# Project Work at MPIK

### Temperature control system

## Stefan Dickopf

### 1 Experimental setup

A temperature sensor, a heater and a cooler are to be connected to a Arduino board. In order for it to work we need to have shifters for the voltage range to fit the inputs/outputs on the Arduino. This was first done by Vanessa Scheller using cables and a breadboard, I took her design and reworked it to be used on a milled circuit board and SMD parts.

#### 1.1 Temperature sensor circuit

The circuit for the temperature sensor looks as follows:

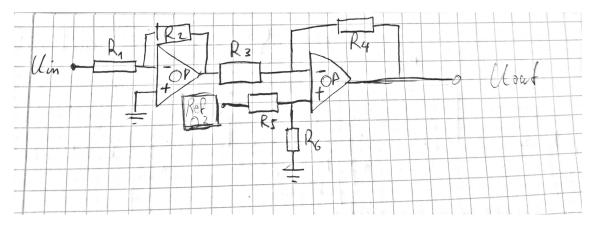


Figure 1: temp. sensor shifter circuit

The input range from the temperature sensor we are interested in is

$$-1.6V < U_{in} < 1.6V$$

The supply voltage of the op-amps is 15V. We want to have a cutoff after the first op-amp at the input range boundaries. This can be achieved with setting the amplification factor with  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ . The output range should equal the input range of the Arduino analogue input which goes form 0-3.3V. The values found for the resistances are as follows (in  $k\Omega$ ):

 $R_1 = 15k\Omega$ 

 $R_2 = 133k\Omega$ 

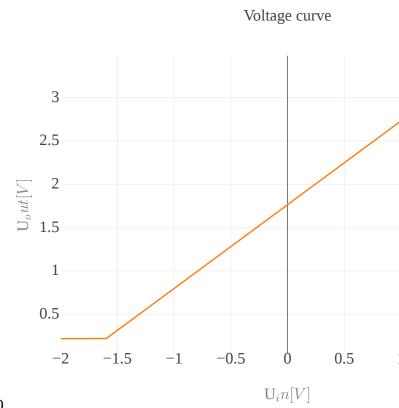
 $R_3 = 133k\Omega$ 

 $R_4 = 12k\Omega + 10k\Omega$ (potentiometer)

 $R_5 = 10k\Omega$ 

 $R_6 = 15k\Omega + 5k\Omega$ (potentiometer)

This gives to following response to the input Voltage  $U_{in}$ 



 $./plots/plotimage.svg./plots/plotimage.pdf \!\!>\!\! 0$ 

Figure 2: temp. sensor shifter circuit