JBoss IDE 开发EJB3.0 Message Driven Bean

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一. 准备开发环境

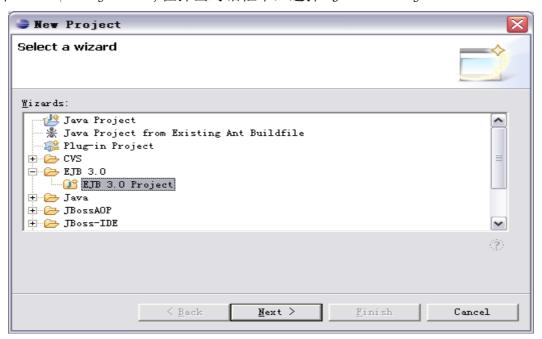
JBoss IDE 1.5GA, JBoss IDE 是 JBoss 公司对 Eclipse 的增强,包括 EJB3.0, JBPM, JBoss AOP, FreeMaker 等等插件,对于 JBoss 产品的开发,是非常方便的。可以去 Jboss.org 网站下载.

Ecliose WTP 插件,这是开发 Java EE 项目插件,这里用来开发一个 web 项目,来测试 Message Driven Bean.

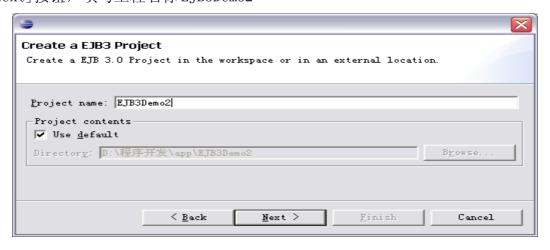
JBoss 4.04GA, 可以从 Jboss.org 网站下载,安装版,zip 版都可以.

二. 新建 EJB3.0 工程

选择菜单New | Project...,在弹出对话框中,选择EJB 3.0 Project

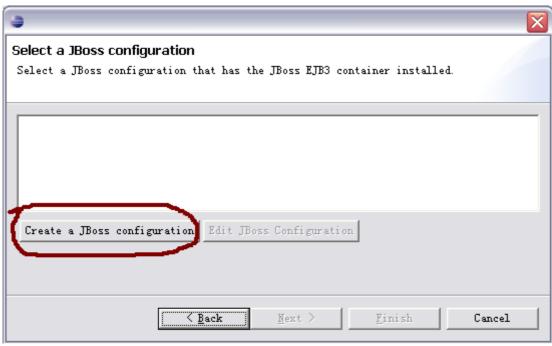


单击[Next]按钮,填写工程名称EJB3Demo2

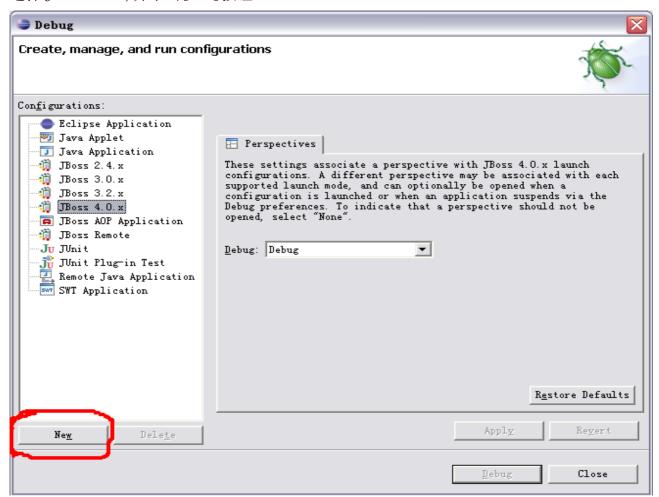


单击[Next]按钮,选择 JBoss 配置

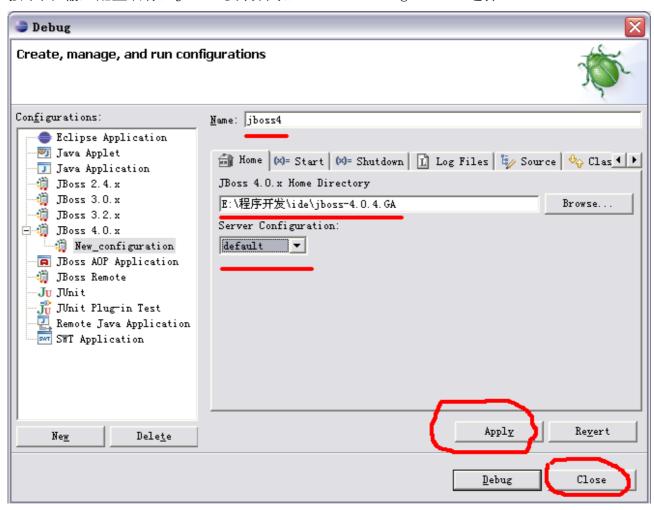
我们这里还没有配置,因此选择[create a jboss configuration]按钮,新建JBoss配置.



