

Assignment 10

1. Note that above scheme is a subset of the theta-method given in the mid sem. Assume that you are solving for the diffusion equation in the domain $t > 0$, $0 < x < 1$ with the following initial and boundary conditions
 $f(x, 0) = \sin(\pi x)$, $f(0, t) = 0 = f(1, t)$. Show that the analytical solution is
 $f(x, t) = \exp(-\alpha \pi^2 t) \sin(\pi x)$ (This you can show by mere substitution).
2. Solve it by explicit method with Take the value of $\alpha = 0.01$. and $\Delta x = 0.1$. Choose Δt such that Diffusion number is 0.5. Plot the results for the numerical and analytical at $t = 10$ and $t = 20$.
3. Repeat the same at $D = 1/6$ and plot the results at $t = 10$ and $t = 20$.
4. Re-run this case for $D = 2.0$ and plot the results. In this case carry the calculations till $t=40$ plot the results at $t = 10, 20$ and 40 .
5. Write a computer code to solve the diffusion equation using the Theta method. Do as directed. Carry all calculations upto $t = 40$ or just close to it.
 - (i) Solve for $\theta = 1.0$, with $D = 2.0$ and Comment on the results by plotting the data at $t = 10$, and 40 .
 - (ii) Solve for $\theta = 0.5$, $\theta = 1$. with $D = 2.0$. Comment on the results by plotting the data at $t = 10$, and 40 .
 - (iii) Solve for $\theta = 0.5 - (1/12D)$. with $D = 2.0$. Comment on the results by plotting the data at $t = 10$, and 40 .
 - (iv) Solve for $\theta = 0.5 - 1/(12D)$. with $D = 1/\sqrt{20}$. Comment on the results by plotting the data at $t = 10$, and 40 .

Typical Coding

```

Tin = 0.
Tmax = 42.
Dee = 5
Theta = 0.5
Tright = 0.
Tleft = 0.
Alpha = 0.01
el = 1.
Nodes = 11
delx = el / float(Nodes - 1)
delt = Dee * delx * delx / alpha

C    Grid Generation
x(1) = 0.
DO I = 2, Nodes
  x(I) = x(I-1) + delx
End Do

C    ***** TEMPERATURE INITIALIZATION *****
pi = 4. * atan(1.)
DO I = 1, Nodes + 2
  T0(I) = sin(pi * x(I))
End Do

tt = Tin + delt
C    ***** COMPUTATION of TRIDIAGONAL COEFFICIENTS FOR INT. NODES *****
10  DO 50 I = 2, Nodes - 1
    AA(I, 1) = -Theta * dee
    AA(I, 3) = AA(I, 1)
    AA(I, 2) = 1. - AA(I, 1) - AA(I, 3)

```

```

50    C(I)=(1.-Theta)*dee*T0(i+1)+(1.-2*(1-Theta)*Dee)*T0(i)+
1    (1.-Theta)*dee*T0(i-1)

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C *****TREATMENT OF BOUNDARY NODES *****

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    AA(1,2)=1.
    AA(1,3)=0.
    C(1)=0.
    AA(Nodes,1)=0.
    AA(Nodes,2)=1.
    C(Nodes)=0.

```

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C ***

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C *****COMPUTATION OF TEMPERATURES *****

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    CALL THOMAS(Nodes,AA,C,T)

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C**Computation of Analytical Solution

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    write(13,*)tt
    Do 100 I = 1,Nodes
    T_ana(i)=exp(-alpha*pi*pi*tt)*sin(pi*x(i))
    write(13,*)x(i),T(I),T_ana(I)

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100    EndDo

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C ***** Update, Continue/Terminate

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    tt=tt+delt
    If(tt.gt.Tmax) Then
    Stop
    Else
    Do I = 1,Nodes
    T0(i)=T(i)
    End Do
    Goto 10
    Endif

```

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C *****

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    END

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