

## Problem 1 - Bonus Scoring System

Create a program that calculates **bonus points** for each **student** enrolled in a course. On the **first** line, you are going to receive **the number of the students**. On the **second** line, you will receive **the total number of lectures** in the course. The course has **an additional bonus**, which you will receive **on the third line**. On the following lines, you will be receiving the **count of attendances for each student**.

The bonus is calculated with the following **formula**:

$$\{\text{total bonus}\} = \{\text{student attendances}\} / \{\text{course lectures}\} * (5 + \{\text{additional bonus}\})$$

Find the student with the **maximum bonus** and print them, along with **his attendances**, in the following format:

"Max Bonus: {max bonus points}."

"The student has attended {student attendances} lectures."

Round the bonus points at the end to **the nearest larger number**.

### Input / Constrains

- On the **first line**, you are going to receive the **number of the students** – an integer in the range [0...50]
- On the **second line**, you will receive the **number of the lectures** – an integer number in the range [0...50].
- On the **third line**, you will receive **the additional bonus** – an integer number in the range [0....100].
- **On the following lines**, you will be receiving the **attendance of each student**.
- There will **never** be **students with equal bonuses**.

### Output

- Print the **maximum bonus points** and the **attendances** of the given student, **rounded** to the nearest **larger** number, scored by a student in this course in the format described above.

### Examples

Input	Output
5 25 30 12 19 24 16 20	Max Bonus: 34.  The student has attended 24 lectures.
Comments	

First, we receive the **number of students** enrolled in the course – **5**. The total count of the lectures is **25**, and the additional bonus is **30**. Then we calculate the bonus of the student with 12 attendances, which is **16.8**. We continue calculating **each of the student's bonuses**. The one **with 24 attendances** has the **highest bonus – 33.6 (34 rounded)**, so we print the appropriate message on the console.

10 30 14 8 23 27 28 15 17 25 26 5 18	Max Bonus: 18.  The student has attended 28 lectures.
--	---

## JS Input / Output

Input	Output
[ '5', '25', '30', '12', '19', '24', '16', '20' ]	Max Bonus: 34.  The student has attended 24 lectures.
Comments	
First, we receive the <b>number of students</b> enrolled in the course – <b>5</b> . The total count of the lectures is <b>25</b> , and the additional bonus is <b>30</b> . Then we calculate the bonus of the student with 12 attendances, which is <b>16.8</b> . We continue calculating <b>each of the student's bonuses</b> . The one <b>with 24 attendances</b> has the <b>highest bonus – 33.6 (34 rounded)</b> , so we print the appropriate message on the console.	
[ '10', '30', '14', '8', '23', '27', '28', '15', '17', '25', '26', '5', '18' ]	Max Bonus: 18.  The student has attended 28 lectures.