Java OOP Exam



Judge link: https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/2856/Java-OOP-Exam-10-April-2021

1. Overview

Aquariums are nice and interesting species can live in there. You have to create an aquarium project, which keeps track of the fish in the aquariums. The Aquariums have Fish with different environment requirements. Your task is to add, feed and take care of the fish.

2. Setup

- Upload only the aquarium package in every task except Unit Tests
- Do not modify the interfaces or their packages
- Use strong cohesion and loose coupling
- Use inheritance and the provided interfaces wherever possible.
 - This includes constructors, method parameters and return types
- Do not violate your interface implementations by adding more public methods in the concrete class than the interface has defined
- Make sure you have **no public fields** anywhere

Task 1: Structure (50 points)

You are given interfaces, and you have to implement their functionality in the correct classes.

There are **3** types of entities in the application: **Aquarium**, **Fish**, **Decoration**.

There should also be **DecorationRepository**.

BaseDecoration

BaseDecoration is a base class of any type of decoration and it should not be able to be instantiated.

Data

- comfort int
- price double
 - o The price of the decoration

Constructor

A **Decoration** should take the following values upon initialization:

(int comfort, double price)





















Child Classes

There are two concrete types of **Decoration**:

Ornament

Has 1 comfort and its price is 5.

Constructor should take no values upon initialization.

Plant

Has 5 comfort and its price is 10.

Constructor should take no values upon initialization.

BaseFish

BaseFish is a base class of any type of fish and it should not be able to be instantiated.

Data

- name String
 - If the name is null or whitespace, throw an NullPointerException with message: "Fish name cannot be null or empty."
 - o All names are unique
- species String
 - o If the species is null or whitespace, throw an NullPointerException with message: "Fish species cannot be null or empty."
- size int
 - The size of the Fish
- price double
 - The price of the Fish
 - If the price is below or equal 0, throw an IllegalArgumentException with message: "Fish price cannot be below or equal to 0."

Behavior

void eat()

The eat() method increases the Fish's size. Keep in mind that some types of Fish can implement the method in a different way.

The method increases the fish's size by 5.

Constructor

A **Fish** should take the following values upon initialization:

(String name, String species, double price)

Child Classes

There are several concrete types of **Fish**:

FreshwaterFish

Has 3 initial size.

















Can only live in FreshwaterAquarium!

Constructor should take the following values upon initialization:

(String name, String species, double price)

Behavior

void eat()

• The method **increases** the fish's size by **3**.

SaltwaterFish

Has 5 initial size.

Can only live in SaltwaterAquarium!

Constructor should take the following values upon initialization:

(String name, String species, double price)

Behavior

void eat()

• The method increases the fish's size by 2.

BaseAquarium

BaseAquarium is a base class of any type of Aquarium and it should not be able to be instantiated.

Data

- name String
 - o If the name is null or whitespace, throw an NullPointerException with message:
 - "Aquarium name cannot be null or empty."
 - All names are unique
- capacity int
 - The number of Fish an Aquarium can have
- decorations Collection<Decoration>
- fish Collection<Fish>

Behavior

Constructor

An **Aquarium** should take the following values upon initialization:

(String name, int capacity)

int calculateComfort()

Returns the sum of each decoration's comfort in the Aquarium

void addFish(Fish fish)

Adds a Fish in the Aquarium if there is capacity for it

if there is not enough capacity to add the Fish in the Aquarium throw an IllegalStateException with the following message:















"Not enough capacity."

```
void removeFish(Fish fish)
```

Removes a Fish from the Aquarium.

void addDecoration(Decoration decoration)

Adds a **Decoration** in the **Aquarium**.

void feed()

The **feed()** method **feeds all fishes** in the aguarium.

