

## **English 1102 Video Essay Script Draft**

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### **Thesis:**

The development of camera, film, and movement technologies allowed the film industry to differentiate itself from theater and thrive.

### **Outline:**

1. Introduction (general) [~30s]
  - a. Info about us, the presenters, and what we plan to do in this video
  - b. Thesis!
  - c. “Hi, we’re students in English 1102 at Georgia Tech....”
2. Introduction to Film and how it competed with theater [~60s]
  - a. The development of camera, film, and movement technologies allowed the film industry to differentiate itself from theater and thrive.
    - i. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YHEhWRLOGFE>
3. Camera Movement’s impact to differentiate film from theater (narrate as clips play) [~180s]
  - a. Camera placement → transports audience to setting (realistic location)
    - i. L’Arrivée d’un train en gare de la Ciotat, Louis Lumière, 1895
    - ii. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dJdVEgOMQPM>
  - b. Focus Pull → can demonstrate seeing in inner thoughts
    - i. Let Me Dream Again (1900)
    - ii. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vqeQZtliV-8>
  - c. Close Ups → give audiences views as if they have front row seats or are on stage vs theater
    - i. The Sick Kitten (1903)
    - ii. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j3u6BbA82-M>
  - d. Pan → gives illusion of control to audience (turning head)
    - i. The Great Train Robbery (1903)  
<https://vimeo.com/152838314>
    - ii. “Old Man River” from *Show Boat* (1936)  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eh9WayN7R-s>
  - e. Tilt → gives illusion of control to audience (turning head)
    - i. Panorama of Eiffel Tower (1900)
    - ii. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XHBUDnz6AdQ>
  - f. Boom → instills a grand feeling of flying away in audiences

- i. Either opening scene from *Show Boat* (1936)  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eh9WayN7R-s>
  - ii. Famous *Gone with the Wind* (1939) dead bodies shot  
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=idle\\_UTEAvs](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=idle_UTEAvs)
- g. Tracking → makes audiences feel as if they are walking with characters
  - i. This isn't exactly tracking but it circles Joe with a nice shot:  
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BHso\\_oc25r0](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BHso_oc25r0)
- h. "Camera movement techniques gave films a unique identity. They made the audiences experience the story rather than simply watch it. Theater could not accomplish the same task in a similar manner. As film grew, it started to compete with itself and improve its own quality."
- 4. Early camera tech that allowed film to thrive [~180s]
  - a. Later film tech that allowed film to wildly surpass theater and thrive (ie color)
  - b. Color
    - i. Lee - Turner Process  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Edward\\_Raymond\\_Turner#Lee%E2%80%93Turner\\_colour\\_process](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Edward_Raymond_Turner#Lee%E2%80%93Turner_colour_process)
    - ii. Kinemacolor  
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kinemacolor>
    - iii. Chronochrome  
[https://www.nyu.edu/tisch/preservation/program/student\\_work/2011\\_fall/11f\\_2920\\_gronsbell\\_a2.pdf](https://www.nyu.edu/tisch/preservation/program/student_work/2011_fall/11f_2920_gronsbell_a2.pdf)
  - Intro of Technicolor ---
  - iv. Subtractive Process  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Subtractive\\_color](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Subtractive_color)
  - v. Dye Imbibition Process  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dye-transfer\\_process](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dye-transfer_process)
  - vi. 1932 - *Technicolor No. V* (check name once?)  
<https://zauberklang.ch/filmcolors/timeline-entry/1445/>
  - vii. Include color examples from class, *Show Boat* (1951) and *Gone with the Wind* (1939)
- c. "The introduction of color helped people see the films from a completely new perspective. Not only did it added a new dimension to the cinemas, it also made it easier for the audience to better relate to what they are seeing on the curtain."
- 5. Conclusions [~30s]
  - a. Recap our argument and make comparisons to now
  - b. Credits, references

- c. "Thanks for watching!" (maybe, this could be too corny)
- d. <https://www.broadwayworld.com/grossescumulative.cfm?year=2018>
- e. <https://www.pastemagazine.com/articles/2018/12/here-are-the-top-ten-highest-grossing-movies-of-20.html>

**Asset List:**

1. L'Arrivée d'un train en gare de la Ciotat, Louis Lumière, 1895  
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