welcome

# welcome

```
shift+enter=run the cell
```

dd=delete the cell

Keywords

```
In [1]:
```

```
import keyword
print(keyword.kwlist)
```

```
['False', 'None', 'True', 'and', 'as', 'assert', 'async', 'await', 'brea k', 'class', 'continue', 'def', 'del', 'elif', 'else', 'except', 'finall y', 'for', 'from', 'global', 'if', 'import', 'in', 'is', 'lambda', 'nonloc al', 'not', 'or', 'pass', 'raise', 'return', 'try', 'while', 'with', 'yiel d']
```

```
In [6]:
```

```
false=10
```

```
In [7]:
```

```
false
```

### Out[7]:

10

identifier

name given to entity like class, functions, variables etc

```
In [8]:
```

```
1var=20
```

```
Input In [8]

1var=20
```

SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal

```
In [9]:
var1=20
In [10]:
var1
Out[10]:
20
In [11]:
var@=30
NameError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [11], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 var@=30
NameError: name 'var' is not defined
In [12]:
var_=30
In [13]:
var_
Out[13]:
30
In [14]:
finally=40
  Input In [14]
    finally=40
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [15]:
Finally=40
```

```
In [16]:
Finally
Out[16]:
40
In [17]:
from=50
  Input In [17]
    from=50
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [18]:
From=50
In [19]:
From
Out[19]:
50
comments in python :used to explain the code for more readablity
In [20]:
print('python')
                    #define python
python
In [21]:
#single line comment
#multi line comment
In [22]:
"this
is python
session""
  Input In [22]
    "this
SyntaxError: unterminated string literal (detected at line 1)
```

```
In [23]:
'''welcome
to
the
india'''
Out[23]:
'welcome\nto\nthe\nindia'
statement
In [24]:
val5=10
In [25]:
p1=20+30
р1
Out[25]:
50
In [26]:
p2=20+30\
+40+50\
+70+80
p2
  Input In [26]
    p2=20+30\
SyntaxError: unexpected character after line continuation character
In [27]:
p2=20+30\
+40+50\
+70+80
p2
Out[27]:
290
indentation
```

```
In [28]:
x=10
if x==10:
    print('x is equal to 10')
x is equal to 10
docstrings
In [29]:
def square(num):
    """square function will return the square of a number"""
    return num**2
In [30]:
square(2)
Out[30]:
4
In [31]:
square.__doc__
Out[31]:
'square function will return the square of a number'
variables
In [32]:
a=5
In [33]:
а
Out[33]:
5
In [34]:
p=50
q = 25
r=q
In [35]:
print(id(p))
2056507950864
```

