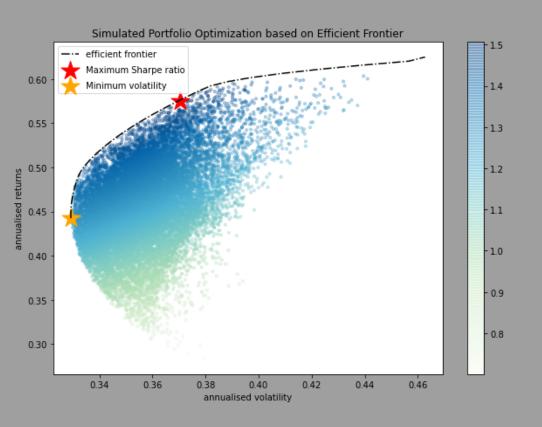


How to Allocate Stocks to Construct a Portfolio?

Based on Markowitz Portfolio Selection Theory



GEN BUS 730: Prescriptive Modeling & Optimization Instructor: Jordan Tong

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Two Questions

Image you have some money to invest in stocks. When you look at thousands of stocks in the stock market, you naturally have two questions:

- Which stocks should I pick?
- How much should I allocate my money to them?

Markowitz Portfolio Selection Model

- It is a portfolio optimization model. Harry Markowitz raised it in his paper "Portfolio Selection," which
 was published in the Journal of Finance in 1952. He was later awarded a Nobel Prize for his work on
 modern portfolio theory.
- It assists in the selection of the most efficient portfolio by analyzing various possible portfolios of the given securities. It helps us to select the portfolio by,
 - Determination of a set of efficient portfolios.
 - Selection of the best portfolio out of the efficient set.
- https://www.math.ust.hk/~maykwok/courses/ma362/07F/markowitz_JF.pdf



Three problems were solved in this model

- 1. How to find the maximize Sharp ratio portfolio and minimum volatility portfolio for a set of stocks?
- 2. How to maximize the return (risk premium) for any level of volatility (standard deviation) of portfolio?
- 3. How to minimize the volatility (standard deviation) of the portfolio for any level of required return (risk premium)?

Analysis tools







Stock data were automatically collected

- It would automatically collect the past one year's stock data from Yahoo Finance to build the model.
- You can also choose option 2 and 3 in the code to customize your own data to calculate efficient frontier.

```
# Option 2: manually input end date, automatically calculate start date.
end_date = input('Please enter today in YYYY/MM/DD format:')
    start_date = end_date.split('/')
    start date = [str(int(start date[0])-1),start date[1],str(int(start date[2])+1)]
    start_date = '/'.join(start_date)
    return start date
start date = find start date(end date)
#start date = input('Please enter the start date in YYYY/MM/DD format:')
```

How to find the maximize Sharp ratio portfolio and minimum volatility portfolio for a set of stocks?

1. Monte Carlo Simulation

- Do a lot of random simulations to the weights of stocks, then calculate the annualized return and volatility based on the simulated weights and plot them on Charts.
- 2. Find out the maximum Sharpe ratio portfolio and minimum volatility portfolio. (Printed in the Jupyter Notebook.)

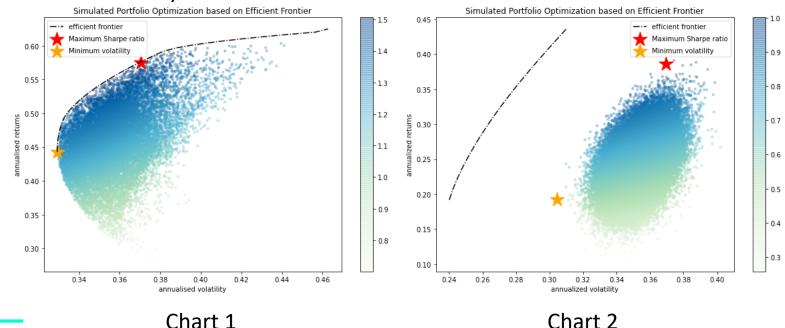


Chart 1: 25000 times simulations to calculate the weight for 4 stocks.

Chart 2: 100000 times simulations to calculate the weight for 25 stocks.

The simulation result for Chart 2 is far away from the efficient frontier, because the times of simulation (100000 times) is too small to include those points nearby the efficient frontier.

Time horizon for stock data: 2019/12/16 - 2020/12/11

How to maximize the return (risk premium) for any level of volatility (standard deviation) of portfolio?

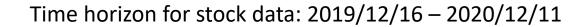
- 1. A quadratic problem is solved with Pyomo
 - Objective: Maximize the annualized return of the portfolio

The Maximum Rate of Return for a Given Volatility Rate

- Decision Variables: weights of stocks
- Constraints:
 - a) Sum of all decision variables should be 1
 - b) Annualized volatility of the portfolio should be smaller than the required maximum volatility
- 2. Example: Solution for 25 stocks in the StockList.xlsx Excel File. The required minimum return is 28%.

```
-----
```

```
Annualized Return: 28.76%
Annualized Volatility: 26.0%
Asset Allocation: ['AAPL 0.0%', 'AMZN 37.06%', 'FB 0.0%', 'GOOGL 0.0%', 'JNJ 8.57%', 'PG 0.0%', 'NVDA 0.0%', 'HD 0.0%', 'VZ 44.64%', 'PYPL 3.06%', 'NFLX 6.66%', 'DIS 0.0%', 'MRK 0.0%']
* Results corrected to two decimal places
```



How to minimize the volatility (standard deviation) for any level of return (risk premium) of portfolio?

- 1. A quadratic problem is solved with Pyomo
 - Objective: Minimize the annualized volatility of the portfolio
 - Decision Variables: weights of stocks
 - Constraints:
 - a) Sum of all decision variables should be 1
 - b) Annualized return of the portfolio should be larger than the required minimum return
- 2. Example: Solution for 25 stocks in the StockList.xlsx Excel File. The required maximum volatility is 26%.

```
The Minimum Volatility Rate for a Given Rate of Return

Annualized Return: 28.0%
Annualized Volatility: 25.8%
Asset Allocation: ['AAPL 0.0%', 'MSFT 0.0%', 'AMZN 36.29%', 'FB 0.0%', 'GOOGL 0.0%', 'JNJ 8.8 1%', 'PG 0.0%', 'V 0.0%', 'NVDA 0.0%', 'HD 0.0%', 'MA 0.0%', 'JPM 0.0%', 'UNH 0.0%', 'VZ 45.7 4%', 'ADBE 0.0%', 'CRM 0.0%', 'PYPL 2.53%', 'NFLX 6.63%', 'DIS 0.0%', 'INTC 0.0%', 'MRK 0.0%', 'T 0.0%']

* Results corrected to two decimal places
```

Time horizon for stock data: 2019/12/16 - 2020/12/11

References:

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