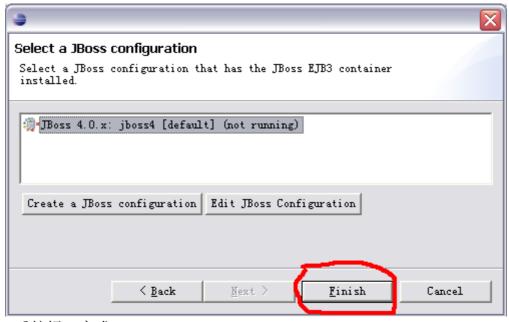
选择 JBoss4. 0. x, 并单击 [New] 按钮



按下图 输入配置名称, JBoss 安装目录, Server Configuration选择 default



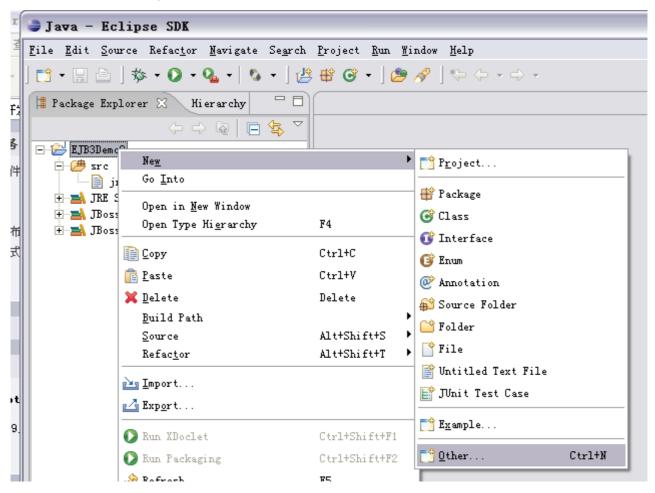
单击[Apply]按钮,然后单击[Close]按钮



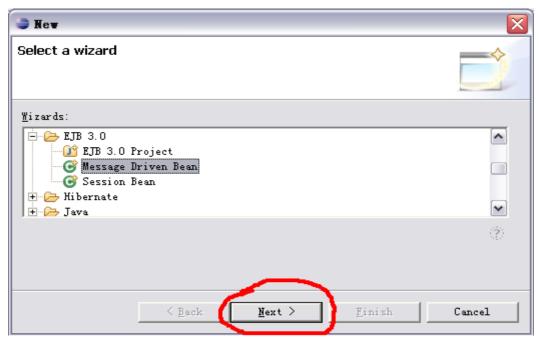
单击[Finish]按钮,完成.

三.新建Message Driven Bean

单击右键,选择New Other...



在弹出对话框中,选择EJB3.0 | Message Driven Bean



单击[Next]按钮,输入包名,类名等

9		X
Source folder:	EJB3Demo2/src	Br <u>o</u> wse
Enclosing type:		Bro <u>w</u> se
Package: Name:	demo HelloMDB	Bro <u>w</u> se
Modifiers:	© public C default C private C protected	
	☐ abstract ☐ final ☐ static	
Superclass:	java. lang. Object	Brows <u>e</u>
<u>I</u> nterfaces:	1 javax. jms. MessageListener	<u>A</u> dd
	< Back Next > Finish	Cancel

单击[Finish]按钮完成.

四. 完成 Message Driven Bean 的代码

4.1 设置 ConnectionFactory 和 Queue

ConnectionFacoty 使用 JBoss 默认的 ConnectionFactory, 因此不用设置。

设置 Queue 方式如下:

找到 jbossmq-destinations-service.xml 文件,该文件在 jboss 安装目录 \server\default\deploy\jms 下.在文件最后,加入下面代码,新增一个 Queue.

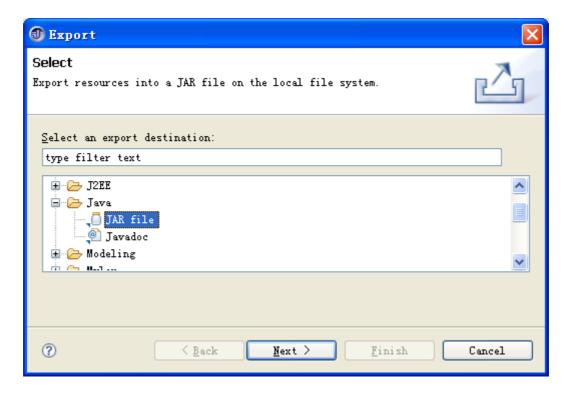
4.2 完成代码

设置好 Queue 后,编辑 HelloMDB. java,加入 Connection 和 Queue 说明.

