איחזור מידע 3

README: Sentiment Analysis of News Articles

Project Contributors

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Project Overview

This project aims to determine the sentiment orientation of articles published by various newspapers towards Israel and Palestine. The classification identifies whether the content of a news article is pro-Israeli, pro-Palestinian, or neutral

2. Workflow

Step 1: Sentence Extraction

Articles were processed to identify sentences containing only pro-Israel or pro-Palestinian keywords. Each sentence was tagged with its sentiment orientation (I for Israel, P for Palestine). We took only the sentences that had one categories words.

Step 2: Sentiment Classification

Each extracted sentence was analyzed using multiple sentiment classifiers available on Hugging Face.

Sentiment Models Used:

1. Cardiff NLP - Twitter RoBERTa Base Sentiment

- 2. NLPTown BERT Base Multilingual Uncased Sentiment
- 3. Cardiff NLP Twitter XLM RoBERTa Base Sentiment
- 4. Siebert Sentiment RoBERTa Large English
- 5. <u>LXYuan DistilBERT Multilingual Cased Sentiments</u>
- 6. FiniteAutomata BERTweet Sentiment
- 7. J-Hartmann Sentiment RoBERTa Large 3-Classes

Step 4: Consensus Mechanism

- We used multiple models to classify each sentence. Each model's script is saved as a separate file (e.g., modelX.py).
- The final sentiment score for each sentence was calculated as the average of the scores from all models.

Step 5: Article Sentiment Aggregation

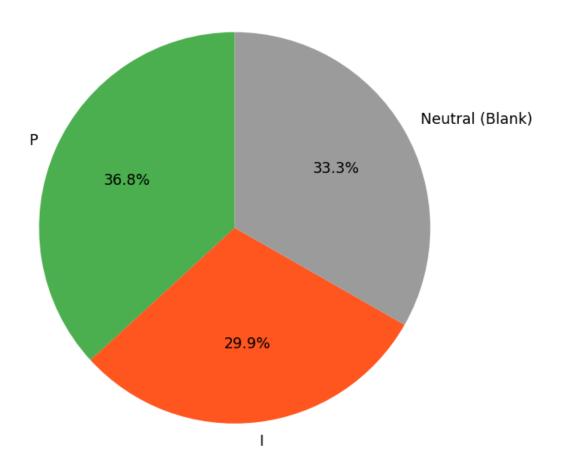
 Based on the overall score, each article was labeled as pro-Israeli, pro-Palestinian, or neutral.

Step 6: Newspaper Sentiment Analysis

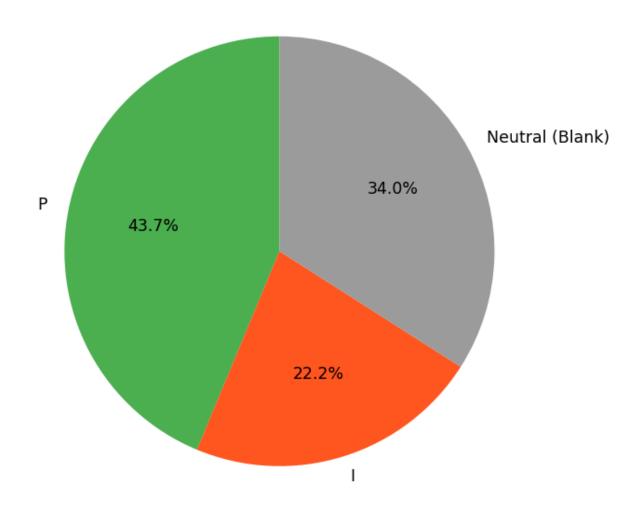
- We summarized the sentiment labels of all articles in each newspaper.
- Each newspaper received a final sentiment score based on the articles it published.

