# Weekly Report X

## 第X次汇报

## XXXX Courese / Experiment Report (X)



姓名	:	Your Name			
学院(系)	:	机械与动力工程学院			
班级	:	Your Class			
教师	:	Your Teacher			
完成时间	:	Date			

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#### 1 Introduction

This is the weekly report of the Xth week, in this week, I have finished the following tasks:

#### 1.1 This is a subsection

#### 1.1.1 This is a subsubsection

### 2 代码环境

代码环境 (lstlisting):

MATLAB Code 1: connection plot function

```
function connection_plot(agents)
2
      persistent lines % persistent, 用于函数调用时的变量保存
3
4
      if isempty(lines)
5
           lines = [];
6
      end
7
      % delete Iter(i-1)'s lines
8
      for i = 1:length(lines)
9
          delete(lines(i));
10
      end
      lines = [];
11
12
      for i = 1:length(agents)
13
          for j = i+1:length(agents) % only connect once
14
               if agents(i).isconnect(agents(j))
15
                  h = plot([agents(i).state(1), agents(j).state(1)], ...
                            [agents(i).state(2), agents(j).state(2)], '--k'
16
                               ); % 使用虚线 ('--k'表示黑色虚线)
17
                  % Store the current connection line handle into the
                      lines array
                  lines = [lines, h];
18
19
               end
20
          end
21
      end
22
      drawnow
23 end
```

### 3 图片环境

### 图片并排:

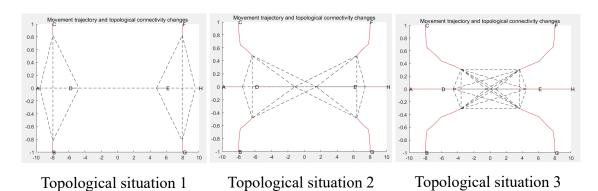


图 1: Different types of topological situations

链接插入: https://gitee.com/Racheus/me4409/tree/connection/

### 4 数学公式

数学公式(行间、行内):

$$D(\mathcal{G})^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

基于能量函数的方法,设计非线性连通保持控制器的过程如下:

将目标队形表述为 $\tau_i \in \mathbf{R}^n, d_{ij} = \tau_i - \tau_i$ 。

记位移为  $y_i = x_i(t) - \tau_i$ ,令  $l_{ij}(t) = x_i(t) - x_j(t)$ ,则有  $\lambda_{ij}(t) = l_{ij}(t) - d_{ij}$ 。 假设机器人的通讯半径为  $\Delta$ ,定义能量函数

$$V_{ij}(\delta - \|d_{ij}\|, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{\|\lambda_{ij}\|^2}{\Delta - \|d_{ij}\| - \|\lambda_{ij}\|}, & \text{if} \quad \{v_i, v_j\} \in E_d \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

求导,可以设计控制器:

$$u_i = x_i(t) = -\sum_{j \in N_{\mathcal{G}}d(i)} \frac{2(\Delta - ||d_{ij}|| - ||\lambda_{ij}||)}{(\Delta - ||d_{ij}|| - ||\lambda_{ij}||)^2} (x_i(t) - x_j(t) - d_{ij})$$

### 5 表格环境

### 表格环境 table

		48×48×48	100×100×100	216×216×216
Solve	1	0.998	10.419	134.256
Time	2	0.554	6.269	90.683
<b>(s)</b>	4	0.326	4.220	75.198
内存占用 (MB)		200.3	1012.55	10944.42