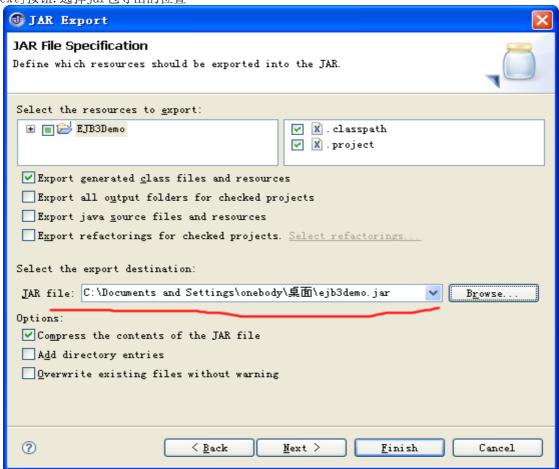
```
package demo;
import javax. jms. JMSException;
import javax.jms.Message;
import javax. jms. MessageListener;
import javax.jms.TextMessage;
import javax.ejb.ActivationConfigProperty;
import javax.ejb.MessageDriven;
@MessageDriven(activationConfig = {
      @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "destinationType",
                                propertyValue = "javax.jms.Queue"),
      @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "destination",
                               propertyValue = "queue/myQueue") })
public class HelloMDB implements MessageListener {
 public void onMessage(Message msg) {
       if (msg instanceof TextMessage) {
           TextMessage txtMsg = (TextMessage) msg;
            try {
              System.out.println("Hello" + txtMsg.getText() + ", MDB 欢迎您!");
            } catch (JMSException e) {
                  e. printStackTrace();
```

4. 3导出 jar 包

选择菜单File | Export, 弹出对话框选择JAR File



单击[Next]按钮. 选择jar包导出的位置



五. MDB 的部署与测试

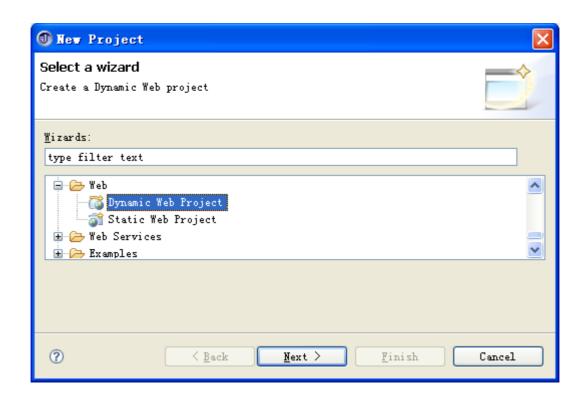
5.1 部署 EJB

把我们刚才导出的 jar 文件. 放到 JBoss 安装目录下的 server\default\deploy下 ok, e.jb 部署好了. 下面我们写一个 servlet 测试一下

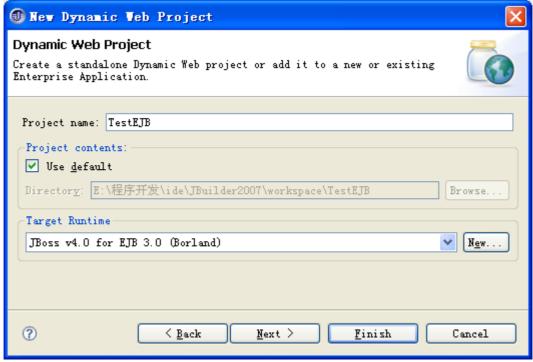
5.2 测试EJB

5.2.1新建动态 web 项目

选择菜单 File | new | Project,在弹出对话框中选择web | Dynamic Web Project



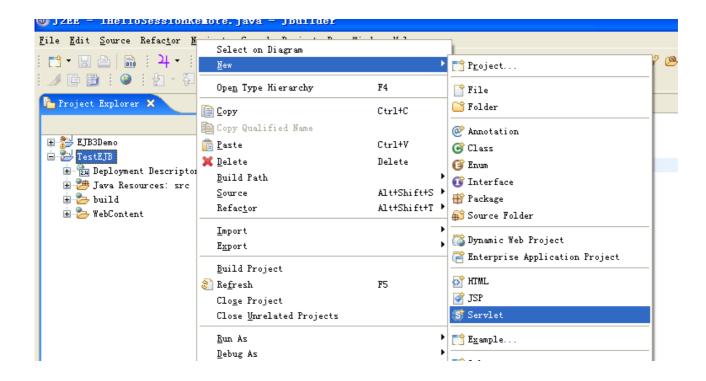
单击[Next]按钮,填写工程名称



单击{Finish]按钮,完成.

