Here is a comparison of basic commands and keybindings for the nano and vim text editors:

Nano Text Editor

• Basic Commands:

```
• Ctrl + O: Save the file (write out).
```

- Ctrl + X: Exit the editor.
- Ctrl + W: Search for a string in the file.
- Ctrl + K: Cut (delete) the current line.
- Ctrl + U: Paste the cut line.
- Ctrl + J: Justify the text.
- Ctrl + C: Show the current cursor position (line and column).
- Ctrl + G: Open help documentation.

Navigation Keys:

```
• Arrow keys: Move the cursor.
```

- Ctrl + A: Move to the beginning of the line.
- Ctrl + E: Move to the end of the line.
- Ctrl + Y: Scroll up one page.
- Ctrl + V: Scroll down one page.
- Ctrl + _: Go to a specific line number.

• Text Manipulation:

```
• Ctrl + T: Spell check (if supported).
```

- Ctrl + D: Delete the character under the cursor.
- Ctrl + Shift + 6: Set a mark (start of selection) for copying text.

Vim Text Editor

Modes:

- Normal mode: Default mode for navigating and issuing commands.
- Insert mode: Type and edit text (Press i to enter insert mode).
- \circ $\,$ Visual mode: For selecting text (Press ${\tt v}$ to start selection).
- o Command-line mode: For saving, quitting, etc. (Press: to enter command mode).

• Basic Commands:

- o :w: Save the file.
- :q: Quit the editor.
- :wq or ZZ : Save and quit.
- :q!: Quit without saving.
- :x: Save and quit (same as :wq).

· Navigation Keys:

- o h: Move left (in Normal mode).
- o j : Move down.
- o k: Move up.
- o 1: Move right.
- Ctrl + f: Scroll down one page.
- Ctrl + b: Scroll up one page.
- 0 : Move to the beginning of the line.
- \$: Move to the end of the line.
- gg: Move to the beginning of the document.
- G: Move to the end of the document.

• Text Manipulation:

- o i: Enter Insert mode before the cursor.
- o a: Enter Insert mode after the cursor.
- o d: Delete text (use with a movement command, e.g., dw to delete a word).
- $\circ \ \ \, \mathrm{x}$: Delete the character under the cursor.
- y: Yank (copy) text (use with a movement command, e.g., yy to yank a line).
- p : Paste the yanked or deleted text.

· Searching:

- /search_term: Search forward for a term.
- ?search term: Search backward for a term.
- o n : Go to the next search result.
- $\circ~\ensuremath{\mathbb{N}}$: Go to the previous search result.

Undo/Redo:

- $\, \bullet \, \, \, \mathrm{u}$: Undo the last action.
- Ctrl + r: Redo the undone action.

Visual Mode:

- $\circ \ _{\rm V}$: Start selecting text (character-wise).
- \circ \lor : Start selecting text (line-wise).
- y: Yank (copy) the selected text.
- d : Delete the selected text.

Summary of Key Differences:

Nano is more beginner-friendly, with simpler keybindings for basic tasks like saving and quitting. It operates
mostly in one mode.

•	Vim is more powerful and flexible, using different modes for different tasks (Normal, Insert, Visual, Command-
	line). It requires more learning but offers greater control and efficiency once mastered.