

# More Exercise: Associative Arrays

Problems for exercise and homework for the ["JS Fundamentals" Course @ SoftUni](https://softuni.org/Courses/JS-Fundamentals).

Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at:

<https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/1305>

## 1. Garage

Write a function that **stores cars** in garages. You will be given an **array of strings**. Each string will contain a **number of a garage** and **info about a car**. You have to store the car (with its info) in the given garage. The info about the car will be in the format:

`"{key1}: {value1}, {key2}: {value2}..."`

If the garage **does not exist**, **create it**. The cars will always be **unique**. At the end print the result in the format:

`"Garage № {number}:`

`--- {carOneKeyOne} - {carOneValueOne}, {carOneKeyTwo} - {carOneValueTwo}...`

`--- {the same for the next car}`

`Garage № {number}: ..."`

## Example

Input	Output
<code>['1 - color: blue, fuel type: diesel', '1 - color: red, manufacture: Audi', '2 - fuel type: petrol', '4 - color: dark blue, fuel type: diesel, manufacture: Fiat']</code>	<code>Garage № 1 --- color - blue, fuel type - diesel --- color - red, manufacture - Audi Garage № 2 --- fuel type - petrol Garage № 4 --- color - dark blue, fuel type - diesel, manufacture - Fiat</code>
<code>['1 - color: green, fuel type: petrol', '1 - color: dark red, manufacture: WV', '2 - fuel type: diesel', '3 - color: dark blue, fuel type: petrol']</code>	<code>Garage № 1 --- color - green, fuel type - petrol --- color - dark red, manufacture - WV Garage № 2 --- fuel type - diesel Garage № 3 --- color - dark blue, fuel type - petrol</code>

## 2. Armies

Write a function that stores information about an army leader and his armies. The input will be an array of strings. The strings can be in some of the following formats:

`"{leader} arrives"` – add the leader (no army)

"{leader}: {army name}, {army count}" – add the army with its count to the leader (if he exists)

"{army name} + {army count}" – if the army exists somewhere add the count

"{leader} defeated" – delete the leader and his army (if he exists)

When finished reading the input sort the **leaders** by **total army count** in **descending**. Then each **army** should be sorted by **count in descending**.

## Output

Print in the following format:

```
"{leader one name}: {total army count}"
>>> {armyOne name} - {army count}
>>> {armyTwo name} - {army count}
...
{leader two name}: {total army count}
..."
```

## Constraints

- The **new leaders** will always be **unique**
- When **adding a new army** to the leader, the army will be **unique**

## Example

Input	Output
['Rick Burr arrives', 'Fergus: Wexamp, 30245', 'Rick Burr: Juard, 50000', 'Findlay arrives', 'Findlay: Britox, 34540', 'Wexamp + 6000', 'Juard + 1350', 'Britox + 4500', 'Porter arrives', 'Porter: Legion, 55000', 'Legion + 302', 'Rick Burr defeated', 'Porter: Retix, 3205']	Porter: 58507 >>> Legion - 55302 >>> Retix - 3205 Findlay: 39040 >>> Britox - 39040
['Rick Burr arrives', 'Findlay arrives', 'Rick Burr: Juard, 1500', 'Wexamp arrives', 'Findlay: Wexamp, 34540', 'Wexamp + 340', 'Wexamp: Britox, 1155', 'Wexamp: Juard, 43423']	Wexamp: 44578 >>> Juard - 43423 >>> Britox - 1155 Findlay: 34880 >>> Wexamp - 34880 Rick Burr: 1500 >>> Juard - 1500

## 3. Comments

Write a function that stores information about users and their comments on a website. You have to store the **users**, the **comments as an object with title and content**, and the **article** that the comment is about. The user can only comment, when he is on the **list of users** and **the article is in the list of articles**. The input comes as an array of strings. The strings will be in the format:

"user {username}" – add the user to the list of users

"article {article name}" – add the article to the article list

"{username} posts on {article name}: {comment title}, {comment content}" – save the info

At the end **sort** the articles by a **count of comments** and print the **users with their comments** ordered by **usernames in ascending**.

## Output

Print the result in the following format:

```
"Comments on {article1 name}
--- From user {username1}: {comment title} - {comment content}
--- From user {username2}: ...
Comments on {article2 name}
..."
```

## Example

Input	Output
['user aUser123', 'someUser posts on someArticle: NoTitle, stupidComment', 'article Books', 'article Movies', 'article Shopping', 'user someUser', 'user uSeR4', 'user lastUser', 'uSeR4 posts on Books: I like books, I do really like them', 'uSeR4 posts on Movies: I also like movies, I really do', 'someUser posts on Shopping: title, I go shopping every day', 'someUser posts on Movies: Like, I also like movies very much']	Comments on Movies --- From user someUser: Like - I also like movies very much --- From user uSeR4: I also like movies - I really do Comments on Books --- From user uSeR4: I like books - I do really like them Comments on Shopping --- From user someUser: title - I go shopping every day
['user Mark', 'Mark posts on someArticle: NoTitle, stupidComment', 'article Bobby', 'article Steven', 'user Liam', 'user Henry', 'Mark posts on Bobby: Is, I do really like them', 'Mark posts on Steven: title, Run', 'someUser posts on Movies: Like']	Comments on Bobby --- From user Mark: Is - I do really like them Comments on Steven --- From user Mark: title - Run

## 4. Book Shelf

Write a function that stores information about **shelves** and the **books on the shelves**. Each shelf has an **Id** and a **genre** of books that can be on it. Each book has a **title**, an **author**, and a **genre**. The input comes as an **array of strings**. They will be in the format:

"{shelf id} -> {shelf genre}" – create a shelf if the id is not taken.