String getInfo()

Returns a String with information about the Aquarium in the format below. If the Aquarium doesn't have fish, print "none" instead.

```
"{aquariumName} ({aquariumType}):
```

Fish: {fishName1} {fishName2} {fishName3} (...) / Fish: none

Decorations: {decorationsCount} Comfort: {aquariumComfort}"

Child Classes

There are 2 concrete types of **Aquarium**:

FreshwaterAquarium

Has 50 capacity

Constructor should take the following values upon initialization:

String name

SaltwaterAquarium

Has 25 capacity

Constructor should take the following values upon initialization:

String name

DecorationRepository

The decoration repository is a repository for the decorations that are in the aquarium.

Data

decorations - Collection < Decoration > (unmodifiable)

Behavior

void add(Decoration decoration)

Adds a decoration in the collection.

boolean remove(Decoration decoration)

Removes a decoration from the collection. Returns true if the deletion was successful, otherwise - false.

Decoration findByType(String type)

Returns the first decoration of the given type, if there is. Otherwise, returns null.















Task 2: Business Logic (150 points)

The Controller Class

The business logic of the program should be concentrated around several commands. You are given interfaces, which you have to implement in the correct classes.

Note: The ControllerImpl class SHOULD NOT handle exceptions! The tests are designed to expect exceptions, not messages!

The first interface is **Controller**. You must create a **ControllerImpl** class, which implements the interface and implements all its methods. The constructor of **ControllerImpl** does **not take** any **arguments**. The given methods should have the following logic:

Data

You need to keep track of some things, this is why you need some private fields in your controller class:

- decorations DecorationRepository
- aquariums collection of Aquarium

Commands

There are several commands, which control the business logic of the application. They are stated below. The Aquarium name passed to the methods will always be valid!

AddAquarium Command

Parameters

- aquariumType String
- aquariumName String

Functionality

Adds an Aquarium. Valid types are: "FreshwaterAquarium" and "SaltwaterAquarium".

If the Aquarium type is invalid, you have to throw an NullPointerException with the following message:

"Invalid aquarium type."

If the Aquarium is added successfully, the method should return the following String:

"Successfully added {aquariumType}."

AddDecoration Command

Parameters

type-String

Functionality

Creates a decoration of the given type and adds it to the DecorationRepository. Valid types are: "Ornament" and "Plant". If the decoration type is invalid, throw an IllegalArgumentException with message:

"Invalid decoration type."

The **method** should **return** the following **string** if the **operation** is **successful**:

"Successfully added {decorationType}."



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InsertDecoration Command

Parameters

- aquariumName String
- decorationType String

Functionality

Adds the desired Decoration to the Aquarium with the given name. You have to remove the Decoration from the **DecorationRepository** if the insert is **successful**.

If there is no such decoration, you have to throw an IllegalArgumentException with the following message:

"There isn't a decoration of type {decorationType}."

If no exceptions are thrown return the String:

"Successfully added {decorationType} to {aquariumName}."

AddFish Command

Parameters

- aquariumName String
- fishType-String
- fishName String
- fishSpecies String
- price double

Functionality

Adds the desired Fish to the Aquarium with the given name. Valid Fish types are: "FreshwaterFish", "SaltwaterFish".

If the Fish type is invalid, you have to throw an IllegalArgumentException with the following message:

"Invalid fish type." - if the Fish type is invalid

If **no errors** are **thrown**, **return** one of the following strings:

- "Not enough capacity." if there is not enough capacity to add the Fish in the Aquarium
- "Water not suitable." if the Fish cannot live in the Aquarium
- "Successfully added {fishType} to {aquariumName}." if the Fish is added successfully in the Aquarium

FeedFish Command

Parameters

aquariumName - String

Functionality

Feeds all **Fish** in the **Aquarium** with the given name.

Returns a string with information about how many fish were successfully fed, in the following format:

"Fish fed: {fedCount}"



















CalculateValue Command

Parameters

aquariumName - String

Functionality

Calculates the value of the Aquarium with the given name. It is calculated by the sum of all Fish's and Decorations' prices in the Aquarium.

Return a **string** in the following **format**:

- "The value of Aquarium {aquariumName} is {value}."
 - The value should be formatted to the 2nd decimal place!