localhost:8889/notebooks/KT 20 July 20.ipynb

```
In [36]:
print(id(q))
2056507950064
data type
int float bool/boolean complex
In [37]:
a=1254789631422
In [38]:
type(a)
Out[38]:
int
In [39]:
b=10.2
b
Out[39]:
10.2
In [40]:
type(b)
Out[40]:
float
In [41]:
bool1=True
In [42]:
bool1
Out[42]:
True
In [43]:
print(bool(-2))
True
```

```
In [44]:
x=2+3j
In [45]:
type(x)
Out[45]:
complex
Strings
In [46]:
str1="hello"
In [47]:
type(str1)
Out[47]:
str
In [48]:
len(str1)
Out[48]:
5
In [49]:
str2=" hello python "
In [50]:
str2[0]
Out[50]:
In [51]:
len(str2)
Out[51]:
15
indexing
```

```
In [52]:
str3='welcome'
in python we always start indexing from 0
In [53]:
str3[0]
Out[53]:
'w'
In [54]:
str3[-7]
Out[54]:
'w'
Slicing
In [55]:
str3[3:6]
Out[55]:
'com'
In [56]:
str3[3:7]
Out[56]:
'come'
In [57]:
str3[0:]
Out[57]:
'welcome'
In [58]:
str3[3:]
Out[58]:
'come'
```

```
In [59]:
str4="bangalore"
In [60]:
str4[2:5]
Out[60]:
'nga'
In [61]:
str4[3:]
Out[61]:
'galore'
In [62]:
str5='data science'
In [63]:
str5[5:]
Out[63]:
'science'
In [64]:
str5[2:8]
Out[64]:
'ta sci'
In [65]:
str6='heloo'
In [66]:
str[3]='1'
TypeError
                                            Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [66], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 str[3]='l'
TypeError: 'type' object does not support item assignment
```

```
In [67]:
del str6
In [68]:
str6
NameError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [68], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 str6
NameError: name 'str6' is not defined
string concatenation
In [69]:
s1='data'
s2='science' #data science
In [70]:
print(s1,s2,"dvnksdvnvdkndvn")
data science dvnksdvnvdkndvn
In [71]:
print(s1+'-'+s2)
data-science
String Membership
In [72]:
mystr='hello everyone'
                         #in,not in membership operator
In [73]:
print('hello' in mystr)
True
In [74]:
print('python' in mystr)
False
```

```
In [75]:
print(' eve' in mystr)
True
In [76]:
print('-eve' in mystr)
False
string partitioning
In [77]:
mystr1='natural language with python and R and java'
mystr1
Out[77]:
'natural language with python and R and java'
In [78]:
l=mystr1.partition('with')
1
Out[78]:
('natural language ', 'with', ' python and R and java')
In [79]:
mystr1.capitalize()
Out[79]:
'Natural language with python and r and java'
In [80]:
mystr1.upper()
Out[80]:
'NATURAL LANGUAGE WITH PYTHON AND R AND JAVA'
In [81]:
mystr1.lower()
Out[81]:
'natural language with python and r and java'
```

```
In [82]:
mystr1.count('a')
Out[82]:
8
In [83]:
mystr2="
           hello
mystr2
Out[83]:
    hello
In [84]:
mystr2.strip()
Out[84]:
'hello'
In [85]:
mystr2.rstrip()
Out[85]:
    hello'
In [86]:
mystr2.lstrip()
Out[86]:
'hello
21 july 2023
```

```
In [87]:
str6="heloo"
print(id(str6))
2056614426992
In [88]:
x=str6.replace('o','l')
print(id(x))
```

2056585744752

```
In [89]:
str7='good morning'
In [90]:
str7.replace("good", "beautiful")
Out[90]:
'beautiful morning'
In [91]:
str8='one two three four five six seven'
In [92]:
str8
Out[92]:
'one two three four five six seven'
In [93]:
str8.split()
Out[93]:
['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven']
variable assignment
In [94]:
x=10
In [95]:
x,y,z=20,25.5,'hello'
In [96]:
print(x)
print(y)
print(z)
20
25.5
hello
Operators
Arthmetic
Assignment
```

comparition /relational logical membership identity bitwise Arthmetic ===== Addition Substraction Multiplication Division Floor division Modulos Exponentional In [97]: print(10+2) print(10-2) print(10\*2) 12 8 20 In [98]: print(15/2) print(15//2) print(15%2) 7.5 7 1 In [99]: print(2\*\*2) Assignment

```
In [100]:
x=5
In [101]:
y=10
         #y=y+2
y+=2
In [102]:
print(y)
12
In [103]:
z=15
z=10
          #z=z-10
In [104]:
print(z)
5
comparision /relational
== Equal
!= not equal
#> greater than
< less than
<= less than equal to
#>= greater than equal to
In [105]:
x=10
y=20
print(x==y)
print(x<y)</pre>
print(x>y)
False
True
False
```