"{book title}: {book author}, {book genre}" – if a shelf with that genre exists, add the

book to the shelf.

After finishing reading input, sort the shelves by a **count of books** in it in **descending**. For each shelf sort the **books by title** in ascending. Then print them in the following format.

```
"{shelfOne id} {shelf genre}: {books count}
--> {bookOne title}: {bookOne author}
--> {bookTwo title}: {bookTwo author}
...
{shelfTwo id} {shelf genre}: {books count}
..."
```

## Example

Input	Output
['1 -> history', '1 -> action', 'Death in Time: Criss Bell, mystery', '2 -> mystery', '3 -> sci-fi', 'Child of Silver: Bruce Rich, mystery', 'Hurting Secrets: Dustin Bolt, action', 'Future of Dawn: Aiden Rose, sci-fi', 'Lions and Rats: Gabe Roads, history', '2 -> romance', 'Effect of the Void: Shay B, romance', 'Losing Dreams: Gail Starr, sci-fi', 'Name of Earth: Jo Bell, sci-fi', 'Pilots of Stone: Brook Jay, history']	3 sci-fi: 3 --> Future of Dawn: Aiden Rose --> Losing Dreams: Gail Starr --> Name of Earth: Jo Bell 1 history: 2 --> Lions and Rats: Gabe Roads --> Pilots of Stone: Brook Jay 2 mystery: 1 --> Child of Silver: Bruce Rich
['1 -> mystery', '2 -> sci-fi', 'Child of Silver: Bruce Rich, mystery', 'Lions and Rats: Gabe Roads, history', 'Effect of the Void: Shay B, romance', 'Losing Dreams: Gail Starr, sci-fi', 'Name of Earth: Jo Bell, sci-fi']	2 sci-fi: 2 --> Losing Dreams: Gail Starr --> Name of Earth: Jo Bell 1 mystery: 1 --> Child of Silver: Bruce Rich

## 5. SoftUni Students

Write a function that stores the **students** that signed up for different **courses** at SoftUni. For each **course**, you have to **store the name**, the **capacity**, and the **students** that are in it. For each **student** store the **username**, the **email**, and their **credits**. The input will come as an **array of strings**. The strings will be in some of the following formats:

"{course name}: {capacity}" – add the course with that capacity. If the **course exists**, add the **capacity** to the existing one

"{username}[{credits count}] with email {email} joins {course name}" – add the student **if the course exists** (each student can be in **multiple courses**) and if there are **places left** (**count of students are less than the capacity**)

Finally, you should sort the courses by the **count of students** in **descending**. Each course should have its students sorted by **credits in descending**.

## Output

Print the result in the format:

```
"{course one}: {places left} places left
--- {credits}: {username one}, {email one}
..."
```

## Example

Input	Output
['JavaBasics: 2', 'user1[25] with email user1@user.com joins C#Basics', 'C#Advanced: 3', 'JSCore: 4', 'user2[30] with email user2@user.com joins C#Basics', 'user13[50] with email user13@user.com joins JSCore', 'user1[25] with email user1@user.com joins JSCore', 'user8[18] with email user8@user.com joins C#Advanced', 'user6[85] with email user6@user.com joins JSCore', 'JSCore: 2', 'user11[3] with email user11@user.com joins JavaBasics', 'user45[105] with email user45@user.com joins JSCore', 'user007[20] with email user007@user.com joins JSCore', 'user700[29] with email user700@user.com joins JSCore', 'user900[88] with email user900@user.com joins JSCore']	JSCore: 0 places left --- 105: user45, user45@user.com --- 85: user6, user6@user.com --- 50: user13, user13@user.com --- 29: user700, user700@user.com --- 25: user1, user1@user.com --- 20: user007, user007@user.com JavaBasics: 1 places left --- 3: user11, user11@user.com C#Advanced: 2 places left --- 18: user8, user8@user.com
['JavaBasics: 15', 'user1[26] with email user1@user.com joins JavaBasics', 'user2[36] with email user11@user.com joins JavaBasics', 'JavaBasics: 5', 'C#Advanced: 5', 'user1[26] with email user1@user.com joins C#Advanced', 'user2[36] with email user11@user.com joins C#Advanced', 'user3[6] with email user3@user.com joins C#Advanced', 'C#Advanced: 1', 'JSCore: 8',	C#Advanced: 3 places left --- 36: user2, user11@user.com --- 26: user1, user1@user.com --- 6: user3, user3@user.com JavaBasics: 18 places left --- 36: user2, user11@user.com --- 26: user1, user1@user.com JSCore: 7 places left --- 62: user23, user23@user.com

'user23[62] with email user23@user.com joins JSCore']	
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