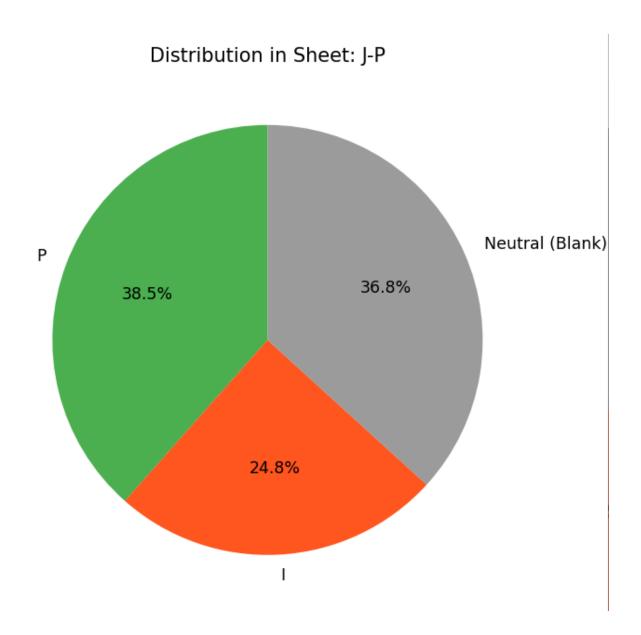
Results

Distribution in Sheet: A-J

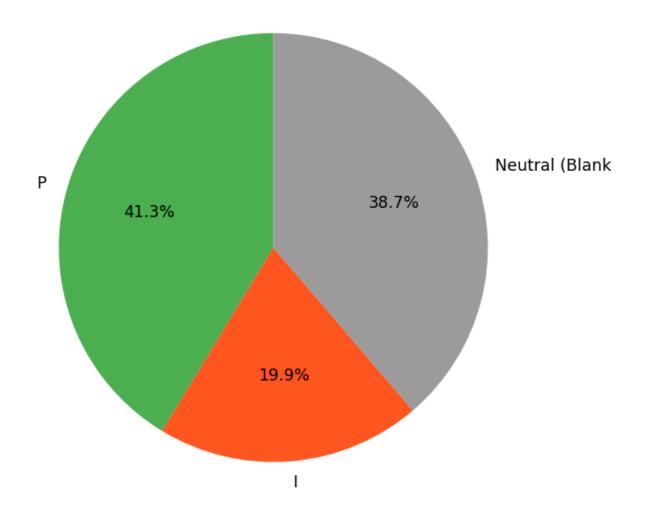


Distribution in Sheet: BBC





Distribution in Sheet: NY-T



C:\Users\rache\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python312\python.exe "C:\Users\rache\Desktop\" מידע\hw3\statistics.py"

Statistics for sheet: A-J

I/P majority sentiment count

••	•		
0	I	NEG	142
1	I	NEU	47
2	I	POS	4
3	F	NEG	122

4	Р	NEU	90	
5	Р	POS	13	

Statistics for sheet: BBC

I/P majority sentiment count

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		00	0 004	٠.
0	I		NEG	2809	
1	I		NEU	1600	
2	١		POS	238	
3	F)	NEG	1230	
4	F)	NEU	645	
5	F		POS	70	

Statistics for sheet: J-P

I/P majority sentiment count

0	I	NEG	1634	
1	I	NEU	1369	
2	I	POS	545	
3	Р	NEG	553	
4	Р	NEU	257	
5	Р	POS	71	

Statistics for sheet: NY-T

I/P majority sentiment count

0	1	NEG	622	
1	1	NEU	447	
2	1	POS	48	
3	Р	NEG	259	
4	Р	NEU	146	
5	Р	POS	14	

Process finished with exit code 0

Example Output (Excel)