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Logical operators

```
7/24/23, 5:28 PM
                                               KT 20 July 20 - Jupyter Notebook
  and
  or
  not
  In [106]:
  x=10
 y=20
  print((x<5) and (y<10))
  print((x<5) or (y<10))
  print((x==10) and (y==20))
  print((x==10) or (y==20))
  False
  False
  True
  True
  identity operators
  In [107]:
  print((10) is (10.0))
  False
  <>:1: SyntaxWarning: "is" with a literal. Did you mean "=="?
  <>:1: SyntaxWarning: "is" with a literal. Did you mean "=="?
  C:\Users\Mukund\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_2652\436760226.py:1: SyntaxWa
  rning: "is" with a literal. Did you mean "=="?
    print((10) is (10.0))
  In [108]:
  print('hello')
  x=10
  if (x>5):
      print('welcome')
  print(hdsvvhsvn)
  print('python')
  hello
  welcome
                                               Traceback (most recent call las
  NameError
  t)
```

Input In [108], in <cell line: 5>() 3 **if** (x>5):

4 print('welcome') ----> 5 print(hdsvvhsvn)

6 print('python')

NameError: name 'hdsvvhsvn' is not defined

```
Type Casting
In [109]:
a='2'
b=2
In [110]:
type(a)
Out[110]:
str
In [111]:
type(b)
Out[111]:
int
Auto type casting
Forced Type casting
In [112]:
4+3.23+False
                #4.00+3.23+0.00
Out[112]:
7.23
In [113]:
3+2.3+False+True
                  #3.00+2.3+0.00+1.00
Out[113]:
6.3
In [114]:
2+3+'data'+4.5
TypeError
                                            Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [114], in <cell line: 1>()
```

----> 1 2+3+'data'+4.5

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'str'

```
In [115]:
12+15+'10'+2
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [115], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 12+15+'10'+2
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'str'
In [116]:
print(int(True))
1
In [117]:
print(int(bool("data")))
1
In [118]:
a='10'
In [119]:
print(int(a))
10
In [120]:
b='data123'
In [121]:
print(int(b))
ValueError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [121], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 print(int(b))
ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'data123'
```

```
In [122]:
z=3.2
print(int(z))
3
In [123]:
x=3
print(float(x))2
  Input In [123]
   print(float(x))2
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
In [124]:
print(float(False))
0.0
Python KT session 24 July 23
List
In [125]:
list1=[10,20,30,40,50] #homogenous same kind of data
print(list1)
print('hello')
[10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
hello
In [126]:
type(list1)
Out[126]:
list
```

[60, 20.5, 'happy']

list2=[60,20.5, 'happy'] #hetrogenous multiple kind of data

In [127]:

Out[127]:

