Problem 3 - Heart Delivery

Problem for exam preparation for the Programming Fundamentals Course @SoftUni.
Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at https://judge.softuni.org/Contests/Practice/Index/2031#2.

Valentine's day is coming, and Cupid has minimal time to spread some love across the neighborhood. Help him with his mission!

You will receive a **string** with **even integers,** separated by a **"@"** - this is our neighborhood. After that, a series of **Jump** commands will follow until you receive **"Love!"**. Every house in the neighborhood needs a certain number of **hearts** delivered by Cupid so it can celebrate Valentine's day. The integers in the neighborhood indicate those needed hearts.

Cupid starts at the position of the **first house** (index 0) and must jump by a **given length.** The jump commands will be in this format: **"Jump {length}"**.

Every time he jumps from one house to another, the needed hearts for the visited house are **decreased by 2**:

- If the needed hearts for a certain house become **equal to 0**, print on the console **"Place {house_index} has Valentine's day."**
- If **Cupid** jumps to a house where the needed hearts are **already 0,** print on the console **"Place {house_index} already had Valentine's day."**
- Keep in mind that **Cupid** can have a **larger jump length** than the **size of the neighborhood,** and if he does jump **outside** of it, he should **start** from the **first house** again (index 0)

For example, we are given this neighborhood: 6@6@6. Cupid is at the start and jumps with a length of 2. He will end up at index 2 and decrease the needed hearts by 2: [6, 6, 4]. Next, he jumps again with a length of 2 and goes outside the neighborhood, so he goes back to the first house (index 0) and again decreases the needed hearts there: [4, 6, 4].

Input

- On the first line, you will receive a **string** with **even integers** separated by **"@"** – the neighborhood and the number of hearts for each house.
- On the next lines, until **"Love!"** is received, you will be getting jump commands in this format: **"Jump {length}"**.

Output

In the end, print **Cupid's last position** and whether his mission was successful or not:

- **"Cupid's last position was {last_position_index}."**
- If **each house** has had Valentine's day, print:
  - **"Mission was successful."**
- If **not,** print the **count** of all houses that **didn't** celebrate Valentine's Day:
  - **"Cupid has failed {houseCount} places."**

Constraints

- The **neighborhood's** size will be in the range [1…20]
- Each **house** will need an **even number** of hearts in the range [2 … 10]
- Each **jump length** will be an integer in the range [1 … 20]

Examples

Input	Output	Comments
10@10@10@2 Jump 1 Jump 2 Love!	Place 3 has Valentine's day. Cupid's last position was 3. Cupid has failed 3 places.	Jump 1 ->> [10, 8, 10, 2] Jump 2 ->> [10, 8, 10, 0] so we print "Place 3 has Valentine's day." The following command is "Love!" so we print Cupid's last position and the outcome of his mission.
2@4@2 Jump 2 Jump 2 Jump 8 Jump 3 Jump 1 Love!	Place 2 has Valentine's day. Place 0 has Valentine's day. Place 0 already had Valentine's day. Place 0 already had Valentine's day. Cupid's last position was 1. Cupid has failed 1 places.	

JS Examples

Input	Output	Comments
[("10@10@10@2", "Jump 1", "Jump 2", "Love!"])	Place 3 has Valentine's day. Cupid's last position was 3. Cupid has failed 3 places.	Jump 1 ->> [10, 8, 10, 2] Jump 2 ->> [10, 8, 10, 0] so we print "Place 3 has Valentine's day." The following command is "Love!" so we print Cupid's last position and the outcome of his mission.
(["2@4@2", "Jump 2", "Jump 2", "Jump 8", "Jump 3", "Jump 1", "Love!"])	Place 2 has Valentine's day. Place 0 has Valentine's day. Place 0 already had Valentine's day. Place 0 already had Valentine's day. Cupid's last position was 1. Cupid has failed 1 places.	