

BFS

week 9

22/2/24

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_VERTICES 10
int n, i, j, visited[MAX_VERTICES], queue[MAX_VERTICES],
    front = 0, rear = 0;
int adj[MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES];
void bfs(int v)
{
    visited[v] = 1;
    queue[rear++] = v;
    while (front < rear)
    {
        int current = queue[front++];
        printf("%d\t", current);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            if (adj[current][i] && !visited[i])
            {
                visited[i] = 1;
                queue[rear++] = i;
            }
        }
    }
}

int main()
{
    int v;
    printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        visited[i] = 0;
    }
    printf("Enter graph data in matrix form:\n");
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
    for (j=0; j<n; j++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &adj[i][j]);
```

```
    printf("Enter the starting vertex: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &v);
```

```
    bfs(v);
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (!visited[i])
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("In BFS is not possible, Not all  
        nodes are reachable. \n");
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

O/P

Enter the number of vertices : 7

Enter graph data in matrix form:

0 1 0 1 0 0 0

1 0 1 1 0 1 1

0 1 0 1 1 1 0

0 0 1 1 0 0 1

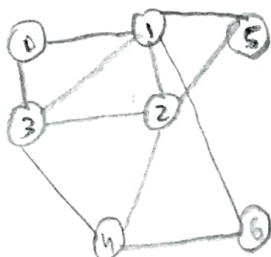
0 1 1 0 0 0 0

0 1 0 0 1 0 0

Enter the starting vertex : 4

~~4~~ 2 3 6 1 5 0

visited : 4, 2, 3, 6



4 → 2, 3, 6

2 → 1, 3, 4, 5, 6

1 → 0, 2, 3, 5, 6

4, 2, 3, 6, 1, 5, 0

Enter the number of vertices: 7

Enter graph data in matrix form:

0 1 0 1 0 0 0

1 0 1 1 0 1 1

0 1 0 1 1 1 0

1 1 1 0 1 0 0

0 0 1 1 0 0 1

0 1 1 0 0 0 0

0 1 0 0 1 0 0

Enter the starting vertex: 4

4 2 3 6 1 5 0

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 194.033 s

Press any key to continue.

dfs :

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
```

```
#define MAX_VERTICES 10
```

```
int n, i, j, visited[MAX_VERTICES];
```

```
int adj[MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES];
```

```
void dfs(int v)
```

```
{
```

```
    visited[v] = 1;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (adj[v][i] && !visited[i])
```

```
        {
```

```
            dfs(i);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int v;
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        visited[i] = 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter graph data in matrix form: \n");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
```

```
            scanf("%d", &adj[i][j]);
```

```
printf("Enter the starting vertex: ");
scanf("%d", &v);
dfs(v);
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++){
```

```
    if (!visited[i])
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("In The graph is not connected.\n");
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
printf("In The graph is connected.\n");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

O/p:

Enter the number of vertices: 4

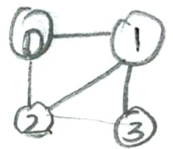
Enter the graph data in matrix form:

0 1 1 0

1 0 0 1

1 0 0 0

0 1 0 0



Enter the vertex starting vertex: 0

The graph is connected.

S.p. 1
22/2/24



C:\Users\BMSCE\OneDrive\De X



Enter the number of vertices: 4

Enter graph data in matrix form:

0 1 1 0

1 0 0 1

1 0 0 0

0 1 0 0

Enter the starting vertex: 0

The graph is connected.

~~code 4~~
leetcode 4

Rotate List

- > Given the head of a linked list, rotate the list to the right by K places.
- >

```
struct ListNode* rotateRight(struct ListNode* head, int k)
{
    if (head == NULL || head->next == NULL || k == 0)
        return head;
    int length = 1;
    struct ListNode *tail = head;
    while (tail->next != NULL)
    {
        length++;
        tail = tail->next;
    }
    k = k % length;
    if (k == 0)
        return head;

    struct ListNode *new_tail = head;
    for (int i = 0; i < length - k - 1; i++)
    {
        new_tail = new_tail->next;
    }
    struct ListNode *new_head = new_tail->next;
    new_tail->next = NULL;
    tail->next = head;
    return new_head;
}
```

O/P :-

Case 1 :

head =

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

K =

2

Case 2 :

head =

[0, 1, 2]

K =

4