list2

```
In [128]:
type(list2)
Out[128]:
list
In [129]:
list3=[[1,2,3],[4,5,6]]
                           #nested list
In [130]:
type(list3)
Out[130]:
list
Properties of List
In [131]:
#list store element in sequential order
#list store hetrogenous element
#list allow duplicate value
#list are mutable or changeable
In [132]:
list4=[1,1,20,30,40]
id(list4)
Out[132]:
2056615048768
In [133]:
list4
Out[133]:
[1, 1, 20, 30, 40]
In [134]:
list4[1]=5
In [135]:
list4
id(list4)
Out[135]:
2056615048768
```

```
In [136]:
list5=[10,50,7,80,90,5,20,100]
In [137]:
list5[-4]
Out[137]:
90
In [138]:
list5[-7]
Out[138]:
50
In [139]:
list5[-5:-2]
                #start index postion:
Out[139]:
[80, 90, 5]
In [140]:
list6=[[1,2,3],[4,5,6]]
In [141]:
list6[1][1]
Out[141]:
5
In [142]:
list7=[10,50,7,80,90,5,20,100]
In [143]:
list7.append(99)
In [144]:
list7
Out[144]:
[10, 50, 7, 80, 90, 5, 20, 100, 99]
```

```
In [145]:
list7.append(105)
In [146]:
list7
Out[146]:
[10, 50, 7, 80, 90, 5, 20, 100, 99, 105]
In [147]:
list7.pop()
Out[147]:
105
In [148]:
list7
Out[148]:
[10, 50, 7, 80, 90, 5, 20, 100, 99]
In [149]:
list7.pop()
Out[149]:
99
In [150]:
list7
Out[150]:
[10, 50, 7, 80, 90, 5, 20, 100]
In [151]:
list7.pop(2)
Out[151]:
7
In [152]:
list7
Out[152]:
[10, 50, 80, 90, 5, 20, 100]
```

```
In [153]:
list7.insert(0,5)
In [154]:
list7
Out[154]:
[5, 10, 50, 80, 90, 5, 20, 100]
In [155]:
list7.reverse()
In [156]:
list7
Out[156]:
[100, 20, 5, 90, 80, 50, 10, 5]
In [157]:
list7.sort()
In [158]:
list7
Out[158]:
[5, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 90, 100]
In [159]:
list7.sort(reverse=True)
In [160]:
list7
Out[160]:
[100, 90, 80, 50, 20, 10, 5, 5]
Tuple
In [161]:
tup1=(10,20,30,40)
tup1
Out[161]:
(10, 20, 30, 40)
```

```
In [162]:
type(tup1)
Out[162]:
tuple
In [163]:
tup2=50,60,40,70
tup2
Out[163]:
(50, 60, 40, 70)
In [164]:
type(tup2)
Out[164]:
tuple
Properties of tuple
In [165]:
#tuple store element in sequential order
#tuple allow duplicate values
#tuple is immutuble or unchangeable
In [166]:
tup3=(1,1,5,7,8)
In [167]:
tup3
Out[167]:
(1, 1, 5, 7, 8)
In [168]:
tup3[1]=9
                                            Traceback (most recent call las
TypeError
t)
Input In [168], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 tup3[1]=9
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
```

```
In [169]:
tup4=(10,20,30,50,70,80,90)
In [170]:
tup4[3:5]
Out[170]:
(50, 70)
In [171]:
tup4.index(80)
Out[171]:
5
In [172]:
tup4.count(50)
Out[172]:
1
Set
In [173]:
set1={10,20,60}
set1
Out[173]:
{10, 20, 60}
In [174]:
type(set1)
Out[174]:
set
In [175]:
set2={60,50,10,20,80,10,50}
len(set2)
Out[175]:
5
```

```
In [176]:
set2
Out[176]:
{10, 20, 50, 60, 80}
Properties of Set
In [177]:
#set store element in random order
#set didn't allow duplicate values
#set is immutuble or mutuble
#indexing and slicing is not possible in set
In [178]:
list10=[] #empty List
type(list10)
Out[178]:
list
In [179]:
tup10=() #empty tuple
type(tup10)
Out[179]:
tuple
In [180]:
set3=set()
            #empty set
type(set3)
Out[180]:
set
In [181]:
set4={10,20,50,70,80}
```

```
In [182]:
set4[1:3] #indexing /slicing is not possible
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
TypeError
t)
Input In [182], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 set4[1:3]
TypeError: 'set' object is not subscriptable
In [183]:
set4.remove(70)
In [184]:
set4
Out[184]:
{10, 20, 50, 80}
In [185]:
set4.discard(80)
In [186]:
set4
Out[186]:
{10, 20, 50}
In [187]:
set5={10,20,50,70,80,90,100}
In [188]:
set5.remove(105)
KeyError
                                           Traceback (most recent call las
t)
Input In [188], in <cell line: 1>()
----> 1 set5.remove(105)
KeyError: 105
```

```
In [189]:
set5.discard(109)
Dictionary
In [190]:
dict1={}
           #empty dictionary
type(dict1)
Out[190]:
dict
In [191]:
dict2={'name':'rohit','age':25}
In [192]:
dict2
Out[192]:
{'name': 'rohit', 'age': 25}
In [193]:
dict2.keys()
Out[193]:
dict_keys(['name', 'age'])
In [194]:
dict2.values()
Out[194]:
dict_values(['rohit', 25])
In [195]:
dict2.items()
Out[195]:
dict_items([('name', 'rohit'), ('age', 25)])
In [196]:
dict2['location']='chennai'
```

```
In [197]:
dict2
Out[197]:
{'name': 'rohit', 'age': 25, 'location': 'chennai'}
In [198]:
dict2['location']='mumbai'
In [199]:
dict2
Out[199]:
{'name': 'rohit', 'age': 25, 'location': 'mumbai'}
In [200]:
dict3={1:'one',2:'two','A':['shankar','balaji','girish']}
In [201]:
dict3
Out[201]:
{1: 'one', 2: 'two', 'A': ['shankar', 'balaji', 'girish']}
In [202]:
dict3['A'][1][2]
Out[202]:
'1'
In [203]:
dict4={0:{'one':1,'two':2},1:{'city':'banglore','area':'whitefield'},'three':['Mumbai','P
In [204]:
dict4
Out[204]:
{0: {'one': 1, 'two': 2},
 1: {'city': 'banglore', 'area': 'whitefield'},
 'three': ['Mumbai', 'Pune']}
```

```
In [205]:
dict4[1]['area']
Out[205]:
'whitefield'
In [206]:
dict4[0]['two']
Out[206]:
2
In [207]:
dict4['three'][0]
Out[207]:
'Mumbai'
In [208]:
dict4['three'][1][2]
Out[208]:
'n'
In [209]:
dict4[1]['city']
Out[209]:
'banglore'
In [210]:
dict4.pop('three')
Out[210]:
['Mumbai', 'Pune']
Conditional Statement
In [211]:
#if
#if---else
#if--elif--elif....
#nested if
```

```
In [212]:
```

```
x=10
if x==10: #true
   print('matched')
print('hello')
```

