In [2]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sb
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

In [4]:

iris_data=pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\racha\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Datascience\\iris flower.zip
iris_data.head(10)

Out[4]:

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
6	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
7	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
8	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
9	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	Iris-setosa

In [5]:

iris_data.describe()

Out[5]:

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	5.843333	3.054000	3.758667	1.198667
std	0.828066	0.433594	1.764420	0.763161
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000
75%	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000

In [6]:

```
iris_data.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 150 entries, 0 to 149
Data columns (total 5 columns):
    Column
                  Non-Null Count Dtype
 #
                  -----
     sepal_length 150 non-null
 0
                                  float64
 1
     sepal_width
                  150 non-null
                                  float64
 2
    petal length 150 non-null
                                  float64
    petal_width
                                  float64
 3
                  150 non-null
                                  object
 4
    species
                  150 non-null
dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 6.0+ KB
```

In [7]:

```
iris_data['species'].value_counts()
```

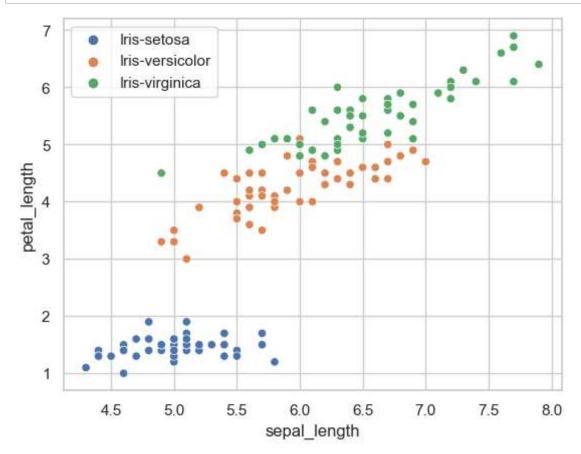
Out[7]:

Iris-setosa 50
Iris-versicolor 50
Iris-virginica 50

Name: species, dtype: int64

In [16]:

```
sb.set(style="whitegrid")
sb.scatterplot(data=iris_data, x="sepal_length", y="petal_length", hue="species")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



In [17]:

```
x=iris_data[["sepal_length","sepal_width","petal_length","petal_width"]].values
y=iris_data[["species"]].values
```

In [19]:

```
model=LogisticRegression()
model.fit(x,y)
```

C:\Users\racha\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:99
3: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

Out[19]:

LogisticRegression()

```
In [22]:
model.score(x,y).round(4)
Out[22]:
0.9733
In [24]:
actual=y
predicted=model.predict(x)
In [25]:
from sklearn import metrics
print(metrics.classification_report(actual,predicted))
                 precision
                               recall
                                      f1-score
                                                   support
    Iris-setosa
                      1.00
                                 1.00
                                           1.00
                                                        50
                                           0.96
Iris-versicolor
                      0.98
                                 0.94
                                                        50
                                           0.96
 Iris-virginica
                      0.94
                                 0.98
                                                        50
                                           0.97
       accuracy
                                                       150
      macro avg
                      0.97
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
                                                       150
                                                       150
  weighted avg
                      0.97
                                 0.97
                                           0.97
In [26]:
print(metrics.confusion_matrix(actual,predicted))
[[50 0 0]
[ 0 47 3]
[ 0 1 49]]
In [27]:
predicted=model.predict([[5.1,3.5,1.4,0.2]])
predicted
Out[27]:
array(['Iris-setosa'], dtype=object)
In [29]:
predicted=model.predict([[6.5,2.8,2.2,0.5]])
predicted
Out[29]:
array(['Iris-versicolor'], dtype=object)
```