5.2.2 新建 Servlet

单击右键.选择 New | Servlet



弹出对话框中,按下图填写

Create Se	rvlet	X	
Create Servion Specify class	S		
Project:	TestEJB ·		
Folder:	\TestEJB\src	Browse	
Java package:	test	Browse	
Class name:	TestServlet		
Superclass:	javax. servlet. http. HttpServlet	Browse	
Use existing Servlet class			
Class name:	TestServlet	Browse	
Generate an annotated servlet class			
?	< Back Next > Finish	Cancel	

单击[Finish]按钮完成

5.2.3 在 TestServlet 的 doGet 方法中, 编写测试 EJB 的代码

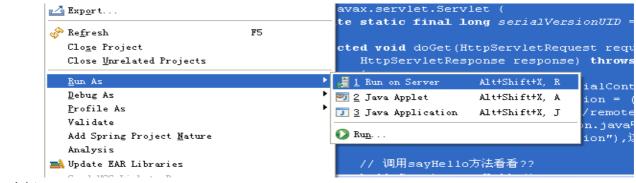
TestServlet. java 内容如下

```
package test;
import java. io. IOException;
import javax. jms. JMSException;
import javax. jms. Queue;
import javax.jms.QueueConnection;
import javax.jms.QueueConnectionFactory;
import javax.jms.QueueSender;
import javax.jms.QueueSession;
import javax. jms. Session;
import javax.jms.TextMessage;
import javax.naming.Context;
import javax.naming.InitialContext;
import javax. naming. NamingException;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
public class TestServlet extends javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet implements
              javax. servlet. Servlet {
       private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
```

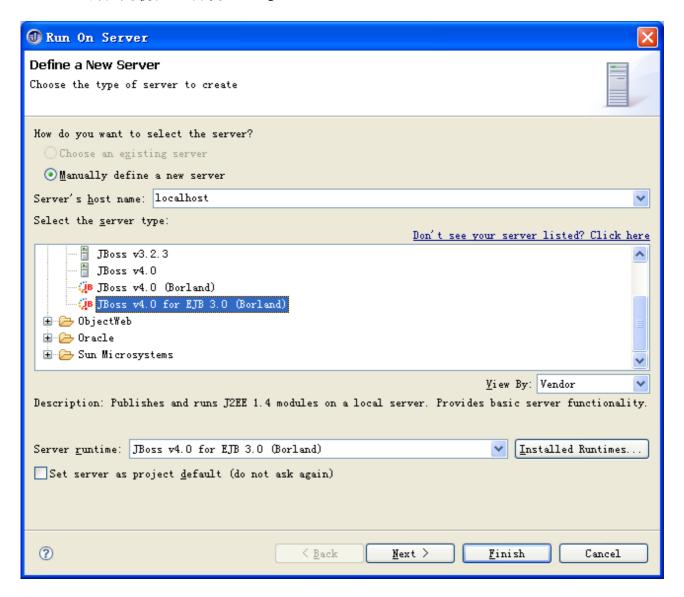
```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
              HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
       try {
              //得到上下文
              Context ctx=new InitialContext();
              //得到 Connection Facory
              QueueConnectionFactory connFacotry=
                      (QueueConnectionFactory)ctx.lookup("ConnectionFactory");
              //得到消息队列
              Queue queue=(Queue)ctx.lookup("queue/myQueue");
              QueueConnection queueConn=connFacotry.createQueueConnection();
              QueueSession queueSession =
                 queueConn.createQueueSession(false, Session.AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE);
              QueueSender queueSender =queueSession.createSender(queue);
              TextMessage txtMsg=queueSession.createTextMessage();
              txtMsg.setText("Luo Daijun");
              queueSender. send(txtMsg);
              //关闭资源
              queueSender.close();
              queueSession.close();
              queueConn. close();
       } catch (NamingException e) {
              e. printStackTrace();
       } catch (JMSException e) {
              e. printStackTrace();
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request,
              HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
```

5.2.4 运行 TestServlet, 测试效果 ^_^

右键,选择 Run As Run on server



选择 JBoss 4.0 for EJB3.0



单击[Finish]按钮,完成

打开 IE 浏览器, 输入 http://localhost:8080/TestEJB/TestServlet

嗯.. 看看 JBuilder 的控制台吧

```
O1:23:51,750 INFO [TomcatDeployer] deploy, ctxFath-/lestBob, O1:23:51,937 INFO [TomcatDeployer] deploy, ctxPath=/jmx-conso O1:23:52,156 INFO [Http11BaseProtocol] Starting Coyote HTTP/1 O1:23:52,750 INFO [ChannelSocket] JK: ajp13 listening on /0.0 O1:23:52,781 INFO [JkMain] Jk running ID=O time=O/94 config=O1:23:52,796 INFO [Server] JBoss (MX MicroKernel) [4.0.5.GA (O1:24:04,484 INFO [STDOUT] Hello Luo Daijun,MDB欢迎您!
```

嗯. 结束, 打完收工!!