Devin Dennis - HTTP's Basic Authentication: A Story

There once was a cs student trying to break into Jeff's website. Little did he know that he had left the username and password on a sticky note on his desk. The student found it and logged in. The student attempted to determine how he had gained access to the site.

I recorded all the traffic from logging on Wireshark and Burp Suite to see the HTTP and TCP requests being sent.

First, I looked at the Wireshark input to see what was going on

I see that an initial TCP connection was set up with the server. The browser then tried to make an HTTP GET request. Here's is the request:

```
Frame 4: 493 bytes on wire (3944 bits), 493 bytes captured (3944 bits) on interface eth0, id
▼ Ethernet II, Src: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d), Dst: 52:55:0a:00:02:02 (52:55:0≀
  Source: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d)
    Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
    [Stream index: 0]
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.2.15, Dst: 172.233.221.124
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 45152, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 439

▼ Hypertext Transfer Protocol

  F GET /basicauth/ HTTP/1.1\r\n
   Host: cs338.jeffondich.com\r\n
    Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.9\r\n
   Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1\r\n
   User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/
    Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/
    Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br\r\n
    Connection: keep-alive\r\n
    r\n
```

The server sent back a response saying that you are not authorized to see this page with a HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized

```
Frame 6: 859 bytes on wire (6872 bits), 859 bytes captured (6872 bits) on interface eth0, ic
▼ Ethernet II, Src: 52:55:0a:00:02:02 (52:55:0a:00:02:02), Dst: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:2

▶ Destination: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d)
  Source: 52:55:0a:00:02:02 (52:55:0a:00:02:02)
    Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
    [Stream index: 0]
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.233.221.124, Dst: 10.0.2.15
∍ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 45152, Seq: 1, Ack: 440, Len: 805

    Hypertext Transfer Protocol

  HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized\r\n
    Server: nginx/1.18.0 (Ubuntu)\r\n
    Date: Thu, 25 Sep 2025 02:39:22 GMT\r\n
    Content-Type: text/html\r\n
  ▶ Content-Length: 590\r\n
    Connection: keep-alive\r\n
    WWW-Authenticate: Basic realm="Protected Area"\r\n
    [Time since request: 0.020217698 seconds]
    [Request URI: /basicauth/]
```

This is when the browser prompts the user to enter the username and password. When I did so, it sent this HTTP request:

```
Frame 11: 562 bytes on wire (4496 bits), 562 bytes captured (4496 bits) on interface eth0, i

▼ Ethernet II, Src: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d), Dst: 52:55:0a:00:02:02 (52:55:€
  Source: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d)
     Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
    [Stream index: 0]
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.2.15, Dst: 172.233.221.124
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 58438, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 508

    Hypertext Transfer Protocol

  FGET /basicauth/ HTTP/1.1\r\n
    Host: cs338.jeffondich.com\r\n
    Cache-Control: max-age=0\r\n
  Authorization: Basic Y3MzMzg6cGFzc3dvcmQ=\r\n
    Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.9\r\n
    Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1\r\n
    User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome.
    Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image
    Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br\r\n
    Connection: keep-alive\r\n
    r\n
```

This time, the GET request had the Authorization header inside the payload. But the confusing part is why it's just a bunch of characters. I figured out that it was in base64 and decoded it:

```
Session Actions Edit View Help

(kali@kali)-[~]

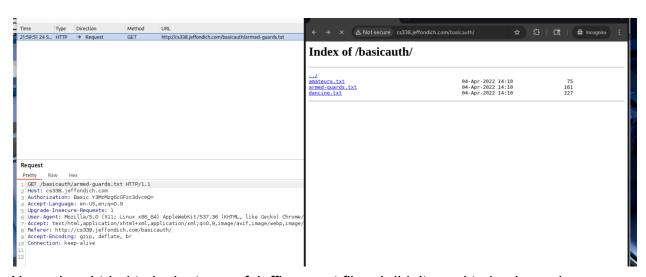
secho "Y3MzMzg6cGFzc3dvcmQ=" | base64 -d
cs338:password

(kali@kali)-[~]
```

The Authorization header follows this format for basic authentication: Authorization: Basic username:password. I realized that it's the password being sent from the browser in the HTTP request to log into the webpage. Then the server sent back an HTML page with a 200 OK code:

```
Frame 13: 458 bytes on wire (3664 bits), 458 bytes captured (3664 bits) on interface eth0, id 0
Ethernet II, Src: 52:55:0a:00:02:02 (52:55:0a:00:02:02), Dst: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d)
> Destination: PCSSystemtec_d1:f8:5d (08:00:27:d1:f8:5d)
> Source: 52:55:0a:00:02:02 (52:55:0a:00:02:02)
   Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
[Stream index: 0]
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.233.221.124, Dst: 10.0.2.15
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 58438, Seq: 1, Ack: 509, Len: 404
Hypertext Transfer Protocol, has 2 chunks (including last chunk)
→ HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n
   Server: nginx/1.18.0 (Ubuntu)\r\n
Date: Thu, 25 Sep 2025 02:39:43 GMT\r\n
   Content-Type: text/html\r\n
   Transfer-Encoding: chunked\r\n
   Connection: keep-alive\r\n
   Content-Encoding: gzip\r\n
    [Time since request: 0.019294440 seconds]
    [Request URI: /basicauth/]
 HTTP chunked response
   Content-encoded entity body (gzip): 205 bytes -> 509 bytes
   File Data: 509 bytes
Line-based text data: text/html (9 lines)
   <html>\r\n
   <head><title>Index of /basicauth/</title></head>\r\n
   <body>\r\n
   <h1>Index of /basicauth/</h1><hr><a href="../">.../</a>\r\n
   <a href="amateurs.txt">amateurs.txt</a>
                                                                                                                04-Apr-2022 14:10
   <a href="armed-guards.txt">armed-guards.txt</a>
                                                                                                                     04-Apr-2022 14:10
   <a href="dancing.txt">dancing.txt</a>
                                                                                                               04-Apr-2022 14:10
   <hr></body>\r\n
   </html>\r\n
```

Every time I log into the site now, the browser automatically adds the authorization to the page since the browser has cached the credentials.



Now when I tried to look at one of Jeff's secret files, I didn't need to log in again.

Hehehee, I have all Jeff's secrets.