    return flatten list
```

```
# For each of the pixel values, excluding the boundary values
 # Create little local 3x3 box using list slicing
for rpixel in range(1, numb rows+1):
   for cpixel in range(1, numb colns+1):
                #getting neighbor pixels
       edgeMatrix pixls = get slice 2d list(pixel values, rpixel, cpixel)
       flat list = flatten(edgeMatrix pixls)
       finalMask = flatten(mask)
                # Apply the mask
       edgeMulti Result = map(lambda k1, k2: k1 * k2, flat list,
finalMask)
                #Sum all the multiplied values and set the new pixel
value
       new pixel values[rpixel-1][cpixel-1]=sum(edgeMulti Result)
#-----END YOUR CODE HERE------
_____
# Verify your result
verify result(pixel values, new pixel values, mask)
# View the original image and the edges of the image
view images(imgpath, new pixel values)
```