



1. Iterative deepening Search depth First search:-

Algorithm :-

1. Create an empty graph using an adjacency list
2. Start at the root node until you find the goal node
3. Perform ~~Depth~~ Depth limited search at that depth
if a ^{goal} node is found at the current depth, ~~return~~ return "Success"

else:

increment the depth & continue searching

4. If the depth limit is reached return failure for that branch

for the child node of the current node

> if the neighbor hasn't been visited yet, perform a recursive DFS on that node with the depth reduced by 1

> if any recursive DFS call finds the goal node, return success

> else: return "failure"

Terminate :

if the goal node is found at any depth, "return Success"

else:

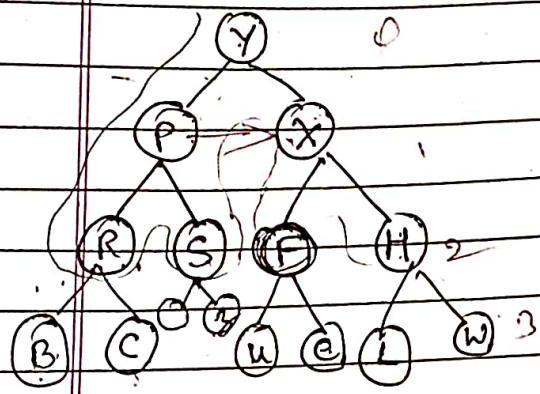
if the search reaches the maximum depth without finding the goal, "return failure"

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Y
Y P X
Y P R S X F

~~XXXX~~

1) from collections import defaultdict

class Graph:

def __init__(self):

self.graph = defaultdict(list)

def add_edges(self, u, v):

self.graph[u].append(v)

def iddfs(self, start, goal, max_depth):

for depth in range(max_depth + 1):

visited = set()

if self.dfs(start, goal, depth, visited):

return True

return False

def dfs(self, node, goal, depth, visited):

if node == goal:

return True

if depth == 0:

return False

visited.add(node)

for neighbors in self.graph[node]:

if neighbor not in visited:

if self.dfs(neighbor, goal, depth - 1, visited):

return True

return False

g = Graph()

g.add_edge(0, 1)

g.add_edge(0, 2)

g.add_edge(1, 3)

g.add_edge(1, 4)

g.add_edge(2, 5)

g.add_edge(2, 6)

start = 0

goal = 5

max_depth = 3



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if giddy(start, goal, max depth):
 print("path found")

else:

 print("path not found")

o/p:-

path found.

~~Y → P → R → S → X → F~~

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Path found: A -> C -> G

Target is reachable from source within max depth

=== Code Execution Successful ===



2.

 A^*

1	2	3
	4	6
7	5	8

1	2	3
5		4
7	6	8

3	2	1
4		6
7	6	5

 $g=1, h=$
 $f=5$

2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
1	4	6	4		7	4	6
7	5	8	7	5	8	5	8

 $g=1, h=2$
 $f=3$ $g=1, h=4$
 $f=5$ $g=2, h=1$
 $f=3$

1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
4	5	6	4	6		4	6	
7		8	7	5	8	7	5	8

 $g=3, h=2$
 $f=5$

1	2	3	1	2	3
4	5	6	4	5	6
7		8	7	8	

 $g=3, h=0, f=3$

moves: - up
down
left
right

$$use f(x) = g(x) + h(x)$$

'g' represents the number of moves it took to reach a particular node from initial configuration.

'h' is the heuristic function which basically estimates how far the current state is from the goal state.

Step 1 Create 3x3 matrix

Step 2 Initialize open & closed lists

Step 3 Create the start node

→ Add the start node to open list

Select the node with the lowest 'f' value from open list

Step 4 check if the current node is the goal node
if not check with the child nodes. w.r.t 'f' value

Process

[4, 2, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[1, 0, 3]

[4, 2, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 0, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 5, 6]

[7, 0, 8]

Current State:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 5, 6]

[7, 8, 0]

Found with 12 iterations

=== Code Execution Successful ===

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[7, 2, 6]

[0, 5, 8]

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[0, 2, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[0, 1, 3]

[4, 2, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[1, 0, 3]

[4, 2, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[1, 2, 3]

[4, 0, 6]

[7, 5, 8]

Current State:

[5, 2, 3]

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[7, 2, 6]

[5, 8, 0]

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[7, 2, 0]

[5, 8, 6]

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[7, 2, 6]

[5, 0, 8]

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[7, 0, 2]

[5, 8, 6]

Current State:

[4, 1, 3]

[7, 0, 6]

[5, 2, 8]

Current State: