## R\_Implementation

Rachael Joan Dias 12/10/2018

```
library(readr)
#Load the csv file and save as a data frame
cardio<-read.csv("Cardiotocographic.csv")</pre>
str(cardio)
  'data.frame':
                   2126 obs. of 22 variables:
             : int 120 132 133 134 132 134 134 122 122 122 ...
             : num 0 0.00638 0.00332 0.00256 0.00651 ...
##
   $ AC
## $ FM
             : num 0000000000...
## $ UC
                   0 0.00638 0.00831 0.00768 0.00814 ...
             : num
## $ DL
                    0 0.00319 0.00332 0.00256 0 ...
             : num
## $ DS
             : num
                    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                    0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ DP
             : num
## $ ASTV
                    73 17 16 16 16 26 29 83 84 86 ...
             : int
                   0.5 2.1 2.1 2.4 2.4 5.9 6.3 0.5 0.5 0.3 ...
## $ MSTV
             : num
##
   $ ALTV
             : int
                    43 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 5 6 ...
                   2.4 10.4 13.4 23 19.9 0 0 15.6 13.6 10.6 ...
##
  $ MLTV
             : num
##
  $ Width
                   64 130 130 117 117 150 150 68 68 68 ...
             : int
             : int 62 68 68 53 53 50 50 62 62 62 ...
## $ Min
## $ Max
             : int 126 198 198 170 170 200 200 130 130 130 ...
## $ Nmax
             : int 26511956001...
## $ Nzeros : int 0 1 1 0 0 3 3 0 0 0 ...
## $ Mode
             : int 120 141 141 137 137 76 71 122 122 122 ...
                   137 136 135 134 136 107 107 122 122 122 ...
   $ Mean
             : int
## $ Median : int 121 140 138 137 138 107 106 123 123 123 ...
  $ Variance: int 73 12 13 13 11 170 215 3 3 1 ...
##
   $ Tendency: int
                    1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 ...
   $ NSP
             : int 2 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 ...
#Convert the outcome variable NSP to factors
cardio$NSPF<-as.factor(cardio$NSP)</pre>
str(cardio)
## 'data.frame':
                   2126 obs. of 23 variables:
##
   $ LB
             : int 120 132 133 134 132 134 134 122 122 122 ...
##
   $ AC
             : num
                   0 0.00638 0.00332 0.00256 0.00651 ...
## $ FM
             : num
                   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ UC
             : num 0 0.00638 0.00831 0.00768 0.00814 ...
## $ DL
                    0 0.00319 0.00332 0.00256 0 ...
             : num
## $ DS
                   0000000000...
             : num
## $ DP
             : num
                   00000...
## $ ASTV
             : int
                    73 17 16 16 16 26 29 83 84 86 ...
## $ MSTV
             : num 0.5 2.1 2.1 2.4 2.4 5.9 6.3 0.5 0.5 0.3 ...
## $ ALTV
             : int 43 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 5 6 ...
```

: num 2.4 10.4 13.4 23 19.9 0 0 15.6 13.6 10.6 ...

: int 126 198 198 170 170 200 200 130 130 130 ...

: int 64 130 130 117 117 150 150 68 68 68 ...

62 68 68 53 53 50 50 62 62 62 ...

## \$ MLTV

## \$ Max

##

## \$ Width

\$ Min

: int

```
: int 26511956001...
## $ Nzeros : int 0 1 1 0 0 3 3 0 0 0 ...
           : int 120 141 141 137 137 76 71 122 122 122 ...
              : int 137 136 135 134 136 107 107 122 122 122 ...
## $ Mean
## $ Median : int 121 140 138 137 138 107 106 123 123 123 ...
## $ Variance: int 73 12 13 13 11 170 215 3 3 1 ...
## $ Tendency: int 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 ...
             : int 2 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ NSP
## $ NSPF
              : Factor w/ 3 levels "1", "2", "3": 2 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 ...
#Multinomial Logistic regression
library(nnet)
#Considering level 1 which represents a normal patient as the reference level
cardio$out<-relevel(cardio$NSPF, ref="1")</pre>
#Fit a multinomial logistic regression model
model<-multinom(out~LB+AC+FM, data=cardio)</pre>
## # weights: 15 (8 variable)
## initial value 2335.649726
## iter 10 value 1289.818570
## iter 20 value 1041.240748
## iter 30 value 1036.259309
## final value 1019.987655
## converged
#Print summary of the model
summary(model)
## multinom(formula = out ~ LB + AC + FM, data = cardio)
##
## Coefficients:
   (Intercept)
                          LB
                                     AC
## 2 -16.2182977 0.112918884 -829.1624 6.137294
## 3 -0.4208594 -0.006730701 -789.8814 8.231494
##
## Std. Errors:
   (Intercept)
                         LB
                                      AC
## 2
        1.261066 0.009050217 0.005518354 1.746013
## 3
        1.212057 0.009170115 0.009872315 1.372880
## Residual Deviance: 2039.975
## AIC: 2055.975
#2-tailed z test
z <- summary(model)$coefficients/summary(model)$standard.errors
p \leftarrow (1 - pnorm(abs(z), 0, 1)) * 2
р
     (Intercept)
                        LB AC
       0.0000000 0.0000000 0 4.396984e-04
       0.7284205 0.4629596 0 2.025026e-09
```

Predictions

```
#Printing prediction of our model
head(predict(model,cardio, type="prob"))
##
## 1 0.7341566 0.050942148 0.214901289
## 2 0.9969034 0.001352476 0.001744078
## 3 0.9628285 0.018450599 0.018720927
## 4 0.9297324 0.037502013 0.032765629
## 5 0.9972224 0.001209563 0.001568084
## 6 0.7951989 0.112322025 0.092479054
Misclassification Error
#Print confusion matrix of the model
x<-table(predict(model),cardio$NSPF)</pre>
print(x)
##
##
               2
                    3
         1
##
     1 1592 165 137
##
       61 128
    2
                   27
##
                   12
#Error of the model
1-sum(diag(x))/sum(x)
## [1] 0.1853246
```