Report Command

Functionality

Returns information about each aquarium. You can use the overridden .getInfo Aquarium method.

```
"{aquariumName} ({aquariumType}):
Fish: {fishName1} {fishName2} {fishName3} (...) / Fish: none
Decorations: {decorationsCount}
Comfort: {aquariumComfort}
{aquariumName} ({aquariumType}):
Fish: {fishName1} {fishName2} {fishName3} (...) / Fish: none
Decorations: {decorationsCount}
Comfort: {aquariumComfort}
(...)"
```

Note: Use \n or System.lineSeparator() for a new line.

Exit Command

Functionality

Ends the program.

Input / Output

You are provided with one interface, which will help you with the correct execution process of your program. The interface is **Engine** and the class implementing this interface should read the input and when the program finishes, this class should print the output.

Input

Below, you can see the format in which each command will be given in the input:

- AddAquarium {aquariumType} {aquariumName}
- AddDecoration {decorationType}
- InsertDecoration {aquariumName} {decorationType}
- AddFish {aquariumName} {fishType} {fishName} {fishSpecies} {price}
- FeedFish {aquariumName}
- CalculateValue {aquariumName}
- Report

















Exit

Output

Print the output from each command when issued. If an exception is thrown during any of the commands' execution, print the exception message.

Examples

Input

AddAquarium SaltwaterAquarium DangerZone AddDecoration Plant AddDecoration Plant AddDecoration Ornament InsertDecoration DangerZone Plant InsertDecoration DangerZone Plant InsertDecoration DangerZone Ornament AddFish DangerZone SaltwaterFish Curibou Angelfish 22.33 AddFish DangerZone SaltwaterFish Devil Anglerfish 48.84 FeedFish DangerZone CalculateValue DangerZone FeedFish DangerZone Report Exit

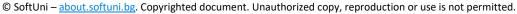
Output

Successfully added SaltwaterAquarium. Successfully added Plant. Successfully added Plant. Successfully added Ornament. Successfully added Plant to DangerZone. Successfully added Plant to DangerZone. Successfully added Ornament to DangerZone. Successfully added SaltwaterFish to DangerZone. Successfully added SaltwaterFish to DangerZone. Fish fed: 2 The value of Aquarium DangerZone is 96.17. Fish fed: 2 DangerZone (SaltwaterAquarium): Fish: Curibou Devil Decorations: 3 Comfort: 11

Input

AddAquarium SaltwaterAquarium Underworld AddFish Underworld FreshwaterFish Nemo Clownfish 13.40 AddFish Underworld SaltwaterFish Nemo Clownfish 13.40 AddAquarium FreshwaterAquarium Riverworld AddFish Riverworld FreshwaterFish Emerald Catfish 7.32 AddFish Underworld SweetwaterFish Diamond Catfish 3.50 AddFish Underworld EuryhalineFish Chico Stingray 33.99 AddFish Riverworld EuryhalineFish Bully Shark 48.99 AddDecoration Plant InsertDecoration Riverworld Plant InsertDecoration Underworld Plant AddDecoration Plant InsertDecoration Underworld Plant





















FeedFish Riverworld FeedFish Riverworld AddFish Riverworld FreshwaterFish Name Species -10 Report Exit

Output

Decorations: 1 Comfort: 5

Successfully added SaltwaterAquarium. Water not suitable. Successfully added SaltwaterFish to Underworld. Successfully added FreshwaterAquarium. Successfully added FreshwaterFish to Riverworld. Invalid fish type. Invalid fish type. Invalid fish type. Successfully added Plant. Successfully added Plant to Riverworld. There isn't a decoration of type Plant. Successfully added Plant. Successfully added Plant to Underworld. Fish fed: 1 Fish fed: 1 Fish price cannot be below or equal to 0. Underworld (SaltwaterAquarium): Fish: Nemo Decorations: 1 Comfort: 5 Riverworld (FreshwaterAquarium): Fish: Emerald















