

### Assignment 5.3

Q Calculate F Test for given 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 & 5, 10, 15, 20, 25  
~~For 10, 20, 30, 40, 50:~~

Solution Given groups

G<sub>1</sub> : 10, 20, 30, 40, 50

G<sub>2</sub> : 5, 10, 15, 20, 25

	$\Sigma G$	$\bar{x}$	$S_1^2 = 250$
G <sub>1</sub>	150	30	
G <sub>2</sub>	75	15	$S_2^2 = 62.5$

Where  $S_1^2$  &  $S_2^2$  are variance of two groups.

Calculation of variance

$$s^2 = \frac{\sum (x - \mu)^2}{N}$$

Where  $\mu$  is average of all  $N$  is the set

$N$  is total number of elements in the set.

$$S_1^2 = \frac{(10-30)^2 + (20-30)^2 + (30-30)^2 + (40-30)^2 + (50-30)^2}{5}$$
$$= \frac{400 + 100 + 0 + 100 + 400}{5} = \frac{1000}{5} = 250$$

$$S_2^2 = \frac{(5-15)^2 + (10-15)^2 + (15-15)^2 + (20-15)^2 + (25-15)^2}{5}$$
$$= \frac{(-10)^2 + (-5)^2 + 0 + (5)^2 + (10)^2}{5} = \frac{250}{5} = 62.5$$

$$F_{\text{value}} = \frac{S_1^2}{S_2^2} = \frac{250}{62.5} = 4$$

For  $F_{\text{cv}}$  = degree of freedom of numerator =  $5-1=4$   
degree of freedom of denominator =  $5-1=4$

$\therefore$  From F-table we take  $K_1=4, K_2=4, \alpha=0.05$   
If  $\alpha$  not given we take  $\alpha=0.05$

$F_{\text{cv}}$  from table = 6.38  $F_{\text{value}} < F_{\text{cv}}$   
 $\therefore$  we fail to reject null hypothesis.