matched hello

## In [213]:

```
x=20
if x==10: #false
    print('matched')
print('hello')
```

hello

#### In [214]:

```
y=15
if y>20:
    print('welcome')
print('python')
```

python

#### In [215]:

```
y=15
if y<20:
    print('welcome')
print('python')</pre>
```

welcome python

#### In [216]:

```
#write down the code as a output "logged in" when password is 12345
```

#### In [217]:

```
y=12345
if y==12345:
    print('logged in')
```

logged in

```
In [218]:
```

```
x=10
y=20
print('hello')
if(x+y==30 and x<y): #true
    print('yes')
else:
    print('no')
print('welcome')</pre>
```

hello yes welcome

#### In [219]:

x is odd

#### In [220]:

```
y=12
if y%3==0:  #cond true
    print('divisible')
else:
    print('not divisible')
```

divisible

#### In [221]:

jupyter

#### In [222]:

```
x=10
if x==1:
    print('python')
elif x==2:
    print('jupyter')
elif x==3:
    print('ML')
else:
    print("AI")
```

ΑI

#### In [223]:

```
light_color='pink'
if light_color=='red':
    print('stop')
elif light_color=='green':
    print('go')
elif light_color=='orange':
    print('slow')
else:
    print('invalid color')
```

invalid color

#### In [224]:

```
light_color='green'
x=10
if light_color=='red':
    if x==10:
        print('hello')
    print('stop')
elif light_color=='green':
    print('go')
elif light_color=='orange':
    print('slow')
else:
    print('invalid color')
```

go

```
In [225]:
```

```
light_color='red'
x=11
if light_color=='red':
    if x==10:
        print('hello')
    print('stop')
elif light_color=='green':
    print('go')
elif light_color=='orange':
    print('slow')
else:
    print('invalid color')
```

stop

input method

# In [\*]:

```
light_color=input("Enter the color of the traffic light(red/green/orange): ")

if light_color=='red':
    print('stop')
elif light_color=='green':
    print('go')
elif light_color=='orange':
    print('slow')
else:
    print('invalid color')
```

```
In [ ]:
```