4	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	H	1	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U
1	Vewspape	ment Nur	ence Nu	m Sentence	I/P	el1 senti	model1 sco	el2 sentir	odel2 sco	el3 sentir	nodel3 sco	lel4 sen	ntimodel4 sco	el 5 sent	inodel 5 sco	el 6 senti	nodel 6 sco	el 7 sentir	odel 7 sco	rity senti	verage sco
2	al-j	1		1 pope rene	Р	NEU	0.79149	NEG	0.46812	NEG	0.72418	POS	0.99821	NEG	0.4727	NEU	0.92095	NEU	0.99832	NEG	0.76771 I
3	al-j	2		1 biden is st	l	POS	0.9688	POS	0.7156	POS	0.57747	POS	0.99867	POS	0.81125	POS	0.98781	POS	0.99927	POS	0.86555 1
4	al-j	2		2 united stall	l	NEU	0.81167	POS	0.31472	NEG	0.73338	POS	0.98888	NEG	0.48503	NEU	0.84571	NEU	0.99592	NEU	0.73933
5	al-j	7		1 relatives o	P	NEG	0.67095	NEG	0.36642	NEG	0.77564	NEG	0.99554	NEG	0.69222	NEG	0.6946	NEU	0.93724	NEG	0.73323 I
6	al-j	8		1 icj rules isı	l	NEG	0.79872	NEG	0.51167	NEG	0.78151	NEG	0.99824	NEG	0.49476	NEU	0.52884	NEU	0.99916	NEG	0.73042 F
7	al-j	10		1 uncoverin	P	NEU	0.82049	POS	0.39195	NEU	0.50992	POS	0.99501	NEG	0.57926	NEU	0.79	NEU	0.99659	NEU	0.72617
8	al-j	10		2 the discov	P	NEG	0.83326	POS	0.50728	NEG	0.88371	NEG	0.99508	NEG	0.89267	NEG	0.87207	NEG	0.9898	NEG	0.85341 I
9	al-j	11		1 uk will not		NEU	0.90519	NEG	0.53778	NEG	0.46302	POS	0.98624	NEU	0.42121	NEU	0.90342	NEU	0.9988	NEU	0.7451
10	al-j	11		2 the united	l	NEU	0.94021	NEG	0.52187	NEG	0.48187	POS	0.98782	NEG	0.36897	NEU	0.94328	NEU	0.99863	NEG	0.74895 P
11	al-j	13		1 pakistani (P	NEU	0.50868	NEG	0.52848	NEG	0.82918	NEG	0.99897	NEG	0.51461	NEU	0.57166	NEG	0.95625	NEG	0.70112 I
12	al-j	14		1 how israel		NEU	0.61026	NEG	0.30052	NEG	0.61381	NEG	0.99298	NEG	0.62944	NEG	0.58755	NEU	0.99777	NEG	0.67605 F
13	al-j	16		1 gaza cease	Р	NEG	0.66426	NEG	0.6025	NEG	0.74616	NEG	0.99947	NEU	0.54715	NEG	0.90856	NEG	0.90859	NEG	0.7681 I
14	al-j	17		1 timeline: t	P	NEU	0.92949	POS	0.25776	NEU	0.58736	POS	0.9923	POS	0.45157	NEU	0.97091	NEU	0.99913	NEU	0.74122
15	al-i	18		1 what hapr		NEU	0.61054	NEG	0.45144	NEG	0.71107	NEG	0.99533	NEG	0.6813	NEG	0.51307	NEU	0.99917	NEG	0.70885 P

File Structure:

- Excel file with four sheets (one per newspaper).
- Each sheet includes:
 - Article and sentence number
 - o text.
 - Sentiment orientation (I/P).
 - o Sentiment scores and labels for each model.
 - o Final sentiment classification.

Sentiment Summary for Newspapers

For each newspaper:

- Pie charts showing the percentage of articles classified as pro-Israeli, pro-Palestinian, or neutral.
- Bar charts summarizing sentiment scores across all articles.

Challenges and Insights

1. Difficulty in Identifying Sentiment:

 Sentences with ambiguous wording or balanced mentions of both sides posed challenges.

2. Limitations of Sentiment Models:

 Differences between models highlighted the importance of the consensus approach.

3. Behavioral Patterns of Newspapers:

 Because the newspapers are reporting on the war, the language they use is often negative and biased.